NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM NUMERICAL INDEX

| | | | FY-18(CH-1) |
|----------|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION CATEGORY | DATE |
| 009-01 | General Criteria; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-02 | Environmental Compliance Report for Material Usage at Naval Facility; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-03 | Toxic and Hazardous Substance; control | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-04 | Quality Management System; provide | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-05 | Temporary Access; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-06 | Maintaining Protection and Cleanliness from Non-Radioactive Operations; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-07 | Confined Space Entry, Certification, Fire Prevention and Housekeeping; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-08 | Shipboard Fire Protection and Fire Prevention; accomplish | I | 07 MAR 2017 |
| 009-09 | Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-10 | Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM); control | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-11 | Insulation and Lagging; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-12 | Weld, Fabricate, and Inspect; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-13 | Meter; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-14 | Gage, Switch, and Thermometer; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-15 | Rotating Machinery; balance | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-16 | Electronic Equipment; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |

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| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| 009-17 | Rotating Electrical Equipment; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-18 | Magnetic Material; control | I | 07 MAR 2017 |
| 009-19 | Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD); provide | I | 30 JUL 2015 |
| 009-20 | Government Property; control | I | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-21 | Logistics and Technical Data; provide | I | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-22 | Canceled 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| 009-23 | Interference; remove and install | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-24 | Authorization, Control, Isolation, Blanking, Tagging and Cleanliness; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-25 | Structural Boundary Test; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-26 | Deck Covering; accomplish | II | 07 MAR 2017 |
| 009-27 | Material Identification and Control (MIC) for Level I System; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-28 | Canceled 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| 009-29 | Asbestos-Free Pipe Hanger Liner Material; install | I | 29 JUL 2004 |
| 009-30 | Boiler Sample Tube; inspect | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-31 | Boiler Waterjet Cleaning; accomplish | II | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-32 | Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish | II | 07 MAR 2017 |
| 009-33 | Rotating Electrical Equipment; rewind | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-34 | Fire Protection of Unmanned Vessel at Contractor Facility; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-35 | Canceled 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| 009-36 | Controller; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| | | | |

| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| 009-37 | General Procedure for Woodwork; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-38 | Boiler, Catapult Accumulator, and Reboiler Dry Lay-up; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-39 | Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for a New Technical Manual for Commercial Equipment/Component; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-40 | Contractor Crane, Multi-Purpose Machine and Material Handling Equipment at a Naval Facility; provide | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-41 | Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for a Topically Structured Technical Manual; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-42 | Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for Updating Technical Manual; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-43 | Engineering Plant Production Completion Date (PCD), Light-Off Assessment (LOA) Support; provide | II | 30 JUL 2015 |
| 009-44 | Cancelled 18 JUL 2014 | | |
| 009-45 | Tapered Plug Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-46 | Butterfly Valve, Synthetic and Metal Seated; repair | II | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-47 | Gate Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-48 | Pressure Seal Bonnet Valve Shop Repair; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-49 | Pressure Seal Bonnet Valve In- line Repair; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-50 | Horizontal Swing Check Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-51 | Globe, Globe Angle, and Globe Stop Check Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-52 | Relief Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |

| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION _CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|--|--------------------------|-------------|
| 009-53 | Bolted Bonnet Steam Valve Shop Repair; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-54 | Bolted Bonnet Steam Valve In-line Repair; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-55 | Regulating/Reducing Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-56 | Main Propulsion Boiler Wet Lay- up; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-57 | Reduction Gear Security; | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| | accomplish | | |
| 009-58 | Pump and Driver Shaft Alignment; accomplish | II | 01 SEP 2015 |
| 009-59 | Organotin Antifouling Material; control | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-60 | Schedule and Associated Reports for Availabilities Over 9 Weeks in Duration; provide and manage | I | 01 SEP 2015 |
| 009-61 | Shipboard Use of Fluorocarbons; control | I | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-62 | Boiler Handhole, Manhole Seat and Plate; inspect | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-63 | Lubricating Oil and Hydraulic Fluid; analyze | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-64 | Synthetic Fire Resistant Hydraulic Fluid; control | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-65 | Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs); control | I | 29 JUL 2011 |
| 009-66 | Cancelled 18 JUL 2014 | | |
| 009-67 | Integrated Total Ship Testing; manage | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-68 | Bolted Bonnet Valve; repair | II | 29 JUL 2011 |
| 009-69 | Heavy Weather/Mooring Plan; provide | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-70 | Confined Space Entry, Certification, Fire Protection, Fire Prevention, and Housekeeping for Unmanned Vessel; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
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| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| 009-71 | Piping System; test | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-72 | Physical Security at a Private Contractor Facility; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-73 | Shipboard Electrical/Electronic Cable Procedure; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-74 | Occupational, Safety and Health Plan; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-75 | Circuit Breaker; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-76 | Waveguide and Rigid Coaxial Lay- Up; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-77 | Cofferdam Installation; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-78 | Passive Countermeasures System (PCMS) Material; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-79 | Government Owned Material (GOM) Status; report | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-80 | Ship Facilities; maintain | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-81 | Compartment Closeout; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-82 | Installation of Equal Component | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| | Vice Specified Component; report | | |
| 009-83 | Wire Rope Assembly; fabricate | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-84 | Threaded Fastener Requirements; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-85 | Government Sponsored Planning Yard/Configuration Data Manager (CDM) On-Site Representative Facility; provide | II | 19 JUL 2007 |
| 009-86 | Recovery and Turn-In of Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS); accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-87 | Chemical Disinfection Procedure; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |

| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION _CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|---|--------------------------|-------------|
| 009-88 | Collection, Holding and Transfer (CHT) and Motor Gasoline(MOGAS) Tanks, Spaces, and Piping, including Sewage or MOGAS- Contaminated Tanks, Spaces, and Piping; certify | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-89 | Contractor Furnished Anode(Purchase and Inspection); accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-90 | Technical Representative; provide | II | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-91 | Propeller In-Place Inspection; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-92 | Resilient Mount; install | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-93 | Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) and Pollution Prevention Act (PPA) Information; provide | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-94 | General Environmental Work at Contractor Facility; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-95 | Mechanically Attached Fitting (MAFs); install | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-96 | Ball Valve; repair | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-97 | Shipbuilding and Ship Repair Operations National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) for Surface Coating Information; provide | I | 17 JAN 2013 |
| 009-98 | Canceled 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| 009-99 | Ship Departure Report; provide | I | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-100 | Ship's Stability; maintain | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-101 | Ship Transit and Berthing; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-102 | Alteration Verification; provide | I | 29 JUL 2011 |
| 009-103 | Weight and Moment Change Data; provide | I | 18 JUL 2014 |
| 009-104 | Vibration Testing and Analysis; accomplish | II | 18 JUL 2014 |
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| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION _CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|---|--------------------------|-------------|
| 009-105 | Thermal Sprayed Coating for Machinery Component Repair; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-106 | Work Authorization Form Coordinator (WAFCOR); provide | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-107 | <pre>Piping System Cleanliness Restoration (Non-Nuclear); accomplish</pre> | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-108 | Aircraft Carrier Transit and Berthing; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-109 | Non-SUBSAFE Work on SUBSAFE- Certified Vessel; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-110 | Non-Nuclear Work on a Nuclear Vessel; accomplish | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-111 | Schedule and Associated Reports for Availabilities 9 Weeks or Less in Duration; provide and manage | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-112 | Prevention of Radiographic- Inspection Ionizing-Radiation Hazard; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-113 | Rotating Electrical Equipment with a Sealed Insulation System (SIS); rewind | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-114 | Mold Remediation; accomplish | II | 07 NOV 2013 |
| 009-115 | Bearing Rebabbitting; accomplish | II | 30 JUL 2015 |
| 009-116 | Auxiliary and Waste Heat Boiler Sodium Nitrite Wet Lay-up; accomplish | II | 30 JUL 2015 |
| 009-117 | Combat Systems Light-Off; support | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-118 | CG Deck Loading; accomplish | I | 18 JUL 2014 |

| ITEM NO. | TITLE | UTILIZATION CATEGORY | DATE |
|----------|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| 009-119 | Cancelled 18 JUL 2014 | | |
| 009-120 | Fact Finding and Critique of Unplanned Event; manage | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-121 | Ship Assessment/Inspection; accomplish | II | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-122 | Temporary Padeye; install and remove | I | 18 NOV 2016 |
| 009-123 | Fiber Optic Component; remove, relocate, repair, and install | II | 18 NOV 2016 |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :00 | 00 | 9-01 |
|--------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: General Criteria; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

2.2 40 CFR Part 61, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Report delays to the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.1 In the event difficulty is encountered or anticipated in complying with the contract schedule dates, notify the SUPERVISOR immediately by verbal means, followed on the next work day by an original and 2 copies of a letter stating pertinent details. Receipt of this notification by the SUPERVISOR is not to be construed as a waiver of the requirements, delivery schedule by the Government, or waiver of rights or remedies provided by law or under this Job Order or any other requirements in the Job Order relating to jeopardy of contract schedule dates.

3.2 Reports:

3.2.1 When a Work Item does not require a report, and one is determined to be necessary in order to produce a reliable or complete repair, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report with supporting data as early as possible in the contract period. The goal is to have required work completed within the original contract period.

3.2.2 For reports that could result in a change in work to be accomplished or additional material to be procured, complete the preliminary work and submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the report in a time frame to allow the SUPERVISOR to initiate early action, but no later than the first 20 percent of the availability.

3.2.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the following to the SUPERVISOR one day prior to the weekly progress meeting:

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3.2.3.1 A report listing Government Furnished Material not received, showing the associated Work Item number and title, material description, expected delivery date, required delivery date, and action proposed to resolve problems resulting from late delivery. Material with expected delivery dates before the required delivery date need not be listed in this report.

3.2.3.2 A report listing late or deficient Government Furnished Information, showing the associated Work Item number, deficiency description, and proposed corrective action.

3.2.3.3 A report of overdue contractor condition reports by Work Item number and expected submission date. The report shall also include those deficiency and condition reports for which Government response is outstanding.

3.2.4 Dry dock related inspection reports shall be submitted no later than the first 20 percent of the scheduled docking period. Dry dock related reports which contain readings (final, thickness, etc.), clearances, alignments, test results, or other such data for work that has to be completed prior to pre-flood/undocking, shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR within one day after recording the data but no later than 4 days prior to preflood/undocking, whichever occurs first.

3.2.5 Reports shall contain the following information:

3.2.5.1 Name and hull number of ship or craft, the Job Order, Work Item, and paragraph numbers including Standard Item paragraph number if applicable.

3.2.5.2 A description of the conditions found with supporting data. Include annotated sketches, graphs, and photographs when necessary to make a report clearly understandable to the SUPERVISOR. Identify actual readings/dimensions taken.

3.2.5.3 Recommendations and/or a list of material required.

3.2.5.4 Data required by, signature, printed name, and title of the contractor's representative, and submission date.

 $3.2.5.5\,$ Reports written or submitted in NMD satisfy the requirements of 3.2.5.4.

3.2.6 Prepare and submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a listing of all reports and Process Control Procedures (PCP) required by the CNO/CMAV Job Order to the SUPERVISOR no later than 15 days prior to the start of the CNO/CMAV availability. The listing shall be sequential by Work Item number, and include each applicable paragraph number, PCP/report due date, completion date, submission date, and a provision for adding report serial numbers from NMD. When the equivalent information is provided in the Test and Inspection Plan (TIP) the report may be waived.

3.2.6.1 The report shall be revised and provided weekly throughout the availability to include additions, deletions, modifications, progress, completions, and serial numbers from NMD (e.g., Contractor Furnished Reports (CFR)) after numbers are assigned to the reports.

3.2.7 Where one legible copy of a report in hard copy or approved transferrable media is required, or where sketches, graphs, or photographs are required, the electronic methods and file format shall be as agreed to by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.7.1 Use NMD, or an approved web interface with NMD, for contracts managed in NMD.

3.2.8 When a report is required to be submitted but no time requirement is specified in the Standard Item or Work Item, it shall be submitted no later than 4 days after completion of the event.

3.3 Accomplish tests and checkouts.

3.3.1 Complete work that requires tests in time to allow correction of deficiencies prior to dock trials, sea trials, or other applicable milestones established in the Job Order.

3.3.2 Do not operate existing, newly installed, or repaired shipboard equipment. Ship's Force will accomplish such operation when required for test and checkout purposes. Such requirements will be coordinated by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.2.1 Exception will be on unmanned vessels when Ship's Force is not present.

3.4 Provide labor, material, equipment, and services (such as air, power, water, etc.) which are required to complete the Work Item, including that which is indicated on drawings or test specifications as being provided by sources other than the contractor, unless specifically listed as Government Furnished Material (GFM) in paragraph 5 of the Work Items.

3.4.1 When a performance specification (such as MIL-PRF) is specified, the products approved to that specification are those listed on the Government Qualified Products Database (QPD) for that performance specification. If a Type, Class, Grade or other subcategory is listed, the products approved for use are limited to those that meet that subcategory on the performance specification's QPD.

3.4.2 Manufacture parts that are not available from the vendor/manufacturer, utilizing NAVSEA approved drawings, technical manuals, templates, or sketches.

 $3.4.2.1\,$ Verify latest revisions are correct via the SUPERVISOR prior to start of manufacture.

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ITEM NO: 009-01 FY-18 3.4.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a status report, listing Contractor Furnished Material (CFM) required to accomplish the work in Work Items that is not already on hand, to the SUPERVISOR not later than 30 days after the Job Order award, or 2 days after availability start date, whichever occurs first. Update the report and submit revisions to the SUPERVISOR every 14 days up to availability start date, within 10 days after availability start date, then monthly thereafter to End of Availability (EOA). The reports are to contain the following:

- 3.4.3.1 Contract number
 3.4.3.2 Contractor's purchase order number
 3.4.3.3 Description of material
 3.4.3.4 Quantity ordered
 3.4.3.5 Date scheduled to be ordered
 3.4.3.6 Date ordered
 3.4.3.7 Date required to meet production schedule
 3.4.3.8 Proposed receipt date
 3.4.3.9 A summary listing any problem areas
 3.4.3.10 Date submitted to the SUPERVISOR
 3.4.3.11 Alteration number
 3.4.3.12 Drawing and piece number
 3.4.3.14 Manufacturer's part number
 3.4.3.15 Date received
- -----
- 3.4.3.16 Work Item number

3.4.4 Purchase Orders

 $3.4.4.1\,$ Maintain a file of purchase orders for CFM for review by the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.4.4.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of selected purchase orders to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

4 of 9 ITEM NO: 009-01 FY-18 3.5 When a Work Item references Class and Hull specific configuration and Ship Alteration information, planning activity shall validate that reference information (Ship Alteration drawings, LARS, "as built drawings", Test Procedures, etc.) used is correct via the assigned Class Planning Yard.

3.6 Procure Military Specifications and Standards and Commercial Specifications and Standards.

3.6.1 Procure unclassified NAVSEA Standard Plans, Military Specifications and Standards, and Commercial Specifications and Standards referenced in the Work Items.

3.6.2 Classified Military Specifications are available at the office of the SUPERVISOR.

3.6.3 Work Items will normally reference the basic Government Specifications, Standards, or NAVSEA Standard Plans, without suffix letters or numbers which identify revisions or amendments. Unless otherwise specified, the effective issue of these basic referenced documents, including revisions or amendments, shall be the most recent issue at the date of solicitation for a Job Order. Wherever specific dates for specifications, standards, and publications or amendments, revisions, or alterations thereto are specified in the Work Items, issues of those dates specifically shall apply in lieu of any other issue. Where industry standards such as ASTM and ANSI are referenced, the issue or revision in effect on the date specified for Government publication applies.

3.7 Work Items will normally reference technical manuals without suffix letters or numbers which identify revisions, change notices, or amendments. Unless otherwise specified, the effective issue of technical manuals, including revisions, change notices, or amendments, shall be the most recent issue at the date of solicitation for the Job Order.

3.8 Submit requests for deviations to the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.1 A deviation is defined as any action which is not in conformance with the Work Item requirements, including references thereto, no matter how minor.

3.8.2 Deviations from Work Items and references thereto will not be considered by the SUPERVISOR without a written request from the contractor.

3.8.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of requests for deviations to the SUPERVISOR within one day of identifying the deviation.

3.8.4 For technical deviations from the references of any Work Item, include the following minimum information:

3.8.4.1 Ship name

| | 3.8.4.2 | Hull number |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| | 3.8.4.3 | Contractor/Subcontractor |
| | 3.8.4.4 | Name of deviation requestor |
| repair | 3.8.4.5 | Identification as an existing condition or result of |
| | 3.8.4.6 | Duration of repair with and without the deviation |
| selected record | 3.8.4.7 drawing | System, component as indicated in the applicable |
| | 3.8.4.8 | Location by compartment, frame and deck |
| compliance | 3.8.4.9 | Description of the deviation and degree of non- |
| | 3.8.4.10 | Document deviated from |
| | 3.8.4.11 | Technical justification for the deviation |
| | 3.8.4.12 | Alteration number if applicable |
| | 3.8.4.13 | Proposed resolution |
| | 3.8.4.14 | Date SUPERVISOR response is needed by |
| 3.8.5 | The Gover | rnment does not have an obligation to approve any |

3.8.5 The Government does not have an obligation to approve any deviation; it may elect to do so if benefit to the Government can be shown. Accomplish deviation only when authorized in writing by the SUPERVISOR.

3.9 Submit documents (including procedures, required reports, plans, forms) requiring supervisor review, approval, acceptance or direction via an NMD Contractor Furnished Report (CFR) unless otherwise directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.10 Accomplish the requirements of the contract.

3.11 Comply with security requirements.

3.11.1 In the event that the work required by the Job Order requires access to spaces or equipment that are classified, or use of technical manuals, references, or drawings that are classified, the specific security clearance requirements will be identified in the individual Work Item in addition to the requirements provided in the Invitation for Bid/Request for Proposal (IFB/RFP) by the Contract Security Classification Specification (DD Form 254).

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3.11.2 Verify that personnel, including subcontractor's personnel, are cleared for the required level of security classification for handling, repair, installation, and testing of classified equipment and for access to areas of the ship which require a specific security clearance.

3.11.2.1 After selection of a subcontractor, prepare in triplicate a DD Form 254 for the subcontract and request the official designated in Paragraph 14.b of the DD Form 254 for the prime contract to approve and sign the DD Form 254 for the subcontract and to make the required distribution. In preparing the DD Form 254 for subcontracts, extract pertinent data from the DD Form 254 pertaining to the prime contract.

3.11.2.2 Prior to starting work on a Work Item that requires a security clearance, submit a list in triplicate of the names, badge numbers or other identification numbers, and security clearances of contractor and subcontractor personnel who will require access to classified information or areas in order to accomplish the work.

3.11.3 Verify that classified equipment removed from ship and classified documents, such as drawings, technical manuals, and test specifications, are marked or tagged and safeguarded at all times in accordance with the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (DOD 5220.22-M).

3.12 Comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations in their entirety. Any reference to a specific portion of a federal, state, or local law, code, ordinance, or regulation in this or any other item shall not be construed to mean that relief is provided from any other sections of the law, code, ordinance, or regulation.

3.12.1 Provide appropriate notification to regional United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in accordance with the requirements of 2.2. Also, comply with notification requirements of state and local air pollution control laws.

3.12.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of notification required in 3.12.1 that has been provided to any regulatory authority for work on board the vessel to the SUPERVISOR within 2 days of providing such notice to the regulatory authority.

3.13 Maintain a current copy at the job site of the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for each hazardous material that will be utilized aboard the ship and/or in a Navy facility during the performance of this Job Order. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.13.1 Each SDS requires a one-time submittal/acceptance unless the SDS changes or this NAVSEA Standard Item and/or references change.

3.14 Comply with applicable federal, state, local, and foreign contractor host country requirements when using Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC)

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ITEM NO: <u>009-01</u> FY-18 licensed radioactive material, Agreement State licensed radioactive material, and/or machine sources of ionizing radiation on Government property.

3.14.1 Do not commence operations using radioactive material or machine sources of ionizing radiation on Government property until authorized in writing by the SUPERVISOR.

3.14.2 Contract personnel shall not be used as operators under a Navy Radioactive Material Permit (NRMP) issued to a naval facility. Navy personnel shall not be used as operators under a Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) or Agreement State License issued to a contractor.

3.14.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a consolidated inventory of all ionizing radiation producing machines or material that will be utilized aboard the ship and/or naval facility during the performance of this Job Order to the SUPERVISOR, 5 days prior to the start of work.

3.14.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the applicable NRC or Agreement State License including procedures regarding system process and operation for use of licensed radioactive material, to the SUPERVISOR 5 days prior to the start of work. Agreement State licensees shall provide evidence of NRC Form 241 (Report of Proposed Activities in a Non-Agreement State) with the copy of the license for Agreement State licensees.

3.14.5 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the applicable State license, authorization, or registration for machines that produce ionizing radiation, to the SUPERVISOR 5 days prior to the start of work.

3.14.6 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a formal Radiological Safety Plan which shall include operating and emergency procedures pertinent to the items listed in 3.14.3, and actions to control jobsite-boundary radiation exposures below those allowed for members of the general public under NRC and OSHA standards, to the SUPERVISOR 5 days prior to the start of work.

3.14.7 Provide the SUPERVISOR with remedies to any radiation safety shortcomings identified by the SUPERVISOR, to be rectified prior to commencing operations.

3.15 Correct errors in record keeping by drawing a single line through the error, recording the correct entry, initialing, dating, and printing the name of the person making the correction.

3.15.1 Corrections to records shall be made by the individual that made the original entry and/or signed for the accuracy and validity of the record. If the individual is no longer in the contractor employ or not readily available at the time of correction the cognizant trade supervisor or cognizant project superintendent shall make the correction.

3.15.1.1 Submit corrected report to SUPERVISOR.

3.16 Record and Certification Signature Block or signature shall be legible and in ink. Erasures, write-overs, white-outs, ditto marks, continuation arrows, signature stamps, etc., are not acceptable.

3.16.1 Copying records to "make them neat" is not allowed.

3.16.2 Electronic records shall utilize electronic signature controls for certification of individual providing signature.

3.17 Do not commence operations that could compromise watertight integrity during waterborne availabilities until confirmation by the SUPERVISOR that the ship has at least one back-up power source immediately available for providing power of minimum load to support firefighting and dewatering equipment in the event of loss of shore power.

3.18 Protect the ship and its equipment from damage.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The term "day" means 24 hours prior to or after the scheduled event. "Business day" is used to indicate Monday through Friday, otherwise "day" means calendar day (Sunday through Saturday).

4.2 Known sources for unclassified military specifications and standards are:

https://mercury.tdmis.navy.mil
https://assist.dla.mil
http://www.assistdocs.com
http://quicksearch.dla.mil

4.3 The term "SUPERVISOR" is defined as the local Government activity responsible for the execution and contract administration of Navy maintenance and modernization work.

4.4 The term "Job Order" is synonymous with the term "Contract" and "Task Order".

4.5 The term "approved transferrable media" is the form, system or program for submitting reports required as agreed to by the SUPERVISOR.

4.6 The term "subcontract" means any contract as defined in the FAR, Subpart 2.1, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract. It includes but is not limited to purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

> ITEM NO: 009-01 FY-18

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 | 9-02 |
|-------------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Environmental Compliance Report for Material Usage at Naval Facility; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 42 USC 7412(b), Clean Air Act, Section 112(b), List of Hazardous Air Pollutants

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of an Environmental Compliance Report for Material usage at Naval Facility as follows:

3.1.1 Submit applicable permits for portable, registered, or rental emission units to the SUPERVISOR prior to start of work.

3.1.2 Establish a record-keeping program to reflect the manner in which the material records will be maintained and submitted to the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.3 Maintain facility specific records to ensure accurate reporting for all preservation, welding repairs, and fuel consumption for each individual portable internal combustion engine or portable emission unit. Provide the SUPERVISOR sufficient details to track usage of all paints, solvents, adhesives, welding rods, and fuel used for each individual portable internal combustion engine over 50-brake horsepower. Report any other materials used which contain chemicals listed in 2.1.

3.1.4 Maintain current usage records of materials listed in 2.1.

3.1.5 Negative reports are required.

3.1.6 Reports shall contain the following items based upon category of the material.

3.1.7 Paint, solvent, adhesive, and nonskid usage records are to be submitted monthly and shall include the following:

1 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-02 FY-18 3.1.7.1 Product manufacturer, identification or color

3.1.7.2 Net daily paint usage in gallons, paint application method (airless spray, HVLP, brush, or roller) per paint type, amount of paint disposed as hazardous waste; density of mixed paint; net daily onsite solvent usage in gallons used for equipment cleaning and surface preparation; net amount of adhesives in unit of measure (ounces, quart, gallons or pound)

3.1.7.3 Product Safety Data Sheet (SDS), technical data sheet, VOC certification for paint and nonskid product

3.1.7.4 Government site location, applicable local Air Pollution Control District (APCD) permit number, date, and ship's name

3.1.8 Abrasive blast grit materials used shall be submitted monthly and shall include:

3.1.8.1 Manufacturer of abrasive blast grit and SDS

3.1.8.2 Abrasive blast grit usage certification if required by the cognizant state or local authorities

3.1.8.3 Amount and hourly usage of the abrasive blast grit

3.1.8.4 Permit associated with the abrasive blasting equipment if required by the cognizant state or local authorities

3.1.9 Welding operation report shall be submitted monthly and shall include welding rod manufacturer, specific product used in welding application, SDS, usage in pounds, and type of welding application.

3.1.10 Portable internal combustion (IC) engine greater than 50 brake horse power operation report shall be submitted monthly and shall include:

3.1.10.2 IC engine permit number and site location if required by the cognizant state or local authorities

3.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of each report required by 3.1 to the SUPERVISOR no later than 10 days after the end of the month throughout the availability.

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4. NOTES:

4.1 Examples of paint and nonskid manufacturers may be Ameron, International, American Safety Technology, or others as applicable.

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4.2 Examples of American Welding Society Classifications for welding rod may be E316-16, E7018-AL 308-16, or others. If there is no American Welding Society (AWS) classification assigned, use the product name and circle the product on the SDS.

4.3 Examples of welding applications may be Shielded Metal Arc Weld (SMAW), Gas Metal Arc Weld (GMAW), Flux Core Arc Weld (FCAW), and others.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-03 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Toxic and Hazardous Substance; control

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Identify materials that may contain toxic or hazardous substances as listed in Subpart Z of 2.1 that are to be used, removed, or disturbed during work operations.

3.1.1 Conduct and document an initial determination of potential personnel exposure to these materials prior to the start of work.

3.1.1.1 Provide a copy of the documentation, signed by a competent person as defined in 29 CFR 1915.4, to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.2 Ensure that work operations comply with the requirements of 2.1 for the use of toxic or hazardous substances and removal or disruption of existing toxic or hazardous substances.

3.3 Ensure that processes or procedures for work operations that can expose personnel to toxic or hazardous substances comply with the requirements of 2.1. At a minimum, address the following: exposure monitoring, method of compliance, engineering and work practice controls, respiratory protection, protective clothing, housekeeping, hygiene facilities and practices, medical surveillance, employee information and training, signs, and recordkeeping.

3.3.1 Submit one legible copy of process(es) or procedure(s), in approved transferrable media, when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Provide a notice to the SUPERVISOR and to the Commanding Officer's designated representative prior to commencement of any work operation that requires posting of warning signs, signs, or establishment of a regulated area in accordance with the requirements of reference 2.1 (i.e. cleaning of

spaces that have contained flammable or combustible liquids, lead work, cadmium work, asbestos work, etc.) at least 4 hours, but not more than 24 hours, prior to the start of work.

3.4.1 Post the notice at the ship's Quarterdeck and at all entrances to spaces where work operations will be performed that require posting of warning signs, signs, or establishment of a regulated area. 3.4.2 The notice shall contain the following information:

3.4.2.1 Ship's name and hull number
3.4.2.2 Work Item number
3.4.2.3 Compartment or frame number
3.4.2.4 Identification of hazard
3.4.2.5 Date and time of work process
3.4.2.6 Identification of engineering and work practice

controls

3.4.3 Deliver notification of work planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend to the Commanding Officer's designated representative not later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

3.4.4 Deliver notification of work planned on a Federal holiday and on the day following the Federal holiday to the Commanding Officer's designated representative not later than 0900 on the last working day preceding the Federal holiday.

3.5 Provide for isolation and blanking of ship's ventilation systems in work areas to prevent toxic or hazardous substance contamination of ventilation systems or other compartments/spaces.

3.6 Establish regulated areas for monitoring and authorized personnel entry whenever concentrations of the toxic or hazardous substance are in excess of exposure limits as listed in 2.1.

3.7 Monitor the affected areas during work operations to ensure compliance with 2.1. Monitoring shall include adjacent spaces to ensure the work area containments and work practices are effective. Results of surveillance shall be documented and documentation shall be made available to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The term "hazardous substance" means a substance, which by reason of being explosive, flammable, poisonous, corrosive, oxidizing, irritant, or otherwise harmful is likely to cause injury.

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4.2 Consider ventilation cleaning debris to contain toxic or hazardous substances.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-04 | |
|-----------|-------------|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | |
| CATEGORY: | I | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Quality Management System; provide

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 ANSI/ISO/ASQ Q9001-2008, Quality Management Systems Requirements
- 2.3 ANSI/ISO/ASQ Q9001-2015, Quality Management Systems Requirements
- 2.4 ANSI/NCSL Z540-3, Requirements for the Calibration of Measuring and Test Equipment
- 2.5 ISO/IEC 17025, General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
- 2.6 NAVSEA 04-4734, Navy and Marine Corps Calibration Laboratory Audit/Certification Manual
- 2.7 SSPC QP1 Application, Instructions, and Program Rules
- 2.8 NAVSEA OD 45845, Metrology Requirements List (METRL)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Establish, document, implement, and maintain a Quality Management System as a means of ensuring that product conforms to specified requirements. The system may be written based on either 2.2 or 2.3 and all additional contract requirements. The contractor may elect a system based on 2.2 and shall comply with 3.2. The contractor may elect a system based on 2.3 and shall comply with 3.3. All subsequent paragraphs apply to both systems (3.2 and 3.3). The two systems shall not be combined.

3.2 A written Quality Management System Manual addressing all elements of 2.2 and supporting documented procedures shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for review and acceptance. The contractor shall have an acceptable Quality Management System, in accordance with this Standard Item, in place to receive an award of a Job Order. Include the following documented procedures:

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ITEM NO: <u>009-04</u> FY-18 3.2.1 Include the following additional documented procedures:

3.2.2 Management Responsibility: Address all areas of Paragraphs 5.1 through 5.6.3, 6.1, 6.2.1, 6.2.2, and 8.5.1 of 2.2.

3.2.3 Customer Related Processes: Address all areas of Paragraphs 7.2.1 through 7.2.3 of 2.2.

3.2.4 Purchasing: Address all areas of Paragraphs 7.4.1 through 7.4.3 of 2.2.

3.2.4.1 Verification of Purchased Product: Identify, in the purchasing documents, verification arrangements at the subcontractor or vendor location/premises. Purchasing documents shall contain the following statement when the SUPERVISOR requests government inspection: "Government Inspection is required prior to shipment from your plant. Upon receipt of this order, promptly notify and furnish a copy to the government representative who normally services your plant so that appropriate planning for government inspection can be accomplished. In the event the government representative or office cannot be located, our purchasing agent shall be notified immediately."

3.2.4.2 Unless otherwise specified in a higher tier document, Receipt Inspection of contractor furnished materials shall be based on supplier performance history and one or more of the following: certificate of compliance, vendor material test certification data, manufacturer's mill certificate, or testing using sampling techniques.

3.2.5 Production and Service Provision: Address all areas of Paragraphs 7.5.1 - 7.5.5 of 2.2.

3.2.6 Monitoring and Measurement of Product: Address all areas of Paragraph 8.2.4 of 2.2.

3.2.7 Control of Monitoring and Measuring Devices: Address all areas of Paragraph 7.6 of 2.2. Calibration laboratories shall be accredited to either 2.4 or 2.5 by a Commercial Accreditation Activity, or certified by a Navy Certification Activity to 2.6, and the scope of accreditation must cover the appropriate measurement parameters and ranges of the calibrations performed.

3.2.7.1 Calibration intervals assigned to Measuring and Test Equipment used by the contractor for acceptance testing shall meet those recommended in 2.8 unless alternate calibration intervals are established in accordance with 2.4.

3.2.8 Measurement, Analysis, and Improvement: Address all areas of Paragraphs 8.2.1, 8.4, and 8.5.1 of 2.2.

2 of 11 ITEM NO: 009-04 FY-18 3.3 A written Quality Management System Manual addressing all elements of 2.3 and supporting documented procedures shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for review and acceptance. The contractor shall have an acceptable Quality Management System, in accordance with this Standard Item, in place to receive an award of a Job Order. Include the following documented procedures:

3.3.1 Support: Address all areas of Paragraphs 7.1.5, 7.2 and 7.5 of 2.3.

3.3.1.1 Calibration laboratories shall be accredited to either 2.4 or 2.5 by a Commercial Accreditation Activity, or certified by a Navy Certification Activity to 2.6, and the scope of accreditation must cover the appropriate measurement parameters and ranges of the calibrations performed.

3.3.1.2 Calibration intervals assigned to Measuring and Test Equipment used by the contractor for acceptance testing shall meet those recommended in 2.8 unless alternate calibration intervals are established in accordance with 2.4.

3.3.2 Operation: Address all areas of Paragraphs 8.2, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7 of 2.3

3.3.2.1 Verification of Purchased Product: Identify, in the purchasing documents, verification arrangements at the subcontractor or vendor location/premises. Purchasing documents shall contain the following statement when the SUPERVISOR requests government inspection: "Government Inspection is required prior to shipment from your plant. Upon receipt of this order, promptly notify and furnish a copy to the Government representative who normally services your plant so that appropriate planning for government inspection can be accomplished. In the event the government representative or office cannot be located, our purchasing agent shall be notified immediately.

3.3.2.2 Unless otherwise specified in a higher tier document, Receipt Inspection of contractor furnished materials shall be based on supplier performance history and one or more of the following: certificate of compliance, vendor material test certification data, manufacturer's mill certificate, or testing using sampling techniques.

3.3.3 Performance evaluation: Address all areas of Paragraphs 9.2 and 9.3 of 2.3 $\,$

3.3.4 Improvement: Address all areas of Paragraph 10.2 of 2.3.

3.3.5 The documented Quality Management System shall include a matrix listing the correlation between 2.3, 3.3 and the submitted documents.

3.4 The Quality Management System shall be subject to audits by the

3 of 11

ITEM NO: 009-04 FY-18 SUPERVISOR throughout the contract. Retain documented information to demonstrate the processes are carried out as planned.

3.5 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of any revisions to the accepted Quality Management System identified in 3.1 and 3.2 to the SUPERVISOR within 7 days of contractor approval.

3.6 Submittal of procedures and Process Control Procedures (009-09 of 2.1) invoked by NAVSEA Standard Items, MIL-STDs, drawings, technical publications, and specifications, although an integral part of the Quality Management System, shall be submitted to and approved by the SUPERVISOR independent of the Quality Management System a minimum of 14 days prior to start of required process for planned availabilities, or as otherwise approved by SUPERVISOR.

3.7 The corrective action program shall require that a copy of the written responses to contractor generated corrective actions will be provided to the SUPERVISOR when requested.

3.8 Respond in writing to each SUPERVISOR issued Method B/C/D Corrective Action (CA) within 3 business days unless otherwise specified by the SUPERVISOR. Initial response shall include immediate corrective action taken and a plan of action for CA completion. Final response shall include preventive action for recurrence of identified nonconformance, root cause analysis and Objective Quality Evidence (OQE) for corrective action completed. All follow up responses shall be as specified by the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.1 Inform the SUPERVISOR when corrective actions are complete for each SUPERVISOR issued Method A Corrective Action (CA). Response required within 72 hours unless otherwise specified by the SUPERVISOR. Response shall state that the non-conformance has been corrected.

3.8.2 Use NMD, or approved Web interface, to perform all CAR functions for contracts managed in NMD.

3.9 Attend fact-finding/investigative meetings when requested by the SUPERVISOR. (See 4.4)

3.10 Develop a Test and Inspection Plan (TIP) incorporating each Work Item in the job order, LOA Chits or Statements of Work (SOW). The initial TIP shall include all inspections and tests required by zero-tier references and first tier references, as well as symbols (I) (V) (Q) test/inspections and (G) government notification identified in the Work Item, and any additional tests and inspections the contractor deems necessary to substantiate product conformance.

3.10.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of initial copy of the TIP to the SUPERVISOR prior to start of productive work for non-CNO availabilities and no later than 5 days prior to the availability start date for CNO availabilities.

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3.10.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media that can be sorted (e.g., Excel spreadsheet) of an updated TIP when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.10.2 A TIP shall:

3.10.2.1 Be revised prior to the start of productive work and updated as work proceeds on each Work Item. It shall be available upon request by the SUPERVISOR. Supporting data for tests and inspections requiring government notification (G), including accept/reject criteria, shall be available at the location of each test and inspection. Include provisions for documenting the date, time, and identification of the SUPERVISOR's representative notified and government representative attending each (G)-Point on the TIP. The TIP shall annotate the relationship to a specific key event. The following key events shall be considered at a minimum (as applicable): Undocking, Propulsion Plant Production Completion Date (PCD), Combat Systems Production Completion Date (CSPCD) or AEGIS Light-Off (ALO) for AEGIS ships, Dock Trials (DT), Fast Cruise (FC), Sea Trials (ST), and Availability Completion (AC).

3.10.2.2 Each test and inspection shall be identified by its respective Work Item number and Work Item paragraph number, including Standard Item paragraph number, and shall include inspection symbols (I)(Q) and (V), and the government notification (G) Point symbol where applicable.

3.10.2.3 Provide identification of the item to be inspected by name, number, and location (e.g., number 3 main feed pump, 5-180-0-E).

3.10.2.4 Provide identification of each characteristic of the items to be inspected and provide the criterion for acceptance for each characteristic (e.g., air test; 2 PSIG for 10 minutes; no drop).

3.11 Test and Inspection records shall:

3.11.1 Include the ship's name and hull number, Job Order and Work Item number, paragraph number, component identification, accept/reject criteria, date, time, and signature of the contractor's authorized representative who witnessed or performed the test or inspection. The signature occurs after the checkpoint is determined to be satisfactory or unsatisfactory and any exceptions are documented.

3.11.2 Be maintained at a contractor location accessible to the site of the work required by the Job Order.

3.11.3 Be documented within one day of accomplishment or prior to the subsequent tests or inspections, whichever is less. The records shall indicate the results of the test and or inspection accomplished. Records

shall be incorporated into the TIP within 4 days after completion of each test or inspection.

3.11.3.1 For tests and inspections involving (G)-points, records shall be documented upon acceptance or rejection and a hard copy (or electronic copy as authorized by the SUPERVISOR) provided to the SUPERVISOR at the conclusion of each (G)-Point. For tests and inspections utilizing Coating QA Tool Kit (CQATK) paperless QA program in accordance with 009-32 of 2.1, the data must be downloaded into the computer at the time and location of inspection. (See 4.5)

3.11.4 Required reports resulting from tests or inspections shall include the appropriate design criterion for each attribute or measurement required by the Work Item.

3.12 The SUPERVISOR will consider the Work Item incomplete if the contractor's documentation and records are not complete.

3.13 Accomplish (I), (V) and (Q) tests/inspections that do not have associated (G)-points, with qualified and/or currently certified personnel where required by the technical documents (e.g., NBPI, NACE, nondestructive testing, electrical cableway inspection, etc.) as follows:

3.13.1 (I) inspections require verification and documentation by a separate individual, other than the person who has accomplished the work, who is qualified as an inspector.

3.13.2 (V) inspections require verification and documentation by the qualified tradesperson, trade supervisor, or inspector.

3.13.3 (Q) inspections require verification and documentation by a qualified Technical Representative in accordance with 009-90 of 2.1 and associated PCP requirements.

3.13.4 The authority to accomplish, document, accept and reject (I) and (V) inspections may be delegated to qualified subcontractor personnel, without regards to geographical location, subject to SUPERVISOR approval.

3.14 Accomplish (G)-Point (government notification) as follows:

3.14.1 (G) is a symbol inserted in a Work Item to establish a point in the sequence of accomplishment of work at which time the SUPERVISOR shall be notified by the prime contractor in all cases to permit observation of a specific test or inspection (I) (V) by the government. When the symbol (G) precedes tests or inspections in a Work Item which are applicable to more than one action, the symbol (G) shall identify the action required, e.g., (G) "HYDROSTATIC TEST". When more than one unit is involved, the (G) notification requirement applies to each unit. Pre-inspection by the contractor prior to a (G)-Point is neither required nor desired.

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3.14.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR's designated representative via FAX, hard copy, or by electronic method, as directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.14.2.1 Notify the SUPERVISOR during normal day shift working hours, at least 4 hours, but not more than one day, prior to commencing the specific requirements in the paragraph annotated with the symbol (G). Notify the SUPERVISOR to cancel a scheduled test or inspection as soon as known, but no later than 30 minutes prior to the scheduled event.

3.14.2.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR not later than 4 hours before the end of the last preceding day shift when tests or inspections following a (G) Point are scheduled after normal day shift working hours, on a weekend, or on a federal holiday.

3.14.2.3 Notify the SUPERVISOR at least 48 hours, but not more than 72 hours, prior to commencing (G)-Points at contractor's/subcontractor's plants located in excess of 50 miles by the most direct roadway nearest to the place of performance of the contract. Document the date, time, and identification of the SUPERVISOR's representative notified.

3.14.2.4 For (G)-Points scheduled after normal day shift working hours, on a weekend, or a Federal holiday, notify the SUPERVISOR to cancel a scheduled test or inspection as soon as known, but no later than 2 hours prior to the scheduled event.

3.14.3 Proceed with the test or inspection if the SUPERVISOR is not present, provided the required advance notice has been furnished to the SUPERVISOR and the contractor has completed and documented the preceding tests and inspections.

3.14.4 A partial test or inspection requiring (G) notification may be accomplished in the event that all work cannot be completed and work progress would be delayed in waiting for total completion of work. Comply with the requirements of 3.14.2 when the incomplete work is completed and ready for the remainder of the test or inspection. Note partial inspections on the test or inspection form.

3.14.5 Invoke (G) notification requirements for tests or inspections involving a subcontractor in purchase orders such that the requirements of 3.14.2 are met.

 $3.14.6\ A$ qualified contractor representative shall be present to accomplish, accept or reject and document tests or inspections associated with the symbol (G).

3.14.6.1 The authority to witness or perform, document and accept/reject (I)(G), (Q)(G), and (V)(G) tests and inspections is a prime contractor's responsibility but, subject to SUPERVISOR approval within a 50-mile radius of the contractor's plant nearest to the place of performance of the contract, may be delegated to subcontractors who are MSRA or ABR

agreement holders, SSPC QP1 certified, NDT certified, or have a current Quality Management System accepted by the SUPERVISOR.

3.14.6.2 The contractor may delegate responsibility to subcontractors to perform, document and accept/reject (I)(G) and (V)(G) tests and inspections performed at plants located outside a 50-mile radius of the contractor's plant nearest to the place of performance of the contract subject to SUPERVISOR prior approval.

3.14.6.3 Associated (G)-Point notification requirements shall not be delegated.

3.15 For work being performed outside a 50-mile radius of the place of contract performance, the prime contractor shall submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of purchase orders to the SUPERVISOR within 2 days or otherwise as directed by the SUPERVISOR, prior to issue of purchase order and shipment of equipment. For contractors who do not utilize purchase orders as a vehicle for accomplishing work within their company, a report identifying the delineation of the specific Work Item requirements, in lieu of the purchase order shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR.

3.16 Maintain a current list for reference by the SUPERVISOR, designating the contractor's qualified and currently certified inspectors who witness or perform and sign for symbol (I) inspections, indicating the type of tests and inspections for which each inspector is qualified and currently certified. When subcontractors are delegated responsibility, the subcontractor's qualified and currently certified inspectors shall be included on this list.

3.17 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the most recent contractor's/subcontractor's SSPC QP-1 audit results to the SUPERVISOR, no later than 10 days after contractor's/subcontractor's receipt of the final audit report.

3.18 Contractor/subcontractor shall notify the SUPERVISOR within one day when aware of any preliminary SSPC audit findings for critical audit items that result in a rating of one (1) (i.e., major CAR or deficiency) as referenced in 2.7. These notifications shall be submitted, as required, in addition to the final SSPC audit report.

3.19 Certify to the SUPERVISOR that work is completed technically correct with all required OQE. All supporting documentation shall be submitted in support of the following Key Events: Undocking (if applicable), Propulsion Plant Production Completion Date (PCD), Combat Systems Production Completion Date (CSPCD) or AEGIS Light-Off (ALO) for AEGIS ships, Dock Trials (DT), Fast Cruise (FC), Sea Trials (ST), and Availability Completion (CA).

3.19.1 As required by 009-60 of 2.1, each Work Item to be accomplished during the availability shall be evaluated and properly tied to the appropriate Key Event in a predecessor/successor methodology and documented in the Integrated Production Schedule (IPS) and tracked via the

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Event Readiness List. Key Event ties shall also be annotated for each item in the TIP as required by 3.10.2.1.

3.19.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR of the condition and status of each individual Work Item in the availability within 3 days of Work Item completion or a minimum of 5 days prior to the scheduled Key Event to which that item is tied, whichever occurs first, by either of the following methods:

3.19.2.1 Completion and submission of one legible copy of Attachment A, in hard copy or approved transferrable media. Submission of Event Readiness List (ERL) may substitute for Attachment A when authorized by the SUPERVISOR.

3.19.2.2 Signature on a centralized signature sheet or record book maintained by the SUPERVISOR if Work Item is complete. If work is incomplete or complete with discrepancies, supporting rationale and impact statement with recovery plan shall be provided to the SUPERVISOR via submission of one legible copy of Attachment A, in hard copy or approved transferrable media. Upon completion of work or correction of discrepancies, a revised Attachment A with the updated status shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR in hard copy or approved transferrable media.

4. NOTES:

4.1 ANSI/ISO/ASQ Q9001:2008 commercial third party registrar certification is not required.

4.2 The Quality Management System submitted in 3.2 or 3.3 requires a onetime submittal/acceptance unless this NAVSEA Standard Item and/or references change or contractor's status changes.

4.3 A "zero-tier reference" is a specification, standard, drawing, test memo, planning/design memo that is cited in the contract (including its attachments). A "first-tier reference" is either: (1) a specification, standard, or drawing cited in a zero-tier reference, or (2) a specification cited in a first tier drawing. All zero-tier and first tier references are mandatory for use. All lower tier references shall be used for guidance only.

4.4 Contractor-run critiques or fact findings are accomplished in accordance with 009-120 of 2.1.

4.5 A partial (G)-point may be accomplished for a fraction of the work specification components. When elected, the contractor is responsible to account for the inspection status of each component. A final (G)-point is required for the last remaining component(s).

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| Attachment A | | | |
|--------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Work | Completion | Certification | |

| SHIP'S NAME : | | HULL NO.: |
|---------------|--|-----------|
| WORK ITEM NO: | | SSP NO.: |
| KEY EVENT: | Undocking (UD) Production Completion Date Dock Trials (DT) Fast Cruise (FC) Sea Trials (ST) Availability Completion (AC) Combat Systems PCD/ALO Other | |

1) All contracted production work (original, new and growth) has been satisfactorily reviewed, accurate and complete.

RESULTS/STATUS:

Complete Complete w/ Discrepancies Incomplete

Note: If complete with discrepancies or incomplete, rationale and final adjudication must be entered in the Comments block below.

Comments:

| Print and Sign | |
|-----------------|-------|
| Name: | Date: |
| Position and | |
| Responsibility: | |

2) All Tests and Inspections have been completed satisfactorily reviewed, accurate, complete and properly documented in the T&I Plan.

RESULTS/STATUS:



Complete Complete w/ Discrepancies Incomplete

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Attachment A

Note: If complete with discrepancies or incomplete, rationale and final adjudication must be entered in the Comments block below.

| Comments: | | |
|-----------------|---|-------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Print and Sign | | |
| Name: | Ι | Date: |
| Position and | | |
| Responsibility: | | |

3) All required reports and all accompanying required data have been submitted, reviewed, accurate, complete and satisfactory.

RESULTS/STATUS:

Complete Complete w/ Discrepancies Incomplete

Note: If complete with discrepancies or incomplete, rationale and final adjudication must be entered in the Comments block below.

Comments:

| Print and Sign | |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| Name: | Date: |
| Position and Responsibility: | |
| 1 1 | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-05 | |
|--------------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Temporary Access; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-1689, Fabrication, Welding, and Inspection of Ships Structure
- 2.3 29 CFR 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Submit one legible drawing or sketch of each proposed temporary access cut to the ship structure or engine enclosure and a list of each proposed bolted/riveted access removal to the SUPERVISOR 3 days prior to making the cuts or removing the bolted/riveted access. For a nuclear-powered vessel, submit drawing/sketch of each proposed temporary access cut to the SUPERVISOR 5 days prior to making cut or removing the bolted/riveted access.

3.1.1 Submittal of drawing or sketch is not required for those access cuts authorized on a NAVSEA-approved drawing.

3.1.2 The drawing or sketch shall include, as a minimum, the following information:

3.1.2.1 A plan and elevation view specifying the location of the access by deck, frame, and distance from the center line or deck edge and showing location of adjacent penetrations, bulkheads, framing, welds, and riveted joints within 12 inches of the proposed cut.

3.1.2.2 Location and number of previous cuts visible in each plate and the cutback of existing welds as required by 2.2.

3.1.2.3 Temporary structural reinforcement required to prevent distortion of ship structure.

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3.1.2.4 Thickness and type of material of plating and structural members to be cut. Include source or document/drawing number which identifies material requirements.

3.1.2.5 A description of the temporary access closure or enclosure.

3.1.2.6 Include a copy of the weld procedure or approved weld procedure number with the proposed access sketch.

3.1.3 List of bolted/riveted access covers shall include location, designation, and classification as identified on ship's damage control book.

3.1.4 Provide all drawing titles and numbers (including applicable sub-tier), and technical documentation used to accomplish the requirements of 3.1.

3.1.5 Temporary accesses include access plates, small access plates, and closure plates as defined in Paragraph 3.33 of 2.2.

3.2 Ensure that access cut boundaries conform to the requirements of 2.2 and the following:

3.2.1 Boundaries may extend across one or more frames as required for size of opening.

3.2.2 Are sized and located to accomplish the requirements of the Job Order.

3.2.2.1 Verify access requirements on NAVSEA drawings conform to these same requirements.

3.2.3 Weld riveted plates using a single V-weld with glass cloth conforming to MIL-C-24576, Type One, Class One, to prevent fusion between backing member and plate.

3.2.3.1 Remove existing rivets within 6 inches of a cut and install new rivets in accordance with 2.2.

3.2.3.2 Round patches 2 feet in diameter or less shall be dished 1/16-inch to 1/8-inch.

3.2.4 Minimum width of small access plates shall be at least 4 times the material thickness of the plate being cut or 3 inches, whichever is greater.

3.2.5 Corners of small access plates between 3 inches minimum to 6 inches maximum in width shall have a radius of one-half the width. Exception to this corner radius criterion is where a boundary terminates on an existing hull longitudinal seam or transverse butt joint.

3.2.6 Corners of small access plates greater than 6 inches in width shall have a radius of 2 times the material thickness of the plate being cut or 3 inches, whichever is greater. Exception to this corner radius criterion is where a boundary terminates on an existing hull longitudinal seam or transverse butt joint.

3.2.7 Corners of access plates shall have a minimum radius of 6 inches. Exception to this corner radius criterion is where a boundary terminates on an existing hull longitudinal seam or transverse butt joint.

3.2.8 Utilize the same boundaries as used for prior cuts unless the requirements of this Standard Item have been violated.

\$3.2.8.1\$ Annotate violations on the drawing or sketch required by 3.1.

(V)(G) "INSPECT LAY OUT"

3.3 Lay out access on both sides of the structure to be cut, in accordance with the approved drawing or sketch.

3.4 Prior to cutting access in the ship/vessel's structure and after layout checkpoint, accomplish positive verification by drilling a pilot hole in the path of the cut to be accomplished.

3.5 Center punch access layout upon completion of verification in 3.4.

3.6 Accomplish the requirements of 2.3 for guarding of access openings.

3.6.1 Remove temporary guarding after installation of access plates. Chip and grind surfaces flush in way of removals.

3.7 Install a temporary coaming with a minimum height of 4 inches around access cuts through decks. Tack-weld the coaming to the deck and seal the deck joint with caulking compound.

3.7.1 Remove the temporary coaming after installation of access plate. Chip and grind surfaces flush in way of removals.

3.8 Cut access in accordance with the approved drawing or sketch.

3.9 Remove bolted/riveted access.

3.9.1 Clean and preserve gasket faying surfaces.

3.9.2 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.

3.10 Protect ship from weather and contamination.

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3.10.1 Fabricate temporary closures using fire retardant material, prior to removing plates or cutting access openings.

3.10.1.1 Closures shall be constructed to protect the access from inclement weather and entry of contaminants.

3.10.1.2 Horizontal deck closures shall support a minimum of 150 pounds per square foot.

3.10.1.3 Closures shall be fitted with fasteners that permit rapid installation and removal.

3.10.2 Install closures whenever access is not in use.

3.11 Maintain watertight integrity of waterborne ship.

3.11.1 Fabricate and install watertight enclosures prior to removing plates or cutting access openings that do not provide a minimum of 4 feet of freeboard.

3.11.1.1 Maintain watertight integrity to a level 4 feet above the maximum calculated draft.

3.12 Maintain watertight integrity of ship in dry dock.

3.12.1 Provide temporary access closure plates and fasteners prior to removing plates or cutting access openings below 4 feet of waterborne freeboard.

3.12.1.1 Closure plates shall be available on short notice for emergency sealing of the temporary access openings.

3.12.2 Seal access openings with closure plates when conditions warrant.

3.12.3 Secure openings at the end of each shift not immediately followed by another shift engaged in dry dock work.

3.13 Remove the temporary closures when no longer required.

3.14 Reinstall the temporary access removed in 3.8 in accordance with the approved drawing or sketch.

3.14.1 Accomplishment of welding, fabrication, and inspection requirements to support installation of a temporary access shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.2)

3.14.2 Install the bolted/riveted access.

3.14.2.1 Use new gasket material conforming to MIL-PRF-900.

4 of 5 ITEM NO: 009-05 FY-18 3.14.2.2 Install new rivets for riveted access plates in accordance with 2.2.

(V) "CHALK TEST"

3.15 Accomplish a chalk test on structural closure in way of temporary access. Chalk imprint shall be centered with 100-percent contact.

3.16 Accomplishment of structural boundary testing (e.g., cofferdam, vacuum box, air hose, water hose) of each watertight/airtight temporary access closure shall be in accordance with NAVSEA standard items (See Note 4.3).

4. NOTES:

4.1 Maximum Calculated Draft (MCD) - The maximum draft, calculated during the period in which ship's draft is affected due to evolutions which add, remove, or change weight. It represents the "worst case" cumulative effect at any one time on trim, list, or draft for the proposed weight changes throughout the period that hull penetrations are in a non-standard configuration. MCD shall be known and utilized by the SUPERVISOR and Ship's Force in scheduling work and testing during waterborne maintenance periods.

4.2 If welding, fabrication, or inspection for installation of a temporary access of 3.14.1 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-12 "Welding, Fabrication, and Inspection Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.3 If a structural boundary test (e.g., cofferdam, vacuum box, air hose, water hose) to support testing of a watertight/airtight temporary access closure is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-25 "Structural Boundary Test; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-06 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Maintaining Protection and Cleanliness from Non-Radioactive Operations; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-1623, Fire Performance Requirements and Approved Specifications for Interior Finish Materials and Furnishings (Naval Shipboard Use)
- 2.3 NFPA Standard 701, Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Flame Propagation of Textiles and Films

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Observe the following requirements, in addition to the specific requirements of the Job Order, for maintaining protection and cleanliness from non-radioactive operations on the ship, ship's equipment, components, and spaces for the duration of the availability.

3.1.1 Accomplish an inspection of the work area prior to installation of protective covering to identify the current condition of equipment, systems, and components, including any exposed cables, penetrations, stuffing tubes, bolted cover plates, and antennas.

3.1.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.1.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2 Prevent contamination and damage of the ship's equipment, components, and spaces during contamination-producing operations.

3.2.1 Plug, blank, wrap, cover, seal, and mask equipment, components, cables, wireways, boots, and openings using fire retardant/water repellent material, and prevent entry of contaminants to components, systems and equipment.

3.2.1.1 Ensure plugging and blanking does not result in flooding or damage to ship's equipment.

3.2.1.2 Install Herculite or canvas covering conforming to A-A-55308, and/or fire retardant plywood conforming to Category 2, Type II, of MIL-L-19140, or other NAVSEA-approved fire retardant industrial protective material.

3.2.2 Install fire retardant industrial filter material meeting the minimum requirements of UL 900 Class 1, non-fire contributing material, on the intake of supply and exhaust end of ventilation systems that will be in use.

3.2.2.1 Remove existing and install new filter or clean the filter material when air flow is restricted.

(V) "VERIFY PROTECTIVE MEASURES"

3.2.3 All protective measures are to be in place prior to start of any contamination-producing operations and shall remain in place until the contamination-producing operations are complete.

3.2.4 Install double curtain baffles at the entrance of each access door where airborne contamination could occur during contamination-producing operations. Install a dirt collecting mat on the deck directly inside each door. The SUPERVISOR will select a maximum of 4 doors. Secure and mark doors not designated for access.

3.2.5 Temporary coverings shall not be removed during contamination-producing operations without permission of the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "INSPECT PROTECTIVE COVERING"

3.3 Inspect the integrity of the protective covering at the beginning of each shift in which contamination-producing operations will be accomplished. Ensure that equipment and machinery have not been infiltrated by contaminants. Notify the SUPERVISOR immediately by verbal means, followed on the next day in writing, if contamination or surface damage has occurred. Reseal to prevent further entry of contaminants or surface damage.

3.4 Maintain cleanliness of the work site, including bilges, free from accumulation of industrial debris caused by contractor and/or subcontractor employees on a continuous basis throughout the availability. Work spaces include those areas immediately under and adjacent, and those areas where service lines are run, and bilge areas in vicinity of the work site.

3.4.1 Cleaning shall be accomplished no later than at the end of each shift at a minimum, on a daily basis.

 $3.4.2\,$ Remove and dispose of industrial debris from the ship at the end of each shift at a minimum, on a daily basis.

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ITEM NO: 009-06 FY-18 3.4.3 Vacuum cleaners shall be emptied of all debris at the end of each shift at a minimum, on a daily basis.

3.4.3.1 Use metal canister vacuum cleaners aboard the ship, except those used for regulated and controlled radiological and hazardous waste or hazardous material.

\$3.4.3.2\$ Permanently and legibly mark each vacuum cleaner with a company name or unique identifier.

3.4.4 Plastic trash cans are prohibited for trash collection onboard in spaces where industrial work is being performed. Plastic trash bags may be used onboard as a liner for metal trash cans.

3.5 Accomplish a cleanliness inspection on a daily basis whenever work is in progress. The inspection shall be made jointly with the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative. During inspection the responsible party shall be assigned. A written report of any unclean work sites/spaces shall be prepared by the contractor and copies distributed to the SUPERVISOR and Commanding Officer's designated representative within 4 hours after completion of the inspection. The inspection report shall list the responsible activity (contractor, ship, etc.) for each unclean site/area. Unclean sites/areas determined as contractor responsible shall be immediately cleaned.

3.5.1 Accomplish inspections and reporting during the daily fire prevention and housekeeping inspections in accordance with 009-07 of 2.1.

(V)(G) "FINAL CONTAMINATION/DAMAGE INSPECTION"

3.6 Remove protective covering installed in 3.2 upon completion of contamination-producing operations. Accomplish a final inspection of the work area to identify the presence of contamination and/or damage created by contamination-producing operations. Contamination/damage shall be documented on the inspection record.

3.6.1 Presence of contamination and/or damage created by contamination-producing operations is unacceptable and shall be corrected.

3.7 Remove from the ship and dispose of debris and foreign matter generated as a result of work being accomplished at the end of each shift at a minimum, on a daily basis. Comply with the requirements of federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations or as specified elsewhere in the Job Order.

3.8 Non-fabric material used onboard for containment or as protective coverings shall be in accordance with 2.2. Fabrics used onboard for containment or as protective coverings shall be tested in accordance with and meet the requirements of 2.3 or be listed as an acceptable "Drapery or Curtain" in 2.2.

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4. NOTES:

4.1 Definitions:

4.1.1 Cleanliness means the removal of all industrial debris (industrial trash, waste material, weld rods/tips, fasteners, rags, lagging waste, job scrap, wire, litter, rubbish, etc.) at the end of each shift, leaving the areas broom clean and electronic spaces vacuum clean. Adjacent/surrounding machinery, equipment, etc., shall be cleaned free of all resulting debris.

4.1.2 Daily means at least once per every calendar day.

4.1.3 Non-radioactive operations include but are not limited to:

4.1.3.1 Operations liable to produce particulates to become airborne during accomplishment of the work scope, i.e., abrasive blasting, mechanical cleaning, spray painting, hot work operations, and air blowdowns.

4.1.3.2 Operations liable to produce fluid contamination of equipment as a result of external leakage of piping systems during testing.

4.1.3.3 Operations liable to produce fluid contamination of equipment as a result of external leakage of piping systems during waterjetting.

4.1.3.4 Operations liable to produce industrial debris such as, but not limited to, industrial trash, waste material, weld rods/tips, fasteners, rags, lagging waste, job scrap, wire, litter, rubbish, etc.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will coordinate operation of ventilation systems, as requested by the contractor, to maintain a positive pressure within the vessel's envelope and to create an outward flow of air through crevices or around penetrations.

4.3 The cleanliness goal is to turn over all areas of the ship in the same condition or better as at beginning of the availability.

4.4 Ship's Force responsibility:

4.4.1 Ship's Force is responsible for dust that collects as a matter of course throughout the availability and for any Ship's Force job site maintenance including monitoring job sites being worked by intermediate maintenance activities, Alteration Installation Teams (AIT), and any contractor services that the ship has arranged.

 $4.4.2\,$ Ship's Force is responsible to maintain cleanliness of their areas of responsibility broom clean at the end of each shift, on a daily basis.

4.4.3 Ship's Force will report cleanliness concerns to the SUPERVISOR for contractor responsible areas.

4.4.4 Ship's Force will work continually throughout the availability to keep bilges and other general areas of the ship clean where the Contractor is not working.

4.5 Ship's Force and the Contractor will familiarize each other with their scope of work (any other work being performed on board the ship not pursuant to contractor authorized work under the Job Order is considered Ship's Force work). The affected locations and aspects of the work and/or ship conditions (i.e., blasting, grinding, preservation, hot work, insulation removals, decking replacement, hydroblasting, weight tests, electrical cable replacement, etc.) will be identified. Each responsible party will clean site in locations where both parties will be working, on a daily basis. Communications must be continuous and active 2 ways.

4.6 Diligence in inspection will ensure that action is taken by the responsible party prior to any area becoming unsatisfactory.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-07 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | I |

- 1. SCOPE:
 - 1.1 Title: Confined Space Entry, Certification, Fire Prevention and Housekeeping; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment
- 2.3 29 CFR Part 1910.134, Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Respiratory Protection
- 2.4 NFPA Standard 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work
- 2.5 NFPA Standard 312, Standard for Fire Protection of Vessels During Construction, Repair, and Lay-up
- 2.6 American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents
- 2.7 NAVSEA OP-4, Ammunition and Explosives Safety Afloat
- 2.8 Underwriter Laboratories (UL) Standard 199, Automatic Sprinklers for Fire-Protection Service

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Comply with the requirements of 2.2 through 2.5 and this item to determine whether or not an explosive or other dangerous atmosphere exists in tanks, spaces, and associated piping, including adjacent tanks, spaces, and piping aboard the ship and control hot work and entry to those spaces to preclude damage to the ship or injury to personnel during the accomplishment of this Job Order.

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3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of tanks or spaces to be opened or certified to the SUPERVISOR at least one day prior to opening the tank or void.

3.1.1.1 Comply with additional requirements of 009-88 of 2.1 when accomplishing work in Collection, Holding and Transfer (CHT) and Motor Gasoline (MOGAS) tanks, spaces, or associated piping.

3.1.1.2 For fuel tanks or spaces that contain or have contained fuel, including F-76 and JP-5, in addition to the atmospheric testing required by 2.2, test for diesel fuel (CAS No. 68334-30-5; 68476-30-2; 68476-31-3; 68476-34-6, 77650-28-3) as total hydrocarbons in accordance with 2.6, and record total hydrocarbon test results on the Marine Chemist Certificate or competent person's test/inspection record.

3.1.2 Provide initial and annual update training for Competent Persons by utilizing a National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Certified Marine Chemist or NFPA Instructor. The length of the initial training class shall be at least 24 hours. Annual update training shall be at least 8 hours.

3.1.2.1 Maintain a current roster of designated Competent Person(s) and copies of certificates of completion for the training required in 3.1.2 for reference by the SUPERVISOR. Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the specific documents when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.3 Post a copy of the Marine Chemist Certificate, Certified Industrial Hygienist's test/inspection record, or Competent Person's test/inspection record at each access to the affected space while work in the space is in progress. When requested, a copy of the MCC or test/inspection record shall also be delivered to a location designated by the SUPERVISOR. In the event that the space is identified to be NOT SAFE FOR WORKERS or NOT SAFE FOR HOT WORK, the space shall be posted accordingly and other affected contractors, the SUPERVISOR and Ship's Force shall be notified immediately. The posted copy shall be clearly visible and legible.

3.1.3.1 Initial certification of spaces that require a Certified MCC or Certified Industrial Hygienist's test/inspection record in support of work operations shall be effective until conditions change which would void the certificate or test/inspection record. A Competent Person shall conduct the same atmospheric testing as required on the MCC or Certified Industrial Hygienist's test/inspection record.

3.1.3.2 For those certified spaces which employees will enter, a Competent Person shall visually inspect, test and record each space certified as ENTER WITH RESTRICTIONS or SAFE FOR WORKERS as often as necessary, and as a minimum, prior to entry by employees on a daily basis. If a space is not to be entered on any given day, it is not required to be

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inspected and tested by a Competent Person. The initial MCC remains valid if conditions have not changed, unless noted on the MCC.

3.1.3.3 For those certified spaces affected by hot work, a Competent Person shall visually inspect, test, and record each space certified as SAFE FOR HOT WORK as often as necessary and, as a minimum, daily prior to commencement of hot work to ensure that conditions established by the certificate are maintained. When hot work is continuous, the affected spaces shall be visually inspected, tested, and recorded on a daily basis to maintain the SAFE FOR HOT WORK certification.

3.1.3.4 If a Competent Person finds that the conditions within a certified space fail to meet the applicable requirements for which it was certified, work in the space shall be stopped and may not be resumed until the space has been recertified by a Marine Chemist.

3.1.3.5 For those spaces where only Competent Person tests and inspections are required in accordance with 2.2, a Competent Person shall visually inspect and test each space as often as necessary and, as a minimum, daily prior to entry or commencement of hot work to ensure that conditions are safe.

3.1.3.6 After the Competent Person has determined initially that a space is safe for entry and finds subsequently that the conditions within the tested space fail to meet the requirements of 2.2, work shall be stopped until the conditions in the tested space are corrected, the space is retested, reinspected, and a new record of tests/inspections is recorded and posted.

3.1.4 Tank cleaning personnel shall be trained annually on safety practices to include a discussion of safety information identified in Subparts A, B, and Section 1915.152 of Subpart I of 2.2.

3.1.5 Maintain a current roster of the names of the Shipyard/Plant Rescue Team Members, along with contractor certification that training requirements of Subpart B of 2.2 have been accomplished and are current for each Rescue Team Member, or documentation of arrangements made for an outside rescue team to respond promptly to a request for rescue service in a contractor facility. Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the specific documents when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.5.1 At a naval facility, the Navy will respond.

3.1.6 Spaces that are determined to contain Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) atmospheres shall never be entered except for emergency rescue or for short duration for installation of ventilation equipment in accordance with 2.2 and 2.3. When entering IDLH spaces for the purpose of installing ventilation, notify the SUPERVISOR prior to entry. Notifications of rescue shall be made as soon as management becomes aware of such an event.

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3.1.7 Confirm that all personnel have exited the space prior to closure of tanks, voids, and cofferdams. Designate one person to account for all personnel who may have entered the space.

3.2 Provide a written notice for each job or separate area of hot work aboard ship.

3.2.1 The notice shall state a description of the work to be done, the specific location, to include compartment number, of the hot work, and compartments adjacent to decks, bulkheads, and similar structures upon which hot work is to be accomplished, the time hot work will commence, current gasfree status of the area (if required), the absence or existence of combustible material within 35 feet in any direction of the operation (or further, if affected by the operation), and if combustible material exists, what action shall be taken to protect the material from fire, the provision and assignment of a fire watch, and the affirmation that conditions at the work site (ventilation, temporary lighting, accesses) permit the fire watch(es) to have a clear view of and immediate access to all areas included in the fire watch.

3.2.2 The notice shall affirm that a suitable, fully-charged fire extinguisher shall be available at the job site and provide for an inspection of the area 30 minutes after completion of the hot work or the cessation of hot work at the job site unless the contractor's Hot Work Supervisor surveys the affected work area and determines that there is no further fire hazard as the final action to complete the notice.

3.2.3 The notice shall be signed by a supervisor specifically designated as responsible for coordination of the hot work and the fire watch requirement for each shift where hot work is being conducted.

3.2.4 One copy of each notice shall be given to the SUPERVISOR when requested and one copy to the Commanding Officer's designated representative, and at a minimum, one copy of each notice shall also be conspicuously posted at the location where the hot work is being accomplished.

3.2.4.1 The notice to the Commanding Officer's designated representative shall precede the initiation of the actual hot work in order to permit the Commanding Officer to designate a member of the crew to observe the operation, if desired.

3.2.4.2 Deliver written notification of hot work planned Tuesday through Friday to the Commanding Officer's designated representative at least 30 minutes and not more than 24 hours preceding start of work.

3.2.4.3 Deliver written notification of hot work planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend to the Commanding Officer's designated representative no later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

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3.2.4.4 Deliver written notification of hot work planned on a federal holiday and on the day following the federal holiday to the Commanding Officer's designated representative no later than 0900 of the last working day preceding the federal holiday.

3.2.4.5 The notice shall be effective for 24 hours unless a shorter period is specified in the contract or the gas-free status of the work area or system requires stopping the work. A new notice is required if work is interrupted due to loss of gas-free status.

3.3 Provide trained fire watches, at all affected areas where hot work is being accomplished. Provide fire extinguishing equipment as described in 2.2, 2.4, and 2.5.

3.3.1 The program utilized to train fire watches shall be in accordance with the requirements of 2.2 and 2.4, and include steps to be taken by the fire watch and hot work operator prior to accomplishment of hot work, proper selection and use of fire extinguishing equipment and other safety equipment, relationship between the fire watch and hot work operator, proper fire reporting procedures and other sounding of fire alarms, and reporting of fires to the ship's Quarterdeck. A means of communicating between all fire watches and their corresponding hot workers shall be provided. This training shall include theory and practical (hands-on) fire suppression techniques. This training shall be provided to all newly assigned fire watches, with annual updates provided to personnel. Provide visible means of identifying trained fire watches, i.e., badge, sticker, vest, etc.

3.3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the training program when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.2 Each fire watch attending worker(s) accomplishing hot work shall be equipped with a fully-charged and operable fire extinguisher, have immediate access and an unobstructed view of the affected hot work area to which they are assigned and shall remain at the job site for 30 minutes from the time the hot work is completed unless the contractor's Hot Work Supervisor surveys the affected work area and determines that there is no further fire hazard.

3.3.2.1 The fire watch shall not accomplish other duties while hot work is in progress.

3.3.3 Where several workers are accomplishing hot work at one site, the fire watch shall have a clear view of and immediate access to each worker accomplishing hot work.

3.3.3.1 No more than 4 workers shall be attended by a single fire watch.

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ITEM NO: 009-07 FY-18 3.3.4 In cases in which hot material from hot work may involve more than one level, as in trunks, machinery spaces, and on scaffolding, a fire watch shall be stationed at each level unless positive means are available to prevent the spread or fall of hot material.

3.3.5 In cases where hot work is to be accomplished on a bulkhead or deck, combustible material shall be removed from the vicinity of the hot work on the opposite side of the bulkhead, overhead, or deck, and a fire watch shall be posted at each location.

3.3.5.1 If multiple blind compartments are involved in any hot work job, fire watches shall be posted simultaneously in each blind area.

3.3.6 Comply with the firefighting and fire prevention requirements of 2.7 prior to hot work operations in or adjacent to areas containing ammunition or explosives.

3.3.6.1 Hot work shall not be conducted during any logistics or maintenance movement of ammunition or explosives.

3.3.7 No hot work shall be performed without an operational general announcing system, i.e., Ship's 1MC, or a documented communication strategy approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Locate oxygen, acetylene, fuel gas, toxic, oxygen depleting (OD) gas supply systems off the ship. Manifolds connected to pierside supply systems may be placed on board ships as long as they are located on a weather deck and equipped with a shutoff valve located on the pier. The pierside shutoff valve shall be in addition to the shutoff valve at the inlet to each portable outlet header required by 2.2.

3.4.1 Oxygen, acetylene, fuel gas, toxic, and OD gas supply systems shall be stored to prevent collisions by trucks, forklifts, falling objects, etc.

3.4.2 LOX tanks shall be staged in designated locations on the quay wall/pier to be determined jointly by the contractor, Ship's Force, and the SUPERVISOR.

3.4.3 When gas cylinders are in use on board ship, they shall be located on the weather decks or in a location determined jointly by the contractor, Ship's Force, and the SUPERVISOR and shall be secured in cylinder racks, and in an upright position. The number of in-use cylinders shall be limited to those which are required for work in progress and which have pressure regulators connected to the cylinder valves. On-board reserve gas cylinders shall not exceed one-half the number of in-use cylinders and shall be located in a remote area of the weather decks or in a location determined jointly by the contractor, Ship's Force, and the SUPERVISOR. Reserve acetylene cylinders shall be secured in an upright position.

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3.4.4 When not in use, gas cylinders and manifolds on board shall have valves closed, lines disconnected, protective cover (cap) in place, and shall be secured. Acetylene cylinders shall be secured in cylinder racks and in an upright position.

3.5 Each fuel gas and oxygen hose run shall be positively identified with durable unique markings that include maintenance activity name, service type, location, and shore side shut-off points. Tags shall be located (at a minimum) at the source, point of entry aboard ship, at each connection point (including quick disconnects), and termination point.

3.5.1 Unattended fuel gas and oxygen hose lines or torches are prohibited in confined spaces.

3.5.2 Unattended, charged fuel gas and oxygen hose lines or torches are prohibited in enclosed spaces for more than 15 minutes.

 $3.5.3\,$ All fuel gas and oxygen hose lines shall be disconnected at the supply manifold at the end of each shift.

3.5.4 All disconnected fuel gas and oxygen hose lines shall be rolled back to the supply manifold or to open air to disconnect the torch; or extended fuel gas and oxygen hose lines shall not be reconnected at the supply manifold unless the lines were given a positive means of identification when they were first connected and the lines are tested using a drop test to ensure the integrity of fuel gas and oxygen burning system. Alternate procedures must be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.5.5 Upon completion of oxygen-fuel gas system hook-up, accomplish a pressure drop test to include the torch, hoses, and gages.

3.5.5.1 Apply pressure to the system. Back off pressure by turning off the valve supplying gases to the system. If the pressure on the gage drops, a leak in the system exists. If the pressure on the gage does not drop, the system is tight.

3.5.5.2 After applying pressure, wait 2 minutes to ensure pressure does not drop.

3.5.6 The use of gas hose splitters is prohibited.

3.6 Each inert gas/oxygen depleting (OD) hose run shall be positively identified with durable unique markings that include maintenance activity name, service type, location, and shore side shut-off points. Tags shall be located (at a minimum) at the source, point of entry aboard ship, at each connection point (including quick disconnects), and termination point.

 $3.6.1\,$ Unattended inert gas/OD hose lines or torches are prohibited in confined spaces.

3.6.2 Unattended, charged inert gas/OD hose lines or torches are prohibited in enclosed spaces for more than 15 minutes.

3.6.3 All inert gas/OD hose lines shall be disconnected at the supply manifold at the end of each shift.

3.6.4 All disconnected inert gas/OD hose lines shall be rolled back to the supply manifold or to open air to disconnect the torch; or extended inert gas/OD hose lines shall not be reconnected at the supply manifold unless the lines were given a positive means of identification when they were first connected and the lines are tested using a drop test to ensure the integrity of inert gas/OD systems. Alternate procedures must be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.6.5 Upon completion of inert gas/OD gas system hook-up, accomplish a pressure drop test to include the torch, hoses, and gages.

3.6.5.1 Apply pressure to the system. Back off pressure by turning off the valve supplying gases to the system. If the pressure on the gage drops, a leak in the system exists. If the pressure on the gage does not drop, the system is tight.

3.6.5.2 After applying pressure, wait 2 minutes to ensure pressure does not drop.

3.6.6 The use of gas hose splitters is prohibited.

3.7 Use fireproof or fire-retardant covering in accordance with MIL-C-24576, such as fireproofed canvas, fire-resistant synthetic fabrics, noncombustible fabrics, metal covers in accordance with ASTM D6413, or other suitable materials, to protect ship's equipment from falling sparks or other potential sources of fire. Coverings shall be in place prior to commencing hot work and be maintained throughout the hot work evolution. Proper documentation of fire retardancy shall be available for review upon request.

3.7.1 Non fire-retardant temporary wooden structures located on the pier, dry dock edge, or in the dry dock (not including dry dock blocks) shall be a minimum of 35 feet from the ship to prevent spread of fire.

3.7.2 Lumber, plywood, and staging boards, except that used for pallets, shall be fire retardant in accordance with Category Two, Type II, of MIL-L-19140.

3.7.3 Storage of material aboard ship shall be limited to that which is required for work in progress. Materials, trailers, temporary lights, flammable liquids, fueling of vehicles, and the rigging of hoses/welding leads/temporary lights aboard the ship shall comply with the following: Material, including that stowed in bins that are placed and held temporarily on hangar decks, well decks, or tank decks shall not exceed 8 feet in height. A 20-foot-wide lane shall be maintained the length of hangar

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decks to act as a fire break. Material shall occupy a deck space not to exceed 25-feet by 25-feet with adjacent 6-foot-wide aisles on each side for ready hose line access.

3.7.4 Prior to bringing equipment or working material aboard ship, its crating and packing shall be removed. If the equipment or material may be damaged during handling, the crating and packing shall be removed immediately after the equipment or working material is brought aboard and taken ashore for disposal. A small quantity of pallets may be staged in a location determined jointly by the contractor, Ship's Force, and the SUPERVISOR aboard ship for use in materials handling operations.

3.7.5 Install sprinkling systems on temporary structures constructed or staged onboard for the purpose of material stowage.

3.7.5.1 Identify sprinkler and open sprinkler pendent, upright or sidewall type. The type shall be most suitable for the shape and configuration of the protected area. Pendent and upright sprinklers shall have 180 degree full cone spray patterns. The sprinkling density shall be 0.2 gpm/sqft and the sprinklers shall be arranged to cover the entire level of the temporary structure and all contents. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for spacing of sprinklers, distance from the overhead of the protected area, and distance from stowed material or obstructions. Place placards on the interior of the protected area and note the height that material cannot be stacked above.

3.7.5.2 The system shall be a dry deluge type, manually operated by a quarter-turn sprinkler valve located outside and near the access to the structure. The system shall be continuously charged up to the sprinkler valve, from the ship's permanent or temporary firemain, using temporary piping or a non-collapsible hose suitable for the pressure and flow. Piping downstream of the sprinkler valve shall be metal. Aluminum shall not be used for piping. Place a placard at the sprinkler valve identifying the protected area and providing instructions on operating the sprinkler valve. Provide freeze protection with the water supply

3.7.5.3 Automatic sprinklers, with the heat responsive and activating elements removed, may be substituted for open (deluge) sprinklers.

3.7.5.4 CONEX boxes/MILVANS staged within the ship for material storage or other operational purposes shall be of all steel exterior construction and be capable of being completely sealed closed. Only Class A type combustibles and non-combustibles are permitted to be stored within such structures and they shall remain completely sealed closed when not being physically manned. When such structures are used as manned office or operating spaces (including temporary Enclosed Operating Stations), they shall be equipped with smoke detection in accordance with 2.8 and shall have at a minimum, one fire extinguisher of appropriate size and class at each access. The use of kitchen appliances (microwaves, coffee makers, hot pots, etc.) and hot work within the unit is prohibited.

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ITEM NO: 009-07 FY-18 3.7.5.5 Smoke alarms, approved by Underwriter's Laboratory, shall be installed in enclosures and shall be audible outside the enclosures.

3.7.6 Install sprinkling system on each temporary structures constructed or staged onboard not for the purpose of material stowage. The sprinkling density shall be 0.1 gpm/sqft and the sprinklers shall be arranged to cover the entire level of the temporary structure and all contents. The system shall be a wet automatic type. The system shall be continuously charged up to the sprinkler, from the ship's permanent or temporary firemain. Place a placard at the sprinkler valve identifying the protected area and providing instructions on operating the sprinkler valve. Provide freeze protection with the water supply. Operation of the sprinkler system shall sound an audible alarm outside the structure. Install smoke detection system inside the structure. Provide audible alarms both inside and outside the structure. Provide portable AFFF and CO2 extinguishers interior to the structure near the access.

3.7.7 The quantity of flammable and combustible liquids brought onboard shall be kept to a minimum, shall not exceed that necessary for one shift's use, and shall not be left unattended.

3.7.8 Fueling of vehicles or transfer of fuel between containers shall be accomplished at designated sites on weather decks or in a location determined jointly by the contractor, Ship's Force, and the SUPERVISOR. Notify ship's Officer of the Deck prior to the fueling or transfer operation. When fuel is transferred between containers, the containers shall be bonded and grounded to prevent static discharge. Fueling operations shall be conducted at designated sites on exposed weather decks. All fuel shall be transferred aboard ship in approved safety containers. Direct fueling of vehicles aboard ship shall be avoided but may be utilized during operations via an approved fuel storage tank on the weather deck (flight deck, Helo deck, or deck edge elevator) provided the following safety precautions are provided and maintained by the performing activity:

3.7.8.1 Fuel storage tanks shall be either of double wall construction or have integral cofferdam sized to exceed tank capacity.

3.7.8.2 Locate fuel storage tanks in a location approved by the SUPERVISOR, open to atmosphere on an exposed weather deck and not in interior spaces where a build-up of fuel vapors would be of concern.

3.7.8.3 Fuel storage tanks shall be inspected and verified by safety personnel to meet safety requirements.

3.7.8.4 Perform and document weekly inspections of the fuel storage tanks.

3.7.8.5 Provide 2 dry chemical fire extinguishers, each with an Underwriter's Laboratory rating of at least 60 B:C, for each fuel storage tank.

3.7.8.6 Post signs at each storage tank designating ownership and contact numbers in the event of an emergency.

3.7.8.7 Stage an Oil and Hazardous Substance Spill Response Kit at each fuel storage station.

3.7.8.8 Install metal coamings 4 inches high, tack welded and caulked to the deck, around all through-deck access openings to control flammable liquid spills. Modifications from this requirement based on location of the access openings may be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.8 Utilize the ship's permanent and emergency lighting and power as the preferred systems. Plan and execute work in such a manner that the ship's permanently installed lighting and power systems will be out of service for the minimum amount of time.

3.8.1 Install temporary lighting for ship's lighting systems that are non-operational or require additional illumination.

3.8.2 Provide 2 sources of lighting to all spaces that normally have 2 sources for ship's lighting systems that are non-operational. The lighting may be the ship's permanent and emergency lighting systems or a combination of temporary and ship's permanent lighting, provided that separate power sources are utilized for each system. The removal of lighting from spaces or compartments that could impede damage control efforts, personnel egress, and/or casualty responder access shall require approval by the SUPERVISOR prior to removal.

3.8.3 Permanent or temporary lighting shall meet the illumination requirements of 2.2.

3.9 Accomplish temporary access requirements as follows:

3.9.1 Temporary access cuts may be made in fire zone boundaries provided they are equipped with fume-tight steel closures when installed. Boundary degradation by use of temporary access cuts or passage of service lines shall be permitted only upon granting of a written waiver by the SUPERVISOR, in conjunction with the Commanding Officer's designated representative, for a limited time.

3.9.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a record of boundary openings and their locations to the SUPERVISOR and one additional copy to the Commanding Officer's designated representative. Resubmit boundary opening data when any changes, additions, or deletions of boundary openings occur.

ITEM NO: 009-07 FY-18 3.9.2 Ensure at least one unobstructed access on ships designed with 3 or fewer accesses to each main and auxiliary machinery space and at least 2 unobstructed accesses on ships designed with 4 or more accesses to each main and auxiliary machinery space.

3.9.3 Stage fire retardant material adjacent to the ship to provide for temporary closure of access cuts, hatches, and other hull penetrations created by contractor work (e.g., access cuts and open hatches due to running of temporary services).

3.10 Accomplish a fire prevention and housekeeping inspection during each shift whenever work is in progress. Once each manned/regular workday, the inspection shall be made jointly with the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative. Deviation from this requirement for availabilities less than 30 days in duration must be adjudicated by the SUPERVISOR.

3.10.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of request for deviation to the SUPERVISOR.

3.10.2 Submit one legible copy, in an approved transferrable media, of a written report of the discrepancies and corrective actions, using Attachment A, to the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative within 4 hours after completion of the inspection.

3.11 Determine fire zone boundaries as follows:

3.11.1 The SUPERVISOR, Ship's Force, and the contractor shall establish fire zone boundaries prior to start of production work.

3.11.1.1 For ships having fire zones by design, the designated bulkheads shall be used as fire zones. Ships under 600 feet in length that do not have fire zones by design shall have a minimum of 2 fire zone boundaries. Ships 600 feet and over in length that do not have fire zones by design shall have a minimum of 3 fire zone boundaries.

3.11.2 Fire zone boundaries shall be continuous through the vertical extent of the ship, from the keel up to the highest weather deck, excluding the superstructure.

3.11.2.1 For ships that have established fire zone boundaries that run from keel up through the superstructure, the fire zone boundaries as depicted on the ship's damage control diagrams shall be observed.

3.11.2.2 On aircraft carriers, provide for closing of hangar division doors in case of fire in the event division doors being repaired by the contractor are mechanically inoperative. As a minimum, rig chain falls to manually close doors in the event of fire. Exceptions shall be permitted only upon execution of a written waiver approved by the SUPERVISOR. 3.11.3 Indicate each fire zone by installing a sign adjacent to each entrance. Mark each sign with international orange tape.

3.11.3.1 Service line(s) shall not be run through fire zone boundaries unless quick disconnects are installed in temporary service lines within 6 feet of the opening, door, or closure. The quick disconnects shall be marked with international orange tape and be positively identified with durable unique markings that include the maintenance activity name, service type, location, and shore side shut-off points. All service line(s) shall be able to be secured and pulled back within 3 minutes. Fuel gas/oxygen/compressed gas hoses, steam lines, hoses pressurized above 140 PSI, or hoses carrying hazardous/toxic/flammable materials shall not be run through fire zone boundaries. Hose numbers or sizes shall not restrict free and easy access or closure of fire zone boundary doors.

3.11.3.2 Request for deviation shall be in writing to the SUPERVISOR and shall include the following; rational for deviation, location(s) and duration of each deviation, description of services that will violate any fire zone boundary, hazards associated with services, and the hazard mitigation plan(s).

3.12 Review the Fire Safety and Emergency Fire Response plan in accordance with 2.2 with contractor employees and subcontractors.

3.13 Ensure access to temporary and Ship's Force firefighting equipment is not obstructed or restricted.

3.13.1 Ensure Ship's Force firefighting equipment is not relocated without written authorization from the SUPERVISOR. Provide a secure, Ship's Force accessible temporary storage facility for firefighting equipment that is moved from its original location.

3.14 Conduct a firefighting and fire prevention conference in conjunction with the arrival conference or no later than 5 days after start of the availability for availabilities in excess of 30 days. This conference shall familiarize Ship's Force with the contractor's fire safety and fire response plan for fire prevention and firefighting and with the procedures that will be in use by the contractor and the region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services, as well as familiarize the contractor and the region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services with the ship arrangement, shipboard fire prevention, and firefighting systems, equipment, and organization, and familiarize all parties with the scope of work and aspects of the work or ship conditions that have significance in fire prevention and firefighting.

3.14.1 The conference shall specifically address the following matters:

3.14.1.1 Fire alarm and response procedures

3.14.1.2 Contractor firefighting capability and procedures

3.14.1.3 Region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services firefighting capability and procedures

3.14.1.4 Firefighting jurisdictional cognizance and incident command procedures

3.14.1.5 Communication system for fire reporting and control or firefighting efforts

3.14.1.6 Shipboard arrangement including access routes, availability or firefighting systems (installed and temporary), fire zone boundaries, and communication systems

3.14.1.7 Shipboard firefighting organization, systems, drills, and equipment to include rehabilitation procedures

3.14.1.8 Ship, space, and equipment security consideration

3.14.1.9 Compatibility of ship, contractor, and region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services firefighting equipment

3.14.1.10 Industrial work scope, including location of ship, and effect on firefighting systems, access, and communications

3.14.1.11 The roles, responsibilities, and membership of the Fire Safety Council (FSC). Include the requirement to obtain permission from the FSC to perform work that affects the fire safety posture (e.g., securing the firemain, securing the 1MC, undocking, transferring fuel/lube oil) of the ship.

3.14.1.12 Hotwork monitoring and confined space practices.

3.14.2 The firefighting and fire prevention conference shall include a table top fire drill.

3.15 Conduct a tour of the ship for Naval installation fire and emergency services/or municipal fire department personnel, the SUPERVISOR, Ship's Force, and contractor key personnel assigned specific responsibilities during fires to familiarize personnel concerned with the ship's normal access and anticipated condition while industrial work is in progress.

3.16 Provide a portable 300 KW diesel generator with associated cables, lugs/plugs to supply emergency power during transits to and from dry dock when ship's emergency power cannot be used or anytime during the availability that the ship's power is not available as an emergency back-up to installed shore power.

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4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 In addition to CHT and MOGAS tanks, Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) may be found in AFFF, seawater, and firemain systems.

4.2 Booklet of General Plans and Tank Sounding Tables are available for review at the office of the SUPERVISOR.

4.3 A "quick disconnect" is a coupling or connecting device/system designed to permit easy and immediate separation of lines without the use of tools and to ensure the contents do not escape.

4.4 Shipboard fixed extinguishing systems such as Halon and CO2 are to be secured or isolated only at the discretion of the ship's Commanding Officer or designated representative. Employees should be trained as required by 2.2 before entering/working in spaces with active shipboard fixed extinguishing systems.

Fire Zone Boundaries

ATTACHMENT A ESH Discrepancy and Corrective Action Log

Attendees

Ship name/hull number: Location: Prime Contractor: Time:

Date:

No.Point of Context
CorrectedLocationDiscrepancyCorrective ActionCodeImage: Context of CorrectedImage: Context of Con

Type Codes: 1-Housekeeping, 2-Fire Prevent./Fire Equipment, 3-Hot Work., 4-FZ Boundary, 5-Electrical, 6-Compress Gas/Hoses/Bottles/Manifolds, 7-Scaffolding, 8-Egress/Exit, 9- Walking/Working Surfaces, 10-PPE, 11- Containment, 12-Unguarded/Edges/Holes/Openings/Fall Protection, 13-Confined/Enclosed Spaces, 14-Lines & Leads Hazards, 15-Equip. Adrift & Rollback, 16-Ventilation, 17-Machine Guarding/Hand Tools, 18-Crane/Rigging, 19-Environmental & Hazardous Material/Communication, 20-Environmental Protection, 21-General Safety

ATTACHMENT A

ESH DISCREPANCY AND CORRECTIVE ACTION LOG INSTRUCTIONS

- 1- <u>Fire Zone Boundaries</u>: List the designated Fire Zone Boundaries.
- 2- Attendees: List Company and or Command and names of personnel present for walk thru.
- 3- <u>Ship Name/Hull Number</u>: Indicate ship name and hull number of the location of the walk thru.
- 4- Location: Indicate location where ship is moored or docked, i.e. name of contractor facility or pier at Naval Base or Station.
- 5- <u>Prime Contractor</u>: Indicate prime contractor who has the contract with the SUPERVISOR.
- 6- Date: Indicate date of walk thru being accomplished.
- 7- <u>Time</u>: Indicate start time (24 hour clock) of walk thru being accomplished.
- 8- No. (number): List sequentially, each discrepancy noted during the walk thru. Number will continue where the numbering left off the previous day, until the end of the availability.
- 9- <u>Point of Contact</u>: Indicate Company/Command identified with the discrepancy.
- 10- Date Corrected: Date condition was corrected. If condition is not corrected, condition will be carried over to the next walk thru until condition is corrected.
- 11- Location: Indicate location of the condition, i.e. space number or frame number.
- 12- Discrepancy: Indicate condition that needs corrective action, be specific as necessary.
- 13- Corrective Action: Indicate corrective action taken to correct the condition and who is responsible for the corrective action.
- 14- Code: Indicate code, located at the bottom of ATTACHMENT A that condition can be grouped with, i.e. lines on deck causing trip hazard would use code 14- Lines and Leads Hazards.

Type Codes: 1-Housekeeping, 2-Fire Prevent./Fire Equipment, 3-Hot Work., 4-FZ Boundary, 5-Electrical, 6-Compress Gas/Hoses/Bottles/Manifolds, 7-Scaffolding, 8-Egress/Exit, 9- Walking/Working Surfaces, 10-PPE, 11- Containment, 12-Unguarded/Edges/Holes/Openings/Fall Protection, 13-Confined/Enclosed Spaces, 14-Lines & Leads Hazards, 15-Equip. Adrift & Rollback, 16-Ventilation, 17-Machine Guarding/Hand Tools, 18-Crane/Rigging, 19-Environmental & Hazardous Material/Communication, 20-Environmental Protection, 21-General Safety

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18 (CH-1)

| ITEM NO: | 009-08 |
|-----------------|----------|
| DATE: 07 | MAR 2017 |
| CATEGORY: | I I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Shipboard Fire Protection and Fire Prevention; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 NFPA Standard 312, Standard for Fire Protection of Vessels During Construction, Conversion, Repair, and Lay-up

2.2 NFPA Standard 1962, Standard for the Care, Use, and Service Testing of Fire Hose Including Couplings and Nozzles

2.3 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment

2.4 NFPA Standard 14, Standard for Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems

2.5 NFPA Standard 1961, Standard on Fire Hose

2.6 NFPA Standard 701, Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Flame Propagation of Textiles and Films

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Plan and execute all work to minimize the use of temporary firefighting systems. When the scope of work allows, the ship's firemain system shall provide the ship's firefighting capability.

3.1.1 Firemain system repairs or modifications that reduce the coverage or damage control capability of the ship's firemain shall be coordinated through the use of jumpers and/or temporary fire hose manifold stations in affected areas to restore firefighting capabilities.

3.1.2 Use of temporary firefighting systems shall be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2 Provide fire protection in accordance with 2.1 through 2.4.

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3.3 Establish, document, implement, and maintain a Shipboard Temporary Fire Protection Plan **when temporary fire protection is needed**. The plan shall include, at a minimum, the following elements:

3.3.1 Fire pump manual(s), operating instructions, and performance specifications

3.3.2 Temporary firefighting and dewatering equipment inventory

3.3.3 List of each ship compartment (by space number) and corresponding uniquely numbered temporary fire hose manifold station(s) providing coverage to that compartment

3.3.4 Identification of which hoses/pipes are charged/not charged

3.3.5 Diagram of temporary firemain system, to include the following elements:

3.3.5.1 Diameter, length, and connection path of each distribution hose/pipe (See Note 4.3)

3.3.5.2 Location of each temporary fire hose manifold station and its elevation relative to the fire pump(s).

3.3.5.3 Connection locations to shore side water supply.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media of the initial Shipboard Temporary Fire Protection Plan to the SUPERVISOR for approval and posting no later than 10 days prior to placing any section of the ship's firemain out of service.

3.4.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media of an updated Shipboard Temporary Fire Protection Plan prior to any modification to the plan after initial approval.

3.5 Train ship's force on the Shipboard Temporary Fire Protection Plan at least one day prior to securing ship's firemain and no later than one day prior to entering dry dock, graving dock, or marine railway.

3.6 Provide temporary fire protection equipment as follows:

3.6.1 Each fire hose shall be:

3.6.1.1 Manufactured with National Hose/National Pipe Straight Hose (NH/NPSH) fittings (NH for 2 and one-half inch and larger hoses, and NPSH for one and one-half inch couplings to ensure compatibility with shipboard equipment).

3.6.1.2 Inspected and service-tested in accordance with 2.2 within 90 days prior to being placed in service for the first time and annually thereafter.

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ITEM NO: <u>009-08</u> FY-18 (CH-1) 3.6.1.3 Cotton or synthetic double jacketed manufactured to the requirements of 2.5 or in accordance with MIL-H-24606B.

3.6.2 Each fire hose nozzle shall be:

3.6.2.1 One and one half inch combination straight stream and spray pattern nozzles, conforming to MIL-N-24408, rated for 125 gallons per minute (GPM) at 100 pounds per square inch (PSI).

3.6.2.2 Pre-connected to the end of each handline hose and maintained operational. (See Note 4.4)

3.6.3 Each temporary fire hose manifold station shall:

3.6.3.1 Be provided in sufficient numbers such that all parts of the ship, including the interior of temporary structures, can be reached by a 10 foot fog stream from at least 2 each, 100 foot lengths of one and three-quarters inch handline hose.

3.6.3.2 Have at minimum, 3-valved outlets of one and one-half inches NPSH in size.

3.6.3.3 Have distribution hoses of sufficient size to meet a minimum of 95 GPM and 60 PSI residual nozzle pressure at the end of each one and three-quarters inch handline hose.

3.6.3.4 Have 2 each, 100 foot lengths of one and threequarters inch handline hose manufactured with one and one-half inch NPSH couplings pre-connected to temporary fire hose manifold station valve outlets and faked on racks nearby.

3.6.3.5 Have pressure gages installed with a 0 – 250 (+/- 50) PSI range.

3.6.3.6 Have a 0 - 250 (+/- 50) PSI range calibrated gage installed on the hydraulically most remote temporary fire hose manifold station.(See Note 4.2).

3.6.3.7 Have operating instructions posted on each temporary manifold station with sources of water identified. Instructions must endure the repair process, stay attached, and be legible the entire time the station is on board.

3.6.4 Each primary fire pump shall:

3.6.4.1 Have functioning auto start capability.

3.6.4.2 Provide GPM flow specified in Attachment A uninterrupted at a minimum of 150 PSI measured at the most remote shore side outlet providing firemain water to the ship.

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3.6.4.3 Maintain constant pressure automatically without manually manipulating valves.

3.6.5 Each back-up fire pump shall:

3.6.5.1 Be equivalent to primary fire pump(s), powered from a source(s) different than that powering the primary fire pump(s), and be pre-installed in the temporary fire protection system.

3.6.6 Ensure when ship's firemain system cannot be used, portable fire pump(s) capable of providing a total of 500 GPM at 100 PSI shall be on board the ship during berth shifts, transits to and from Naval facilities, dockings, undocking's. The pump shall be connected to the ship's firemain system or the temporary firemain system prior to ship movement.

3.6.7 Ensure all engine driven equipment providing emergency services (firefighting water, power, and lighting) are equipped with a functioning audible low fuel level alarm capable of producing a continuous 110dBA (+0/-25 decibel) signal.

3.6.8 When connection of the shore supply to the ship's Firemain Shore Connection fitting is not possible. Ensure a tri-gate hose connection compatible with the ship's portable fire pumps is used to connect to the ship's fire plugs, to permit ship's firemain to remain in service while also acting as shore firemain connection.

3.6.9 Provide and install distribution hoses connected to the ship's permanent firemain or temporary firemain in sufficient number to deliver the fire protection capacity specified Attachment A. This shall be determined by dividing the water supply capacity from Attachment A (plus cooling and flushing loads) by the hose line capacity for the chosen distribution hose/pipe diameter. (See Note 4.1 for example).

3.6.9.1 The number of hoses connected to the ship from the shore shall not be reduced when the ship's firemain becomes operational unless the permanently installed pumping capacity of the ship can meet the entire fire protection water supply requirement of Attachment A plus cooling and flushing loads.

3.6.10 Unpressurized 2 and one-half inch drop lines, supplied from a temporary hose manifold station, with a 2 and one-half inch **NH** by one and one-half inch NPSH by one and one-half inch NPSH hose fittings may be utilized to provide coverage to the lowermost compartments (tanks and voids) that are inaccessible with a 100 feet of handline hose, approved by the SUPERVISOR.

temporary firemain system so that the maximum distance between any 2 adjoining valves does not exceed 200 feet.

3.7 Provide emergency fire protection equipment as follows:

3.7.1 Install a temporary fire alarm system on the quarterdeck configured to send a signal directly to the cognizant fire department, shipyard/Naval facility fire department, or a continuously manned location within the shipyard/Naval facility where trained personnel can take immediate action to transmit an alarm.

3.7.1.1 Temporary fire alarm devices placed aboard ship shall be a fire alarm pull box, non-dial telephone, or as approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.7.1.2 Provide a telephone on the quarterdeck, in addition to the temporary fire alarm system, as an alternate means of calling the cognizant fire department, shipyard/Naval facility fire department, or a continuously manned location within the shipyard/Naval facility where trained personnel can take immediate action to transmit an alarm.

3.7.1.3 Conspicuously post the emergency reporting procedures at the quarterdeck.

3.7.1.4 Test the temporary fire alarm system daily. Repair or replace defective or inoperative equipment immediately. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the test report for the temporary fire alarm system, when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.7.2 Provide dewatering equipment to include a sufficient number of pumps capable of providing 100 GPM minimum each and a total dewatering capability equal to at least one-half of the supply GPM specified in Attachment A.

3.8 Develop and implement a written Fire Safety and Emergency Fire Response Plan in accordance with 2.3. In addition to the requirements of 2.3, the plan shall identify:

3.8.1 Each integrated fire protection system in effect during the performance of the maintenance availability.

3.8.2 Each fire prevention program used, along with the types and frequency of tests of equipment and devices.

3.8.3 Details of all communication links (telephones, drop boxes, alarms, horns) location, testing interval, and interface with shore side response systems.

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3.8.4 Each normal and emergency source of electric power, firefighting water, lighting, testing interval, and interface with shore side response systems.

3.8.5 Each location of all normal and emergency backup support equipment to be used in support when combating a fire, and the equipment's testing cycle.

3.8.6 Each organization to be used, designation of responsibility for all shifts, training, anticipated response times, and interface with shore side response units.

3.8.7 Ensure general procedures for directing contractor employees on fire reporting, fire responses, firefighting actions, personnel accountability, and prolonged firefighting responsibilities.

3.8.8 Provision for portable communication devices for contractor use during firefighting operations between site, fire, and contractor's/shipyard's operations center.

3.9 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media of the Fire Safety and Emergency Fire Response Plan to the SUPERVISOR no later than 10 days prior to commencement of work.

3.9.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media of an updated Fire Safety and Emergency Fire Response Plan prior to any modification to the plan after initial approval.

3.10 Ensure access to temporary and Ship's Force firefighting equipment is not obstructed or restricted.

3.11 Provide fire reporting devices in Dry dock, graving dock, or marine railway as follows:

3.11.1 Fire reporting devices shall be clearly identified and located at each manifold station and each exit serving the dry dock, graving dock, or marine railway.

3.11.2 Fire reporting device separation shall not exceed 200 feet horizontally along the dry dock, graving dock wall, or marine railway or 100 feet from either end of the dry dock, graving dock, or marine railway.

3.11.3 Modifications to locations of fire reporting devices for ships docked side by side, must be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.12 Provide water for firefighting to the ship through sufficiently sized hoses or pipes to carry capacities specified by Attachment A. These requirements shall be in addition to water required for flushing and cooling.

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3.12.1 Maintain a minimum of 100 PSI residual and static pressure uninterrupted for the entire availability and during testing, measured at each temporary fire hose manifold station.

3.13 Locate each temporary fire distribution hose and each fire hose manifold station to minimize exposure to areas of the ship where flooding due to a ruptured hose would cause damage.

3.14 Conduct an orientation brief to Ship's Force no later than 5 days of the availability start to include the following:

3.14.1 Procedures to rapidly secure temporary systems (e.g., air, electrical power, and ventilation) under Ship's Force control.

3.14.1.1 Train Ship's Force personnel on the procedures to operate temporary firefighting systems, if installed. Provide written operating procedures/instructions to Ship's Force on each type of firefighting system. Provide information and physical training aids for all versions of quick disconnect fittings used in conjunction with temporary services.

3.14.2 Procedures to operate temporary firefighting equipment.

(I) (G) "TEMPORARY FIREMAIN OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.15 Conduct an operational test of both shore side supply and shipboard distribution of firefighting water through the temporary firemain system prior to taking down ships firemain. 3.15.1 and 3.15.2 shall be tested concurrent with acceptance criteria met simultaneously.

3.15.1 Discharge firefighting water from 4 each one and threequarters inch handline hoses from the two most hydraulically remote temporary fire hose manifold stations on the ship that share the same distribution hose (four nozzles total). Discharge firefighting water from each hose simultaneously for 60 seconds prior to measurement start in order to obtain steady state flow conditions. Once at steady state, test firefighting water flow for a minimum of 60 seconds. Measure and record flowrate and residual nozzle pressure at each nozzle by in-line flow meter and calibrated nozzle pressure gage. The elevation of each nozzle tested shall be equal to or greater than the elevation of the temporary fire hose manifold station providing water to that nozzle. Accept/Reject Criteria: Temporary pumps shall automatically start. Maintain a minimum of 95 GPM and a minimum of 60 PSI residual pressure while flowing simultaneously at each nozzle for a minimum of 60 seconds. Pressure and flowrate shall be constant, maximum nozzle pressure variation allowed during 60 seconds is **+25**/-0 PSI.

3.15.1.1 When nozzle(s) cannot be tested at the same or higher elevation as the temporary fire hose manifold station(s), add 4.5 PSI

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to residual nozzle pressure acceptance criteria per 10 foot drop in elevation from the station(s).

3.15.2 Measure and record residual pressure at the shore side supply outlet(s) providing water to those temporary fire hose manifold stations tested in 3.15.1 while simultaneously discharging the 4 nozzles tested in 3.15.1. Accept/Reject Criteria: Maintain a minimum of 150 PSI residual pressure at the shore side supply outlet(s).

3.15.3 Accomplish a retest of 3.15.1 and 3.15.2 if the system is modified after initial test and the criteria of either 3.15.3.1 or 3.15.3.2 are met.

3.15.3.1 After any temporary firemain system modification, where the previously tested hydraulically most remote stations are no longer the hydraulically most remote.

3.15.3.2 After any temporary firemain system modification, where the available residual pressure at the most hydraulically remote stations is reduced.

(V) (G) "MONTHLY TEMPORARY FIREMAIN OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.16 Conduct an operational test of temporary firemain discharge water monthly from the most hydraulically remote temporary fire hose manifold station to verify valves are not secured and/or obstructions in the piping system are not present. Verify that all control valves in the temporary firemain system are in the intended open/closed position. Accept/Reject Criteria: Maintain a minimum of 95 GPM and a minimum of 60 PSI residual pressure while flowing one nozzle for a minimum of 30 seconds.

(I) (G) "PERIODIC SHORE SIDE WATER SUPPLY VALIDATION"

3.17 Conduct validation of shore side water supply flow and pressure prior to availability start date, each time the vessel shifts berths, and annually thereafter should the contract extend beyond one year. Measure and record flow and residual pressure using a calibrated in-line flow meter and calibrated pressure gage. Accept/Reject Criteria: Minimum water supply specified in Attachment A plus flushing and cooling loads is available at the shore side firemain supply outlet(s) and with a minimum of 150 PSI residual pressure.

3.18 Provide a recirculation capability where weather and flow conditions are such that freezing may occur. Freeze protection equipment shall be functional when temperatures drop below 40 degrees F.

3.19 Use of aluminum piping in a temporary saltwater firemain system is prohibited.

3.20 Provide a representative, whose purpose is to coordinate and be responsible for the management of all project temporary services, including services provided by other maintenance activities.

3.21 The following applies to routing of temporary services through installed ship hull openings, both exterior and interior, designed for personnel ingress and egress:

3.21.1 Doorways/Hatches: Temporary services shall be routed within the topmost area of the opening, such that the unobstructed opening of any doorway/hatch with services run shall be at least fifty (50) inches high and twenty-six (26) inches wide.

3.21.2 Vertical Ladders: Temporary services shall be routed to allow safe access. Route services so that personnel may transit the hatch. Services shall not be routed within four (4) inches on either side of the ladder. Services routed behind the ladder shall not interfere with safe access to the ladders and rungs.

3.22 In the event temporary services cannot be routed through interior and exterior installed shipboard personnel openings in accordance with the direction provided above, additional access cuts shall be utilized for routing of temporary services or personnel access and egress. Deviation from this requirement must be adjudicated by the SUPERVISOR.

3.22.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of each approved deviation to the SUPERVISOR.

3.23 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a consolidated drawing in the format of a damage control diagram, depicting all services entering the ship to the SUPERVISOR within 2 days of availability start date.

3.23.1 The drawing shall be updated weekly, or immediately to reflect significant changes, and shall be suitable for use by emergency responders for isolation of services during an emergency.

3.23.2 At a minimum, the drawing shall include:

3.23.2.1 Type and description of service.

3.23.2.2 Shore side shut-off points.

3.23.2.3 Route of service through the ship.

3.23.2.4 Location of quick disconnect fittings.

3.23.2.5 Identification of critical temporary services and any cautions for critical services.

3.23.2.6 Status of hull openings and access cuts and identification and location of closure materials.

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3.23.2.7 De-watering capabilities.

3.23.2.8 Designated fire zone boundaries.

3.23.2.9 Critical temporary services and their shore side shut-off points shall be highlighted.

3.24 Install quick disconnect fittings (QDF) within 6 feet of hull penetrations used for personnel access to facilitate the deployment of smoke control curtains. Where it is necessary to support a service between a QDF and the designated boundary or hull penetration, the type of support shall not prevent rapid clearing of services from the opening.

3.24.1 For hull openings used for services only, a QDF is not required, provided the opening is fitted with an air and smoke control curtain that remains in place around the services.

3.24.1.1 Curtains shall be made of fire retardant fabric in accordance with 2.6.

3.25 Temporary enclosures erected around hull access openings shall be constructed with openings and removable covers to accommodate standard smoke control ventilation fans (e.g., damage control box fans). If the enclosure is constructed with ventilation fans installed, the fans shall be equipped with reverse air flow capability.

3.26 Ensure that adequate protection is provided during installation, operation, and removal of temporary services. For fluid systems, spray protection shall be installed at each mechanical joint of a temporary system that is inside of the hull of the vessel, in the vicinity of shore power or electrical equipment, or in the vicinity of hull openings to prevent fluids other than air spray on ship's equipment. Spray protection shall consist of adequate see through sheeting (minimum 5 mils thickness) around each joint secured by several wraps of tape allowing view of the component as much as possible. Anti-chafing protection shall be installed around services in particular areas (i.e., hatches, high traffic areas, vicinity of sharp objects) where there is a high risk of damage.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Example equation for DDG-51 Class with 200-foot hose:

Parameters for the example:

Attachment A = 1000 GPM for DDG Sample Cooling and flushing load: 250 GPM Attachment B = 200 GPM for 200-foot hose of 2 and one-half inch hose

> (Attachment A + Cooling and Flushing Load) Attachment B = # of hoses required

> > 10 of 14

$\frac{(1000gpm + 250 gpm)}{200gpm} = 6.25 \ hoses$

Requires 7 (rounded up to next whole number) 2 and one-half inch hoses to supply firefighting and cooling load.

4.2 "Hydraulically Remote" is defined as an area/location that will encounter the highest pressure loss, from both flow friction and elevation change, while encountering maximum possible flowrate.

4.3 Distribution Hose is defined any hose or pipe that transports water to the temporary hose manifold stations or ship's firemain.

4.4 Handline Hose is defined as the hose(s) that transports water from the temporary hose manifold station to the hose fire nozzle.

4.5 Air and smoke control curtains are not intended to provide an air tight seal of the hull opening. The curtains are to ensure that emergency responders can control the flow of air and smoke through the opening to allow for de-smoking of compartments, and minimize "chimney" effects.

4.6 A "quick disconnect" is a coupling or connecting device/system designed to permit easy and immediate separation of lines without the use of tools and to ensure the contents do not escape.

ATTACHMENT A FIRE PROTECTION WATER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

| SHIP CLASS | SHIP TYPE | FLOW (GPM) * |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| AD | Destroyer Tender | 1,500 |
| ADG | Degaussing Ship | 500 |
| AE | Ammunition Ship | 1,500 |
| AF | Store Ship | 1,500 |
| AFS | Combat Store Ship | 1,500 |
| AG | Miscellaneous Auxiliary Ship | 1,500 |
| AGEH | Hydrofoil Research Ship | 500 |
| AGF | Miscellaneous Flagship | 2,000 |
| AGFF | Frigate Research Ship | 1,000 |
| AGM | Missile Range Instrumentation Ship | 1,500 |
| AGMR | Major Communications Relay Ship | 1,500 |
| AGOR | Oceanographic Research Ship | 500 |
| AGP | Gunboat Support Ship | 2,000 |
| AGS | Surveying Ship | 1,000 |
| AH | Hospital Ship | 1,000 |
| AK | Cargo Ship | 1,500 |
| AKS | Store Issue Ship | 1,500 |
| AKR | Vehicle Cargo Ship | 1,500 |
| ANL | Net Laying Ship | 500 |
| AO | Oiler | 1,500 |
| AOE | Fast Combat Support Ship | 1,500 |
| AOG | Gasoline Tanker | 1,000 |
| AOR | Fleet Replenishment Oiler | 1,500 |
| AP | Transport Ship | 1,000 |
| APB | Self-propelled Barracks Ship | 500 |
| AR | Repair Ship | 1,500 |
| ARB | Battle Damage Repair Ship | 500 |
| ARC | Cable Repair and Laying Ship | 1,000 |
| ARG | Internal Combustion Engine Repair Shi | p 1,500 |
| ARL | Landing Craft Repair Ship | 1,000 |
| ARS | Salvage Ship | 500 |
| ARSD | Salvage Lifting Ship | 500 |
| ARVA | Aircraft Repair Ship | 1,000 |
| ARVE | Aircraft Engine Ship | 1,000 |
| ARVH | Helicopter Tender | 1,500 |
| AS | Submarine Tender | 1,500 |
| ASR | Submarine Rescue Ship | 600 |
| ATA | Ocean Tug | 500 |
| ATF | Ocean Tug Fleet | 500 |
| ATS | Salvage and Rescue Tug | 500 |
| AVM | Guided Missile Ship | 1,500 |
| CV, CVN | Aircraft Carrier | 3,000 |
| CG | Guided Missile Cruiser | 1,000 |

ATTACHMENT A FIRE PROTECTION WATER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS (Con't)

| SHIP TYPE | | |
|-----------|--|------------|
| | FL | OW (GPM) * |
| DDG | Guided Missile Destroyer | 1,000 |
| FFG | Guided Missile Frigate | 1,000 |
| FFR | Radar Picket Frigate | 1,000 |
| IX | Unclassified Miscellaneous | 1,500 |
| LCC | Amphibious Command Ship | 1,000 |
| LCS | Littoral Combat Ship | 1,000 |
| LHA** | Amphibious Assault Ship | 2,500 |
| LHD** | Amphibious Assault Ship | 2,500 |
| LKA | Amphibious Cargo Ship | 1,500 |
| LPD*** | Amphibious Transport Dock | 1,500 |
| LSD*** | Landing Ship Dock | 2,000 |
| YRB | Repair and Berthing Barge | 500 |
| YRBM | Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge | 500 |
| YRBL | Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge (large) | 500 |
| LST | Landing Ship Tank | 1,500 |
| MCM | Mine Counter Measures Ship | 750 |
| PC | Patrol Coastal | 500 |
| PCH | Hydrofoil Patrol Craft | 500 |
| PG | Patrol Combatants | 500 |
| PGH | Hydrofoil Gunboat | 500 |

* All flows are from the pier or dry dock outlet and are available at adequate residual pressures from those systems in compliance with present design criteria for dry docks and piers as reflected in NAVFAC design manuals (UFC 4-213-10, UFC 4-213-12, UFC 4-152-01, UFC 4-150-02, and UFC 4-150-06).

 ** Includes supply to operate 2 hangar sprinkler groups and 2, 2 and one-half-inch hose lines.

 *** Includes supply to operate one sprinkler group and 2, 2 and one-half-inch hoses.

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Attachment B

Hose Capacity (GPM)*

| SIZE (in.) | LENGTH | LENGTH | LENGTH | LENGTH | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | (100ft.) | (150ft.) | (200ft.) | (250ft.) | | | |
| 2 1/2 | 300 GPM | 225 GPM | 200 GPM | 175 GPM | | | |
| 3 1/2 | 750 GPM | 600 GPM | 500 GPM | 450 GPM | | | |
| 4 | 1000 GPM | 825 GPM | 700 GPM | 650 GPM | | | |
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| *Based on 20 PS | *Based on 20 PSI total friction loss | | | | | | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009 | 9-09 | |
|-----------|-----|------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | II | [|

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Submit one legible copy of each PCP, in approved transferrable media, to the SUPERVISOR for approval. For planned availabilities, submission shall be no later than 14 days prior to start of the required process, or as otherwise approved by the SUPERVISOR. Unless otherwise specified, Attachment A shall be used as the format for PCP development, ensuring each element is contained within its respective section. The procedure shall contain the following minimum information:

3.1.1 Contractor's name and address.

3.1.2 Process title, number, and date developed.

3.1.3 Description of process, including critical factors which have direct bearing on the process quality and safety.

3.1.4 Qualification requirements for the personnel performing the work.

3.1.5 Inspection and documentation forms.

3.1.6 Acceptance and rejection criteria.

3.1.7 The method utilized to ensure personnel accomplishing the procedure have direct knowledge of the requirements prior to beginning work. A copy of the procedure shall be at the work site during the performance of work.

3.1.8 The method utilized to control the procedure.

3.1.9 Identification of hazardous materials which will be used in the process or hazardous waste that will be generated by the accomplishment of the process and the methodology which will be utilized to minimize the quantity of these materials which will require control and disposal. State if no hazardous material or waste is generated or used.

3.1.10 Approval signature and title of the contractor's representative, date of submission, and scheduled start date of PCP.

3.1.11 Government notification (G) for start of procedure (3.4).

3.2 Submit updated or changed procedures to the SUPERVISOR at least 3 days prior to implementation.

3.3 Participate in a joint Ship's Force and SUPERVISOR personnel safety brief, prior to start of PCP.

3.3.1 For SI 009-88 PCP's, the safety brief shall include a handover-hand inspection and verification of the tagged-out piping/mechanical/ electrical system.

(V) (G) "START OF PROCEDURE"

3.4 Provide notification to the SUPERVISOR when ready to start the PCP.

3.4.1 Verify the PCP is approved.

 $\ensuremath{3.4.2}$ Verify necessary parts and equipment are on hand to start work.

3.4.3 Attend/verify job briefing conducted prior to start of work.

3.5 Accomplish the requirements of the approved PCP.

3.6 Make pen-and-ink editorial changes to the PCP when required after work commences. Editorial changes are limited to those correcting typographical errors and do not create a technical change as defined in 3.7.

3.6.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of any editorial change made to the PCP to the SUPERVISOR within one day of making the change.

3.7 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report to the SUPERVISOR identifying any technical changes required after work has commenced and prior to proceeding with the affected procedural steps. Technical changes include any change to work scope, work location, work sequence, testing, technical parameters (torque, test pressure, flow rate, etc.), material, inspections, repair processes, references, or change which otherwise alters any technical aspect of the work.

ITEM NO: 009-09 FY-18

3.7.1 Make technical changes to the PCP and proceed when approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.8 Ensure completed process control documentation provides a record of the data required to control and determine the satisfactory completion of the process.

3.8.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the completed documentation to the SUPERVISOR no later than one day after completion of the PCP.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

ATTACHMENT A Process Control Procedure (PCP) Checklist

Section One - Identification

- Include the Process Title and Procedure Number with revision, as appropriate.
- List the Ship's name, Work Item and paragraph that the PCP fulfills.
- Include contractor/subcontractor's name and address.
- Include space for the Approval Signature and title of the contractor's representative. Include spaces for the Date Developed and Date of Submission.
- If submitting a previously approved PCP, include the previous Government approval letter (if appropriate) and attach a letter of intent to use the PCP with the updated information required by this section. A revision of Section 1 of the previously approved PCP is not required. A previously approved PCP is defined as one that has been approved by the SUPERVISOR for a like system or component.

Section 2 - Personnel Qualifications

- List the qualifications of the personnel performing the work.
- Include a statement that a briefing will be conducted prior to beginning work to ensure personnel have direct knowledge of the requirements of the procedure and the safety requirements of the job.

Section 3 - Process Description

- List any specialized or critical equipment needed to perform the work.
- List any specialized or critical personnel safety equipment.
- State that Government Notification (V)(G) will be made at the start of the process as applicable.
- Describe the process as related to the sequence of work.
- List the acceptance and rejection criteria used for determining satisfactory process completion.
- Provide inspections required for the process, to include (V), (I), and (G) symbols invoked by the Work Item applicable to the process.
- Provide inspection and documentation forms applicable to the process.
- Include a statement that a copy of the PCP will be provided at the work site during the performance of the work.

Section 4 - Hazardous Material

- State if no hazardous material/waste will be used or generated.
- Identify any hazardous material/waste used or generated during the performance of work.
- Describe the methodology to limit the quantity that will require control.
- Describe the methods of the disposal of hazardous material or hazardous waste.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-10 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM); control

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 29 CFR 1915.1001, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment, Asbestos
- 2.2 MIL-STD-769, Insulation Requirements for U.S. Naval Vessels
- 2.3 40 CFR Part 61, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Consider shipboard insulation, lagging, deck tile, underlayment, gasket, shipboard cabling (see 4.2), and mastic to be asbestos-containing material (ACM) until it can be established by laboratory analysis, or other reliable method(s), that the material does not contain asbestos, in accordance with 2.1. This includes reusable covers as defined in 2.2.

3.2 Apply the following requirements for the removal, disturbance, or disposal of all asbestos containing materials during the initial monitoring, daily monitoring, and control of ACM throughout the work areas, and to Class I, II, III, or IV activities as defined in 2.1.

3.2.1 Ensure that responsibilities for personnel safety and environmental control of ACM existing or damaged during accomplishment of work are assigned and implemented.

3.2.2 Maintain written substantiation of the credentials of the Qualified Person.

3.2.2.1 The Qualified Person shall take airborne samples, monitor work practices, maintain daily logs, conduct on-site inspections, set up regulated areas, be capable of specifying the necessary protection and precautions to be taken during work with ACM, and accomplish the other requirements in accordance with Class I, II, III, and IV activities as defined in 2.1. The Qualified person shall have successfully completed an

ITEM NO: 009-10 FY-18 initial EPA or state approved 40-hour Asbestos Supervisor's Course and annual refreshers.

3.2.2.2 Individuals performing airborne asbestos analysis must have successfully completed a NIOSH 582 course or equivalent and be rated proficient in either AIHA's PAT program or AAR program. Persons performing analysis of fiber type on bulk samples must have completed a McCrone Course in analysis of bulk asbestos samples and be rated proficient in either the NVLAP or AIHA's asbestos program.

3.2.2.3 Copies of certifications, licenses, notifications (such as advance notification to OSHA of new or modified control technology to be used to reduce exposure), and other documentation required by federal, state, and local regulatory authorities, shall be maintained at the worksite.

3.2.3 Identify removal routes and steps to be taken to protect insulation, repair damaged insulation, and to avoid asbestos contamination along those routes and obtain SUPERVISOR approval prior to proceeding.

3.2.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of notifications made to regulatory authority, regarding ACM removal, to the SUPERVISOR within 2 days of providing such notices to the regulatory authority.

3.2.5 Submit a written notice to the SUPERVISOR and to the Commanding Officer's designated representative, and post at the Ship's Quarterdeck or other designated location for each job or separate area of ACM removed or damaged aboard ship where there may be ACM at least 4 hours, but not more than 24 hours, prior to the start of work. The notice shall contain the following information:

3.2.5.1 Ship's name and hull number
3.2.5.2 Work Item number
3.2.5.3 Compartment
3.2.5.4 Class of activity and type of insulation, lagging,

deck tile, underlayment, and mastic, i.e., ACM or possible ACM (provide basis for determination)

3.2.5.5 Date and time to start to work

3.2.5.6 Deliver notification for work planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend to the Commanding Officer's designated representative no later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

3.2.5.7 Deliver notification of work planned on a federal holiday and on the day following the federal holiday to the Commanding

Officer's designated representative no later than 0900 of the last working day preceding the federal holiday.

3.2.6 Personnel accomplishing ACM work shall have a direct knowledge of the requirements of this procedure prior to beginning work. All training shall be under the direct supervision of a Qualified Person.

3.2.7 Monitor the affected areas daily to ensure compliance with 2.1. Monitoring shall include adjacent spaces to ensure the work area containments and work practices are effective. Results of surveillance shall be documented and the documentation shall be provided to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.8 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of regulated areas, decontamination areas, and engineering controls to be established in accordance with 2.1, to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.8.1 Identify configuration of critical barriers or isolation methods.

3.2.8.2 Identify location/configuration of decontamination areas, including the equipment room, shower (if necessary), and clean change room.

3.2.8.3 Identify ventilation and filtration requirements, including the negative pressure enclosure(s) if necessary.

3.2.9 Isolate or blank the ship`s ventilation systems in work areas to prevent asbestos contamination.

3.3 Post prominent warning signs as required by 2.1 outside of regulated areas.



3.4 Monitor work areas.

3.4.1 Determine areas of airborne concentrations and potential personnel exposure to airborne asbestos fibers in accordance with the requirements of 2.1.

3.4.2 Take air samples and monitor regulated areas in the vicinity of access openings that are not tightly secured.

3.4.2.1 If the airborne concentration of asbestos fibers is at, or exceeds, 0.1 fiber, longer than 5 micrometers, per cubic centimeter of air, corrective action shall be taken to reduce the concentration to less than 0.1 fiber, longer than 5 micrometers, per cubic centimeter of air.

3.5 Accomplish ACM removal as follows:

3.5.1 Secure and tag out ventilation systems securing the work area.

3.5.1.1 Blank ventilation systems to prevent contamination of the ventilation systems and other compartments.

3.5.2 Air discharged to the environment from any containment zone shall have passed through a HEPA filter and otherwise conform to 2.3. A negative pressure will be maintained in the containment area where possible.

3.5.3 Remove materials which may contain ACM, using wet work practices and engineering controls that will minimize airborne contamination in and adjacent to the work area.

3.5.3.1 Removal tools and work practices shall minimize the generation of airborne contamination and the deposit of ACM in the work area.

 $3.5.3.2\,$ Equip vacuum cleaners used to help prevent the dispersion of asbestos fibers with HEPA filters.

 $3.5.3.3\,$ Clear the work area of loose ACM, including ACM dust, prior to returning the area to normal status.

3.5.4 Contain edges of insulation exposed by removal operations by cutting the exposed surface true and square and sealing the surface. Encapsulate exposed ACM surfaces with insulating cement conforming to ASTM C 195.

3.6 Dispose of ACM by bag method described below:

3.6.1 Collect and dispose of ACM waste, scrap, debris, and special clothing consigned for disposal, which may produce airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers, in sealed, impermeable polyethylene bags (minimum thickness, 6 mils). Prior to placing in bags, asbestos waste shall be wet down to reduce airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers.

3.6.2 Bag ACM scrap, debris, and waste at the worksite.

3.6.3 ACM shall be placed in sealed, 6-mil or heavier, impermeable polyethylene bags before removal from the work area. Pieces of insulation too large to fit into bags shall be encased in 6-mil, or heavier polyethylene film with edges sealed with tape conforming to MIL-C-20079.

3.6.4 Vacuum outer surfaces of bags containing ACM in affected areas immediately after removal from and adjacent to the worksite.

3.6.5 Place the ACM waste while wet in leak-tight double bags.

3.6.6 Label each bag, in accordance with 2.1 and 2.3, prior to removal from regulated areas.

3.6.7 Affix a legible label to each bag stating the contractor's name, the name of the ship the asbestos was removed from, the name of the facility where the work was performed and date of the removal. The label shall be in permanent waterproof marking.

3.6.8 Dispose of bags containing ACM waste in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Provide a copy of the completed Waste Shipment Record to the SUPERVISOR within 15 days after initial shipment.

3.7 Monitor the area for asbestos upon completion of work and after cleanup.

3.7.1 The airborne concentration of asbestos fibers after work and cleanup shall be less than 0.1 fiber, longer than 5 micrometers, per cubic centimeter of air on an 8-hour, time-weighted average basis. The workspace shall not be released for entry of unprotected personnel until verification has been provided to the SUPERVISOR that the airborne level of asbestos is less than the 0.1 fiber level.

3.7.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the lab analysis listing results of air monitoring certifying the

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ITEM NO: 009-10 FY-18 area to be less than 0.1 asbestos fiber longer than 5 micrometers per cubic centimeter of air, to the SUPERVISOR.

3.8 Remove ACM from salvage or scrap equipment, piping, and structural components prior to delivery to the GOVERNMENT.

4. NOTES:

4.1 See additional notification requirements of NAVSEA Standard Item 009-01.

4.2 Shipboard cabling as used in 3.1 refers to all shipboard cabling, with the exception of low smoke, coaxial cables, and lamp cord cabling.

4.3 The following ACB circuit breakers listed by manufacturer contain non-friable asbestos arc chutes:

4.3.1 SPD, ITE, ITE/Gould: 640R, 900RC, 901R, 1600R, 1600HR, 1600HRC, 2000HR, 2000RC (450V), 2601R, 2801R, 3200HR, 4000HR.

4.3.2 General Electric: All types.

4.3.3 Westinghouse: All DBN types.

4.4 The term "asbestos fibers" is defined in 2.1.

4.5 Salvage - Property has some value in excess of its basic material content, but repair or rehabilitation to use for the originally intended purpose is clearly impractical. Repair for any use would exceed 65 percent of the original acquisition cost.

4.6 Scrap - Material that has no value except for its basic material content.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-11 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Insulation and Lagging; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-769, Insulation Requirements for U.S. Naval Vessels
- 2.3 804-5959212, Surface Ship Machinery Insulation Installation Details
- 2.4 804-5959214, Piping Insulation Installation Details
- 2.5 804-5773931, Insulation for Compartments, Acoustic and Thermal Installation Details
- 2.6 804-5773932, Insulation for Ducts, Acoustic and Thermal, Installation Details
- 2.7 803-5184182, Insulation, Passive Fire Protection Installation Details
- 2.8 46 CFR Part 164, Materials
- 2.9 S4823-C-3160935, Fasteners for Insulation and Lagging

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Install new insulation, lagging, and reusable covers in accordance with 2.2 through 2.7, and the following:

3.1.1 Use of elastomeric foam conforming to MIL-P-15280 and polyphosphazene conforming to MIL-I-24703 is not permitted.

3.1.2 MIL-PRF-22344 insulation shall not be installed on hot piping above one-inch Nominal Pipe Size (NPS) and shall be installed only on piping with a vertical orientation or in low traffic areas.

3.1.3 Install insulation, anti-sweat and refrigerant, thermal foam conforming to MIL-PRF-32514 on anti-sweat and refrigeration piping systems that have an operating temperature of minus 20 degrees to 180 degrees Fahrenheit. (See Note 4.6)

3.1.3.1 Install with adhesive conforming to MIL-A-24179.

3.1.3.2 Install rewettable fibrous glass cloth lagging conforming to MIL-C-20079, Type I, Class 6 or 8, in high traffic areas. In addition to the requirements of MIL-C-20079, rewettable lagging shall meet the requirements of Section 164.009-3 of 2.8, unless otherwise approved by NAVSEA.

3.1.4 Utilize Polyimide foam insulation conforming to MIL-DTL-246888, Type I, for piping and machinery systems other than systems listed in 3.1.3, and with a maximum operating temperature of 400 degrees Fahrenheit.

3.1.5 Accomplishment of welding, fabrication, and inspection requirements for new fasteners (studs) to support insulation and lagging shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3).

3.1.6 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting requirements for surfaces to be insulated with the exception of non-ferrous and corrosion resistant steel (CRES) piping, plating, and vent ducting shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.4).

3.1.7 Secure reusable covers using snap fasteners or laced with copper, brass or soft steel galvanized wire through hooks or rings in accordance with 2.9.

3.1.7.1 Stamp the surface of the lacing washers, piece 200 of 2.8, on the reusable cover with one quarter inch high letters, NO AB, located close to the outer edge of the washer and visible when the reusable cover is installed.

3.2 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting requirements for new insulation, lagging, and reusable covers to match surrounding areas shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.5).

4. NOTES:

4.1 Known source for EB Spec. 4013:

General Dynamics Company Dept. 447 Material Services Attn: K. Hamler 75 Eastern Point Road Groton, CT 06340-4899 Tel: 860-433-2373

4.2 Known sources for rewettable fibrous glass cloth lagging:

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| BGF Industries, Inc. | Alpha Associates |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 3802 Robert Porcher Way | Two Amboy Avenue |
| Greensboro, NC 27410 | Woodbridge, NJ 07095 |
| Tel: 800-925-1961 | Tel: 732-634-5700 |

4.3 If welding of fasteners (studs) to support lagging and or insulation of 3.1.5 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-12 "Welding, Fabrication, and Inspection Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.4 If surfaces are to be insulated with the exception of non-ferrous and corrosion resistant steel (CRES) piping, plating and vent ducting of 3.1.6 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.5 If cleaning and painting for the new insulation, lagging, and reusable covers to match surrounding areas of 3.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.6 "Electric Boat Specification No. 4013 Anti-Sweat and Refrigerant Insulation Systems (EB Spec. 4013) and MIL-PRF-32514 are equivalent."

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| ITEM 1 | NO: | 00 |)9-12 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Weld, Fabricate, and Inspect; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Standard Items

2.2 MIL-STD-1689, Fabrication, Welding, and Inspection of Ships Structure

- 2.3 American Bureau of Shipping (ABS) Rules for Building and Classing Steel Vessels
- 2.4 0900-LP-060-4010, Fabrication, Welding, and Inspection of Metal Boat and Craft Hulls
- 2.5 S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248, Requirements for Welding and Brazing Procedure and Performance Qualification
- 2.6 0900-LP-001-7000, Fabrication and Inspection of Brazed Piping Systems
- 2.7 S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, Requirements for Fabrication Welding and Inspection, and Casting Inspection and Repair for Machinery, Piping, and Pressure Vessels
- 2.8 MIL-STD-22, Welded Joint Design
- 2.9 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria
- 2.10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods
- 2.11 DOD-STD-2185, Requirements for Repair and Straightening of Bronze Naval Ship Propellers
- 2.12 S9221-C1-GTP-010/020, Main Propulsion Boilers; Repair and Overhaul
- 2.13 S9AAO-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)

- 2.14 MIL-STD-2191, Repair, Welding, Weld Cladding, Straightening, and Cold Rolling of Main Propulsion Shafting
- 2.15 S9FFG-AG-SRM-010, Superstructure Cracking Repair; FFG7 Class, Ship Repair Manual
- 2.16 DM 10-612, SERMC, FFG7 Class Aluminum Deckhouse Critical Welds and Critical Weld Regions
- 2.17 S9CGO-BP-SRM-010/CG-47CL, Technical Manual for CG-47 Class, Superstructure Cracking Repair
- 2.18 DM 10-623, SERMC, Quality Assurance Requirements for Welding 5XXX Series Aluminum Structures for CG-47 Class

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Utilize specific requirements of 2.2 through 2.12 listed in Tables One, 2, 3, and 4 of this item for determining the welder and brazer qualifications, electrodes, weld design, welding requirements, brazing requirements, welding procedures, brazing procedures, welding parameters and controls, inspection standards, and acceptance criteria.

3.1.1 Maintain a Welding Workmanship Program in accordance with 2.2 and Welding Training Program in accordance with 2.5.

3.1.2 Maintain a Welding Surveillance Inspection Program in accordance with 2.2.

3.1.3 Maintain a Brazing Process Inspection in accordance with 2.6.

3.2 Weld bell-end fittings in accordance with Section 505c8 of 2.13. Nondestructive testing inspection shall comply with Class P-2 piping systems as defined by 2.7.

3.3 Ground welding machines, for purposes of providing a return path for welding current, using a grounding bar or lead which shall be connected directly from the machine ground return connection to the ship's hull, sized on the basis of 1,000,000 Circular Mils per 1,000 amps per 100 feet, but in no event using less than a Number One cable (85,037 Circular Mils).

3.3.1 Welding machines used for welding on machinery, pressure vessels, or piping, rotating ordnance, electronic, or fire control equipment shall have the ground return connection in the immediate vicinity of the work to ensure that current does not flow through bearings, pipe hangers, or other areas where arcing or high resistance paths exist. For ships constructed of non-magnetic materials, the ground return cables shall be connected directly to the component being welded - as close to the weld zone as feasible.

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3.3.2 Shipboard power distribution system shall not be used as the power source for welding equipment. External power source shall be used.

3.4 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the specific welding, brazing, and inspection operations in 3.4.1 through 3.4.9 shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.1) and the following:

3.4.1 Class A-F, A-1, A-2, A-3, A-LT, P-1, P-LT, M-1, and T-1 welding, as defined by 2.7. These procedures shall include, as a minimum, the information required by Paragraph 4.1.3 of 2.7 and supporting data such as a sketch of the weld repair areas and associated ship components. Joint numbers shall not be duplicated on ship during the availability.

3.4.2 Class P-3a special category silver brazing, as defined by 2.6. The procedure shall include, as a minimum, the information required by Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of 2.6.

3.4.2.1 All brazing of steam piping shall conform to 2.6, Class P-3a special category, including ultrasonic inspection, regardless of pipe size, including any (existing) copper to (new) copper-nickel transition joints.

3.4.2.2 In steam systems, where brazed piping and fittings are to be reused, or piping has to be sized to achieve proper fit-up, the option for a 5X visual inspection for cracks listed in Sections 5.5.3, 5.10.1, and 5.10.2 of 2.6 shall not be used; liquid penetrant inspection shall be required.

3.4.3 For bronze propellers, using 2.11 for guidance.

3.4.4 For propellers other than bronze, using 2.7 for guidance.

 $3.4.5\;$ For propulsion shafting and rudder stocks, using 2.14 for guidance.

3.4.6 For titanium-based materials, using 2.7 for guidance.

 $3.4.7\,$ Accomplish aluminum welding and nondestructive testing for FFG-7 Class ships in accordance with 2.15 and 2.16.

3.4.8 Accomplish aluminum welding and nondestructive testing for CG-47 Class ships in accordance with 2.17 and 2.18.

3.4.9 The use of a permanent backing strap in accordance with Section 11, Paragraph 11.1 of 2.2 is prohibited unless detailed in the original weld joint design or when authorized by the SUPERVISOR.

(I) or (I)(G) "NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING"

3.5 Accomplish nondestructive testing in accordance with the following:

3.5.1 Manufacture, installation, and repair (welding, brazing, machining, or lapping) of Level I fittings or components:

3.5.1.1 Nondestructive Testing Visual Inspection - (I)

3.5.1.2 Nondestructive Testing Magnetic Particle, Liquid Penetrant and Ultrasonic Testing (Final Only) - (I)(G)

3.5.1.3 Nondestructive Testing Radiographic - (I)

3.5.2 Welding/brazing of P-1, P-LT, P-3a piping systems or Class A-F, A-1, A-2, A-3, A-LT, M-1, T-1 welding, and P-2 steam service:

3.5.2.1 Nondestructive Testing Visual Inspection - (I)

3.5.2.2 Nondestructive Testing Magnetic Particle, Liquid Penetrant and Ultrasonic Testing (Final Only) - (I)(G)

3.5.2.3 Nondestructive Testing Radiographic - (I)

 $3.5.3\,$ Welding on ship/craft listed in Attachment A hull or structure when required by the fabrication document:

3.5.3.1 Nondestructive Testing Visual Inspection - (I)

3.5.3.2 Nondestructive Testing Magnetic Particle, Liquid Penetrant and Ultrasonic Testing (Final Only) - (I)(G)

3.5.3.3 Nondestructive Testing Radiographic - (I)

3.5.4 Weight handling equipment manufacture and repair:

3.5.4.1 Nondestructive Testing Visual Inspection - (I)

3.5.4.2 Nondestructive Testing Magnetic Particle, Liquid Penetrant - (I)(G)

3.5.4.3 Ultrasonic Testing (Final Only) - (I)(G)

3.5.4.4 Nondestructive Testing Radiographic - (I)

3.5.5 Corrective maintenance within the certified boundaries of cranes (as defined in NSTM 589):

3.5.5.1 Nondestructive Testing Visual Inspection - (I)

3.5.5.2 Nondestructive Testing Magnetic Particle, Liquid Penetrant - (I)(G)

3.5.5.3 Ultrasonic Testing (Final Only) - (I)(G)

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ITEM NO: 009-12 FY-18 3.5.5.4 Nondestructive Testing Radiographic - (I)

3.5.6 Maintenance on aircraft launch and recovery equipment:

3.5.6.1 Nondestructive Testing Visual Inspection - (I)

3.5.6.2 Nondestructive Testing Magnetic Particle, Liquid Penetrant and Ultrasonic Testing (Final Only) - (I)(G)

3.5.6.3 Nondestructive Testing Radiographic - (I)

(I) (G) "EVALUATION OF RT FILMS"

3.6 Accomplish RT film interpretation.

3.6.1 Provide the cognizant Government representative designated by the SUPERVISOR the evaluated radiographs and records within 2 days of the (G) point.

3.7 Provide and maintain a Welding Consumable Control System in accordance with 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.6, 2.7, 2.11, 2.12, 2.14, and 2.18 which covers the control and issuance of filler materials. The system shall be described in a written procedure that shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for review and approval prior to the initiation of production work. This procedure only requires a one-time submittal/approval unless the Standard Items change and/or references change or are updated. The Welding Consumable Control System shall be subject to periodic conformity audits by the SUPERVISOR throughout the contract period.

3.8 Do not deposit ferritic welds on welds made with austenitic or nonferrous electrodes. Where the base material is ferrous and the existing weld is austenitic or non-ferrous, that weld shall be completely removed prior to welding with ferritic electrodes. The welding shall be accomplished in accordance with 2.2.

3.9 Utilize Attachment A to define combatant and non-combatant vessels and applicable table.

3.10 Where requirements in the repair and testing instructions for propulsion boilers conflict, 2.12 shall take precedence.

4. NOTES:

4.1 If a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for all specific welding, brazing, and inspection operations in 3.4.1 through 3.4.9 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-09 "Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

TABLE 1 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF PIPING, PRESSURE VESSELS, PROPELLERS, AND MACHINERY

| | COLUMN | А | В | С | | D | E |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| L I N E | SITUATION EVOLUTION | CLASS P-1, P-2 AND P-LT PIPING | CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY, OTHER CLASS P-3a, AND P-3b PIPING | HARD FACING VALVE PARTS | CLASS A PRESSURE VESSEL | ** PROPULSION BOILERS | *PROPELLERS (BRONZE) |
| 1 | WELDER AND BRAZER QUALIFICATION | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248, PARAGRAPH 5 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 4 | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/24 | 8, PARAGRAPH 5 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | |
| 2 | WELDING PROCEDURE | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248, PARAGRAPH 4 | NOT APPLICABLE | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/24 | 8, PARAGRAPH 4 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | DOD-STD-2185, PARAGRAPH 4 |
| 3 | BRAZING PROCEDURE | NOT APPLICABLE | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 4 | NOT APPLICABLE | | | |
| 4 | WELDING REQUIREMENTS | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 6 | NOT APPLICABLE | S9074-AR-GIB-010/27 PARAGRAPH 6 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 6 | | |
| 5 | FILLER MATERIAL | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 5 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 5 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/27 | 8, PARAGRAPH 5 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | DOD-STD-2185, PARAGRAPH 5 |
| 6 | JOINT DESIGN | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 9 MIL-STD-22 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 5 | NOT APPLICABLE | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 9 MIL-STD-22 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | |

TABLE 1 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF PIPING, PRESSURE VESSELS, PROPELLERS, AND MACHINERY

| | COLUMN | A | В | С | | D | E |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|--|
| L I N E | SITUATION EVOLUTION | CLASS P-1, P-2 AND P-LT PIPING | CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY, OTHER CLASS P-3a, AND P-3b PIPING | HARD FACING VALVE PARTS | CLASS A PRESSURE VESSEL | ** PROPULSION BOILERS | *PROPELLERS (BRONZE) |
| 7 | HEAT TREATMENT | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 6 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 5 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPHS 6 AND 11.6 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 6 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 6 DOD-STD-2185, PARAGRAPH 5 |
| 8 | WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 7 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 5 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPHS 7 AND 11.6 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 7 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 7 |
| 9 | VISUAL INSPECT JOINT FIT-UP | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 9 MIL-STD-22 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 7 FOR CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY | NOT APPLICABLE | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 9 MIL-STD-22 | S9221-C1-GTP-010/020 | DOD-STD-2185, PARAGRAPH 5 |
| 10 | VISUAL INSPECTION | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 7 AND 8 FOR CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 11.6.3 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/ PARAGRAPH 10 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 | 278, | MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 |
| 11 | RADIOGRAPHIC INSPECTION (RT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278 PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS- GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 3 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 5 (NORMALLY ONLY P-1 AND P-LT) | NOT APPLICABLE | · | S9074-AR-GIB-010/ PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/ MIL-STD-2035, PAF | 271,PARAGRAPH 3 | NOT APPLICABLE |

 TABLE 1

 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF PIPING, PRESSURE VESSELS, PROPELLERS, AND MACHINERY

| | COLUMN | А | В | С | | D | E |
|------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| L I N E | SITUATION EVOLUTION | CLASS P-1, P-2 AND P-LT PIPING | CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY, OTHER CLASS P-3a, AND P-3b PIPING | HARD FACING VALVE PARTS | CLASS A PRESSURE VESSEL | ** PROPULSION BOILERS | *PROPELLERS (BRONZE) |
| 12 | ULTRASONIC INSPECTION (UT) | NOT APPLICABLE | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTIONS 6,7,8 AND 9 FOR CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY PIPING ONLY | NOT APPLICABLE | | | S9245-AR-TSM- 010/PROP, PARAGRAPH 5-7.5.2 |
| 13 | LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION (PT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 (NORMALLY ONLY P-1 AND P-LT) | 0900-LP-001-7000, SECTION 7 AND 8 FOR CLASS P-3a SPECIAL CATEGORY SEE 3.4.2.2 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 11.6.3 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 | | MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 T9074-AS-GIB- 010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 |
| 14 | MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION (MT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 (NORMALLY ONLY P-1 AND P-LT) | NOT APPLICABLE | | | 278, PARAGRAPH 10 271, PARAGRAPH 4 | NOT APPLICABLE |

TABLE 1 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF PIPING, PRESSURE VESSELS, PROPELLERS, AND MACHINERY

| | COLUMN | F | G | Н | I | J | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| L I N E | SITUATION EVOLUTION | MACHINERY CLASS M | TURBINE PARTS | CASTINGS | FORCED DRAFT BLOWERS | REDUCTION AND STEAM TURBINE DRIVEN AUXILIARY GEARS | | | |
| 1 | WELDER AND BRAZER QUALIFICATIONS | | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248, PARAGRAPH 5 | | | | | | |
| 2 | WELDING PROCEDURE | | S9074-AQ-G | B-010/248, PARAGRAPH | 4 | | | | |
| 3 | BRAZING PROCEDURE | | NO | OT APPLICABLE | | | | | |
| 4 | WELDING REQUIREMENTS | | S9074-AR-GI | B-010/278, PARAGRAPH | 6 | | | | |
| 5 | FILLER MATERIAL | | S9074-AR-GI | B-010/278, PARAGRAPH | 5 | | | | |
| 6 | JOINT DESIGN | | S9074-AR-GIB-010/27 | 8, PARAGRAPH 9, AND N | /IL-STD-22 | | | | |
| 7 | HEAT TREATMENT | | S9074-AR-GIB-01 | 10/278, PARAGRAPHS 6 | AND 8 | | | | |
| 8 | WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS | | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 7 | | | | | | |
| 9 | VISUAL INSPECT JOINT FIT- UP | | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278 | 3, PARAGRAPH 10, AND I | MIL-STD-22 | | | | |
| 10 | VISUAL INSPECTION | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 14 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 13 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 16 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 15 | | | |
| 11 | RADIOGRAPHIC INSPECTION (RT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 3 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 5 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 14 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 3 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 5 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, PARAGRAPH 13 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 16 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 3 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 5 | NOT APPLICABLE | | | |

TABLE 1 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF PIPING, PRESSURE VESSELS, PROPELLERS, AND MACHINERY

| | COLUMN | F | G | Н | I | J |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| L I N E | SITUATION EVOLUTION | MACHINERY CLASS M | TURBINE PARTS | CASTINGS | FORCED DRAFT BLOWERS | REDUCTION AND STEAM TURBINE DRIVEN AUXILIARY GEARS |
| 12 | ULTRASONIC INSPECTION (UT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 6 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 8 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 14 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 13 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 16 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 15 |
| 13 | LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION (PT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 14 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 13 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 16 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 15 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 |
| 14 | MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION (MT) | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 10 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 14 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 13 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 16 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 | S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, PARAGRAPH 15 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 |

 TABLE 2

 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF SURFACE SHIP HULLS (COMBATANT)

| | | | _ | - | | _ | _ |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| | COLUMN | A | В | С | D | E | F |
| L I N E | MATERIAL EVOLUTION | CARBON STEEL (MS), ORDINARY STRENGTH STEEL(OS), AND HIGHER STRENGTH STEEL (HSS) | (HY-80/100, HSLA-80 AND STS) | ALUMINUM ALLOY | CHROMIUM NICKEL STEEL (STAINLESS) | COPPER AND/OR NICKEL BASE ALLOYS | SILICONE BRONZE ALUMINUM BRONZE |
| 1 | WELDER QUALIFICATION | | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248, PARAGRAPH 5 | | | | |
| 2 | WELDING PROCEDURE | | | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/24 | 8, PARAGRAPH 4 | | |
| 3 | ELECTRODE | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 10 TABLE X | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 10 TABLE XI | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 10 TABLE XVI | MI-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 10 TABLES XII AND XIII | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 10 TABLES XIV AND XV | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, TABLE II |
| 4 | JOINT DESIGN | MIL-STD-22 MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 11 | | | | | |
| 5 | WELDING REQUIREMENTS | | | MIL-STD-1689, PA | RAGRAPH 13 | | |
| 6 | WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS | | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPHS 12 AND 14 | | | | |
| 7 | VISUAL | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPHS 6, 7, AND 8 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 4 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 8 | | | | | |
| 8 | RADIOGRAPHIC INSPECTION (RT) | | | MIL-STD-1689, PARAG MIL-STD-2035, P/ T9074-AS-GIB-010/27 | ARAGRAPH 5 | | |

 TABLE 2

 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF SURFACE SHIP HULLS (COMBATANT)

| | COLUMN | А | В | С | D | E | F |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| L I N E | MATERIAL EVOLUTION | CARBON STEEL (MS), ORDINARY STRENGTH STEEL(OS), AND HIGHER STRENGTH STEEL (HSS) | (HY-80/100, HSLA-80 AND STS) | ALUMINUM ALLOY | CHROMIUM NICKEL STEEL (STAINLESS) | COPPER AND/OR NICKEL BASE ALLOYS | SILICONE BRONZE ALUMINUM BRONZE |
| 9 | ULTRASONIC INSPECTION (UT) | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPHS 6, 7, AND 8 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 8 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 6 | | | | | |
| 10 | LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION (PT) | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPHS 6, 7, AND 8 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 7 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 | | | | | |
| 11 | MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION (MT) | MIL-STD-1689, PARAGRAPH 6 MIL-STD-2035, PARAGRAPH 6 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 4 | | | | | |

 TABLE 3

 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF SURFACE SHIP HULLS (NON-COMBATANT) * **

| | COLUMN | А | В | С | D | E | F |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|---|--|--|
| L I E | MATERIAL EVOLUTION | CARBON STEEL (MS), ORDINARY STRENGTH STEEL(OS), AND HIGHER STRENGTH STEEL (HSS) | *** (HY-80/100) | ALUMINUM ALLOY | CHROMIUM NICKEL STEEL (STAINLESS) | COPPER AND/OR NICKEL BASE ALLOYS | SILICONE BRONZE ALUMINUM BRONZE |
| 1 | WELDER QUALIFICATION | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | | |
| 2 | WELDING PROCEDURE | | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | |
| 3 | ELECTRODE | | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | |
| 4 | JOINT DESIGN | | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | |
| 5 | WELDING REQUIREMENTS | | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | |
| 6 | WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | | |
| 7 | VISUAL | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | | |
| 8 | RADIOGRAPHIC INSPECTION (RT) | | ABS RU | ILES, PART 2, CHAP | TER 4, SECTION 1 | | |

TABLE 3 WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF SURFACE SHIP HULLS (NON-COMBATANT) * **

| | COLUMN | А | В | С | D | E | F |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|---|--|--|
| L I N E | MATERIAL EVOLUTION | CARBON STEEL (MS), ORDINARY STRENGTH STEEL(OS), AND HIGHER STRENGTH STEEL (HSS) | *** (HY-80/100) | ALUMINUM ALLOY | CHROMIUM NICKEL STEEL (STAINLESS) | COPPER AND/OR NICKEL BASE ALLOYS | SILICONE BRONZE ALUMINUM BRONZE |
| 9 | ULTRASONIC INSPECTION (UT) | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | | |
| 10 | LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION (PT) | | ABS RULES, PART 2, CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | | | |
| 11 | MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION (MT) | ABS RULES, PART 2, | CHAPTER 4, SECTION 1 | | NOT API | PLICABLE | |

*- IDENTIFICATION OF "SURVEYOR" IN ABS RULES SIGNIFIES SUPERVISOR OF SHIPBUILDING (SUPERVISOR) ACTION. THE SUPERVISOR MAY USE MIL-STD-1689 FOR GUIDANCE WHERE ADDITIONAL DIRECTION IS NECESSARY. SUCH GUIDANCE MAY BE USED TO: ESTABLISH NDT REQUIREMENTS, ESTABLISH WELDING/NDT PROCEDURE AND PERSONNEL QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS, OR TO DEFINE OTHER ATTRIBUTES LISTED IN THE "MATERIAL EVOLUTION" LINE OF TABLE 3.

** - THE SUPERVISOR MAY ALSO ALLOW THE SHIPBUILDER TO CHOOSE FROM THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS, PROVIDING:

- THE SHIPBUILDER'S UTILIZATION OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS SHALL RESULT IN NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE GOVERNMENT.

- THE SHIPBUILDER SHALL UTILIZE THE FABRICATION DOCUMENT SELECTED FOR THE ENTIRE AVAILABILITY AND SHALL NOT SWITCH BACK AND FORTH BETWEEN DOCUMENTS.

- THE SHIPBUILDER SHALL NOTIFY THE SUPERVISOR OF WHICH FABRICATION DOCUMENT HAS BEEN SELECTED.

OPTIONS:

- A) MIL-STD-1689 MAY BE UTILIZED BY THE SHIPBUILDER AT THE SHIPBUILDER'S DISCRETION. THE REQUIREMENTS OF TABLE 2 ABOVE WOULD THEN APPLY.
- B) FOR DETERMINATION OF NDT METHOD(S) AND EXTENT OF NDT INSPECTION WHEN REPAIRS ARE TO BE ACCOMPLISHED, THE SHIPBUILDER MAY REQUEST TO UTILIZE THE SAME NDT REQUIREMENTS THAT WERE INVOKED IN CONSTRUCTION OF THE VESSEL. IN SUCH CASES, THE SHIPBUILDER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO DETERMINE THE ORIGINAL NDT REQUIREMENTS AND SUBMIT EVIDENCE SUCH AS DRAWINGS OR SPECIFICATIONS WHICH DETAIL THE REQUIREMENTS TO THE SUPERVISOR ALONG WITH A REQUEST FOR APPROVAL.
- C) THE SHIPBUILDER MAY REQUEST TO UTILIZE PRE-ESTABLISHED WELDING AND/OR NDT PROCEDURES AND PERSONNEL QUALIFICATION PROGRAM(S) WHICH HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY UTILIZED IN THE PERFORMANCE OF SIMILAR ABS-ACCEPTED WORK. IN SUCH CASES, THE SHIPBUILDER SHALL SUBMIT EVIDENCE OF SUCH ABS ACCEPTABILITY TO THE SUPERVISOR ALONG WITH DESCRIPTIVE DETAILS AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION FOR THE PROPOSED PROGRAM(S). SUCH DOCUMENTATION SHALL INCLUDE THE WELDING/NDT PROCEDURES AND METHODS OF WELDING/NDT PERSONNEL QUALIFICATION THAT WERE UTILIZED IN FORMER ABS-ACCEPTED WORK. THE SHIPBUILDER SHALL ALSO SUBMIT OTHER SUPPORTING EVIDENCE THAT MAY BE REQUESTED BY THE SUPERVISOR TO ESTABLISH THAT THE PROPOSED PROGRAMS HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY UTILIZED FOR SIMILAR ABS-ACCEPTED WORK.

*** - PARAGRAPH 3.8 APPLIES.

| TABLE 4 |
|--|
| WELDING, FABRICATION, AND INSPECTION OF METAL BOAT AND CRAFT HULLS |

| | COLUMN | A | В | С | D | E | F |
|------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| L I N E | MATERIAL EVOLUTION | CARBON STEEL (MS) | (HY-80/100) | ALUMINUM ALLOY | CHROMIUM NICKEL STEEL (STAINLESS) | COPPER AND/OR NICKEL BASE ALLOYS | SILICONE BRONZE ALUMINUM BRONZE |
| 1 | WELDER QUALIFICATION | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248, PARAGRAPH 5 | | | | | |
| 2 | WELDING PROCEDURE | | | S9074-AQ-GIB-010/248 | , PARAGRAPH 4 | | |
| 3 | ELECTRODE | 0900-060-4010, SECTION 10, TABLE 10-1 | 0900-060-4010, SECTION 10, TABLES 10-2 AND 10-3 | 0900-060-4010, SECTION 10, TABLE 10-7 | 0900-060-4010, SECTION 10, TABLE 10-4 | 0900-060-4010 SECTION 10, TABLES 10-5 AND 10- 6 | S9074-AR-GIB- 010/278, TABLE II |
| 4 | JOINT DESIGN | MIL-STD-22 0900-060-4010, SECTION 11 | | | | | |
| 5 | WELDING REQUIREMENTS | | | 0900-060-4010, SI | ECTION 13 | | |
| 6 | WORKMANSHIP REQUIREMENTS | | | 0900-060-4010, SECTI | ONS 12 AND 14 | | |
| 7 | VISUAL | | | 0900-060-4010, SECTIO T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, | | | |
| 8 | RADIOGRAPHIC INSPECTION (RT) | | 0900-060- | 4010, SECTION 6, TABLE T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, | | ID 8 | |
| 9 | ULTRASONIC INSPECTION (UT) | | T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 6 | | | | |
| 10 | LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION (PT) | | 0900-060-4010, SECTIONS 6, 7, AND 8 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, PARAGRAPH 5 | | | | |
| 11 | MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION (MT) | 0900-060-4010 SECTION 6 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, P | ARAGRAPH 4 | | NOT APPL | ICABLE | |

ATTACHMENT A

COMBATANT SURFACE SHIPS

| WARSHIPS | TABLE |
|--|--|
| Aircraft Carriers: | |
| Aircraft CarrierCV Aircraft Carrier (nuclear propulsion)CVN | |
| Surface Combatants: | |
| Guided Missile CruiserCG Guided Missile DestroyerDDG Guided Missile FrigateFFG Littoral Combat ShipLCS | 2 2 2 |
| Patrol Combatants: | |
| Patrol CoastalPC | |
| AMPHIBIOUS WARFARE SHIPS | |
| Amphibious Command ShipLCC Amphibious Assault Ship (general purpose)LHA Amphibious Cargo ShipLKA Amphibious Transport DockLPD Dock Landing ShipLSD Amphibious Assault Ship (general purpose)LHD | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 |
| AUXILIARY SHIPS | |
| OilerAO Fast Combat Support ShipAOE | |
| MINE WARFARE SHIPS | |
| Mine Countermeasures ShipMCM | I 2 |

ATTACHMENT A (Con't)

COMBATANT SURFACE CRAFT

AMPHIBIOUS WARFARE CRAFT

| Landing Craft, A | ir Cushion | LCAC | 4 |
|------------------|--------------------|------|---|
| Landing Craft, M | lechanized | LCM | 4 |
| Landing Craft, P | Personnel, Large | LCPL | 4 |
| Landing Craft, U | Itility | LCU | 2 |
| Landing Craft, V | Yehicle, Personnel | LCVP | 4 |
| Light Seal Suppo | rt Craft | LSSC | 4 |
| Amphibious Warpi | ng Tug | LWT | 4 |
| Medium Seal Supp | oort Craft | MSSC | 4 |
| Swimmer Delivery | Vehicle | SDV | 4 |
| Side Loading War | ping Tug | SLWT | 4 |
| Special Warfare | Craft, Light | SWCL | 4 |
| Special Warfare | Craft, Medium | SWCM | 4 |

PATROL CRAFT

| Mini-Armored Troop Carrier | ATC | 4 |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|
| Patrol Boat | PB | . 4 |
| River Patrol Boat | PBR | 4 |
| Patrol Craft (fast) | PCF | 4 |
| Fast Patrol Craft | PTF | 4 |

NON-COMBATANT SURFACE SHIPS

AUXILIARY SHIPS

| Auxiliary Crane Ship | ACS | 3 |
|---|------|---|
| Missile Range Instrumentation Ship | AGM | 3 |
| Oceanographic Research Ship | AGOR | 3 |
| Ocean Surveillance Ship | AGOS | 3 |
| Surveying Ship | AGS | 3 |
| Hospital Ship | AH | 3 |
| Cargo Ship | AK | 3 |
| Auxiliary Cargo Barge/Lighter Ship | AKB | 3 |
| Auxiliary Cargo Float-On/Float-Off Ship | AKF | 3 |
| Transport Oiler | AOT | 3 |
| Barracks Craft | APL | 3 |
| Cable Repairing Ship | ARC | 3 |
| Salvage Ship | ARS | 3 |
| Submarine Tender | AS | 3 |
| Fleet Ocean Tug | ATF | 3 |
| Aviation Logistic Support Ship | AVB | 3 |

ATTACHMENT A (Con't)

NON-COMBATANT SURFACE CRAFT

SERVICE CRAFT

| Small Auxiliary Floating Dry Dock (non-self-propelled)AFDLMedium Auxiliary Floating Dry Dock (non-self-propelled)AFDMMedium Auxiliary Repair Dry Dock (non-self-propelled)ARDMCauseway Section, Powered | 3 |
|---|---|
| Floating Dry Dock Workshop (hull) (non-self-propelled) YRDH 3 | 3 3 3 3 4 |
| Torpedo Trials Craft | |

NOTES:

Letter prefixes to classification symbols may add identification:

- E -- Prototype ship or craft in an experimental or developmental status.
- T -- Assigned to MSC (Military Sealift Command)
- F -- Being Constructed for a foreign government.
- X -- Often added to existing classifications to indicate a new class whose characteristics have not been defined.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-13 | |
|-----------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Meter; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Calibration Requirements List (CRL) for Shipboard Installed Instrumentation
- 2.2 NAVSEA OD 45845, Metrology Requirements List
- 2.3 S9300-A6-GYD-010, Electrical Workmanship Inspection Guide for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.4 ISO 17025, General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, First Edition
- 2.5 ANSI/NCSL Z540-3, Requirements for the Calibration of Measuring and Test Equipment
- 2.6 NAVSEA 04-04734, Naval and Marine Corps Calibration Laboratory Audit/Certification Manual
- 2.7 NAVAIR 17-35TR-8, Technical Requirements for Calibration Labels and Tags

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Prior to the installation of meters, verify instrument calibration requirements in applicable NAVSEA documentation. Permanently installed meters are addressed by 2.1; all other non-installed meters are addressed by 2.2.

3.1.1 If calibration is required, the meter shall have at least two-thirds of its calibration life remaining. If it does not, the meter shall be calibrated in accordance with 3.6.

3.1.2 If the meter is designated as No Calibration Required (NCR), perform a functional check to ensure proper functioning of the meter if it is not required for system acceptance testing. Meters identified as requiring calibration for system/acceptance testing/trials but designated as NCR in the ship's CRL, shall be calibrated in accordance with 3.6 and shall be labeled

ITEM NO: <u>009-13</u> FY-18 with a special calibration label NAVSEA 4734/6, and an NCR label NAVSEA 4734/26. The special calibration label shall be annotated to read, "CALIBRATION PERFORMED TO SUPPORT TESTING". All such special calibration labels shall be removed and the meter shall have NCR labels affixed upon completion of testing/trials.

3.1.3 System or chain calibrations (designated as Level 2 in the ship's CRL) are not to be performed by commercial activities. For system calibration, contact the SUPERVISOR. Level 2 calibrated meters installed in systems shall be subject to system or chain calibrations at the next available period.

3.2 Disconnect and remove each meter and associated impeders, reactors, resistor boxes, and shunts.

3.2.1 Record and retain hook-up data and mounting hardware.

(V) "CONDITION OF WIRE LEADS"

3.2.1.1 Inspect lead wires and insulation; broken or partially broken lead wires shall be cut back to remove damaged/questionable portions of the wire and new terminal ends installed in accordance with 2.3.

3.2.2 Remove existing and install new conductor identification sleeving in place of conductor identification sleeving identified to be illegible. Install new sleeving where missing. New conductor identification sleeving shall conform to SAE-AMS-DTL-23053, Class One, white, marked with indelible ink.

3.3 Disassemble and clean equipment to remove loose paint and foreign matter.

3.4 Repair each meter and associated equipment to manufacturer's specifications.

3.4.1 Remove existing and install new components in place of those identified to be defective. Install new components where missing.

3.4.2 Free-up and adjust moving parts.

3.4.3 Restore unit cases to original finish.

3.5 Assemble equipment. Install new seals and gaskets conforming to manufacturer's specifications.

3.6 Calibrate and adjust each meter, including associated accessories, to manufacturer's specifications, using appropriate calibration procedures and test equipment in accordance with 2.1 for permanently installed meters, or 2.2 for portable/non-installed meters.

3.6.1 Calibration laboratories shall be accredited to either 2.4 or 2.5 by a Commercial Accreditation Activity, or certified by a Navy Certification Activity to 2.6, and the scope of accreditation must cover the appropriate measurement parameters and ranges of the calibrations performed. Calibration must meet a minimum Test Accuracy Ratio (TAR) of 4:1, or a Test Uncertainty Ratio (TUR) equal to or greater than 4:1, or a Probability of False Accept (PFA) not to exceed 2 percent.

3.6.2 In the absence of manufacturer's specifications, tolerances shall be in accordance with Section 1 of 2.2.

3.6.3 Affix a calibration label to the face of each meter, denoting the name and location of the calibration facility, the NAVSEA Lab Code if assigned, the date of calibration, and date of next calibration. Department of the Navy calibration activities and Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment (TMDE) custodians shall use calibration labels and tags in accordance with 2.7.

3.6.4 The calibration interval assigned for shipboard installed instrumentation shall be in accordance with 2.1. All other meters shall have a calibration interval assigned in accordance with 2.2.

3.6.5 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy and approved transferrable media (in Excel format), of a calibration events data file in accordance with Attachment A for each contractor and subcontractor-performed calibration event to the ship's Field Calibration Activity (FCA), Engineering/Maintenance Officer and AIMD Officer (if assigned) via the SUPERVISOR on a bi-weekly basis. The cognizant shipboard representative shall enter the calibration data into the Navy's calibration recall system.

3.7 Install and connect each meter, including associated accessories, using hook-up data and mounting hardware retained in 3.2.1.

(V) "VERIFY CORRECT INDICATION"

3.8 Verify correct indication of each meter during operational test of equipment.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR will supply the contractor with a copy of the CRL provided by the Ship's Chief Engineer.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will provide a copy of the calibration data to the Ship's Force Calibration Coordinator for the purpose of updating the ship's RECALL list.

 $4.3\,$ Contact NAVSEA 04RM3 for information on commercial accreditation in accordance with 2.4 and 2.5 by NAVSEA approved commercial Accrediting Bodies (AB).

3 of 5 ITEM NO: 009-13 FY-18

4.4 Contact one of the following Navy Certification Activities for certification requirements in accordance with 2.6:

Mid-Atlantic Regional Maintenance Southwest Regional Maintenance Center Laboratory Certification Branch Center Laboratory Certification Branch (Code 240C) Phone: (619)556-6699/(619)556-1346 (Code 212) Phone: (757)443-3872 Ext 1366 FAX: (619)556-4877 FAX: (757) 443-3666

ATTACHMENT A

- Entries in the calibration events file shall not be abbreviated.
- The event data for NOFORN/Reactor/Steam plant instruments shall be handled in accordance with the applicable SEA 08 directives.
- For existing, permanently installed instruments, the calibration events file data set shall include the nomenclature, CRL reference number, condition received (i.e., In Tolerance (IT) or Out of Tolerance (OOT)), date calibrated, date due, procedure used, calibration standard used, servicing lab code and service label applied (i.e., calibrated, special calibration, rejected, etc.) in accordance with 2.7.
- For existing, non-installed instruments, the calibration events file data set shall include the nomenclature, National Stock Number, Sub-Category (SCAT) Code, instrument serial number, manufacturer's Commercial and government Entity (CAGE), procedure used, calibration standard used, subcustodian, work center. Manufacture's model number, condition received, Metrology Requirements List (METRL) cycle, servicing laboratory code (if applicable), date serviced, due date, and servicing label attached.
- For newly added instruments, the minimum data set includes manufacturer, model, serial number, nomenclature, manufacturer's CAGE, range, procedure used, calibration standard used, date calibrated, date due, servicing lab code, service label attached, location, part-of (System), function within the system (if permanently installed), National Stock Number and SCAT Code.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NC |): | 009-1 | 4 |
|---------|-------|--------|---|
| DATE: 1 | .8 NG | DV 201 | 6 |
| CATEGOF | XY: | I | Ι |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Gage, Switch, and Thermometer; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Calibration Requirements List (CRL) for Shipboard Installed Instrumentation
- 2.2 NAVSEA OD 45845, Metrology Requirements List
- 2.3 ISO 17025, General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, First Edition
- 2.4 ANSI/NCSL Z540-3, Requirements for the Calibration of Measuring and Test Equipment
- 2.5 NAVSEA 04-04734, Naval and Marine Corps Calibration Laboratory Audit/Certification Manual
- 2.6 NAVAIR 17-35TR-8, Technical Requirements for Calibration Labels and Tags

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Prior to the installation of gages, switches, and thermometers, verify instrument calibration requirements in applicable NAVSEA documentation to determine if the instrument requires calibration. Permanently installed gages, switches, and thermometers are addressed by 2.1; all other non-installed instruments are addressed by 2.2.

3.1.1 If required to be calibrated, the instrument shall have at least two-thirds of its calibration life remaining. If it does not, calibrate the instrument in accordance with 3.7.

3.1.2 If the instrument is designated as No Calibration Required (NCR), perform a functional check to ensure proper functioning of the instrument if it is not required for system acceptance testing. Instruments identified as requiring calibration for system/acceptance testing/trials but designated as NCR in the ship's CRL, shall be calibrated in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and shall be labeled with a special calibration label NAVSEA 4734/6, and an NCR label NAVSEA 4734/26. The special calibration label shall be annotated to read, "CALIBRATION PERFORMED TO

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ITEM NO: <u>009-14</u> FY-18 SUPPORT TESTING. THIS LABEL MUST BE REMOVED UPON COMPLETION OF TESTING/TRIALS TO REFLECT THE CRL CAL-N (NCR) DESIGNATION OF THE INSTRUMENT". All such special calibration labels shall be removed and the instrument shall have NCR labels affixed upon completion of testing/trials.

3.1.3 System or chain calibrations (designated as Level 2 in the ship's CRL) are not to be performed by commercial activities. For system calibration, contact the SUPERVISOR. (See 4.6)

3.2 Disconnect and remove each gage, switch, and thermometer.

3.2.1 Remove sealed gages as a complete unit.

3.3 Clear gage lines from instrument side of root connection of obstructions by blowing clean, dry air through the lines.

 $3.4\,$ Disassemble and clean equipment to remove loose paint and foreign matter.

3.4.1 Do not disassemble sealed gage unit.

3.5 Repair the gages, switches, and thermometers to manufacturer's specifications.

3.5.1 Remove existing and install new components in place of those identified to be defective. Install new components where missing.

3.5.2 Free-up and adjust moving parts.

3.5.3 Restore unit cases to original finish.

3.6 Assemble equipment.

3.7 Calibrate and adjust each gage, switch, and thermometer, including associated accessories, to the manufacturer's specifications, using appropriate calibration procedures and test equipment in accordance with 2.1 for permanently installed gages, switches, and thermometers, or 2.2 for portable/non-installed gages, switches, and thermometers.

3.7.1 Calibration laboratories shall be accredited to either 2.3 or 2.4 by a Commercial Accreditation Activity, or certified by a Navy Certification Activity to 2.5, and the scope of accreditation must cover the appropriate measurement parameters and ranges of the calibrations performed. Calibration must meet a minimum Test Accuracy Ratio (TAR) of 4:1, or a Test Uncertainty Ratio (TUR) equal to or greater than 4:1, or a Probability of False Accept (PFA) not to exceed 2 percent.

3.7.2~ In the absence of manufacturer's specifications, tolerances shall be in accordance with Section 1 of 2.2.

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3.7.3 Affix a calibration label to the face of each gage, switch, and thermometer, denoting the name and location of the calibration facility, the NAVSEA Lab Code if assigned, the date of calibration, and date of next calibration. Department of the Navy calibration activities and Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment (TMDE) custodians shall use calibration labels and tags in accordance with 2.6.

3.7.4 The calibration interval assigned for shipboard installed instrumentation shall be in accordance with 2.1. All other instrumentation shall have a calibration interval assigned in accordance with 2.2.

3.7.5 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy and approved transferrable media (in Excel format), of a calibration events data file in accordance with Attachment A for each contractor and subcontractor-performed calibration event to the ship's Field Calibration Activity (FCA), Engineering/Maintenance Officer and AIMD Officer (if assigned) via the SUPERVISOR on a bi-weekly basis. The cognizant shipboard representative shall enter the calibration data into the Navy's calibration recall system.

3.8 Install and connect each unit. Install new seals, gaskets, and fasteners.

(V) "VERIFY CORRECT INDICATION/OPERATION"

3.9 Verify correct indication and operation of each gage, switch and thermometer during operational test of equipment.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR will supply the contractor with a copy of the CRL provided by the Ship's Chief Engineer.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will provide a copy of the calibration data to the Ship's Force Calibration Coordinator for the purpose of updating the ship's RECALL list.

 $4.3\,$ Contact NAVSEA 04RM3 for information on commercial accreditation in accordance with 2.3 and 2.4 by NAVSEA approved commercial Accrediting Bodies (AB).

4.4 Contact one of the following Navy Certification Activities for certification requirements in accordance with 2.5:

| Mid-Atlantic Regional Maintenance | Southwest Regional Maintenance Center | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Center | Laboratory Certification Branch | | | | |
| Laboratory Certification Branch | (Code 240C) | | | | |
| (Code212) | Phone: (619)556-6699/(619)556-1346 | | | | |
| Phone: (757)443-3872 Ext 1366 | FAX: (619)556-4877 | | | | |
| FAX: (757)443-3666 | | | | | |

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4.5 This item does not apply to Oxygen gages.

4.6 Point of contact for Level 2 system or chain calibrations is NAVSEA 04RM.

ATTACHMENT A

- Entries in the calibration events file shall not be abbreviated.
- The event data for NOFORN/Reactor/steam plant instruments will be handled in accordance with the applicable SEA 08 directives.
- For existing, permanently installed instruments, the calibration events file data set shall include the nomenclature, CRL reference number, condition received (i.e., In Tolerance (IT) or Out of Tolerance (OOT)), date calibrated, date due, procedure used, calibration standard used, servicing lab code and service label applied (i.e., calibrated, special calibration, rejected, etc.) in accordance with 2.6.
- For existing, non-installed instruments, the calibration events file data set shall include the nomenclature, National Stock Number, Sub-category (SCAT) Code, instrument serial number, manufacturer's Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE), procedure used, calibration standard used, subcustodian, work center, manufacture's model number, condition received, Metrology Requirements List (METRL) cycle, servicing laboratory code (if applicable), date serviced, due date, and servicing label attached.
- For newly added instruments, the minimum data set includes manufacturer, model, serial number, nomenclature, manufacturer's CAGE, range, red hand settings (if applicable), procedure used, calibration standard used, date calibrated, date due, servicing lab code, service label attached, location, part-of (System), function within the system (if permanently installed), National Stock Number and SCAT Code.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-15 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Rotating Machinery; balance

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 S9086-G9-STM-010/CH-231, Propulsion and SSTG Steam Turbines
- 2.3 MIL-STD-167, Mechanical Vibration of Shipboard Equipment (Type I-Environmental and Type II-Internally Excited)
- 2.4 S9245-AR-TSM-010/PROP, Marine Propeller Inspection, Repair and Certification

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Measure and record the maximum eccentricity of the rotor shaft and installed components relative to the points of support using dial indicators.

3.2 Balance rotating machinery assemblies or components in accordance with the following requirements and procedures:

3.2.1 Balance multistage steam turbine rotors in accordance with 2.2.

3.2.1.1 Contact the SUPERVISOR prior to directing balance work for multistage steam turbine rotors.

3.2.1.2 Multistage steam turbine rotors shall only be balanced at high speed (operating speed), in accordance with Section 231-8.13 of 2.2. Balance work must be performed by the OEM, OEM certified equivalent, or NAVSEA approved contractor who has a proven capability to high speed balance rotors in accordance with 2.2, 2.3 and the OEM balance specification for the rotor.

3.2.1.3 No attempt shall be made to straighten a turbine rotor assembly.

3.2.1.4 Steam turbine rotors shall be balanced with the overspeed trip governor installed.

1 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-15 FY-18 3.2.1.5 Post-repair testing (sea trials for propulsion units) for multistage steam turbines where turbine repairs have been accomplished, shall include a bearing cap vibration survey.

3.2.1.6 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of an equipment overhaul report to the SUPERVISOR. Report shall include a balance report in accordance with Section 231-8.13 of 2.2 and a vibration survey report in accordance with 009-104 of 2.1. Unsatisfactory vibration balance levels recorded in the post repair testing, as determined by the SUPERVISOR, shall be corrected by in-place balancing in accordance with Section 231-8.13 of 2.2.

3.2.2 Except for propellers, if the design operating speed of the component to be balanced is less than 150 revolutions per minute (RPM), the rotor including shaft shall be balanced by symmetrically supporting the rotor on 2 knife edges and applying a correction to attain a gravity balance.

3.2.3 Except for propellers, if the design operating speed of the component to be balanced is equal to or greater than 150 RPM, the rotor including shaft shall be balanced with equipment which requires rotation of the work piece.

3.2.4 Propellers shall be balanced in accordance with 2.4.

3.2.5 Types of correction:

| TYPES OF CORRECTION | N 1/ | ROTOR CHARACTERISTIC 1/ |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Single-plane | 0 - 1,000 0 - 150 | L/D Less than or Equal to 0.5 L/D Greater than 0.5 $$ |
| 2-plane | Greater than 1,000 Greater than 150 | L/D Less than or Equal to 0.5 L/D Greater than 0.5 $$ |

TYPES OF CORRECTIONN1/ROTOR CHARACTERISTIC1/Multi-planeFlexible:Unable to correct by

2-plane balancing

1/

L = Length of rotor mass, exclusive of shaft
D = Diameter of rotor mass, exclusive of shaft

N = Maximum operating RPM

3.2.6 Allowable unbalance: The values determined by Paragraph 5.2.2.2 of 2.3 are permitted in each plane of correction, except for multistage steam turbine rotors which shall be in accordance with Section 231-8.13 of 2.2.

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ITEM NO: 009-15 FY-18 3.2.7 When the computation for converting displacement measurements to ounce-inches of force unbalance is an approximation, verification shall be made by adding a trial weight to the rotor, equal and opposite to the calculated ounce-inches of force. If putty is used as a trial weight, it shall be removed, weighed and a permanent compensating weight shall be installed in its place.

3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.1 and 3.2 to the SUPERVISOR. The report shall include the following information:

3.3.1 Ship's name and hull number
3.3.2 Contractor and subcontractor
3.3.3 Job Order and Work Item number
3.3.4 Unit and component identification
3.3.5 Manufacturer and model number of balance machine
3.3.6 Date of last calibration, by whom it was calibrated, and when

the next calibration is due for the balancing machine

3.3.7 Maximum total indicated runout of rotor or balancing arbor

3.3.8 Weight of rotor assembly in pounds

3.3.9 Design operating RPM of rotor

3.3.10 Computation of allowable unbalance in ounce-inches

3.3.11 Measured unbalance, prior to and after balancing, in ounce-inches

3.3.12 Computations or procedures for converting displacement measurements to ounce-inches of unbalance force, when the machine used to balance components indicates displacement measurements in lieu of direct unbalance forces.

4. NOTES:

4.1 For multistage steam turbine rotors only:

4.1.1 Prior to performing machine or in-place balance, SUPERVISOR shall contact NAVSEA 05Z22.

4.1.2 SUPERVISOR shall forward as-found/final balance result and shipboard vibration survey to NAVSEA 05Z22 and NSWCCD-SSES Code 922.

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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 | 9-16 |
|--------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Electronic Equipment; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Equipment Technical Manual
- 2.2 407-5291780, Standard Electromagnetic Interferences (EMI) Survey Procedures
- 2.3 SE000-01-IMB-010, Navy Installation and Maintenance Book (NIMB), Section VI, Electronics Installation and Maintenance Book - General Maintenance (Source CD: N0002400003)
- 2.4 SE000-01-IMB-010, Navy Installation and Maintenance Book (NIMB), Section IX, Installation Standards (Source CD: N0002400003)
- 2.5 S9300-A6-GYD-010, Electrical Workmanship Inspection Guide for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.6 IA PUB-5239-31, Information Assurance Shipboard Red/Black Installation Publication
- 2.7 NSTISSAM TEMPEST/2-95, Red/Black Installation Guidance (FOUO)
- 2.8 MIL-STD-1310, Shipboard Bonding, Grounding, and Other Techniques for Electromagnetic Compatibility, Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Mitigation, and Safety

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Disassemble equipment for cleaning, inspection, and repair, using 2.1 for guidance.

(V) "VISUALLY INSPECT"

3.1.1 Visually inspect components prior to cleaning to detect evidence of casualties and deteriorating conditions that may not be apparent after cleaning.

ITEM NO: 009-16 FY-18 3.1.2 Clean equipment and remove foreign matter.

3.1.3 Dry equipment, removing moisture and cleaning solvents.

3.1.4 Inspect equipment for applicable electromagnetic interference (EMI) fixes using Shipboard Electromagnetic Compatibility Improvement Program (SEMCIP) Technical Assist Network (STAN) in accordance with 2.2.

3.1.4.1 Submit one legible copy of a report, in approved transferrable media, listing the applicable EMI fixes not installed and EMI fixes that have been improperly installed, to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "INSPECT AND TEST TO DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS"

3.2 Inspect and test electrical and mechanical components, assemblies, subassemblies, equipment enclosures, internal circuitry, and enclosure hardware to design characteristics and determine missing and defective components, circuitry, and enclosure hardware in accordance with 2.1.

3.2.1 Remove existing and install new electrical and mechanical components, assemblies, subassemblies, internal circuitry, and enclosure hardware in place of those identified to be missing or defective. New material shall conform to the requirements of 2.1.

3.2.1.1 Soldering, desoldering, and removal of components and circuitry shall be in accordance with Section 4 of 2.3.

3.2.1.2 Miniature and microminiature repair of printed circuit boards shall be in accordance with Sections 5 and 6 of 2.3.

3.2.1.3 New wiring shall conform to MIL-DTL-16878. Wire size and color code shall be in accordance with 2.1. Individual wires in harnesses and chassis wiring may be plain white conductors with conductor identification sleeving at each end, stenciled with indelible ink to indicate color coding.

(V) "INSPECT SHIELDING TERMINATIONS"

3.3 Inspect braided wire shielding terminations for conformance to Paragraph 2-19.3 of 2.4.

3.3.1 Remove existing and install new grounding sheath connectors in place of those identified to be missing or defective. Installation shall be in accordance with Paragraph 2-14 of 2.4.

(V) "INSPECT WIRE CONNECTIONS"

3.4 Inspect terminal board wire connections for termination with lugs conforming to SAE-AS7928 of each conductor at the terminal board connections.

2 of 4 ITEM NO: 009-16 FY-18 3.4.1 Remove existing and install new lugs in place of those identified to be missing or defective, using 2.5 for accept or reject criteria. New lugs shall conform to SAE-AS7928.

(V) "INSPECT WIRE MARKERS"

3.5 Inspect for missing and defective conductor identification sleeving.

3.5.1 Remove existing and install new conductor identification sleeving in place of those identified to be missing or defective, using 2.5 for accept or reject criteria. New conductor identification sleeving shall conform to SAE-AMS-DTL-23053, Class One, white, marked with indelible ink.

3.5.1.1 Conductor identification sleeving shall be marked in accordance with 2.1.

3.6 Correct discrepancies identified in terminal board connections in accordance with 2.1 and as modified by applicable field changes identified on the field change accomplished plate.

(V) "INSPECT FOR SLACK"

3.7 Inspect existing cabling and cable harnesses between hinged parts and between chassis and parts which are subject to removal for slack to prevent breaking of individual wires by repeated flexing and for chafing protection.

3.7.1 Provide slack in accordance with Paragraph 2-15 of 2.4 to prevent breaking of individual wires.

3.7.2 Install new chafing protection in accordance with Paragraph 2-15 of 2.4.

3.8 Tie loose harness lacing in accordance with Paragraph 2-15.2 of 2.4.

3.9 Secure loose wiring harness clamps and install new plastic clamps where identified to be missing or defective, in accordance with Paragraph 2-15.3 of 2.4.

3.10 Adjust relays and burnish contacts in exposed type relays and switches.

3.11 Remove high spots on pinion and gear teeth by stoning.

3.12 Adjust and align mechanical components in accordance with 2.1.

3.13 Assemble equipment, using 2.1 for guidance.

3.13.1 Tighten loose controls and hardware. Free-up binding in moving parts, controls, switches, chassis slides, and runners.

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ITEM NO: 009-16 FY-18 3.13.2 Lubricate equipment in accordance with 2.1.

3.13.3 Install heat-dissipating tube shields conforming to MIL-DTL-24251.

3.14 Bond and ground equipment in accordance with 2.6 through 2.8.

3.15 Energize the equipment; calibrate, adjust, and align to achieve optimum operational characteristics in accordance with 2.1.

3.16 Update field change accomplished plate to indicate completed field changes when the Work Item directs the installation of new field changes.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

4.2 Shipboard Electromagnetic Compatibility Improvement Program (SEMCIP) Technical Assist Network (STAN) referred to in 3.1.4 is available at https://www.nde.navy.mil.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 009-17 | | | | | | |
|--------|-----|--------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | | | | | |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II | | | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Rotating Electrical Equipment; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 Equipment Technical Manual
- 2.3 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant General
- 2.4 S9086-KE-STM-010/CH-302, Electric Motors and Controllers
- 2.5 S9086-KN-STM-010/CH-310, Electric Power Generators and Conversion Equipment
- 2.6 S9086-HN-STM-010/CH-244, Propulsion Bearings and Seals
- 2.7 S6260-BJ-GTP-010, Electrical Machinery Repair, Electric Motor, Shop Procedures Manual
- 2.8 S9310-AC-HBK-010, Commutator/Slip Ring Maintenance Handbook
- 2.9 MIL-STD-1310, Shipboard Bonding, Grounding, and Other Techniques for Electromagnetic Compatibility, Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Mitigation, and Safety

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish preliminary repair preparations as follows:

3.1.1 Prior to disconnecting equipment:

3.1.1.1 Record and retain electrical hook-up data.

3.1.1.2 Inspect couplings for cracks, broken segments, wear, and misalignment in excess of tolerances specified in 2.2. Record and retain air gap readings. Record and retain bearing clearances for sleeve bearing equipment only. 3.1.2 Identify associated cables and wiring. Disconnect equipment mechanically, using 2.2 for guidance.

3.1.2.1 Matchmark, identify, and retain chocks, shims, shock mounts, sound damping pads, and other accessories associated with equipment.

3.1.2.2 Record shaft thrust and run out readings.

 $3.2\,$ Remove equipment including rotating components connected directly to the shaft.

3.2.1 Remove entire vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan assemblies from the duct system and transport to the shop for repair.

3.3 Inspect foundations for cracks, areas of distortion, and deterioration in excess of 25 percent of the thickness of each member of the structure.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing inspection results, missing parts, defective parts, measurements taken for electrical hook up data recorded in 3.1.1.1, mechanical inspection required by 3.1.1.2 through 3.1.2.2, and structural inspection required in 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.5 Matchmark, disassemble, and inspect the equipment removed in 3.2, using 2.2 through 2.7 for guidance.

3.5.1 Inspect and dimensionally measure end bells, frame, rabbet fits, shaft, sleeve and pedestal bearings, keyways, fan and running surfaces for wear, eccentricity, and other defects, using 2.2 for accept or reject criteria, and 2.6 for location and type of measurements to be taken. Record data.

3.6 Accomplish 500-volt megger insulation resistance test, using Paragraphs 300-3.2.2 through 300-3.2.3, 300-3.4.8, 300-3.4.11, and 300-5.3.7.1 of 2.3 for guidance. Record data.

3.6.1 Disconnect solid-state devices and ground temperature-sensing leads prior to measuring insulation resistance of windings.

3.7 Accomplish a DC resistance test of windings, using a Wheatstone or Kelvin bridge, or with an ohmmeter capable of resolving one milliohm (0.001 ohm). Record phase balance for multi-phase equipment, using Paragraph 5.21 of 2.7 for guidance. Record data.

3.8 Accomplish a voltage surge test in accordance with Paragraphs 300-3.5.4 through 300-3.5.5 of 2.3. Record data.

3.9 Accomplish a DC HI POT test in accordance with Paragraph 300-3.5.2 through 300-3.5.2.3.4 of 2.3. Record data.

2 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-17 FY-18 3.10 Accomplish a Polarization Index Test in accordance with Paragraph 300-3.4.12 of 2.3. Record data.

3.11 Measure resistance value of each winding temperature detector, heater, and heater strip using low voltage ohmmeter. Record data.

3.12 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.5 through 3.11 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.13 Clean the equipment and windings in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.1 through 300-4.5.5 of 2.3.

3.13.1 Dry the equipment by placing it in an oven in accordance with Paragraph 300-5.3.2.3 of 2.3.

3.13.2 For motors with a Vacuum Pressure Insulation (VPI) Sealed Insulation System, ensure the motor winding temperature does not exceed 220 degrees plus 10 degrees Fahrenheit (104 degrees plus 6 degrees Celsius) during the drying process.

3.14 Allow to cool to ambient temperature and accomplish a 500-volt megger insulation resistance test, using Paragraphs 300-3.2.2 through 300-3.2.3, 300-3.4.8, 300-3.4.11, and 300-5.3.7.1 of 2.3 for guidance. Record data.

3.15 Accomplish a DC HI POT test in accordance with Paragraphs 300-3.5.2.3 through 300-3.5.2.3.4 of 2.3. Record data.

3.16 Repeat cleaning, drying, and testing in 3.13 through 3.15 if DC HI POT test readings are questionable, or if insulation resistance readings (minimum of 500 Meg Ohms for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System) are not in accordance with the following:

3.16.1 DC generators and motors (except propulsion and auxiliary generators for submarines) including exciters, Table 300-3-4 of 2.3.

3.16.2 DC propulsion generators and motors and DC auxiliary generators for submarines, Table 300-3-5 of 2.3.

3.16.3 AC generators and motors other than propulsion, Table 300-3-6 of 2.3.

3.16.4 AC propulsion generators and motors, Table 300-3-7 of 2.3.

3.17 If satisfactory readings are not obtained after the second cleaning, repeat 3.13 through 3.15.

3.18 Notify the SUPERVISOR if satisfactory readings are not obtained after a third cleaning.

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3.19 Accomplish a DC resistance test of windings, using a Wheatstone or Kelvin bridge, or with an ohmmeter capable of resolving one milliohm (0.001 ohm). Record phase balance for multi-phase equipment, using Paragraph 5.22 of 2.7 for guidance. Record data.

3.20 Accomplish a voltage surge test in accordance with Paragraphs 300-3.5.4 through 300-3.5.5 of 2.3. Record data.

3.21 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing winding defects such as opens, grounds, shorts, reversed or unbalanced coil groups or phases, incorrect connections, cracked or brittle insulation, and loose bands, fillers, wedges, and connections to the SUPERVISOR.

3.21.1 Include test results from 3.14 through 3.17, 3.19 and 3.20.

3.22 Protect the windings and machined surfaces. Accomplishment of cleaning and painting requirements for equipment housing exterior, including fan(s) and interior and exterior of each end bell shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.23 Inspect and test non-wound rotors for loose or cracked bars, localized overheating, and rubbing in accordance with 2.7. Inspect wound rotors, slip ring leads, and armatures for insulation damage and burns/hot spots. Inspect for loose coils and slot wedges. Inspect slip rings and commutators for damage and for wear limits, using 2.2 for criteria. Record data.

3.24 Inspect brush rigging for cracks, chips, worn areas, distortion, spring condition, and insulating material for cracks and arc paths. Record data.

3.25 Inspect leads and terminal lugs for damage and defects. Identify and tag leads with aluminum wrap-around bands with metal stamped or embossed markings. Record data.

3.26 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.23 through 3.25 to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "VARNISH TEMPERATURE, VISCOSITY, AND GEL TIME TESTS"

3.27 Select the proper insulating process based on winding insulation classifications and to meet state or local air pollution standards.

3.27.1 Select varnish methods and material, using Paragraphs 300-4.5.8 through 300-4.5.8.2 of 2.3 for guidance.

3.27.1.1 Maintain the varnish in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.8.3 through 300-4.5.8.3.3 of 2.3 and the varnish manufacturer's instructions.

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ITEM NO: 009-17 FY-18 3.27.1.2 Maintain a current revision of the varnish manufacturer's instructions on storage, maintenance, and use of the type of varnish to be applied.

3.27.1.3 Maintain a record of varnish temperature, viscosity and, for solventless varnish, gel time tests. Tests must show varnish is within varnish manufacturer's recommendations and have been accomplished in the intervals specified by the varnish manufacturer. The record must also show that the varnish is being stored as recommended by the varnish manufacturer.

3.27.1.4 Delete the requirements of 3.27 through 3.27.1.3 for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

3.28 Varnish windings in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.8.2 of 2.3 and the varnish manufacturer's instructions.

3.28.1 Do not immerse the leads.

3.28.2 Wipe surfaces that affect assembly, such as rabbet fits and mounting flanges, with a cloth moistened with a solvent after draining and before baking.

3.28.3 Delete the requirements of 3.28 through 3.28.2 for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

3.29 Remove excess varnish run-off from the component locations described in 3.28.2, after baking. Apply a thin coat of air-dry varnish to metal surfaces exposed by the removal process in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.5.8.5 and 300-4.5.8.6 of 2.3.

3.29.1 Delete the requirements of 3.29 for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

3.30 Repeat tests described in 3.14, 3.15, 3.19, and 3.20.

3.30.1 Delete the requirements of 3.30 for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

3.31 Accomplish an AC HI POT test in accordance with Paragraphs 300-3.5.3 through 300-3.5.3.2.9 of 2.3. Record data.

3.31.1 Delete the requirements of 3.31 for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

3.32 Accomplish a 500-volt megger insulation resistance test, using Paragraphs 300-3.2.2 through 300-3.2.3, 300-3.4.8, 300-3.4.11, and 300-.3.7.1 of 2.3 for guidance. Record data.

3.32.1 Delete the requirements of 3.32 for motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

3.33 Measure resistance value of each winding temperature detector, using a low voltage ohmmeter. Record data.

3.34 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.30 through 3.33 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.35 True the commutator or collector rings. Eccentricity shall not exceed the requirements of 2.8. Resurface or machine each individual collector ring to the same exact diameter to allow symmetrical brush holder to ring clearance spacing. Ensure metal shavings are not permitted to contaminate the rotor or stator assembly.

3.35.1 Each cut shall not exceed 0.010 inch. Finish thickness shall not be less than design wear tolerance as shown in 2.2.

3.35.2 Undercut the mica between the commutator bars with the edge of the mica not exceeding a depth of 5/64-inch below the bars.

3.35.3 Chamfer the bar edges and remove rough surfaces in accordance with Paragraph 7-4.1.3 of 2.8.

3.35.4 Burnish the commutator with a very fine commercial burnishing stone conforming to A-A-58052. Polish collector rings to a mirror finish.

3.36 Accomplishment of the balancing requirement for each rotating assembly shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.8).

3.37 Accomplish the following for the brush rigging:

3.37.1 Disassemble the brush rigging.

3.37.2 Remove foreign matter.

3.37.3 Replace existing cadmium-plated parts with zinc in accordance with ASTM A 153.

3.37.4 Recondition threads of plated parts.

3.37.5 Assemble brush rigging.

3.38 Repair lightly scored areas of frame, end bells, and shaft by manual methods. Recondition threads and fit key to keyway. Visually inspect keyway for deformed, cracked or chipped edges or high spots. Verify that fit between key and key-seat sides has a minimum clearance of 0.002 inch or maximum interference of 0.0005 inch. High spots in keyway may be removed by machining or grinding. Do not unnecessarily repair any keyway; instead, use a step key up to a maximum of 0.010 inch oversize and, where possible,

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ITEM NO: <u>009-17</u> FY-18 include a radius in step. If key tightness cannot be corrected with a step key, re-machine worn/damaged keyways to recommended over-sizes as follows: Maximum of 0.015 inch oversize for a 1/8-inch key and increasing oversize allowance of 0.010 inch for each 1/8-inch increase in key size up to a maximum of 0.075 inch. If key tightness cannot be corrected by keyway repair, replace part involved.

3.38.1 Apply a thin coat of petrolatum to unpainted mating surfaces except for explosion-proof motors, which shall have clean, dry mating surfaces.

3.39 Prepare and refinish equipment. Protect machine surfaces, windings, and nameplates from being painted or otherwise damaged.

3.39.1 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting requirements for housing, fan, and interior and exterior of each end bell shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.40 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting requirements for foundations of equipment removed in 3.2 shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.41 Accomplish the following on equipment having other than sleeve-type bearings unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item, using 2.7 for guidance.

3.41.1 Except as indicated in 3.41.1.1 (utilizing Attachment A for guidance), install new bearings, seals, fittings, lock washers, and locknuts conforming to 2.2, using 2.6 and Chapter 6 of 2.7 for guidance.

3.41.1.1 Install Type 111, Class 8 (double seal), bearings in motors meeting the criteria identified in Chapter 6 of 2.7. Only double seal bearings identified in Chapter 6 of 2.7 are acceptable for use.

3.41.1.2 For vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan motors not meeting the criteria of Chapter 6 of 2.7, if not originally furnished or already accomplished during previous repair, install Type 111, Class 8 (double seal), bearings with a C3 (greater than normal) radial internal clearance in place of the Type 111 bearing originally furnished. Install Type 120 bearings in vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan motors originally furnished with Type 120 bearings.

3.41.1.3 Install new label plates with the inscription "DO NOT LUBRICATE" on equipment using double seal bearings (Type 111, Class 8, or Type 120).

3.41.1.4 For equipment converted from re-lubricable bearings to double seal bearings, install pipe plugs on all grease fills and drains.

3.41.1.5 For equipment converted from lubricated bearings to double seal bearings, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable

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ITEM NO: <u>009-17</u> FY-18 media, of a report that reflects the change in the maintenance requirements for the converted motor to the SUPERVISOR.

3.41.2 For equipment not using double seal bearings, lubricate bearings with grease conforming to DOD-G-24508 as required in Paragraphs 244-1.7.7.2 and 244-1.7.7.3 of 2.6.

3.42 Assemble the equipment disassembled in 3.5, using 2.2 through 2.7 for guidance.

3.42.1 Do not use materials containing silicone in the repair and assembly of equipment with commutator or collector rings.

3.42.2 Install new gaskets on covers, inspection plates, and between the external connection box and the frame. Gaskets shall conform to MIL-PRF-1149 unless otherwise specified in 2.2.

3.42.3 Set brush holders not less than 1/16-inch or more than 1/8inch from commutator or collector rings unless otherwise specified in 2.2.

3.42.4 Set brush holders in electrical neutral plane and stagger brushes for maximum coverage of the commutator, in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.7.7.1.10 of 2.3.

3.42.5 Center the brush holder over the collector rings.

 $$3.42.5.1\ \mbox{Ensure}$ the brushes do not extend beyond the edge of the collector rings.

3.42.6 Install new brushes in accordance with 2.2. Sand new brushes to fit curvature of the commutator or collector rings in accordance with Paragraph 6-3.5 through 6-3.5.4 of 2.8.

3.42.6.1 Brushes shall have a surface contact of 100 percent and shall not be chipped, cracked, or broken.

3.42.6.2 Remove sand, carbon, and other foreign matter resulting from fitting new brushes.

3.42.7 Adjust spring tension of brushes in accordance with 2.2.

3.42.8 Adjust air gap as specified in 2.2, plus or minus 10 percent.

3.42.9 Rotate shaft by hand a minimum of 3 revolutions. Rubbing or binding of rotating assembly shall not be allowed.

3.42.10 Install label plates conforming to MIL-DTL-15024 for those identified to be missing or damaged.

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(V) "NO-LOAD SHOP TEST"

3.43 Accomplish a no-load shop test of the motor for a minimum of one-half hour.

3.43.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.43.2 After one-half hour, record current and voltage in each phase, speed and bearing temperature rise measured on the equipment's exterior near each bearing.

3.43.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the recorded data to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "OPERATIONAL SHOP TEST (FOR VANEAXIAL/TUBEAXIAL FANS - ASSEMBLY COMPLETELY REASSEMBLED)"

3.44 With the vaneaxial/tubeaxial fan reassembled, accomplish an operational test for one hour after bearing and stator temperatures stabilize within one degree Celsius for 3 consecutive 15-minute intervals.

3.44.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.44.2 Record current, voltage, frame and bearing temperature rise and speed at 15-minute intervals.

3.44.2.1 Bearing temperatures shall not exceed 180 degrees Fahrenheit, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item or equipment technical manual.

3.44.3 Measure and record hot insulation resistances of winding to ground immediately upon completion of the operational shop test, using a 500-volt megger.

3.45 Install equipment removed in 3.2.

3.45.1 Align equipment in accordance with 2.2. Measure and record facial and peripheral coupling data.

3.45.1.1 Install chocks, shims, shock mounts, and sound damping pads.

3.45.1.2 Accomplishment of pump and driver shaft alignment shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.10).

3.45.2 Connect electrical cables to equipment, using data retained in 3.1.1.1.

 $3.45.3\ {\rm Bond}$ and ground equipment in accordance with 2.9, using new ground straps.

9 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-17 FY-18 3.45.4 Rotate shaft by hand a minimum of 3 revolutions. Rubbing or binding of rotating assembly shall not be allowed.

3.45.5 Measure and record the air gap and bearing clearance (sleeve bearing equipment only), insulation resistance (at 500 volts DC), and thrust.

(V) (G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.46 (For continuous duty motors) Accomplish an operational test of the assembled equipment at full system capacity for one hour after bearing and stator temperatures stabilize within one degree Celsius for 3 consecutive 15-minute intervals, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item. When temperatures do not stabilize in four hours, stop test and contact the SUPERVISOR.

3.46.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.46.2 Verify/establish oxide film coating of the commutator/ collector rings, using 2.8 for guidance

3.46.3 Record current, voltage, frame and bearing temperature rise, and speed at 15-minute intervals. Frame and bearing temperature rise and speed is not required for vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan assemblies.

3.46.3.1 Bearing temperatures shall not exceed 180 degrees Fahrenheit, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item or equipment technical manual.

3.46.4 Measure and record hot insulation resistances of windings to ground immediately upon completion of test, using a 500-volt megger.

3.47 (For two speed motors) Accomplish an operational test at low speed in accordance with 3.46. Repeat 3.46 for high speed.

3.47.1 Accomplish the requirements of 3.46.1 through 3.46.4.

3.48 (For limited duty motors) Accomplish the requirements of 3.46 for a period of time equal to the duty cycle of the motor.

3.48.1 Accomplish the requirements of 3.46.1 through 3.46.4. For motors with a duty cycle equal to or less than 30 minutes, record data every 10 minutes.

3.49 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing data recorded in 3.44.2, 3.44.3, 3.45.1, 3.45.5, 3.46.3, and 3.46.4 to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual, Allowance Parts List (APL) (if applicable) and drawings will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

10 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-17 FY-18 4.2 Shop test of generator will be addressed in the invoking Work Item.

4.3 The use of silicone is not allowed on any rotating electrical machinery containing brushes.

4.4 The purpose of 3.13.2, 3.16, 3.27.1.4, 3.28.3, 3.29.1, 3.30.1, 3.31.1, and 3.32.1 is to ensure the integrity of motors with a VPI Sealed Insulation System.

4.5 Utilize Attachment A for determination if the Navy's motor bearing conversion program for Extended-Life Double Seal (ELDS) ball bearings is permissible).

4.6 MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, for Quiet Operation) bearings are considered to be Long Lead Time (LLT) material. It is recommended these bearings be provided as Government Furnished Material (GFM).

4.7 Data received in 3.41.1.5 shall be used by the SUPERVISOR for the purpose of initiating action ensuring shipboard databases such as the Equipment Guidance List (EGL) are updated to reflect the change in maintenance requirements for converted motors. Additionally, where APL changes are initiated to convert to ELDS bearings, a COSAL feedback report shall be submitted, providing the NSN and part number for the ELDS bearing by the SUPERVISOR. Utilize the following website to initiate changes to Technical Manuals, APLs, etc.: http://www.navy311.navy.mil.

4.8 If balancing of rotating equipment of 3.36 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-15 "Rotating Machinery; balance" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.9 If cleaning and painting of 3.22, 3.39.1, or 3.40 is required, the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.10 If pump and driver shaft alignment of 3.45.1.2 is required, the use of Category II Standard Item 009-58 "Pump and Driver Shaft Alignment; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

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ATTACHMENT A

1. To reduce motor maintenance and repair costs, the NAVY has implemented a program that allows for the use of Extended Life Double Seal (ELDS) bearings.

2. LIMITATIONS: The ELDS program does NOT apply to motors that are under the cognizance of NAVSEA 08.

3. APLs for motors meeting the conversion criteria requirements have been modified to identify ELDS bearings. In these cases, the APL bearing criteria will override any specifications delineated in the equipment technical manual or the motor "Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM)" drawings. If ELDS bearings are not indicated in an APL, the following motor criteria must meet the applicability specifications for motors to undergo conversion to ELDS bearings:

3.a Motor must be installed on a surface ship and must NOT be under the cognizance of NAVSEA 08.

3.b Commercial motors are not eligible. Motors must have been furnished to the NAVY in accordance with MIL-DTL-17060 (Motors, Alternating Current, Integral Horsepower, Shipboard use), MIL-M-17413 (Motors, Direct Current, Integral H.P., Naval Shipboard [NAVY]) or MIL-M-17059 (Motors, 60 Cycle, Alternating Current Fractional H.P. [Shipboard Use]).

3.c Motors using one or more noise-quiet bearings per MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation) are NOT eligible for ELDS conversion.

3.d Bearings originally furnished with the motor must be Type 111 bearings per FF-B-171. Motors are NOT to be considered as candidates for ELDS conversion in situations where the equipment technical manual and/or the OEM motor drawings originally specified FF-B-171 bearings but have notes indicating that replacement bearings are to be in accordance with MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation).

3.e The use of ELDS bearings is limited to motors where the full load speed and the size of both bearings are as follows:

1. Maximum bearing size 306 or 206 and full load rpm between 1,801 and 3,600 rpm.

2. Maximum bearing size 313 or 213 and full load rpm between 1,201 and 1,800 rpm.

3. Maximum bearing size 318 or 218 and full load rpm less than 1200 rpm.

4. The repair process using ELDS bearings includes the following requirements:

4.a Only ELDS bearings, in accordance with the following table (Attachment A / Table 1), can be used. Other double seal bearings will not provide an acceptable bearing life.

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Attachment A / Table 1

ELDS Bearings NSNs and Part Numbers

| SIZE | P/N | NSN |
|------|-----------------|------------------|
| 201 | 6201-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0221 |
| 202 | 6202-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-0233 |
| 203 | 6203-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-0234 |
| 204 | 6204-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-6636 |
| 205 | 6205-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9166 |
| 206 | 6206-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9165 |
| 207 | 6207-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9164 |
| 208 | 6208-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9170 |
| 209 | 6209-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9252 |
| 210 | 6210-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-1831 |
| 211 | 6211-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-518-0937 |
| 303 | 6303-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-493-3750 |
| 304 | 6304-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9153 |
| 305 | 6305-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9158 |
| 306 | 6306-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9159 |
| 607 | 6307-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9161 |
| 308 | 6308-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9167 |
| 309 | 6309-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9168 |
| 310 | 6310-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-490-6683 |
| 311 | 6311-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0223 |
| 312 | 6312-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-490-6848 |
| 313 | 6313-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0191 |

| 314 | 6314-2RS1C3GHY | 3110-01-492-0226 |
|-----|-----------------|------------------|
| 315 | 6315-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-494-0993 |
| 316 | 6316-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0188 |
| 317 | 6317-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0219 |
| 318 | 6318-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-493-3749 |

4.b Both bearings of each converted motor must be ELDS bearings.

4.c A label plate must be permanently attached to the motor indicating "Do Not Lubricate".

4.d Grease fills and drains, if present, must be fitted with a pipe plug, securely fastened. Fittings to accommodate grease guns must be replaced with pipe plugs."

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18(CH-1)

| ITEM | NO: | 009-18 | | | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|------|--|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 07 | MAR | 2017 | | | | |
| CATEG | ORY : | : | I | | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Magnetic Material; control

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 801-5844249, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-1
- 2.2 800-5977033, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-2
- 2.3 801-6134737, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-3
- 2.4 800-6135526, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-4
- 2.5 801-6356761, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-6
- 2.6 800-6787960, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-7
- 2.7 801-6356761, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-8
- 2.8 801-6645302, Location of Magnetic Material MCM-9 thru 14
- 2.9 524-7048237, IF Engine Emergency Cutout Valve
- 2.10 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners
- 2.11 508-6644926, Insulation and Lagging Schedule, Pipe and Machinery

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide and implement a procedure for maintaining a maximum permeability factor of 2.0 on board mine warfare ships and craft for material and equipment installed, repaired, or relocated during the accomplishment of work required by the Job Order. The procedure shall have been reviewed and accepted by the SUPERVISOR prior to the implementation.

3.1.1 The procedure requires a one-time submittal/acceptance unless Standard Items and/or references change or are updated.

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3.1.2 Describe a receipt inspection system to verify Government, contractor, and subcontractor furnished material is in compliance with the permeability limits.

3.1.3 Describe controls used in fabrication work to ensure compliance with the permeability limits after fabrication.

3.1.4 Describe the method used to determine magnetic content of materials removed from or brought on board the ship or craft including monitoring station locations.

3.1.5 Identify type of instrumentation, conforming to Method 3 of ASTM A 342, used to measure the magnetic permeability of material.

3.1.6 Describe the record and reporting system utilized to list material required, but determined to have exceeded the permeability factor 2.0 after fabrication and the maximum dimension of the part exceeds 2 inches or the maximum dimension of all parts having a similar function in a 30 foot section of the ship exceeds 60 inches. This list shall include material and equipment removed, repaired, installed, or relocated. The record and reporting system shall contain description, magnetic dimensions, approximate weight, location installed on board ship or craft, and a record verifying that the item is contained in the current Location of Magnetic Material electronic database, a new database entry made for previously NAVSEA-approved items missing an entry or both a new entry made and waiver granted for new items or substitutions. Use 2.1 thru 2.8 as applicable, and the electronic database to determine if the 60 inches in 30 foot rule above is met.

3.2 Maintain or reduce permeability of items at or below 2.0, including proposing alternative materials for existing designs to the SUPERVISOR. Where alternatives are not possible or practical, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report in the format of Attachment A, to document repaired or replaced items in excess of the magnetic material control limit of 3.1.6. Ensure the part number, permeability range, and magnitude and location match component material and design. Equipment which is magnetic and not currently authorized by applicable NAVSEA drawing or technical manual (i.e., substitution or new item) additionally requires evaluation and acceptance by the SUPERVISOR prior to installation.

3.3 Verify the following attributes on all reinstalled magnetic material, whether in accordance with current design or not, to minimize magnetic signature.

3.3.1 Vendor or stock number matches or crosses to NAVSEA document, if per current design.

3.3.2 Magnetic field location is limited to areas appropriate to the component (e.g., solenoids).

3.3.3 Magnetic permeability is appropriate for the specified material. Measured permeability will be affected by material, geometry, location temperature and degree of magnetization.

3.3.4 400 Series Monel and 304 CRES can be weakly magnetized by machining or welding; permeability must be less than 5 in accordance with Note 3.07 of 2.9.

3.3.5 Material Upgrades: Technical documentation may be used in lieu of surveys for identification for items that could become magnetic even if not when installed.

3.3.5.1 Upgrade low energy, non-safety critical system fasteners which are magnetic or potentially so, such as carbon steel, 304 CRES and 400 Series Monel to 500 Series Monel or 316L CRES as appropriate for the working environment. Replacement fasteners must be of identical thread size, type, shape and fit.

3.3.5.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of all proposed replacement fasteners with costs and sizes to the SUPERVISOR for approval prior to procurement.

3.3.5.3 Upgrade mechanical wire which is magnetic or potentially so, such as carbon steel wire used for lagging pad installation in accordance with 2.10, to 500 Series Monel or 316L CRES lockwire in accordance with Paragraph 5.5.1 of 2.11. Replacement wire must be of equivalent size.

3.3.5.4 Select 500 Series Monel or 316L CRES as appropriate for the working environment for items with material not specified in NAVSEA documentation, such as the lagging pad hooks and washers of 2.11.

3.3.5.5 Upgrade non-critical load bearing hardware which is magnetic or potentially magnetic, such as carbon steel, 304 CRES and 400 Series Monel hinges, hasps, latches, chair swivels, corner reinforcements, etc., to 500 Series Monel or 316L CRES as appropriate for the working environment.

3.3.5.6 Upgrade electrical fittings which are magnetic or potentially magnetic, such as carbon steel, 304 CRES and 400 Series Monel stuffing tube packing nuts, cover plates, knockout plugs, etc., to 500 Series Monel, 316L CRES or Underwriter's Laboratory fire rated nylon or plastic as appropriate for the working environment.

3.3.6 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report furnishing documentation provided by supplier, as required by 3.1.6.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The magnetic field of mine warfare ships and craft consists of the superposition of the magnetic field from 4 basic sources: ferrous field,

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ITEM NO: 009-18 FY-18(CH-1) eddy current field, ship service stray field, and minesweep generator stray field. The stray field sources are the electric currents in cables and wiring associated with the operation of the equipment of the ship or craft. The ferrous field and eddy current field sources are as follows:

4.1.1 Ferrous Field Source: The ferrous field sources are the items on or part of the ship or craft which use a material in their construction that exhibits a relative magnetic permeability different than 1.0, the relative magnetic permeability of air. Each ferrous field source acts like a bar magnet whose magnetic field depends upon the material's relative magnetic permeability, volume (not mass), and shape of the earth's magnetic field. At a point or location external to a ferrous field source, the magnetic field of this source is essentially the same whether the source is hollow (such as a block or pedestal). A material whose relative magnetic permeability is 2.0 or less is arbitrarily defined to be nonmagnetic when used in conjunction with mine warfare ships and craft; otherwise, the material is said to be magnetic. Whether the material of an item is classified magnetic or nonmagnetic, according to the above arbitrary definition, a change in relative magnetic permeability of the material will, in general, result in a change in the magnetic field associated with this item.

4.1.2 Eddy Current Field Source: The eddy current field sources are the items on or part of the ship or craft which use a material in their construction that exhibits an electrical conductivity. A material whose electrical conductivity is less than 10.0 percent of the electrical conductivity of copper (5.8 x 10⁵/cm at 20 degrees Centigrade) is arbitrarily defined to be nonconductive when used in conjunction with mine warfare ships and craft; otherwise, the material is said to be electrically conductive. Each eddy current field source acts like a generator when it oscillates in the earth's magnetic field due to the rolling and pitching of the ship or craft. The current in this source, resulting from the generator action, has associated with it a magnetic field – an eddy current field. The magnitude of this field is dependent upon the conductivity of the material, the size of the electrical path in the material, the cross-sectional area of the electrical path, and the orientation of the source with respect to the earth's magnetic field due to the rolling and pitching of the ship or craft.

4.1.3 If an item is both highly magnetic and electrically conductive, such as mild steel or steel, the ferrous field will mask out the eddy current field. If an electrically conductive item is located inside a highly magnetic enclosure, such as mild steel or steel, the enclosure will mask the magnetic effects of its contents and will appear as if it were a solid magnetic block.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will provide written direction for accomplishment of one of the following prior to reinstallation of temporarily removed existing or new material/equipment as a result of the deviation request.

4.2.1 Authorization for deviation request.

4.2.2 Identification and authorization of an acceptable Contractor Furnished Material (CFM) substitute material or equipment.

4.2.3 Receipt of an acceptable Government Furnished Material (GFM) substitute material or equipment.

4.2.4 Technical direction and information for manufacturing of acceptable material or equipment.

4.2.5 Other direction as determined acceptable by the ship class planning yard or higher authority.

ATTACHMENT

А

| MCM-xx E | Date Installed/Noted | Magnetic Component | Permeability Range | System/ESWBS | Compartment # | Frame # | Port or Starboard | Location Description (distance from reference point) | Material | Size of Magnetic Portion | Authorizing Document(s) (tech manual, DWG) | Data Recorder Name | Data Recorder Company | Shipbuilding Specialist | Work Item # | IDR # | PN | NSN | Comments |
|----------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|---|----------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|-------|----|-----|----------|
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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-19 | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 30 JUL 2015 | | | | | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | | | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD); provide

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 9090-1500, Policies and Procedures Manual, Provisioning, Allowance, and Fitting Out Support (PAFOS), Chapter 4, Provisioning
- 2.2 Interactive Computer Aided Provisioning System (ICAPS)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD) in accordance with 2.1, for all new and/or modified Contractor Furnished (CF), Allowance Parts List (APL) worthy, Hull, Mechanical, and Electrical (HM&E) and/or Electronics components. PTD shall include a Provisioning Parts List (PPL) and Engineering Data for Provisioning (EDFP).

3.1.1 PPL shall identify each part subject to failure/replacement, or required for maintenance of the component, and shall include the following SAE GEIA-STD-0007 Data Product Deliverables (DPDs):

| 3.1.1.1 | Provisioning Contract Control Number (PCCN) |
|---------|---|
| 3.1.1.2 | Provisioning List Item Sequence Number (PLISN) |
| 3.1.1.3 | Indenture Code for non-electronic components |
| 3.1.1.4 | Reference Designation for electronic components |
| 3.1.1.5 | Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code |
| 3.1.1.6 | Reference Number |
| 3.1.1.7 | Item Name |
| 3.1.1.8 | Quantity Per Assembly (QPA) |
| 3.1.1.9 | Quantity Per End Item (QPEI) |

3.1.1.10 Unit of Issue (UI)
3.1.1.11 Unit of Issue Price (UI Price)

3.1.1.12 Component Identification Data (CID): Enter all available data

3.1.2 Ship Level Provisioning Parts List (SLPPL) shall include items determined not to be APL worthy in accordance with Appendix G of 2.1, and shall include the SAE GEIA-STD-0007 DPDs identified in 3.1.1.

3.1.3 Statements of Prior Submission (SPS) shall be submitted in lieu of PTD, whenever PTD that meets the requirements of the contract has previously been furnished to the Government. An SPS certifies that all replacement parts are identical to those provided by the previously furnished PTD. The SPS shall apply to the end item or to any component thereof and shall include:

3.1.3.1 End item part number3.1.3.2 Manufacturer's CAGE3.1.3.3 Manufacturer's drawing number and revision3.1.3.4 RIC (APL number)

 $3.1.3.5\,$ Certification statement certifying that all replacement parts are identical to those identified by the APL or previously furnished PTD

3.1.4 If there are any changes to replacement parts, a PTD package (PPL and EDFP) that identifies the changes shall be submitted in lieu of an SPS.

3.2 An EDFP shall be provided with each PPL and SLPPL submittal. EDFP shall be marked with Distribution Statements in accordance with DoD Directive 5230.24.

3.3 Provide a Contractor Furnished Material (CFM) report and a copy of the Purchase Order and receipt document for each procurement of equipment or components for which PTD or SPS is required. The report shall include:

3.3.1 Contract number

3.3.2 Contractor's purchase order number

- 3.3.3 Description of material
- 3.3.4 Quantity ordered
- 3.3.5 Date scheduled to be ordered

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ITEM NO: 009-19 FY-18 3.3.6 Date ordered

3.3.7 Date required to meet production schedule

3.3.8 Proposed receipt date

3.3.9 A summary listing any problem areas

3.3.10 Date submitted to SUPERVISOR

3.3.11 Alteration number

3.3.12 Drawing and piece number

3.3.13 Manufacturer

3.3.14 Manufacturer's part number

3.3.15 Date received

3.3.16 Work Item number

3.3.17 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the CFM report to the SUPERVISOR no later than 30 days after the Job Order award, every 14 days up to availability start date, within 10 days after availability start date, then monthly thereafter to End of Availability (EOA).

3.4 Submit data for PPLs and SLPPLs via 2.2, or in accordance with the ICAPS compatible format identified in Appendix K of 2.1. Submit SPSs in approved transferrable media (spreadsheet or document) within 20 days after the installation of the contractor's component or equipment.

3.4.1 Submit PTD via the SUPERVISOR to:

NSWCCD-SSES Attn: Code 9451 5001 S. Broad St. Philadelphia, PA 19112-5083 E-mail: Charles.R.Simmons@navy.mil

4. NOTES:

4.1 EDFP is required for all systems or equipment that are acquired for Navy use and for which PTD is being acquired. EDFP is the data acquired to support Line Material Item supportability analysis. It is the technical data that provides definitive identification of dimensional, material, mechanical, electrical, or other characteristics adequate for provisioning of the support items of the end article(s) on contract. EDFP consists of but is not limited to data such as specifications, standards, drawings, photographs, sketches

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ITEM NO: <u>009-19</u> FY-18 and descriptions, and the necessary assembly and general arrangement drawings, schematics, drawings, schematic diagrams, wiring and cable diagrams, etc. This data is necessary for the assignment of Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability (SMR) codes to assignment of Item Management Codes, prevention of proliferation of identical items in the Government inventory, maintenance decisions, and item identification necessary in the assignment of a National Stock Number (NSN).

4.2 2.1 is available at:

http://www.nslc.navsea.navy.mil/nslcprod/pafos.nsf

4.3 2.2 is available for download from:

https://nedcchrgw.dc3n.navy.mil

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-20 | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 JUL 2014 | | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Government Property; control

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Part 45, Government Property

- 2.2 Defense FAR Supplement (DFARS) Part 245, Government Property
- 2.3 Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.245-1, Government Property

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide and maintain a property control system for government property in accordance with 2.1 and 2.2. The property control system shall include the following functional elements, modified by the additional requirements in the following paragraphs:

- 3.1.1 Property Management
- 3.1.2 Acquisition
- 3.1.3 Receiving
- 3.1.4 Identification
- 3.1.5 Records
- 3.1.6 Movement
- 3.1.7 Storage
- 3.1.8 Physical Inventories
- 3.1.9 Reports
- 3.1.10 Consumption
- 3.1.11 Utilization

3.1.12 Maintenance

3.1.13 Subcontractor Control

3.1.14 Disposition

3.1.15 Contract Property Close-out

3.2 Provide for receipt of Government Furnished Property (GFP) as follows:

3.2.1 Submit the names and signatures of persons authorized to receive and account for GFP to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2 Inspect GFP immediately upon receipt for possible shipping damage.

3.2.2.1 Note any damage on carrier's copy of the Government Bill of Lading and notify the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2.2 Forward one signed copy of the Shipping Document (DD Form 1348-1) and one copy of the Bill of Lading to the SUPERVISOR.

 $3.2.3\,$ Inspect GFP within 5 days of receipt to verify conformance with description and requirements.

3.2.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report within 2 days after inspection to the SUPERVISOR listing product quality deficiencies, including the following:

3.2.4.1 Date discovered
3.2.4.2 National Stock Number (if applicable)
3.2.4.3 Nomenclature
3.2.4.4 Manufacturer
3.2.4.5 Manufacturer's Part Number/Identification Number
3.2.4.6 Contract Number
3.2.4.7 Item condition (new or overhauled/repaired)

3.2.4.8 A specific description of the defect(s), listing drawing or technical manual dimensions, required and actual

3.2.4.9 If material is defective due to mishandling, rust, or moisture

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3.2.5 Notify the SUPERVISOR immediately upon discovery of loss, damage, destruction, or theft of Government property.

3.2.5.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report in accordance with 2.3 to the SUPERVISOR within 5 days of the discovery.

3.3 Maintain records for GFP, containing the following information:

3.3.1 Ship's name and hull number

3.3.2 Job Order and Work Item numbers

3.3.3 Date received

3.3.4 Shipping document or Bill of Lading number

3.3.5 Date issued

3.3.6 Unit price and quantity

3.4 Dispose of government property as follows:

3.4.1 Return material purchased from the Government under the Cash Sale (Bailment) procedure and not incorporated into the end product being procured under the contract, or consumed directly in the performance of such contract, to the Government at the contractor's expense in the same condition as received. Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of turn-in document (DD 1348-1) showing material returned for credit, to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4.2 Process material permanently removed from the ship for replacement, substitution, or elimination, whether serviceable or not, including equipment units, parts, and items determined by the SUPERVISOR to be of value to the Government as follows. A written certification shall accompany the inventory schedule submitted to the SUPERVISOR for equipment that has been purged of fluorocarbon or halon materials.

3.4.2.1 Inventory, identify, and tag or otherwise mark such property. Identification shall include ship's name and hull number, Job Order and Work Item numbers, part number/stock number, and item description.

3.4.2.2 Assemble equipment prior to delivery to the Government except as specifically directed in the Work Item.

3.4.2.3 Remove values or drill holes in empty gas cylinders prior to delivery to the Government.

3.4.2.4 Remove the chemicals from firefighting bottles, remove valves/stems, triple rinse the bottle, and stencil the bottle "Triple Rinsed".

3 of 4

ITEM NO: <u>009-20</u> FY-18 $3.4.2.5\,$ Clean each item to be disposed of free of grease and/or substances considered to be hazardous in nature prior to delivery to the Government.

3.4.2.6 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the inventory to the SUPERVISOR. The inventory shall be signed by the contractor's representative and submitted when directed by the SUPERVISOR, or in any case, immediately following the completion of each Job Order.

3.5 Submit Final Termination of Inventory Report within 14 days after completion of availability.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-21 | | |
|-----------|--------|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | JUL | 2014 |
| CATEGORY: | | I | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Logistics and Technical Data; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Complete Attachment A for all Government Furnished Material (GFM) and Contractor Furnished Material (CFM) equipment or components installed or permanently removed. This applies to all configuration changes, including alterations and repairs.

3.1.1 Provide individual Attachment A forms for each piece of equipment or component, including contractor submission and SUPERVISOR receipt signatures.

3.1.2 Submit data required by Attachment A, in approved transferrable media (spreadsheet or word processing document), to the SUPERVISOR no later than 5 days after installation or removal of GFM and CFM equipment or components from shipboard system(s).

3.2 Submit all copies of technical manuals, Maintenance Index Pages (MIP), and Maintenance Requirements Cards (MRC) received with GFM and CFM equipment to the SUPERVISOR no later than 5 days after receipt of equipment.

3.3 Data received in 3.2 required for installation and testing will be provided to the contractor.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

ITEM NO: 009-21 FY-18

ATTACHMENT A EQUIPMENT/COMPONENT LOGISTICS AND TECHNICAL DATA NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM 009-21

INSTALLED/REMOVED DATE:

| ALL DATA FIELDS ARE MANDATORY FILL. WRITE "NONE" WHERE NOT APPLICABLE. | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SHIP NAME: HULL: | | | | | |
| SPEC PKG. NO.: AUTHORITY (WORK ITEM): | | | | | |
| ACTION: RIC: | | | | | |
| SHIP CHANGE DOCUMENT (SCD)/SHIPALT NO: | | | | | |
| SERIAL NUMBER: | | | | | |
| ITEM UNIQUE IDENTIFIER (IUID)/UNIQUE ITEM IDENTIFIER (UII): | | | | | |
| VALVE MARK/ELECTRICAL SYMBOL NUMBER: | | | | | |
| QUANTITY: SHIPBOARD LOCATION: | | | | | |
| RIC NOMENCLATURE: | | | | | |
| TM(S) RECEIVED: | | | | | |
| PMS MIP/MRC'S RECEIVED: | | | | | |
| OBRP(S) RECEIVED: | | | | | |
| INSTALLATION DRAWING NO: | | | | | |
| RIC CHARACTERISTICS: | | | | | |
| 1. MFR - | | | | | |
| 2. MFR DWG - | | | | | |
| 3. MFR ID - | | | | | |
| 4. NSN - | | | | | |
| CIRCLE ONE: GFM or CFM | | | | | |
| COMMENTS: | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| REPORTING CONTRACTOR: | | | | | |
| PRINTED NAME: | | | | | |
| SIGNATURE: | | | | | |
| RECEIVING SUPERVISOR: | | | | | |
| PRINTED NAME: | | | | | |
| SIGNATURE: | | | | | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | NO: | 00 |)9-23 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Interference; remove and install

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 0948-LP-045-7010, Material Control Standard
- 2.3 0924-LP-062-0010, Submarine Safety (SUBSAFE) Requirements Manual
- 2.4 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant-General
- 2.5 NAVSEA OD32382, Grounding and Bonding Equipment Enclosures, Chassis and Cases, Design and Installation
- 2.6 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Shipboard Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Do not remove components from the following systems as interferences, except when the scope of work requires repairs to components of these systems or when specified in the Work Item:

3.1.1 Main steam and catapult systems

3.1.2 Gaseous oxygen piping systems which operate at pressures higher than 100 PSIG, liquid oxygen piping from oxygen plant to the liquid oxygen charging carts, and the overboard drain piping from the liquid oxygen storage plant and spillage drain

3.1.3 Degaussing systems3.1.4 Electric cables which cannot be removed without cutting3.1.5 Hydraulic systems

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 $3.1.6\,$ High pressure air systems. High pressure air systems are those systems designed for pressures of 1,000 PSIG or greater.

ITEM NO: <u>009-23</u> FY-18 3.1.7 Life support systems

3.1.8 Cryogenic systems

3.1.9 Spring hangers

3.1.10 Ship's strength members involving structural integrity

3.1.11 Halon systems

3.1.12 LEVEL I systems in accordance with 2.2

3.1.13 Sonar dome pressurization system

3.1.14 Passive countermeasure materials

3.1.15 Ballistic plating

3.1.16 Waveguides

3.1.17 Collective Protection System (CPS)

3.1.18 MRG Lube oil piping

3.1.19 For submarines and SUBSAFE capable ships only, in addition to the systems identified above, SUBSAFE components/systems in accordance with 2.3 $\,$

3.1.20 For nuclear-powered ships only, in addition to the systems identified above, steam plant systems that carry steam, water, or gas and which introduce these fluids either directly or indirectly into the steam generators, including:

3.1.20.1 Main Steam
3.1.20.2 Steam Generating
3.1.20.3 Feed
3.1.20.4 Condensate
3.1.20.5 Auxiliary Steam/Reduced Pressure Steam
3.1.20.6 Auxiliary Exhaust Steam
3.1.20.7 Gland Seal and Exhaust Steam
3.1.20.8 Bleed Steam
3.1.20.9 High Pressure Drain

ITEM NO: 009-23 FY-18 3.1.20.10 Reserve Feed (except for reserve feed day tanks in surface ships)

3.1.20.11 Fresh Water Drain/Low Pressure Drain/Turbine Drain Catapult Steam Drain (up to catapult fill/charging valves and associated high-pressure drain system)

3.1.20.12 Catapult Trough Heating and Drain Systems

3.1.20.13 Main Steam Supply to reboiler and reboiler drains to the Deaerating Feed Tank (DFT) $\,$

3.1.20.14 Heating steam and condensate return piping to and from distilling units and lithium bromide air conditioners

3.1.20.15 Those portions of the propulsion plant makeup water distribution system downstream of the distiller output or reverse osmosis outlet demineralizer used to supply water directly or indirectly to the steam plant

3.1.20.16 Nitrogen supply system used for sparging of aircraft carrier steam generators

3.1.20.17 Reactor Plant Fresh Water System (RPFW), Propulsion Plant Fresh Water System (PPFW), and Steam Generator Cooldown

3.1.20.18 Support systems (such as nitrogen systems, hydrostatic test rigs, and temporary steam generator makeup systems), which add water, steam, or gas directly or indirectly into steam generators

3.1.20.19 Any other systems or components governed by NAVSEA Instruction C 9210.4 $\,$

3.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report of components of the systems listed in 3.1 that must be removed as interferences and the work is not required by the Work Item, to the SUPERVISOR. The report shall list the following information:

3.2.1 Identification of the item to be removed or disturbed:

3.2.1.1 Location/Space

3.2.1.2 Item description (e.g., piping size, valve number, cable identification, gage number, etc)

3.2.1.3 System

3.2.2 Necessity for the action

3.2.3 Protective measures which will be taken to protect equipment from damage or contamination

3 of 6 ITEM NO: 009-23 FY-18 3.2.4 Alignment procedures and details for tests that will be accomplished to verify acceptability after reinstallation

3.3 The SUPERVISOR will review and respond to the report required by 3.2 and if removal of the components is approved, an appropriate change to the Work Item will be prepared.

3.4 Visually examine interferences prior to and during removal for previous damage and deterioration.

3.4.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing previously damaged and deteriorated interferences to the SUPERVISOR within 5 days after removal.

3.5 Material containing asbestos that requires removal as an interference shall not be reinstalled.

3.5.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing location and system identification of asbestos removed and non-asbestos installed which has not been identified elsewhere in the Job Order, to the SUPERVISOR.

3.6 Remove interferences.

3.6.1 Protect interferences from damage or loss and prevent contamination of removed components and remaining parts of the system.

3.6.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing interferences removed to the SUPERVISOR within 5 days of removal. The report shall identify and include the following information for each interference that was disturbed:

3.6.2.1 Location/Space

3.6.2.2 Item description (e.g., piping size, valve number, cable identification, gage number, etc)

3.6.2.3 System

3.6.3 When energized components (e.g., lights, receptacles, sensors) greater than 30 volts are removed for interference and a path to ground will no longer exist, a temporary ground shall be installed before the component is disconnected from its permanent ground connection. Verify ground connection exists and that it is securely fastened with metal-to-metal contact in accordance with 2.4.

3.6.3.1 Components will be adequately secured to a permanent structure so that there is no tension/stress on cable/energy source.

3.7 Install interferences removed in 3.6.

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ITEM NO: 009-23 FY-18 3.7.1 Install interferences that were neither reported as previously damaged or deteriorated, nor rendered unsuitable for reinstallation during removal.

3.7.2 Install interferences reported in 3.4.1 in the as-found condition or after authorized repairs have been accomplished.

3.7.3 Install new material in place of material rendered unsuitable for reinstallation during removal or storage.

3.7.3.1 New material shall be equal in composition, strength, design, type, and size as existed prior to removal of the interferences.

3.7.3.2 Ground and bond AEGIS combat systems equipment and related electrical equipment enclosures, chassis, and cases in accordance with 2.5.

3.7.4 Accomplish the requirements of 2.6 for system cleanliness.

3.7.5 Accomplish the requirements of 009-12 of 2.1.

3.7.6 Accomplish the requirements of 009-71 of 2.1 for disturbed joints.

3.7.6.1 Test pressure and test medium shall be in accordance with 2.6.

3.7.7 Accomplish the requirements of 009-37 of 2.1.

3.7.8 Accomplish the requirements of 009-11 of 2.1.

3.7.8.1 Damaged reusable covers shall not be reinstalled.

3.7.8.2 Install new insulation, lagging, and reusable covers where missing.

3.7.9 Install new silicone coated aluminized cloth spray shields on mechanical joints and components in accordance with ASTM F 1138 in place of those removed as interference.

3.7.10 Install new gaskets and assemble in accordance with Section 5 of 2.6 when reinstalling interferences.

3.7.11 Accomplish the requirements of 009-32 of 2.1 for new and disturbed surfaces.

3.7.12 Restore compartment, equipment, and systems labeling.

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3.7.13 Accomplish the requirements of 009-26 of 2.1 for deck covering removed or damaged as interference.

3.7.13.1 New material shall be equal to existing in color and composition.

(V)(G) "STRENGTH, TIGHTNESS, AND OPERATIONAL TESTS"

3.8 Align and accomplish appropriate strength, tightness, system cleanliness, and operational tests and ensure that the reinstalled interferences perform their normal functions within the system.

 $3.8.1\,$ Tests shall be incorporated into the contractor's Test and Inspection Plan.

4. NOTES:

4.1 An interference is any part of a ship, whether installed or portable, that must be moved or disturbed in the accomplishment of work specified in the Job Order.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-24 | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Authorization, Control, Isolation, Blanking, Tagging, and Cleanliness; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)
- 2.3 9002-AK-CCM-010/6010, Industrial Ship Safety Manual (ISSM) for Submarines
- 2.4 S0400-AD-URM-010/TUM, Tag-Out User's Manual
- 2.5 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment
- 2.6 S9AAO-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)
- 2.7 0902-018-2010, General Specifications for Deep Diving SSBN/SSN Submarines
- 2.8 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Shipboard Piping Systems
- 2.9 845-4612172, Hydrostatic Test Blanks
- 2.10 MIL-STD-777, Schedule of Piping, Valves, Fittings, and Associated Piping Components for Naval Surface Ships
- 2.11 802-5959353, MIL-STD-777D Modified for DDG-51 Class, Schedule of Piping, Valves, Fittings, and Associated Piping Components
- 2.12 S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, Requirements for Fabrication Welding and Inspection, and Casting Inspection and Repair for Machinery, Piping, and Pressure Vessels

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the Work Authorization requirements of Volume IV, Chapter 10 of 2.2 for all non-nuclear work performed shipboard during Chief of

ITEM NO: 009-24 FY-18 Naval Operations (CNO) Availabilities, Continuous Maintenance Availabilities (CMAV), Window of Opportunity (WOO), or Emergent Maintenance (EM) Availabilities. Ensure all work on ship's systems and components is properly authorized and controlled in order to ensure rigorous personnel and ship safety standards are met. Include work such as planned maintenance, troubleshooting, corrective maintenance, and modernization and assessments.

3.1.1 Ensure all outside activity work (non-Ship's Force) on ship's systems and components, regardless of who performs the work, is formally authorized through a Work Authorization Form (WAF) completed and processed in accordance with Volume IV, Chapter 10 (including Appendix A) of 2.2. A copy of the authorized WAF shall be maintained at the worksite during productive work.

3.1.2 For submarines only, accomplish the Work Authorization requirements of Volume IV, Chapter 10 of 2.2 for safety of ship maintenance item identification, listing, and control, or the requirements of 2.3 for Ship's Plan of the Day (SPOD).

3.1.3 Maintain the WAF in the Work Authorization Log from the time of original authorization, through production work and testing, and until the WAF is formally closed out. When notified by the cognizant Repair Activity's (RA) designated representative that the work is complete and ready for tags to be cleared, the RA's designated representative will sign the WAF work completion block, then obtain ship's concurrence to clear the associated Tagout Record Sheet line item(s). Additional sign-offs required by the WAF for testing and closure shall be made as work progresses in accordance with Volume IV, Chapter 10 of 2.2.

3.1.4 When a WAF Coordinator (WAFCOR) is required in accordance with 009-106 of 2.1, all repair activities participating in the availability shall submit properly prepared WAFs to the Lead Maintenance Activity (LMA) WAFCOR for processing.

3.1.4.1 The Repair Activity (RA) responsible for the work shall complete blocks 1, 2, and 4 through 10 of the WAF and submit to the WAFCOR.

3.1.4.2 The WAFCOR shall obtain the appropriate WAF serial number from the Ship's Force WAF Log and enter it into block 3 of the WAF. The WAFCOR shall then submit the WAF to the ship's Watch/Duty Officer for processing blocks 11 through 14. The WAFCOR will sign block 14 for the RA.

3.1.4.3 The WAFCOR will issue a copy of the authorized WAF to the Repair Activity indicating authorization to begin work.

3.1.4.4 When work is complete, the RA will complete blocks 15 and 16 of the WAF in accordance with Volume IV, Chapter 10, Appendix A instructions of 2.2.

3.1.4.5 When all work and testing are completed, block 18 shall first be signed by the WAFCOR and then the SF Watch/Duty Officer shall be the final signature in block 18 to close the WAF.

3.2 Accomplish the requirements of 2.4 for equipment, systems, circuits, components, tanks, voids, piping, and valves that require isolation.

3.2.1 Ensure the isolation, de-energization, drainage of the isolated area, and depressurization of mechanical, electrical, electronics, and pressure system has been accomplished.

3.2.2 Train and qualify contractor's designated representative in the WAF and Tag-Out process in accordance with 2.2 and 2.4.

3.2.2.1 Maintain a current copy of the plan utilized to train and qualify contractor's designated representatives in accordance with 2.2 and 2.4 for reference by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR of revisions to the plan as they occur.

3.3 Accomplish the requirements of the contractor's lockout/tags-plus program for unmanned craft and barges in accordance with 2.5.

3.3.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of contractor's lockout/tags-plus program to the SUPERVISOR when requested.

3.3.2 Position equipment to achieve required isolation, by deenergizing, draining of the isolated area, and depressurization, and use lockout/tags-plus program when lock-out of equipment, systems, circuits, components, piping, or valves is required in accordance with 2.5.

3.4 Post warning signs and barriers and install temporary positive means to prevent closure or movement of components that create a safety hazard at hull and deck openings.

3.5 Provide and maintain a written record by work item using Attachment A (Accountability of Temporary Blanks and Plugs Check-Off Sheet), verifying installation and removal of temporary blanks/plugs used for Foreign Material Exclusion (FME), isolation of pressure boundaries, or hydrostatic testing. Include type, size, serial number, and associated system/equipment name or tank number and location including; frame, port or starboard, below or above water line.

3.5.1 Ensure the Accountability of Temporary Blanks and Plugs Check-Off Sheet (Attachment A) is at all tank closings; ensure the removal of blanks/plugs in tanks are verified and documented via signature on the checkoff sheet by Ship's Force representative and the SUPERVISOR prior to tank closing. 3.5.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or transferable media, of the Accountability of Temporary Blanks and Plugs Check-Off Sheet (Attachment A) to the SUPERVISOR upon each satisfactory tank closing to document blanks/plugs were removed.

3.5.2 Maintain the Accountability of Temporary Blanks and Plugs Check-Off Sheet (Attachment A) for the duration of the availability.

3.5.2.1 Maintaining the Accountability of Temporary Blanks and Plugs Check-Off Sheet (Attachment A) for material that has been removed from the ship is not required; however that material must be entered in the Accountability of Temporary Blanks and Plugs Check-Off Sheet (Attachment A) when material is returned to the ship.

3.5.3 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the completed Attachment A to the SUPERVISOR at the end of the availability.

3.6 Install identification tags on each removed piping section, valve, ventilation system, and equipment to indicate company name, ship's name, hull number, system, location, and Work Item number prior to removal from system. Tags must endure the repair process, and must stay attached and be readable until the removed piping section, valve, ventilation system, or equipment is reinstalled.

3.6.1 Include quantity when components are grouped/bagged/comingled together in a bucket or any other type of storage having only one identification tag.

3.6.2 Ensure FME is maintained on equipment removed from the ship.

3.7 Install and maintain blanks/plugs, nuts and bolts, painted blaze orange for use as FME immediately upon openings in equipment, valves, and piping systems not subject to pressure to prevent entry of foreign material and protect flanges and threaded areas. Existing system fasteners used for blanking that will be reused for installation are excluded from the requirement for blaze orange color. FME may be used for systems normally under pressure but are tagged-out for maintenance. The use of cloth, polyvinyl sheet, paper, tape, and rubber sheeting as FME is prohibited. All FME material must be applied with care, without using excessive force, to avoid damage to surfaces/components being protected.

3.7.1 Wood products, including damage control (DC) plugs are permitted for use as FME external to the ship for hull penetrations not in immediate vicinity of the flight deck. Wood products, including DC plugs, may be used as FME internal to the ship in piping and ventilation systems where permitted explicitly in the applicable Naval Ship's Technical Manual. DC plugs, wood, or wood products are prohibited for use in tanks/voids.

3.7.2 Piping, ventilation, and equipment components designated as scrap prior to removal do not need to be blanked to maintain cleanliness;

however, they shall be properly marked as scrap material prior to removal. Precautions shall be taken to preclude spillage of system contents.

3.8 Maintain the cleanliness of new, modified, repaired and disturbed non-nuclear piping systems and components of nuclear and non-nuclear powered naval vessels in accordance with 2.6 through 2.8. Cleanliness levels shall be as assigned in 2.6.

3.8.1 Maintain cleanliness at the following acceptance standard:

3.8.1.1 Cleanliness Level II: Surface shall be visually free of grease, oil, flux, scale, dirt, loose particles and any other contamination foreign to the base metal. Tap water residues on all metals and light superficial rust on carbon steel surfaces, caused by short time exposure to the atmosphere, are permitted. Light dust on cleaned surfaces is not objectionable, provided that the quantity and size of the particle does not adversely affect system operations.

3.8.1.2 Cleanliness Level III: Surface shall be reasonably free of contamination and any remaining residue on the surface does not interfere with system operations or damage system components.

3.8.2 Re-establishing local cleanliness status: Local cleaning is permitted in accordance with 505j4 of 2.6. If existing system cleanliness has been lost in a localized area (such as metal shavings deposited in a pipeline while removing a section for replacement), cleanliness condition can be re-established by locally swabbing, wiping, vacuuming, etc. the area to meet the cleanliness requirements of 505j2 of 2.6. Local cleaning is limited to piping sections which can be accessed directly and the results of cleaning fully observed without the aid of borescopes, mirrors or other devices.

(V) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.8.3 Verify that existing cleanliness was maintained.

3.8.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report identifying any location where cleanliness has not been maintained in accordance with 3.8.1 and cannot be restored by local cleaning in accordance with 3.8.2. Include the cause of system contamination and recommended actions for cleanliness recovery.

3.9 Install and maintain blanks/plugs, nuts and bolts, colored blaze orange that will be used for hydrostatic testing on equipment, valves, and piping systems in accordance with 2.9 to withstand maximum system pressure for systems which will serve as the primary or secondary barrier to support hydrostatic testing. Existing system fasteners used for blanking that will be reused for installation are excluded from the requirement for blaze orange color. Secure blanks in place with gaskets and fasteners in accordance with 2.10 and 2.11, or weld in place. Ensure welding requirements for blanks meet the same requirement as the piping welds, in accordance with 2.8, 2.12, and 009-12 of 2.1. The use of cloth, polyvinyl sheet, paper, tape, and rubber sheeting as blanks is prohibited. DC plugs, wood, or wood products are prohibited as blanks on pressurized systems, but may be used on nonpressurized systems to include gravity drain piping.

3.9.1 Ensure pressure blanks have a positive means of attachment for affixing tags. Tags must endure the repair process, and must stay attached and be readable until the blanks are removed. Include company/contractor name, Work Item number, WAF number, Contractor blanking/plugging log entry number, along with system/equipment/component name, number, and location.

3.10 Ensure blanks, plugs or cable end protection installed is removed and system/equipment is restored as soon as possible after completion of work. Ensure all tag-out requirements of 2.4 are followed.

4. NOTES:

4.1 JFMM (2.2), 6010 (2.3), and TUM (2.4) are available on-line at: https://www.submepp.csd.disa.mil/jfmm/index.htm

4.2 FME is used to maintain system cleanliness. Accomplishment of NSI 009-107 of 2.1 to restore cleanliness, should cleanliness be lost or suspected of being lost.

4.3 General piping system cleanliness is addressed in Section 505 of 2.6.

4.4 Cleaning requirements for specific systems are addressed in individual sections of 2.6 and 2.7.

4.5 The Lead Maintenance Activity (LMA) is defined in 2.2. MSRA/ABR contractors tasked with availability schedule management under 009-60/009-111 of 2.1 are considered the LMA.

4.6 MSRA/ABR contractors fulfilling the role of Lead Maintenance Activity under 2.2, or tasked with availability schedule managements under 009-60/009-111 of 2.1 are not "component contractors" and are responsible for the full scope of Repair Activity obligations under Volume IV, Chapter 10, of 2.2.

ATTACHMENT A

ACCOUNTABILITY OF TEMPORARY BLANKS AND PLUGS CHECK-OFF SHEET

COMPANY NAME

HULL AND AVAILABILITY

WORK ITEM NUMBER

| LOCATION, TANK NUMBER | TYPE, SIZE, | SERIAL NUMBER | DATE INSTALLED | MECHANIC'S NAME, BADGE NUMBER & SIGNATURE | DATE REMOVED | MECHANIC'S NAME, BADGE NUMBER & SIGNATURE | SHIP'S FORCE REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE | SUPERVISOR SIGNATURE |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-25 | | | | |
|-----------|--------|-----|------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | | |
| CATEGORY: | | IJ | [| | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Structural Boundary Test; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9AA0-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO), Chapter 192

3. REQUIREMENTS:

(I) (G) "COMPLETION AIR TEST"

3.1 Accomplish a completion air test of spaces in accordance with Section 192 of 2.1 and the following:

3.1.1 Install 2 independent pressure gages.

3.1.1.1 Gage range shall be such that the test pressure is in the middle third of the scale.

3.1.2 Install 2 relief valves set at a maximum of 10 percent above test pressure.

3.1.3 Install one vent valve.

3.1.4 The air source shall not exceed 25 PSIG and shall have a supply capability less than the exhaust capability of either relief valve.

3.1.5 Pressurize the tank/void/space to be tested to the pressure specified in the invoking Work Item.

3.1.5.1 Isolate the pressure source and hold pressure for 15 minutes for temperature stabilization prior to commencing the pressure drop test.

3.1.5.2 Measure the pressure drop of the tested space for 10 minutes. Allowable pressure drop shall be as specified in the invoking Work Item.

(I) "UNOBSTRUCTED FLOW"

ITEM NO: <u>009-25</u> FY-18

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3.1.6 Accomplish unobstructed airflow test of air escape and overflow piping.

(V) "VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.1.7 Accomplish a visual inspection of disturbed mechanical joints for leakage upon completion of filling each tank. Allowable leakage: None.

(I) (G) "RUNNING AIR TEST"

3.2 Accomplish a running air test of spaces in accordance with Section 192 of 2.1, and the following:

3.2.1 Install 2 independent pressure gages.

3.2.1.1 Gage range shall be such that the test pressure is in the middle third of the scale.

3.2.2 Install 2 relief values set at a maximum of 10 percent above test pressure.

3.2.3 Install one vent valve.

3.2.4 The air source shall not exceed 25 PSIG and shall have a supply capability less than the exhaust capability of either relief valve.

3.2.5 Apply a soapy solution to the opposite side of the structure, associated tank piping, overflow and air escape piping, and inspect for leaks.

3.2.6 Inspect for leakage by observing for formation of bubbles. Allowable leakage: None.

(I) "UNOBSTRUCTED FLOW"

3.2.7 Accomplish unobstructed airflow test of air escape and overflow piping.

(V) "VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.2.8 Accomplish a visual inspection of disturbed mechanical joints for leakage upon completion of filling each tank. Allowable leakage: None.

(I)(G) "AIR HOSE TEST"

3.3 Accomplish a local air hose test in accordance with Section 192 of 2.1 and the following:

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3.3.1 Air hose nozzle shall be placed at less than 3 inches, but greater than zero inches, from the area to be tested and pressure directed at the structure under test in a manner most likely to disclose leaks.

3.3.1.1 The minimum nozzle diameter shall be 3/8 inch and the nozzle pressure shall be 90 + - 5 PSIG as monitored at the nozzle.

3.3.2 Apply a soapy solution to the opposite side of the structure and inspect for leaks.

3.3.3 Inspect joint or fitting for leakage by observing for formation of bubbles. Allowable leakage: None.

(I) (G) "WATER HOSE TEST"

3.4 Accomplish a water hose test in accordance with Section 192 of 2.1 and the following:

3.4.1 Use a one and one-half inch hose with a minimum nozzle diameter of one-half inch. Pressure at the nozzle shall be 50 to 55 PSIG at a maximum distance of 10 feet from the surface being tested.

3.4.2 The stream of water shall be directed against the structure in a manner most likely to disclose leaks. The opposite side of the structure shall be inspected to detect and locate leaks. Allowable leakage: None.

(I) (G) "VACUUM BOX TEST"

3.5 Accomplish a local vacuum box test in accordance with Section 192 of 2.1 and the following:

3.5.1 Apply a soapy solution to the structure being tested.

3.5.2 Install a vacuum box with a clear cover over the entire joint or fitting being tested.

3.5.2.1 Install the vacuum box so that the pressure differential is in the direction of an air test.

 $3.5.3\,$ Draw a vacuum of at least 10.2 inches of mercury and inspect for leaks.

3.5.3.1 Inspect the joint or fitting for leakage by observing through the clear cover for no formation of bubbles.

(I) (G) "COFFERDAM TEST METHOD"

3.6 Accomplish a cofferdam test in accordance with Section 192 of 2.1 and the following:

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ITEM NO: 009-25 FY-18 3.6.1 Install the cofferdam over the joint or fitting to be tested so that the pressure differential will be in the same direction of an air test.

3.6.2 Pressurize the air space inside the cofferdam to the test pressure specified for the air test.

3.6.3 Apply a soapy solution to the opposite side of the structure being tested.

3.6.4 Inspect the joint or fitting for leakage by observing for formation of bubbles. Allowable leakage: None.

3.6.5 If the opposite side of the structure is inaccessible, an alternate method of proving tightness is to measure the drop in pressure within the cofferdam over a 10 minute period. The gasket and fittings in the cofferdam should be checked for leakage using a soapy solution. Allowable drop in pressure: None.

(I)(G) "CHALK TEST"

3.7 Accomplish a chalk test of each knife edge and gasket on watertight doors, hatches, and scuttles.

3.7.1 A chalk test may only be used as a preliminary test.

3.7.2 Apply chalk to the bearing surface of the knife edge and close the door, hatch or scuttle by normal procedure.

3.7.3 When the door, hatch or scuttle is opened, the chalk from the knife shall have been transferred to the gasket.

3.7.4 The chalk imprint shall be in the center three-fifths of the width of the gasket with 100 percent continuous contact of knife edge to gasket.

3.8 Repaired areas requiring a structural boundary test shall remain uninsulated and unpainted until completion of successful inspection and test.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Associated tank piping is defined as, "An assembly of pipe, tubing, valves, fittings, and related components forming a whole or a part of a system which starts or terminates in subject area, thus being common to and associated with same."

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NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18 (CH-1)

| ITEM NO: | 0 0 | 9-26 |
|-----------|--------|------|
| DATE : | 07 MAR | 2017 |
| CATEGORY: | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Deck Covering; accomplish

2. <u>REFERENCES</u>:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-1623, Fire Performance Requirements and Approved Specifications for Interior Finish Materials and Furnishings (Naval Shipyard Use)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 All deck coverings materials specified herein shall conform to the fire performance requirements of 2.2.

3.2 Maintain a current copy of the NAVSEA-reviewed Shipbuilders and Marine Paints and Coatings Product/Procedure Data Sheet (ASTM F718) for the NAVSEA-approved deck covering system specified in the invoking Work Item for reference by the SUPERVISOR. Where the ASTM F718 does not exist for a product, maintain a copy of the manufacturer's technical data sheets.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of specific documents when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2 All deck covering materials that are qualified to performance specifications (MIL-PRF) are to be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 product data sheet. The dry film thickness (DFT), temperature, relative humidity, and surface preparation requirements stated herein take precedence over the NAVSEAreviewed ASTM F718 data sheets if there is a conflict. The NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheets shall supersede any other manufacturer's ASTM F718 data sheets for that product, even if it is newer (more recent) than the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheets. Copies of the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheets are available from the Naval Surface Treatment Center (NST Center) website: http://www.nstcenter.biz.

3.2.3 Comply with the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTMF718s, manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and/or manufacturer's instructions submitted in 3.2 for safety and health precautions during the removal, handling, and application of deck covering products.

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3.2.3.1 Ensure that harmful vapors, fumes, and mists are ventilated to the exterior of the vessel.

3.3 Deck covering materials shall be stored in a cool, dry place, not exposed to freezing temperatures or direct sunlight, and shall be stored in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718s and/or manufacturer's instructions.

3.4 Accomplish an unobstructed flow test of each deck drain, using clean fresh water prior to the disturbance of existing deck covering. Verify that all deck DC fittings are free, removable, and operational.

3.4.1 If any defects are identified in 3.4, submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing defects found to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4.2 Blank or plug each drain to prevent entry of contaminants.

3.5 Accomplish removal of the existing deck covering in its entirety (including base cove where installed) for locations requiring installation of a complete deck covering system.

3.5.1 Remove unused remnants, clips, brackets, and weldments from decks and vertical surfaces receiving new deck coverings.

3.5.1.1 Chip and grind surfaces flush and smooth in way of removals.

3.6 Accomplish a visual inspection of each exposed piping penetration, deck drain, deck plating and bulkheads for structural integrity, deterioration, pitting, cracks, and areas of damage or distortion.

3.6.1 If any defects are identified in 3.6, submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing defects identified to the SUPERVISOR.

3.7 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for each deck surface, including up the adjacent vertical surfaces intersecting the deck up to one inch above the complete deck covering system level shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.4).

3.7.1 If solvent is used to clean the deck at any point in the installation process, the deck shall be allowed to dry before application of any coating. No visible solvent shall be present on deck surfaces prior to proceeding with the next process step.

3.7.2 Where waterproof membranes are to be installed, the required surface preparation and primer application shall be completed 5 inches up the adjacent vertical surfaces intersecting the deck.

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3.7.3 Decks receiving a MIL-PRF-3135 underlayment may also be primed using the primer or bond coat qualified as part of the deck covering system or MIL-DTL-24441, Type IV, Formula 150 at 4 to 6 mils.

3.7.4 Prior to the installation of MIL-PRF-3135, Type III or IV, underlayment, the surface preparation shall be an SSPC-SP 3 substrate (i.e. direct-to-substrate without primer).

(I) "VISUAL INSPECTION" (See 4.3)

3.8 Accomplish a visual inspection of the exposed base coat or underlayment surfaces (after removing the top coats in accordance with the applicable Attachment) for a deck covering system repair that requires resurfacing or partial replacement and not a complete installation.

3.9 Installation of deck coverings.

3.9.1 Install new rings and/or collars around each sounding tube and deck drain. New rings shall be CRES Grade 316, 3/8-inch high by 3/16inch thick and installed 1/4-inch peripherally to sounding tube or deck drain. Seal each ring and/or collar to the deck, using epoxy compound conforming to MIL-PRF-24176.

3.9.2 Install resin-based underlayment conforming to MIL-PRF-3135, Type III or IV, in way of low spots, dish pans, and high points that cannot be ground flush, to provide a smooth and fair surface. Slope and fair as required to ensure positive draining to deck drains where installed. See additional requirements in the applicable Attachment. Underlayment shall be installed in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718s and/or manufacturer's instructions and procedure submitted in 3.2 beneath the following deck covering materials: wear resistant deck tile, cosmetic polymeric, solid vinyl tile, vinyl composition tile, porcelain tile, and quarry tile.

3.9.2.1 If the deck may cause a tripping hazard or promote premature failure of the deck covering (i.e. not level, high weld seams), a MIL-PRF-3135 underlayment may be installed beneath carpet and electrical sheeting/matting as directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.9.3 Except where MIL-PRF-3135, Type IV underlayment is used, install a waterproof membrane in each wet space (as defined in Table 2) and in locations adjacent to wet space bulkheads where the coaming to deck joint is not 100 percent seam welded, and any other locations identified in the individual Work Item or as directed by the SUPERVISOR, where there is an increased likelihood of water penetration under the deck covering (e.g., around refrigerated vending machine foundations, AC spot cooler drains, spaces leading to the weather, etc.).

3.9.3.1 The membrane shall be in accordance with ANSI A118.10, and be certified by the manufacturer to be compatible with both the underlayment and the installed deck covering. The membrane shall be one

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continuous barrier covering the entire deck, including the cove base 100 mm (4 inches) up each vertical surface.

3.9.3.2 The use of a waterproof membrane is not required in areas where MIL-PRF-32171 products are used.

(I) (G) "VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.9.3.3 Accomplish a visual inspection of the completely installed and cured waterproof membrane. Ensure that the waterproof membrane is installed in accordance with 3.9.3 and is uniform and free of defects.

3.9.4 Where the prevention of condensation on certain decks, e.g. above ballast tanks, or to reduce heat flow to decks located over hot machinery spaces, especially where these decks form the deck tops of living spaces, insulating deck covering material shall be installed where designated by the SUPERVISOR. Install insulating deck covering material conforming to MIL-D-18873 or MIL-D-23134 in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718s and/or manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.5 Accomplish the requirements of Attachment A for the installation of new unglazed porcelain tile deck covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.6 Accomplish the requirements of Attachment B for the installation of new wear resistant deck tile covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.7 Accomplish the requirements of Attachment C for the installation of new, or the resurface of existing, cosmetic polymeric deck covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

 $3.9.8\,$ Accomplish the requirements of Attachment D for the installation of new electrical grade sheeting and matting deck covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.8.1 Electrical grade sheeting is a continuous deck covering acting as the primary deck covering system across the entire deck of a space.

3.9.8.2 Electrical grade matting is installed over the primary deck covering system in localized areas in way of electrical hazards.

3.9.9 Accomplish the requirements of Attachment E for the installation of new carpeting deck covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

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3.9.10 Accomplish the requirements of Attachment F for the installation of new vinyl composition and solid vinyl tile deck covering systems, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.11 Accomplish the installation of new light-weight concrete deck covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.12 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for each MIL-PRF-32171 high-durability deck paint and MIL-PRF-24667 nonskid applications shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.4).

3.9.12.1 Accomplish the requirements of Attachment G for the installation of new or replacement of slip resistant deck covering system, using the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 and/or the manufacturer's instructions.

3.9.13 MIL-DTL-15562 matting is required in areas where specific electrical hazards may exist in non-designated electrical spaces as designated by the SUPERVISOR.

3.9.14 Newly installed deck covering systems shall be allowed to stabilize at room temperature for 24 hours prior to foot traffic and must not be washed for 48 hours.

(I)(G) "VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.9.15 Accomplish a visual inspection of the completely installed and cured deck covering system. Ensure that each deck covering system is in accordance with Tables One and 2, and is uniform and free of defects. Deck coverings with a sealer coat installed shall have a continuous surface, free of blotchy areas, pooling, ridge marks or runs, with only negligible embedded surface contaminants. Air bubbles in the seal coat are acceptable; however, they shall not penetrate any other layers of the deck covering system. Imperfections that may cause premature failure or do not meet the above requirements shall be corrected before the surfaces are accepted.

(I) "UNOBSTRUCTED FLOW TEST AND POSITIVE DRAINING INSPECTION"

3.9.15.1 Remove each blank and plug installed in 3.4.2 and accomplish an unobstructed flow test of each deck drain (where installed), using clean, fresh water. No obstruction allowed. For wet space decks, accomplish a positive draining inspection, using a sufficient amount of clean, fresh water throughout each deck surface to ensure that new deck covering system slopes to the drains. Water shall flow to drains and not stand or puddle.

3.9.15.2 Upon completion of deck covering installation, verify all deck DC fittings are free, removable, and operational. Ensure deck drain covers, remote operating gear deck box covers, and other DC

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fittings have not been sealed over during the installation of sealer coats and/or deck covering installation are removable and operational.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Table One provides the deck covering systems for dry interior spaces. Table 2 provides the deck covering systems for wet interior spaces. Wet interior spaces are defined as interior compartments that are exposed to wet conditions or potential immersion resulting from equipment in space, exposure to weather, or other service conditions of the space. Column A lists the approved decking materials for each group of spaces. Column B lists where electrical grade sheeting or matting, MIL-DTL-15562, shall be used for non-designated electrical spaces where electrical hazards may exist in accordance with 3.9.13. Column C lists where nonskid shall be used in working areas around machinery and walking areas in accordance with 3.9.12.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will select type, color, and pattern of deck coverings (with input from Ship's Force when possible), using all available samples supplied by the manufacturer.

4.3 The exact location of work will be indicated in the invoking Work Item, including the type (and grade or class) of deck covering, the location (space name and number and if entire space, within the coaming, not under furniture, etc.) and the required Table, Line, and Column from 009-32 of 2.1 for surface preparation. Locations that are to retain underlayment or base coats shall also be indicated as such in the invoking Work Item (e.g., replacing deck covering down to existing underlayment or base coats, replacing deck covering systems down to bare substrate or partial replacement of existing deck covering system).

4.4 If cleaning and painting of 3.7 or 3.9.12 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

ATTACHMENT A CERAMIC TILE (QUARRY AND PORCELAIN)

1. Ceramic tile includes both porcelain and quarry tiles and shall be installed in locations listed in Table 2.

A. Ceramic tile shall meet the requirements of ANSI A137.1 (available from the Tile Council of North America) and be unglazed, with a minimum coefficient of friction (COF) of 0.7 dry and 0.6 wet when tested in accordance with ASTM C1028.

B. Adhesive and grout shall both be epoxy, chemical resistant, and water cleanable, in accordance with ANSI A118.3.

C. The underlayment shall be in accordance with 3.9.

D. Concrete.

(1) Fabricate and install box units around hard to reach areas, i.e., vent ducting, stuffing tubes, and pipe brackets.

(2) Apply concrete by pouring into boxed area to produce slope towards deck drains and to provide vertical surfaces and square corners that suit application of cove tiles.

(3) Remove box units after concrete is cured.

E. Adhesive (mortar) and tile.

(1) Apply an ANSI A118.3 epoxy adhesive to the deck and on vertical surfaces up 4 inches from the deck.

(2) Ceramic cove base and bull nose top pieces shall be used on the vertical portions of the tile system.

(3) The tiles shall be stored flat.

(4) The application and installation of adhesive and tile may have to be accomplished in sections if the area is so large as to prevent laying tiles within adhesive pot-life.

(5) Periodically lift a set tile and inspect to ensure that 100 percent contact between adhesive and tile is achieved and that there is no entrapped air in the adhesive.

(6) Tiles, adhesive and deck shall be allowed to stabilize to a temperature as close as practicable to room temperature, but in all cases between 64 degrees Fahrenheit and 81 degrees Fahrenheit for a period of 24 hours before, during, and after installation.

(7) The deck should be protected from traffic for 24 hours after installation and shall not be washed for 48 hours following installation.

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F. Grout.

(1) Mix and apply an ANSI, A118.3 epoxy grout by working it into tile seams to ensure air pockets are eliminated.

(2) Clean epoxy grout residue from the surface of the tile.

(3) Protect tile from foot traffic for a minimum of 24 hours.

G. Deck drain sealant installation. In the area between the tile, adhesive, and collar joint, install a waterproof sealant conforming to SAE-AMS-S-8802, Class B; MIL-A-46106, Group I, Type I; 3M 5200 Fastcure Marine Sealant; or NAVSEA-approved equivalent, around the entire circumference of the deck drain to the tile and adhesive interface.

ATTACHMENT B WEAR RESISTANT DECK TILE

1. Wear resistant deck tiles shall be installed in locations listed in Table One.

A. The wear resistant deck tile materials shall be qualified under MIL-PRF-32170.

B. The adhesive shall be as recommended by the manufacturer. For adhesive application, the substrate temperature shall be between 64 degrees Fahrenheit and 81 degrees Fahrenheit, with a maximum relative humidity of 75 percent. The temperature and relative humidity shall be stabilized for 24 hours prior to installation and for 24 hours following the installation.

C. Tile:

(1) Tiles, adhesive and sub-floor should be allowed to stabilize to a temperature as close as practicable to room temperature, but in all cases shall be between 64 degrees Fahrenheit and 81 degrees Fahrenheit for a period of 24 hours before, during and after tile installation.

(2) The tiles shall be stored flat.

(3) The deck should be protected from traffic for 24 hours after tile installation and shall not be washed for 48 hours following installation.

(4) Do not spring wear resistant deck tiles into position. Tiles requiring hand cutting <u>shall not be</u> cut oversize and then sprung (forced) into position. The tile shall be cut such that they fit neatly into position without a gap between them and not requiring bending or application by force. Tiles can be taped together with masking tape to pull joints together during curing of the adhesive.

(5) The deck should be rolled initially by hand with a vinyl seam roller. Two to 4 hours after application of the adhesive, but prior to adhesive setting, the tiled surface should be rolled with a 100 lb. floor tile roller to ensure a good bond between the tiles, adhesive, and sub-floor.

(6) Clean away excess adhesive before it is allowed to dry. For water based adhesive use a soft cloth moistened with denatured alcohol. Do not use mineral spirits, which will cause swelling and have a tendency to curl.

D. Seal all edges of the tile including penetrations for pipes, foundations, vents, and other structures with a waterproof sealant conforming to SAE-AMS-S-8802, Class B; MIL-A-46106, Group I, Type I; 3M 5200 Fastcure Marine Sealant; or NAVSEA-approved equivalent.

ATTACHMENT C COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECK COVERING

1. Cosmetic polymeric deck coverings shall be installed in locations listed in Tables One and 2.

A. The cosmetic polymeric deck covering materials shall be qualified under MIL-PRF-24613 and listed on the QPL.

B. If aggregate is required to meet the coefficient of friction (COF) requirements of MIL-PRF-24613, an aggregate (e.g., white aluminum oxide or glass beads) shall be included in the final seal coat to provide slip resistance.

C. The materials shall be stored at a temperature between 60 degrees Fahrenheit and 80 degrees Fahrenheit for best application properties.

D. Maintain deck surface and room temperature in accordance with the NAVSEA-reviewed manufacturer's instructions and procedures submitted in 3.2 for proper curing during application and for at least 24 hours after installation.

E. For complete replacement of color-flake deck coverings, apply base coat, color coat, color chips and sealer coat (as applicable for the specified Class) in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F-718s and/or manufacturer's instructions submitted in 3.2. Color chips shall be applied to the color coat in an even distribution, at an approximate 20 percent color chip area to total color coat area ratio. When multiple sealer coats are required, lightly abrade each sealer coat and solvent wipe the abraded surface before applying the next coat.

F. For resealing of color-flake deck coverings, abrade the existing sealer coat. Apply new color chips to maintain the approximately 20 percent chip coverage of the color coat and sealer coat in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F-718s and/or manufacturer's instructions. Repair localized areas of torn, punctured or defective base coat to achieve a consistent appearance. When multiple sealer coats are required, lightly abrade each sealer coat and solvent wipe the abraded surface before applying the next coat.

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ATTACHMENT D ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING AND MATTING

1. Electrical grade sheeting and matting shall be installed in locations listed in Table One.

A. The electrical grade sheeting and matting materials shall be qualified under MIL-DTL-15562.

B. The electrical grade sheeting adhesive shall be installed over the entire deck in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

C. Heat welded electrical seams shall provide a continuous surface to prevent a path for grounding. Where seams are inaccessible they shall be sealed with a waterproof sealant conforming to SAE-AMS-S-8802, Class B; MIL-A-46106, Group I, Type I; 3M 5200 Fastcure Marine Sealant; or NAVSEA-approved equivalent. Electrical matting seams shall not be within 914 mm (3 ft) of electrical/electronic equipment, panels, and workbenches. If this is unavoidable, heat-weld the seams to provide a continuous surface free of seams, craters, or porosities.

D. Seal all edges of the electrical sheet including penetrations for pipes, foundations, vents, and other structures with a waterproof sealant conforming to SAE-AMS-S-8802, Class B; MIL-A-46106, Group I, Type I; 3M 5200 Fastcure Marine Sealant; or NAVSEA-approved equivalent.

2. Exposed corners of electrical grade matting shall be rounded off.

A. Installation of the mat with adhesive is optional, but if the mat is installed without adhesive, an outline of the area covered by the mat shall be stenciled on the deck. Inside the outlined area the following shall be stenciled in 20 mm (0.8 inch) or larger letters: "ELECTRICAL GRADE MAT REQUIRED WITHIN MARKED LINES".

B. Over removable deck plates, the mats shall be installed without adhesive and marked as detailed above. Seams shall be backed with 20 mil thick polyvinyl chloride tape, with a high-tack adhesive, 7 kN/m (40 lb/in) breaking strength, a dielectric strength of 20,000 volts in accordance with ASTM D1000, and with a 50 mm (2-inch) minimum overlap under each side of the seam.

ATTACHMENT E CARPETING

1. Carpeting shall be installed in locations listed in Table One.

A. Carpets shall cover the deck completely, but shall be fitted around all permanently installed furniture.

B. Carpets shall be installed without pad over a primed steel or aluminum deck by a tackless procedure, or with an adhesive as recommended by the carpet manufacturer. For DDG 51-Class ships, acoustic insulation is authorized for use under carpeting in CO and XO cabins.

C. A clean, bright CRES or aluminum transition strip shall be installed to secure the edges of the carpet in foot traffic areas where the carpet abuts other deck covering.

ATTACHMENT F SOLID VINYL AND VINYL COMPOSITION TILE

1. Solid vinyl and vinyl composition tile shall be installed in locations listed in Table One.

A. Vinyl composition deck tiles shall conform to ASTM F1066, Class 2, and shall be 1/8-inch thick for maximum durability. Solid vinyl tile shall conform to ASTM F1700, Class III (commercial), Type B.

B. Vinyl tile epoxy adhesive shall be a qualified proprietary part of the new deck covering system applied in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed manufacturer's instructions and procedures submitted in 3.2.

C. Installations shall be bulkhead to bulkhead and squared off on adjacent stiffeners and stanchions. Where the exposed edge fails to butt up against a fitting or bulkhead, a vinyl beveled edge strip or a stainless/brass strip (one inch by 0.08 inch) shall be installed (with epoxy adhesive) to the deck to protect the edge.

D. Seal all edges of the tile including penetrations for pipes, foundations, vents, and other structures with a waterproof sealant conforming to SAE-AMS-8802, Class B; MIL-A-46106, Group I, Type I; 3M 5200 Fastcure Marine Sealant; or NAVSEA-approved equivalent.

ATTACHMENT G SLIP RESISTANT DECK COVERING (PEEL AND STICK NONSKID)

1. Slip resistant deck covering shall be installed in locations listed in Tables One and 2. Exterior applications for slip resistant deck covering are located in Table 2 of 009-32 of 2.1.

A. The slip resistant deck covering materials shall be qualified under MIL-PRF-24667, Type XI, Comp PS.

B. Spaces between adjacent pieces shall have a minimum gap of 1/2 inch and maximum gap up to 1-1/2 inches. This spacing should align with weld seams to the maximum extent practicable so as to avoid the material from bridging these seams.

C. For exterior applications only, seal all free edges of the slip resistant deck covering with the manufacturer's approved sealer. Verify that the sealer bead covers both the edge of the product and the substrate surface. The edge sealer shall be dry to the touch in accordance with ASTM D1640 prior to permitting foot traffic.

D. Slip resistant deck covering shall not be used in areas frequently contaminated with hydrocarbons (e.g. hydraulic fluid, fuel, oil) as well as pallet jack, and fork truck traffic areas.

E. Corners of slip resistant deck covering shall be rounded.

2. If approved by the SUPERVISOR, existing areas of slip resistant deck covering can be repaired by removing worn or damaged areas. Product removal shall be accomplished in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

3. Surfaces shall be prepared to a minimum surface preparation level of SSPC-SP 11 and be painted prior to application of the slip resistant deck covering.

A. If approved by the SUPERVISOR, for areas where the paint is intact, surface preparation and painting is not required. The surface shall be cleaned of all loose debris and be detergent washed or solvent wiped to remove all surface contaminants. Any existing areas of paint damage shall be touched up.

4. Slip resistant deck covering shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's documentation.

5. Color topping is authorized as required for safety markings.

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NOTES OF TABLES ONE AND 2 FOR SURFACE SHIPS

- (1) High durability deck paint, MIL-PRF-32171, Type I, has a significantly lower total ownership cost than all other decking materials.
- (2) The following list provides cosmetic polymeric, MIL-PRF-24613, decking Types in order of lowest total ownership cost: Type V or VI (single step, no initial seal coat, no top seal coat requiring periodic resurfacing), Type III or IV (single step, no initial seal coat, top seal coat requiring periodic resurfacing), Type I or Type II (multi-step, initial seal coat required, top seal coat requiring periodic resurfacing).
- (3) When no products are listed on wear resistant deck tiles, MIL-PRF-32170, Class 1, qualified products database (QPD), solid vinyl tile in accordance with Attachment F may be substituted.
- (4) Listed spaces may be designated as an electrical space, requiring electrical grade sheeting, MIL-DTL-15562. (For example: If the pilot house is designated an electrical space, the entire floor will require MIL-DTL-15562 sheeting.)
- (5) If MIL-DTL-15562, Type I, electrical grade sheeting is not installed in designated electrical spaces, then localized installation of MIL-DTL-15562, Type II or III matting is required in areas where specific electrical hazards may exist in accordance with 3.9.13.
- (6) Install slip resistant deck covering in working areas around machinery.
- (7) INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
- (8) Two-inch square, three-inch square, or four-inch square tiles shall be used.
- (9) Quarry tile shall be 0.5-inch by six-inch by six-inch.
- (10) Four-inch square, six-inch square, or eight-inch square tiles shall be used.

| TABLE ONE DRY INTERIOR SPACES | LINE | A PRIMARY DECK COVERING | B ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING OR MATTING | C SLIP RESISTANT DECK COVERING |
|--|------|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| LIVING AND WORKING SPACES (E.G. OFFICES AND BERTHING), MAIN PASSAGEWAYS, MESSING AREAS, BARBER SHOP, MANNED STOREROOMS AND SHIP'S STORE | 1 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 SEE NOTE (2) | ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING OR MATTING, MIL-DTL-15562, TYPE I, II OR III | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (4) & (5) | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | 2 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | 3 | WEAR RESISTANT DECK TILE, MIL-PRF-32170, CLASS 1 - OR -SOLID VINYL OR VINYL COMPOSITION TILE SEE NOTE (3) | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | | | | |
| PILOT HOUSE AND CONTROL STATIONS, CHART ROOM AND COMBAT INFORMATION CENTER | 4 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | | SEE NOTE (2) | | |
| | 5 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | 6 | WEAR RESISTANT DECK TILE, MIL-PRF-32170, CLASS 1 - OR -SOLID VINYL OR VINYL COMPOSITION TILE | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | | SEE NOTE (3) | | |
| FLAG QUARTERS, CO AND XO QUARTERS, TROOP CO | 7 | CARPET | | |
| QUARTERS SEE NOTE (1) | 8 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | | |
| | 9 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (2) | | |
| | 10 | WEAR RESISTANT DECK TILE, MIL-PRF-32170, CLASS 1 - OR -SOLID VINYL OR VINYL COMPOSITION TILE | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (3) | | |

| TABLE ONE DRY INTERIOR SPACES | LINE | A PRIMARY DECK COVERING | B ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING OR MATTING | C SLIP RESISTANT DECK COVERING |
|---|------|---|---|---|
| WARDROOM, CPO LOUNGE, LIBRARY, CLASSROOM AND CHAPEL | 11 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | | SEE NOTE (2) | | |
| | 12 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | | |
| | 13 | WEAR RESISTANT DECK TILE, MIL-PRF-32170, CLASS 1 - OR -SOLID VINYL OR VINYL COMPOSITION TILE | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (3) | | |
| MEDICAL AND DENTAL SPACES SEE NOTE (1) | 14 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | | |
| | | SEE NOTES (2) | | |
| | 15 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | | |
| LABORATORY SPACES, DESIGNATED ELECTRICAL SPACES (E.G. CCTV CONTROL ROOMS, ELECTRIC POWER | 16 | ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING, MIL-DTL-15562, TYPE I | | |
| CONVERSIONS, IC AND GYRO ROOMS, RADAR ROOMS, AND | | SEE NOTE (5) | | |
| CONTROL ROOMS), AND ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONIC WORKSHOPS | 17 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | 18 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | | SEE NOTE (2) | | |
| CARPENTER AND MACHINE SHOPS AND OTHER SHOP SPACES | 19 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | SAME AS LINE ONE | NONSKID DECK COVERING, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE XI, COMP PS |
| | | | | SEE NOTE (6) |
| SIDE PASSAGEWAYS (INTERIOR) ONLY SERVING SHOP SPACES (NOT MAIN PASSAGEWAYS) | 20 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | | |
| CARGO AMMUNITION HOLDS (BETWEEN DUNNAGE TRACKS) | 21 | LIGHT WEIGHT CONCRETE, MIL-DTL-21631 | | SAME AS LINE 19 |
| MACHINERY SPACES (EXCLUDING BILGES) IN WORKING AREAS | 22 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 19 |
| DRY GOODS STOREROOMS | 23 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | | |

| TABLE ONE DRY INTERIOR SPACES | LINE | A PRIMARY DECK COVERING | B ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING OR MATTING | C SLIP RESISTANT DECK COVERING |
|----------------------------------|------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| AIR LOCKS AND LIGHT TRAPS | 24 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | | |
| OTHER INTERIOR SPACES | 25 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 19 |

| TABLE 2 WET INTERIOR SPACES | LINE | A PRIMARY DECK COVERING | B ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING OR MATTING | C SLIP RESISTANT DECK COVERING |
|---|------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| SANITARY SPACES (WASHROOMS, WATER CLOSETS, AND SHOWERS) | 1 | PORCELAIN TILE | | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | | SEE NOTE (8) | | |
| | 2 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | |
| | 3 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (2) | | |
| SMALL ENCLOSED SPACES ADJOINING SANITARY SPACES (HOT WATER HEATER SPACES, CG LOCKER, ETC.) | 4 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (2) | | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | 5 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | |
| FOOD SERVICE SPACES (GALLEY, SCULLERY, BUTCHER SHOP. | 6 | QUARRY TILE | | |
| BAKERY, MEAT PREPARATION ROOMS, FOOD SERVICE LINES) | | SEE NOTE (9) | | |
| SEE NOTE (1) | 7 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | |
| | 8 | PORCELAIN TILE | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (8) | | |
| TRASH COMPACTOR ROOMS | 9 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, | | NONSKID DECK COVERING, |
| SEE NOTE (1) | | MIL-PRF-24613 | | MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE XI, COMP PS |
| | | SEE NOTE (2) | | SEE NOTE (6) |
| | 10 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | 11 | QUARRY TILE | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | | SEE NOTE (9) | | |
| WALKING AREAS OF OTHER WET WORKING SPACES (NIXIE ROOMS, ETC.) | 12 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | SAME AS LINE 9 |

| TABLE 2 WET INTERIOR SPACES | LINE | A PRIMARY DECK COVERING | B ELECTRICAL GRADE SHEETING OR MATTING | C SLIP RESISTANT DECK COVERING |
|------------------------------------|------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| LAUNDRY FACILITIES SEE NOTE (1) | 13 | COSMETIC POLYMERIC DECKING, MIL-PRF-24613 SEE NOTE (2) | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | 14 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | 15 | PORCELAIN TILE SEE NOTE (10) | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| AFFF STATIONS | 16 | AFFF STATION DECK COATING, MIL-PRF- 32171, TYPE IV | | |
| OTHER MANNED SPACES | 17 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| OTHER UNMANNED SPACES | 18 | HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT, MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III | | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-27 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Material Identification and Control (MIC) for Level I System; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 0948-LP-045-7010, Material Control Standard
- 2.3 S9086-GY-STM-010/CH-221, Boilers

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide and maintain a Material Identification and Control (MIC) System in accordance with 2.2 for both Government furnished and contractor furnished materials utilized in the installation, alteration, and repair of systems or portions of systems designated as MIC LEVEL I by Work Items in the Job Order. The system shall be described in a written procedure that shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for review and approval prior to implementation. The procedure requires a one-time submittal/approval unless the Standard Items change and/or references change or are updated. The Material Identification and Control program for Level I Materials shall be subject to periodic conformity audits by the SUPREVISOR throughout the contract period. This procedure shall specifically address, as a minimum, the following:

3.1.1 Assignments of responsibility for identification and control of LEVEL I material including working level instructions for:

3.1.1.1 Procurement of pre-certified LEVEL I material from an authorized LEVEL I certifying activity or National Stock System.

3.1.1.2 Inspection of pre-certified LEVEL I material in accordance with Section 3.4 of 2.2.

3.1.1.3 Storage of LEVEL I material including segregation from non-LEVEL I materials.

1 of 2

ITEM NO: 009-27 FY-18

3.1.1.4 Issue of LEVEL I material including transfer of marking for raw materials (e.g., bar, pipe, tube and threaded rod).

3.1.1.5 Identification and control of LEVEL I material during all phases of work (e.g., material movement, manufacturing, repair, ripout, installation).

3.1.1.6 Local manufacturing and testing of LEVEL I components manufactured from certified raw materials.

3.1.1.7 Visually verifying at the time of or subsequent to installation into a system subassembly or aboard ship that the permanent material designator markings, material type for fasteners or grade/type for consumable materials are correct in accordance with the generic material requirements of applicable drawing and/or NAVSEA-approved nonconformances and Engineering Changes.

3.1.1.8 Documentation of installation of LEVEL I material in accordance with Section 3.10.3 of 2.2.

3.2 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for all work within the LEVEL I boundary including manufacture, installation and repair of LEVEL I systems, components and material shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.2) except for the following actions:

3.2.1 Software replacement (e.g., O-rings, packing glands, body-tobonnet gaskets, silver seal replacements).

3.2.2 Inspection to support routine maintenance programs or troubleshooting.

3.2.3 Replacement of any non-pressure boundary parts which are not LEVEL I parts.

3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the completed LEVEL I work item including the required installation records to the SUPERVISOR at the completion of work and/or a minimum of one day prior to system testing/operation.

4. NOTES:

4.1 LEVEL I designation applies only to materials specified in 2.2 and Section 221-2.17 of 2.3.

4.2 If a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for all work within the LEVEL I boundary including manufacture, installation and repair of LEVEL I systems, components and material in 3.2 is required; the use of a Category II Standard Item 009-09 "Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-29 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 29 JUL 2004 |
| CATEGORY: | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Asbestos-Free Pipe Hanger Liner Material; install

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Install new fibrous glass pipe hanger liners in lieu of liners containing asbestos material. This requirement applies only where hangers and pipes are removed or new hangers are being installed.

3.2 New liner material shall be in accordance with MIL-C-20079, Type II, Class 4, for temperatures over 180 degrees Fahrenheit up to 650 degrees Fahrenheit.

3.3 For services above 650 degrees Fahrenheit where minimum contact area type hanger designs (similar to that shown in MSS SP-58) are required, no liner material is used.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-30 | |
|-----------|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II | _ |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Boiler Sample Tube; inspect

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9221-C1-GTP-010, Main Propulsion Boilers; Repair and Overhaul

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Remove tubes using tube-sampling methods in accordance with Paragraph 3.4 of 2.1.

3.1.1 Cut generating tubes removed as samples 8 to 10 inches above the water drum.

3.2 Identify and metal-tag tubes, tube stubs, and tube sections removed, with ship's name and hull number, Work Item number, boiler number, tube designation, bottom and top of sections, segment sequence, upstream side (furnace face), and downstream side of gas flow.

3.2.1 Cut tube removed into 3-foot minimum segments and split longitudinally by mechanical method with tube dry (no oil) so that upstream side (furnace face) half is split from side downstream of gas flow half.

3.2.1.1 There shall be 2 distinct, individual halves to each segment, tube stub, and bend.

3.2.1.2 Each half (waterside/steamside and fireside) shall remain intact.

3.2.2 Identify and metal-tag each segment and half in accordance with 3.2 so that full length of tube may be reconstructed and placement oriented.

3.3 Inspect tube segments for the following:

3.3.1 Steamsides/watersides:

3.3.1.1 Oil deposits

1 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-30 FY-18 3.3.1.2 Loose sludge

3.3.1.3 Hard baked-on sludge

3.3.1.4 Scale

- 3.3.1.5 Scabs/tubercles
- 3.3.1.6 Pitting
- 3.3.1.7 High temperature oxides
- 3.3.1.8 Waterside grooves
- 3.3.1.9 Corrosion fatigue fissures
- 3.3.1.10 General waterside thinning
- 3.3.1.11 Waterside burning
- 3.3.1.12 Waterside abrasion
- 3.3.1.13 Die marks
- 3.3.1.14 Steam tracking
- 3.3.1.15 Stress corrosion cracking (caustic embrittlement)

3.3.2 Firesides:

- 3.3.2.1 General fireside thinning
 3.3.2.2 Fireside burning
 3.3.2.3 Tube enlargement
 3.3.2.4 Swaging
 3.3.2.5 Sagging
 3.3.2.6 Warping
 3.3.2.7 Heat blisters
 3.3.2.8 Thermal cracks
 3.3.2.9 Mechanical fatigue cracks
- 3.3.2.10 Steam gouging

3.3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Collect samples (equal to a heaping tablespoon each) of waterside soft and hard deposits for each boiler.

3.4.1 Soft deposits - Place the tube segments in a vise with the waterside up and wirebrush watersides. Collect loose residue in a bottle. Label bottle with the title Soft Deposits, ship, boiler number, and tube number.

3.4.2 Hard deposits - Place the tube segment in a vise with the waterside up and power wirebrush watersides to remove loose residue. Crimp the tube segment slowly allowing flakes of hard sludge to fall back into the tube. Collect the loose flakes in a bottle. Label bottle with title Hard Deposits, ship, boiler number, and tube number.

3.5 Package tubes, deposit samples, and a copy of report (3.3.3) and send to a laboratory qualified to accomplish chemical analysis.

3.5.1 Analyze the tube samples for the following:

3.5.1.1 Tube wall thickness at zero, 90, 180, and 270-degree positions

3.5.1.2 Extent of pitting (major pit depths and average overall pitting)

3.5.1.3 Thickness of hard scale mineral deposits

3.5.2 Analyze deposit samples for specific mineral composition in percentages of calcium, magnesium, and silicon oxide.

3.5.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.5.1 and 3.5.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Sample tube(s) replacement will be included in the invoking Work Item.

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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-31 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 JUL 2014 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Boiler Waterjet Cleaning; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S6300-AE-MMA-010, Waterjet, Model WBD-150N, Operation, Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul Procedures

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of this item for waterjet cleaning of boiler watersides, using manufacturer's equipment manual and 2.1 for guidance.

3.1.1 Portable extension lights shall conform to MIL-F-16377/49, Symbol 306.2 or MIL-F-16377/52, Symbol 286.

3.1.1.1 Ground each light fixture at the voltage source.

3.1.2 The high-pressure waterjet cleaning unit shall be operated at no more than 10,000 pounds per square inch (PSI).

3.1.3 Rope off and post warning signs in the areas where the unit is operating, where the high-pressure hose is run, and where the waterjet cleaning is to be accomplished.

3.1.4 Unit shall be stopped immediately if high-pressure leaks occur in pump, piping, high-pressure hose, or hose couplings.

3.1.5 While personnel are waterjetting, lance operator shall be in direct visual contact with control gun operator stationed outside of boiler. Control gun operator shall also maintain direct person-to-person voice communication with pump operator, using telephone, radio, or other positive direct means. Communication relay through intermediaries is not acceptable.

3.1.6 The control gun operator shall be able to regulate the flow of water to permit the system to be pressurized during the actual tube cleaning and have the nozzle pressure reduced to zero while the operator removes the lance from one tube and inserts it into the next tube to be cleaned.

1 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-31 FY-18 3.2 Cleaning equipment shall meet minimum requirements listed herein:

3.2.1 Supply hose from the pump to the control gun shall be 1/2-inch inside diameter (I.D.) with 30,000 PSI minimum burst pressure and shall not exceed 400 feet in length. A 15-foot length of supply hose shall be attached between the control gun and the flexible lance.

3.2.2 Provide a high pressure return line from the control gun dump connection to the waterjet supply tank, on units that discharge pressure to the bilges between cycles.

3.2.3 Tube cleaning nozzle shall be non-rotating. Orifices in the nozzles shall be angled back 30 degrees. Nozzles shall have a minimum of 18 orifices evenly spaced around the circumference. Each orifice shall be 0.024 inch in diameter, plus or minus 0.001 inch.

3.2.4 Fan pattern nozzle attached to a rigid lance for cleaning drum and header surfaces.

3.2.5 Lance and nozzle burst pressure ratings shall be 25,500 PSI minimum. Lance shall be 0.229 inch or larger I.D. and shall have a smooth Teflon core, and shall not exceed 25 feet in length.

3.2.6 Waterjet cleaning solution shall consist of one pound of sodium nitrite to 100 gallons of clean, fresh water.

3.3 Maintain operating pressures and flow rates for boiler cleaning as follows:

3.3.1 Boiler tube cleaning - 10,000 PSI maximum, 9,000 PSI minimum pump discharge pressure at 20 gallons per minute.

3.3.2 Drum and header surface cleaning - 7,500 PSI maximum, 6,500 PSI minimum pump discharge pressure, at 12 to 14 gallons per minute.

3.4 Verify waterjet cleaning equipment capability prior to commencement of work.

3.4.1 Place the lance and nozzle that will be utilized in waterjet cleaning securely into a container. Ensure lance cannot break loose and that unit output is 20 gallons per minute.

3.5 Accomplish cleaning operations as follows:

3.5.1 Lance and nozzle shall traverse the entire length of every tube cleaned.

 $\ensuremath{3.5.1.1}$ Downcomer, riser, and support tubes shall be traversed twice.

ITEM NO: 009-31 FY-18

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 $3.5.2\,$ The lance and nozzle shall traverse the tubes at a maximum rate of one foot per second.

3.5.3 A fan nozzle shall be used to clean entire interior drum surfaces.

3.6 Pump waterjet wastewater effluent from boiler to a holding container or a waterjet wastewater recycling unit. Do not drain wastewater to bilges.

3.6.1 Waterjet wastewater recycling filter process shall be capable of filtering the wastewater effluent to meet the following criteria:

| Suspended Solids | < 10 mg/L |
|------------------|------------------|
| Sodium Nitrite | 1100 - 1300 mg/L |
| Ph | 6.5 - 8.5 |
| Nitrate | < 10 mg/L |
| Oil and Grease | < 5 mg/L |

3.6.1.1 Recycled wastewater discharge samples shall be taken every 3,000 gallons to ensure levels do not exceed the above criteria.

3.6.2 Remove and dispose of spent chemicals and solutions in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

 $3.6.3\,$ Accomplish a fresh water flush of all internal surfaces cleaned in 3.5.

3.7 Dry tubes, headers, drums, and downcomers using clean, dry air immediately upon completion of waterjet cleaning. Remove pockets of water and dry surfaces using clean rags.

(V)(G) "CLEANLINESS"

3.8 Inspect surfaces to ensure the following requirements are met:

3.8.1 Surfaces shall be dry.

3.8.2 There shall be no evidence of flash rusting.

3.8.3 There shall be a streaking effect seen when looking into the tubes. The streaking effect shall begin within one to 2 inches from the tube end and continue through the visible length of the tube.

3.8.4 Soft deposits and obstructions shall be removed.

3.8.5 Residual sodium nitrite deposits remaining after the surfaces are dried is acceptable.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18 (CH-1)

| ITEM NO: | 009-32 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 07 MAR 2017 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 S9086-VD-STM-010/CH-631, Preservation of Ships in Service General
- 2.3 29 CFR 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment, Subparts C and Z
- 2.4 S9510-AB-ATM-010/(U), Nuclear Powered Submarine Atmosphere Control Manual
- 2.5 Systems and Specifications, SSPC Painting Manual, Volume 2
- 2.6 MS6310-081-015, Submarine Preservation
- 2.7 S6360-AG-MAN-010, Camouflage Manual, Surface Ship Concealment
- 2.8 S9086-VG-STM-010/CH-634, Deck Coverings
- 2.9 ASTM D4417, Standard Test Methods for Field Measurement of Surface Profile of Blast Cleaned Steel
- 2.10 NACE International Standards
- 2.11 ISO 8502-3, Assessment of Dust on Steel Surfaces Prepared for Painting (Pressure Sensitive Tape Method)
- 2.12 S9086-CN-STM-020/CH-079, Damage Control Practical Damage Control
- 2.13 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 General Preservation Requirements:

3.1.1 Consider marine *coatings*, and abrasive blasting media to contain heavy metals (e.g., beryllium, cadmium, chromium, or lead),

hexavalent chromium, crystalline silica and/or other toxic or hazardous substances.

3.1.2 Accomplish safety precautions as specified in 2.2, 2.3, and the Work Item or task order during surface preparation and the application or removal of marine *coatings*.

3.1.2.1 For deck coverings installed onboard submarines, NAVSEA-approved deck covering systems shall comply with the requirements of 2.4.

3.1.3 Blast Media:

3.1.3.1 Maintain a current copy of material certification of abrasive blast media conforming to MIL-A-22262, A-A-1722, or A-A-59316 for reference by the SUPERVISOR. Copy shall be available prior to blasting. MIL-A-22262 abrasives must be listed on the Qualified Products List (QPL), or the repair activity shall have written notification from NAVSEA indicating pending listing on the QPL. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, to the SUPERVISOR upon request. For A-A-1722 or A-A-59316 abrasives, a complete data package demonstrating compliance with the requirements must be provided by the supplier to the procuring activity. Exceptions are listed in 3.1.3.2 and 3.1.3.3.

3.1.3.2 Recyclable Encapsulated Abrasive Media material conforming to SSPC-AB 4 may be used as an alternative to obtain **NACE 2/**SSPC-SP 10 or SSPC-SP 11 cleanliness.

3.1.3.3 Recyclable ferrous metallic abrasive materials conforming to AB 3 of 2.5 may be used as an abrasive blast media for steel substrates. Cleanliness of recyclable ferrous metallic abrasive materials shall be measured and maintained in accordance with the requirements of AB 2 of 2.5.

3.1.3.4 For requirements specified in 3.1.3.3, maintain a current copy of the results of the quality control requirements of Paragraph 6 of AB 2 and quality assurance test required by Paragraph 5 of AB 3 of 2.5 for reference by the SUPERVISOR. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.1.3.5 Steel media, defined as steel shot, steel grit, stainless steel media, and SSPC-AB 4 media containing steel abrasive SHALL NOT be used for surface preparation on LHA, LHD, LPD, and LSD Class ship flight deck, hangar, vertical replenishment deck, elevators, catwalk, and superstructure above the flight deck. Steel media may be used on tanks and voids below the flight, hangar, and vehicle storage decks and associated ramps with containment that prevents release of the steel media onto the flight deck, hangar, vertical replenishment deck, elevators, catwalk, and superstructure above the flight deck. SSPC-AB 4 media that does not contain steel abrasive or MIL-A-22262 abrasive may be used on flight decks and other areas of LHA, LHD, LPD, and LSD Class ships. The following checkpoints apply ONLY when steel media is being used on an LHA, LHD, LPD, or LSD Class ship on tanks and voids below the flight, hangar, and vehicle storage decks and associated ramps.

(V) (G) "STEEL MEDIA BLASTING PROCESS AND MEDIA CONTAINMENT INSPECTION"

3.1.3.6 Steel media blasting equipment, steel media, wastes from steel media blasting, materials used to contain steel media, and workers conducting steel media blasting shall not be allowed to transit or otherwise come into contact with the flight, hangar, and vehicle storage decks and associated ramps. Accomplish a start of blasting media containment inspection to ensure blast media is contained within the confines of the work area. Any media detected outside of the containment shall be reported to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) (G) "BLASTING MIDPOINT MEDIA CONTAINMENT INSPECTION"

3.1.3.7 Accomplish a blasting midpoint media containment inspection to ensure blast media is contained within the confines of the work area. Any media detected outside of the containment shall be reported to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) (G) "POST BLASTING MEDIA CONTAINMENT INSPECTION"

3.1.3.8 Accomplish a post blasting media containment inspection to ensure blast media is contained within the confines of the work area. Any media detected outside of the containment shall be reported to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) (G) "FINAL BLASTING MEDIA VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.1.3.9 Accomplish a visual inspection to ensure all media, wastes from steel media blasting, and steel media blasting equipment is completely removed from the ship. Any media detected outside of the containment or left on the ship shall be reported to the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.4 Abrasive blast steel and aluminum plates, shapes, and ferrous piping, equal to NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 of 2.5 and 2.10, establishing a surface profile that meets the requirements of **3.10.5**, and coat, prior to shipboard installations except in the areas where weld joints remain to be accomplished, or unless specified otherwise in the invoking Work Item or task order. Material for fuel oil storage, fuel oil service, and diesel service tanks shall not be painted. If these materials are to be installed in potable water, reserve feedwater, or freshwater drain collection tanks, they shall be blasted and coated at a maximum 50 percent relative humidity from surface preparation checkpoint acceptance until cure to recoat time of final touch-up of the topcoat; for materials to be installed in all other areas, they shall be blasted and coated at a maximum 85 percent relative humidity; this requirement supersedes Notes (26) and (29A).

3.1.4.1 For tanks, when masking is removed from the open ends of piping, the piping may retain tightly-adherent paint or remain bare up to 6 inches above the open end. Loose or delaminating paint shall be prepared to SSPC-SP 2.

3.1.4.2 For non-ferrous piping which penetrates bulkheads, extend paint one to 2 inches (onto the pipe) beyond the bulkhead penetration pipe-weld.

3.1.4.3 Non-ferrous piping and cable pans, which are to be preserved shipboard, shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC-SP 2 or SSPC-SP 16 of 2.5. For painted non-ferrous piping and cable pans in tanks of nuclear powered ships, surface preparation shall be in accordance with SSPC-SP 16 of 2.5. Non-ferrous piping one inch in diameter or less shall not be prepared or painted. Surface profile is not required.

3.1.4.4 Diffusers in reserve feedwater dump tanks shall not be painted.

3.1.5 With the exception of potable water, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks, nonskid applications (MIL-PRF-24667), and single coat applications (MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class x/18). For steel substrates on surface ships, preconstruction primer may be retained and overcoated with applicable coating systems specified in Tables One through 5, if the preconstruction primer application process meets the following:

3.1.5.1 The preconstruction primer shall be a zinc silicate material. Compatibility with the coating systems specified in Tables One through 5 shall be confirmed by the coating manufacturer.

(I) "PROCESS INSPECTION"

3.1.5.2 The preconstruction primer shall be applied in a process which is certified to ISO 9001, SSPC-QP 1, or SSPC-QP 3. The surface shall meet the requirements of **NACE 2/**SSPC-SP 10 of 2.5 **and 2.10**, and the process shall be verified to meet the technical requirements of 3.10.2, **3.10.5**, and **3.10.6** a minimum of once per shift.

3.1.5.3 The maximum relative humidity requirement of 3.10.1 shall be 85 percent.

3.1.5.4 The secondary surface preparation, once the steel is installed shipboard, shall be accomplished in accordance with 3.1.5.5 through 3.1.5.8.

3.1.5.5 Accomplish degreasing/cleaning prior to surface preparation to ensure that the surface is free of contaminants in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5.

3.1.5.6 Brush-off blast clean the preconstruction primercoated surface to **NACE 4/**SSPC-SP 7 of 2.5 and 2.10 to remove contaminants and loose paint. A thorough pressure wash of the area with fresh water at 3,000 to 5,000 pounds per square inch (PSI) may be substituted for the degreasing/cleaning to SSPC-SP 1 and the brush-off blast to **NACE 4/**SSPC-SP 7. For cumulative surface areas less than 10 percent of the total area, with no individual area greater than 10 square feet, an SSPC-SP 3 cleaning followed by a fresh water wipe may be substituted for **NACE 4/**SSPC-SP 7.

3.1.5.7 For weld joints where the preconstruction primer was burned away, and for any other areas of visible rust where the

preconstruction primer had been previously damaged, clean the affected areas to the level required by applicable Line in Tables One through 5.

3.1.5.8 Upon completion of secondary surface preparation, the surface shall meet the requirements of SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5. A visual water break test (ASTM F-21 or F-22) on the surface may be used to validate SSPC-SP 1.

3.1.6 For touch-up, disturbed (terms are clarified in 3.6), and/or inaccessible areas, the minimum surface preparation shall be that shown in Tables One through 8, except that an SSPC-SP 11 is acceptable for areas originally requiring a NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 or NACE/SSPC-SP WJ-2. The decision that an area is inaccessible shall be determined by inspection and agreed to by the SUPERVISOR prior to surface preparation. The degree of surface preparation required would be the maximum possible for that area, but could include retention of existing tightly adherent paint in inaccessible areas not to exceed 0.02 percent of the total surface area, with no individual areas larger than 2 square inches.

3.1.7 Feather edges of well-adhered paint remaining after cleaning for all surface preparation methods. Feathering is explained in more detail in **3.6.4**.

3.1.8 Clean insulation and lagging prior to painting; ensure such areas are free of foreign matter and contaminants that would prevent adherence of paint.

3.1.9 Clean and dry all prepared and previously **coated** surfaces; ensure such surfaces are free of foreign matter that will affect adherence of **coatings**. Inclusions such as dust and debris in the **coating** film shall be removed prior to the application of the next coat.

3.1.10 Record and restore existing painted labels, compartment designations, hull markings, interior photoluminescent tape/markings and other painted information which will be removed or covered during cleaning and *coating* operations, except for Visual Landing Aid (VLA) markings. VLA marking installation is addressed in 3.11.13.

3.1.11 Install masking material for protection of equipment and items not to be *coated* during preservation. Shipboard items not to be *coated* are listed in 2.2 and 2.6. Remove masking material upon completion of final coating.

3.1.12 Clean shoe coverings shall be worn when walking on prepared or **coated** surfaces. Shoe coverings shall be selected that do not degrade and contaminate surfaces.

3.1.13 Unless otherwise specified, only **coatings** listed on the Government Qualified Products Database (QPD) shall be applied. All **coatings** that are qualified to performance specifications (MIL-PRF) are to be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 product data sheet. The dry film thickness (DFT), temperature, relative humidity, and surface preparation requirements stated herein take precedence over the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheets if there is a conflict. The NAVSEAreviewed ASTM F718 data sheets shall supersede any other manufacturer's ASTM F718 data sheets for that product, even if it is newer (more recent) than the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheets. Copies of the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheets are available from the Naval Surface Treatment Center (NST Center) website: http://www.nstcenter.biz.

3.1.14 Store *coating* system components in a cool, dry place. Do not expose to freezing temperatures or direct sunlight. For *all coatings*, storage ambient temperature shall be maintained between 50 and 90 degrees Fahrenheit, or within the manufacturer's recommended storage temperature range with written authorization from the SUPERVISOR. Low temperature nonskid systems (nonskid and primer) shall be stored between 65 and 85 degrees Fahrenheit with the optimal storage temperature being between 70 and 80 degrees Fahrenheit.

3.1.14.1 Monitor the storage temperature over the 24-hour period prior to initiation of the application process and document the minimum and maximum temperatures. If recorded manually, temperature shall be recorded once per shift (not to exceed 12 hours) during the 24-hour period. Manual readings are not necessary if monitoring equipment is used that tracks minimum and maximum temperature for the 24-hour period.

3.1.14.2 When approved by the SUPERVISOR, as an alternative to the storage monitoring requirement for **coatings** in 3.1.14.1, a maximum of 1 hour before application of products, measure individual components (after each is mixed, but before components are combined together) with a **coating** thermometer to confirm that each component of the system is within the required range.

3.1.14.3 When MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII coatings are applied using a plural component spray pump with recirculation and preheating, the 24-hour storage temperature requirement is waived.

3.1.15 When applying paint, multiple coats shall be of contrasting colors, unless specifically stated otherwise in Tables One through 8.

3.1.16 When using multiple component (such as 2-part) **coating** systems (e.g., epoxies and polyurethanes), use of "partial kits" is prohibited unless using verified proportioning equipment or other verified measuring equipment (gravimetric).

3.1.17 Use of partial kits is prohibited for nonskid coatings.

3.1.18 For surface ships, for commercial underwater hull coating systems including anti-corrosive paints and antifouling paints, the manufacturer's primer must be used with its antifouling paint. No substitution is allowed. Successive coats of anti-corrosive paints shall be of a contrasting color. Coats of antifouling paints shall be of the colors stated in Tables One through 5.

3.1.18.1 For all ships, antifouling paint may be repaired, touched-up, and/or overcoated as defined in 4.3 with any other approved

ablative antifouling system, and approved antifouling paints may be applied over any approved exterior anti-corrosive system. Antifouling paints must be Type I or II; this does not apply to foul release (Type III) coatings.

3.1.19 Apply the first coat of MIL-PRF-24647 antifouling paint when the last coat of epoxy paint is still tacky (as defined in **3.6.3**) and in accordance with applicable NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718. If the maximum recoat time for the epoxy is exceeded, accomplish the overcoat window requirements of 3.5, then apply a tack coat of epoxy paint one to 2 milli-inches (mils) wet film thickness (WFT) over previously painted surfaces. The epoxy tack coat shall be allowed to cure until tacky, and then the first full coat of antifouling paint shall be applied.

3.1.20 Mix and apply all **coatings** in accordance with the product's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718, except for invoked requirements for surface preparation and dry film thickness (DFT) as specified in Tables One through 8.

3.1.20.1 Coatings that **are** past **their** shelf life / expiration date shall not be applied without written authorization from the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.21 Boats and small craft that are embarked on surface ships or otherwise deployed should meet the camouflage requirements of 2.7.

3.1.22 Utilize water-based latex fire retardant paints in preference to chlorinated alkyd-based fire retardant paints in areas where condensation, high humidity, and temperatures below 50 degrees Fahrenheit are not expected during application and cure. Such paints are available under MIL-PRF-24596.

3.1.23 Mix and apply the Navy Polyamide Epoxy MIL-DTL-24441 paints in accordance with the following, except the DFT shall be as specified in Tables One through 8. The MIL-DTL-24441 paints' mixing ratio is one-to-one by volume. The components of the various formulas are not interchangeable. Blend each component thoroughly prior to mixing the components. After mixing equal volumes of the 2 components, the mixture must be thoroughly stirred. For Type III only, the stand-in times listed below must be observed. There is no induction time for Type IV.

3.1.23.1 Stand-in time (induction time) for MIL-DTL-24441 Type III is considered to be the time immediately following the mixing of components A and B, during which the critical reaction period of these components is initiated and is essential to the complete curing of the paint. During stand-in time, the mixture must be thoroughly stirred at least once every 20 minutes to avoid hot spots caused by localized overheating from the chemical reaction.

| Surface Temperature at Job Site (Degrees Fahrenheit) | Stand-In Time in Hours |
|---|---|
| | |
| 35 to 50 | 2 hours at 70 degrees Fahrenheit (paint temperature) |
| 50 to 60 | 2 hours at job site temperature |

| 60 to 70 | One hour to $1-1/2$ hours at job |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| | site temperature |
| 70 to 90 | 1/2 to one hour at job site |
| | temperature |

3.1.24 For proper curing, the maximum application and cure temperature for MIL-DTL-24441 products shall be 90 degrees Fahrenheit (ambient and surface temperature).

3.1.25 Powder coating application may be used if approved by the SUPERVISOR; otherwise use applicable Lines in Tables One through 8. Powder coatings may be overcoated with liquid paints. Powder coated items require near white metal blast, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 surface preparation. Any use of a chemical pretreatment (e.g., phosphate conversion coatings) requires approval by NAVSEA. For areas listed in 3.7, quality assurance (QA) checkpoints are still required for items that are powder coated.

3.1.25.1 Powder coatings are not practical for use on large components or ship structure. Any large-scale applications to ship structure require approval by NAVSEA.

3.1.25.2 Powder coating is not authorized for use on components, covers, or any parts to be installed in potable, reserve feed water, or freshwater drain collecting tanks aboard nuclear powered ships.

3.1.25.3 For surface ships, SUPERVISOR approval shall denote specific items or classes of items and applications.

3.1.25.4 For submarines, powder coating may be used if approved by the SUPERVISOR. Thermoplastic powder coatings (such as vinyls, nylons, polyethylenes, and polypropylenes) are not authorized for interior submarine applications and powder coatings are prohibited for use on those components and coating applications governed by reactor plant paint schedules. Application of thermoset powder coatings to approved components using the electrostatic spray method are to be accomplished in accordance with Uniform Industrial Process Instruction (UIPI) 0631-901, "Electrostatic Powder Coating" or equivalent as approved by the SUPERVISOR. Interior and exterior miscellaneous metal components to be powder coated shall be nonreactor plant miscellaneous components.

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{3.1.25.5}}$ Air flasks may be powder coated as approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.26 Accomplishment of installation of slip resistant deck coverings in interior and exterior applications on surface ships shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (see Note **4.10**). Exterior applications require material designated as coarse on NAVSEA reviewed manufacturer's instructions.

3.1.26.1 For submarines, slip resistant deck coverings are approved for limited interior application during Chief of Naval Operations (CNO) availabilities in dry dock only.

3.1.26.2 Slip resistant deck coverings shall not be painted or color-topped for cosmetic purposes. MIL-PRF-24667 color topping is authorized as required for safety or VLA markings.

3.1.26.3 Slip resistant deck coverings are mandatory for use on masts, antenna platforms, and yardarms receiving nonskid.

3.1.26.4 Do not install slip resistant deck coverings on diamond plate.

3.1.27 Paints used on interior spaces of submarines are approved under the Submarine Atmosphere Control Program and listed on the Submarine Material Control List (SMCL). For interior use on submarines, only those MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII paints listed in Note (8A) may be used. For use in tanks, voids, and freefloods on submarines, only use paints listed in Table 8.

3.1.28 For submarines, inspections and repairs required by the SUPERVISOR shall be accomplished before the prime coat is applied if using high solids paints. Upon completion of structural repairs, the affected areas shall be abrasive blasted to **NACE 2/**SSPC-SP 10 prior to paint application unless otherwise specified.

3.1.29 Restrictions on repair activity personnel (which includes Contractors) working in propulsion plant spaces aboard nuclear powered ships shall be in accordance with NAVSEAINST 4350.2 (Series) (Contract Work Onboard Nuclear-Powered Ships).

3.1.30 For nuclear powered ships, surfaces covered by a reactor plant paint schedule shall use that schedule for all preservation and painting requirements for those surfaces.

3.1.31 For areas that require 100 percent preservation or major structural repairs/modifications, coating removal may be accomplished prior to starting the repairs without the requirements of 009-32 applying until the full surface preparation can be accomplished in accordance with the applicable Table and Line.

(I) "CLEANING"

3.1.31.1 Accomplish the requirements of SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5 prior to coating removal. For areas prepared to NACE/SSPC-SP WJ-2 of 2.5 and 2.10 with ultra high pressure (UHP) waterjetting equipment, the requirement of initial degreasing/cleaning is waived. A visual water break test (ASTM F-21 or F-22) on the surface may be used to validate SSPC-SP 1.

3.1.32 On surface ships, accomplish the requirements of SSPC-SP 15 of 2.5 and apply one coat of appropriate MIL-PRF-23236 primer or tank system coating at 6-8 mils, or 2 coats of appropriate MIL-DTL-24441 tank system coating at 2-4 mils/coat, for tank, void, and vent plenum bolting rings.

3.2 Stripe Coat Requirements:

3.2.1 For all areas where stripe coating is required, as denoted in Tables One through 8, apply stripe coat in accordance with applicable NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 data sheet to edges, weld seams, welds of attachments and appendages, cutouts, corners, butts, foot/handholds (including inaccessible areas such as back side of piping, underside of I-beams), and other mounting hardware (non-flat surface). Stripe coat these areas after the previous coat has dried and inspections in accordance with **3.10.9** have been completed. The stripe coat shall encompass all edges as well as at least a one-inch border outside each edge and weld. For submarines, solvent-based paints shall have the stripe coat applied by brush.

3.2.1.1 Each stripe coat shall be of the specified paint system and shall be a different color from both the paint over which it is being applied and the next coat in the system (if a product only comes in 2 colors, the stripe coat shall contrast with the color of the previous coat). Full coat inspection shall be conducted prior to stripe coat application.

3.2.2 A stripe coat is no longer specified for MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII paints. Instead, MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII paints require additional DFT readings to be performed in accordance with Attachment A. These readings shall be performed following the last coat of MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII paint on the areas where the stripe coat would have been applied.

3.2.3 For MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII coatings, runs, drips and sags may appear. In areas where DFTs of runs, drips, and sags are 50 mils or less, no action is required; areas with DFTs in excess of 50 mils shall be assessed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3 Cure time is dependent on temperature; products applied at lower temperature will need more time to cure. This includes low temperature **coatings**. Cure time of each coat shall be in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 unless otherwise specified in the following requirements:

3.3.1 Drying time between coats of a specified paint for potable, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks shall be a minimum of 36 hours (for paint applied to more than 2 percent of the tank surface area) or 12 hours (for paint applied to 2 percent or less of the tank surface area) at a minimum temperature of 70 degrees Fahrenheit (substrate and ambient), using heated air if necessary to maintain temperature. Ventilation shall be sufficient to ensure continuous flow of air through the tanks with at least one complete air change every 4 hours. For potable water tanks coated with MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 9 paints and reserve feedwater tanks on non-nuclear ships coated with MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 11 and 11/18 paints, see Note (55) for surface ships and Note (39A) for submarines.

3.3.2 Following paint applications, potable, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks shall be continuously ventilated with a minimum of one complete air change every 4 hours for at least 5 consecutive days prior to filling with water. During the ventilation period, maintain a minimum tank temperature of 70 degrees Fahrenheit (substrate and ambient). Verify and document daily that ventilation is properly installed and operating (document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 1). For potable water tanks coated with MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 9 paints and reserve feedwater tanks on non-nuclear ships coated with MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 11 and 11/18 paints, see Note (55) for surface ships and Note (39A) for submarines.

3.3.2.1 For potable water tanks, once the final topcoat is fully cured (as defined in the product's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F-718 data sheet), inspect the surface for cleanliness. Verify that the surface meets the requirements of SP 1 by wiping all tank surfaces with potable water applied to clean, light-colored rags. When wiping, the surface shall, when viewed without magnification, be free of all visible oil, grease, dust, dirt, and other foreign matter. Any surfaces producing visible contamination on a rag shall be re-cleaned until both rag and surface are visually free of contamination. As an option to wiping the tank, the tank shall be completely filled with potable water and drained at least twice to ensure tank cleanliness.

3.3.3 Prior to application of any MIL-PRF-24635 over an epoxy paint, the epoxy shall be dry to the touch but not fully cured (as defined on the epoxy paint's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F-718 as cure to service) before overcoating. The epoxy shall be overcoated with MIL-PRF-24635 within 7 days of the epoxy application. **Dry to the touch is defined in ASTM D1640**.

3.3.4 Prior to application of any water-based paint, such as MIL-PRF-24596, over an epoxy paint, allow the epoxy to dry for at least 16 hours.

3.4 Overcoating of MIL-DTL-24441 with MIL-DTL-24441:

3.4.1 If less than 7 days has elapsed since the application of the prior coat, the next coat may be applied after visual inspection to confirm the absence of grease, dirt, salts, or other surface contaminants. If surface contamination is suspected as a result of visual inspection or for other reasons, the entire surface shall be cleaned in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5. The next coat of MIL-DTL-24441 shall be applied after surfaces are completely dried.

3.4.2 If more than 7 days but less than 30 days has elapsed since the application of the prior coat, the entire surface shall be cleaned in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5. Ensure the surface has fully dried, and then apply a mist coat (one to 2 mils WFT) of the last coat applied or Formula 150. The mist coat shall be allowed to cure (dry) for 4-8 hours; then apply the next full coat of the system. This condition can only be met one time during the painting system application.

3.4.3 If more than 30 days has elapsed since the application of the prior coat, the entire surface shall be cleaned in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5. After allowing the surface to dry, the surface shall be lightly abraded to degloss the epoxy, using a brush-off abrasive blast (preferred), power sanding, or hand sanding using 80-120 grit, then apply the next full coat of the system.

3.5 Overcoating of Non-MIL-DTL-24441 Epoxy Paints:

3.5.1 Follow the manufacturer's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 instructions for the allowable overcoat window, not to exceed 30 days. The

30-day maximum may be extended beyond 30 days if specifically approved in writing by NAVSEA. Where the base coat and topcoat are provided from different manufacturers, the term "manufacturer" refers to the manufacturer of the base coat. Application of a mist or tack coat shall not restart the 30-day window.

3.5.1.1 If either the manufacturer's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 instructions or the 30-day window (or a specific extension approved by NAVSEA) has been exceeded, the paint shall be reactivated by following the instructions of the manufacturer's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 for reactivating the surface, as approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.6 Clarification of Terms:

3.6.1 Touch-up of in-service coatings (i.e., not newly-installed coatings) is defined differently within this Standard Item for surface ships and submarines.

3.6.1.1 Touch-up is defined within this Standard Item for submarines as preservation operations on cumulative surface areas less than one percent of the total area (e.g., bilge, tank, space, etc.) being preserved, with no individual area greater than 4 square feet. Included under touch-up operations are new and disturbed surfaces of less than 4 square feet. Except for potable, reserve feedwater, or freshwater drain collecting tanks, the documentation requirements of 3.7 and 3.8.1 are replaced with Appendix 9 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6 for touch-up of in-service coatings (3.8.1.1 is still required), and the requirements of 3.10.2, 3.10.5, 3.10.6, 3.10.7, and 3.10.9 shall be verified by the accomplishing activity as (I) inspections prior to coating applications.

3.6.1.2 For potable, reserve feedwater, or freshwater drain collecting tanks on nuclear powered surface ships, touch-up is defined within this Standard Item as preservation operations on cumulative surface areas less than 1 percent of the total area being preserved, with no individual area greater than 10 **square feet**. Included under touch-up operations are new and disturbed surfaces of less than 10 **square feet**.

3.6.1.3 For surface ship areas, except for potable, reserve feedwater, or freshwater drain collecting tanks on nuclear powered surface ships, touch-up is defined within this Standard Item as preservation operations on cumulative surface areas less than 10 percent of the total area (e.g., bilge, tank, space, etc.) being preserved, with no individual area greater than 10 square feet. Included under touch-up operations are new and disturbed surfaces of less than 10 square feet. The documentation requirements of 3.7 and 3.8 are waived for touch-up of in-service coatings, and the requirements of 3.10.2/3.11.3, 3.10.5/3.11.4, 3.10.6/3.11.5, 3.10.7/3.11.6, and 3.10.9/3.11.10 shall be verified by the accomplishing activity as (I) inspections prior to coating applications.

3.6.1.4 Except for potable, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks on nuclear powered ships touch-up of in-service MIL-DTL-24441 Type IV and MIL-PRF-23236 paint systems may be performed interchangeably using any of these paints.

3.6.1.5 On surface ships and submarines, for new and disturbed areas of individual areas 2 square feet or less totaling less than 0.03 percent of the total surface area, the requirements of Notes (26) and (29A) do not apply. Except for potable, reserve feedwater and fresh water drain collecting tanks, the requirements to perform and document the following paragraphs are waived: 3.10.1/3.11.2, 3.10.2/3.11.3, 3.10.5/3.11.4, 3.10.6/3.11.5, 3.10.7/3.11.6, and 3.10.9/3.11.10; the documentation requirements of 3.7 and 3.8 are also waived. The requirement of 3.10.1.1 shall be accomplished, but not documented. For paint application, apply paints in accordance with Tables One through 8 with the following exception: apply only one coat of primer on prepared substrate, followed by topcoat product applied to overlap intact paint by a minimum of one inch around primer.

3.6.2 Disturbed surfaces are defined as any surface that requires cleaning and/or **coating** due to existing **coating** finish being damaged in the accomplishment of work specified by the Work Item or task order.

3.6.2.1 Exterior surfaces of underwater hull closure plates/hull accesses and their associated welds will not be considered disturbed surfaces and shall be cleaned, prepared, painted, and documented in accordance with the applicable area. For surface ships, deviations from the requirements may be authorized by the SUPERVISOR based on size, location, application, or severity of condition of the paint system being applied.

3.6.2.2 Interior surfaces of underwater hull closure plates/hull access-associated welds shall have surface preparation in accordance with 3.1.6.

3.6.2.3 The word "new" in "new and disturbed surfaces" refers to all material installed on the ship by the repair activity regardless of source.

3.6.3 Tacky is defined as that curing (drying) timeframe when a fingertip pressed lightly, without twisting, against the paint film leaves no residue on the finger, until the time when the finger leaves only a slight impression on the surface of the paint film.

3.6.4 Feathering is used for transition of applying a fresh paint system to an area with an intact paint system that is not removed. To do this, visible areas of defective old paint shall be removed until an area of completely intact and adhering paint is attained around the defective area by feathering (tapering) the edges of tightly adhering old paint at an approximate 30 degree slope into the newly prepared bare metal surface, thus preventing application of new paint over loose or cracked paint.

3.6.5 Solvent wipe is defined as cleaning a surface by pouring solvent on a clean, light colored rag and subsequently wiping the surface.

3.6.6 Initiation of the application process is defined as the time when **a** coating is removed from storage for staging at the work site, but is not the start date/time for applying the coating.

3.6.7 Creditable Cure Time (CCT) is defined as the accrued time for which data shows compliance with environmental requirements collected in accordance with 3.10.1. CCT is accrued based on established environmental data collection intervals (e.g., 4 hours, 12 hours, 24 hours) when consecutive environmental readings are shown to satisfy the requirements of 3.10.1. Regardless of elapsed overall time between consecutive acceptable environmental readings, CCT equivalent to a single data collection interval (e.g., 4 hours, 12 hours, 12 hours, 12 hours, 12 hours, 12 hours, 24 hours) is accrued.

3.7 The following ship structural surfaces are defined as critical coated areas:

| SURFACES | TYPE OF SUBSTRATE |
|---|--------------------|
| Underwater hull, including appendages and surfaces below the waterline up to and including the boottopping | All |
| Cofferdams | Steel and aluminum |
| Hangar, flight (including aircraft elevator), landing, catapult, and vertical replenishment decks | Steel and aluminum |
| Recovery, Assist, Securing and Traversing (RAST) track trough (including sumps) | Steel and aluminum |
| Well deck overheads and enclosed boat handling areas | Steel and aluminum |
| Surface ship bilges (including sumps) | Steel and aluminum |
| Interior surfaces of vent plenums, defined as combustion air intakes (gas turbine, diesel, and steam) and other vent system plenums with openings greater than 7 square feet | Steel and aluminum |
| Tanks and floodable voids (including sumps, covers, and bolting rings); see Note (65) | Steel and aluminum |
| Non-floodable voids (at waterline or below) | Steel and aluminum |
| Surface ship Vertical Launch System (VLS), MK-41 | Steel and aluminum |
| DDG-51 Class top of stacks (i.e., 05 level weather decks and bulwarks) | Steel |
| Gas turbine exhaust uptake spaces and trunks | Steel |
| All recesses on submarines below the upper boottop | Steel |
| Interior surfaces of submarine sail (fairwater) and superstructure when SSPC-SP 10 is accomplished | Steel |
| Aircraft Launch and Recovery Equipment (ALRE) System defined herein as catapult wing voids, catapult troughs, catapult exhaust blowdown trunks, barricade stanchions and wells, catapult jet blast deflector pits, and associated void spaces | Steel |
| Arresting gear sheave foundations | Steel |
| Valve Regulated Lead Acid (VRLA) Battery Compartment at conversion | Steel |

3.7.1 Record and maintain in-process records in Coating QA Tool Kit (CQATK) paperless QA program (or NAVSEA-approved equivalent) or on QA Checklist Form Appendices as blasting, *coating*, inspections, and tests are being accomplished. CQATK program and installation setup are available upon request from the Global Distance Support Center (GDSC), http://www.anchordesk.navy.mil, 1-877-4-1-TOUCH.

3.7.1.1 For surface ship nonskid work in multiple areas to be coated, a detailed sketch shall be completed for each area or zone of installation to indicate the area of work.

3.7.1.2 QA documentation shall include 3.7.1.3 through 3.7.1.11.

3.7.1.3 Ambient and substrate surface temperatures, relative humidity, and dew point during preservation process (QA Checklist Form Appendix 1);

3.7.1.4 Cleaning/degreasing prior to surface preparation inspection results (QA Checklist Form Appendix 2 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6);

3.7.1.5 Surface profile readings and surface preparation method, including name of abrasive and QPL-22262 revision number from which the product was purchased, or copy of NAVSEA product approval letter. (QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or 3A);

3.7.1.6 Surface conductivity or chloride test results (QA Checklist Form Appendix 4);

3.7.1.7 Surface cleanliness test results for dust (QA Checklist Form Appendix 5);

3.7.1.8 Name of *coating*, manufacturer, batch number, and date of expiration (QA Checklist Form Appendix 6);

3.7.1.9 Elapsed time between coats (QA Checklist Form Appendix 6);

3.7.1.10 Dry film thickness (DFT) measurements (QA Checklist Form Appendix 7) and/or wet film thickness (WFT) measurements (QA Checklist Form Appendix 7A or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 7);

3.7.1.11 Minimum and maximum storage temperatures of **the coating** over the 24-hour period prior to use (QA Checklist Form Appendix 1).

3.7.2 If using QA Appendices, submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of recorded in-process information on QA Checklist Forms to the SUPERVISOR within 72 hours of completion of preservation of each separate location listed in the invoking Work Item or task order. 3.8 Determine the type of surface preparation required and **coating** system options that are available for use in accomplishing the work.

3.8.1 Accomplish receipt inspection for coatings applied on aircraft carriers and submarines to areas listed in 3.7 (excluding underwater hull and nonskid coating systems) upon receipt from the manufacturer. Accomplish testing of the following properties in accordance with the requirement of the applicable specification and NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718. Receipt inspect coating components for density, fineness of grind, viscosity, and condition in container. Receipt inspect mixed coating for dry hard time, sag resistance, and color of dry film. Receipt inspection testing is not required for those characteristics that have satisfactory test data provided on the manufacturer's certificate of compliance or conformance test data forms, or another shipyard's receipt inspection test data forms that meet the applicable coating specification requirements. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.8.1.1 On all ships for coatings applied to areas listed in 3.7 (excluding underwater hull and nonskid coating systems), maintain on file the original manufacturer's certificate of compliance and material conformance test data in accordance with Section 11 of 2.2. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.8.1.2 For areas listed in 3.7, if requested by the SUPERVISOR, prepare and submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of Coatings Application Product Summary (CAPS) sheet (QA Checklist Form Appendix 8).

3.9 Maintain the following certifications for accomplishing preservation operations to areas as listed in 3.7. Information for these certifications can be found at www.sspc.org and www.nace**institute**.org/**Certification**.

3.9.1 Coating inspectors shall be certified in accordance with the NAVSEA Basic Paint Inspector (NBPI) course, NACE International Coating Inspector Program (CIP) Level 1 or higher, or SSPC Protective Coating Inspector Program (PCI) Level 2. Coating inspectors shall also have a minimum of 2 years of marine coatings related work experience.

3.9.2 Organizations performing blasting operations (abrasive and waterjetting) or *coating* application shall be certified in accordance with QP 1 of 2.5 (with the exception of the Coating Application Specialist (CAS) requirement) or NAVSEA-approved equivalent.

3.9.2.1 For components that are removed from the ship and preserved, ISO 9001 may be substituted for QP 1.

3.9.3 Spray painters shall be certified in accordance with SSPC C-12, SSPC C-14, SSPC CAS Level 2, or NAVSEA-approved equivalent. For equivalent certifications, a copy of the NAVSEA approval letter shall be maintained by the repair activity. 3.9.4 Plural Component Pump Tenders and Applicators shall be certified in accordance with SSPC C-14 or NAVSEA-approved equivalent certifications. For equivalent certifications, a copy of the NAVSEA approval letter shall be maintained by the repair activity.

3.9.5 Blasters shall be certified in accordance with SSPC C-7, SSPC CAS Level 2, or NAVSEA-approved equivalent. For equivalent certifications, a copy of the NAVSEA approval letter shall be maintained by the repair activity.

3.9.6 Blasters performing Ultra High Pressure waterjetting shall be certified in accordance with SSPC C-13 or NAVSEA-approved equivalent. For equivalent certifications, a copy of the NAVSEA approval letter shall be maintained by the repair activity.

3.10 For all **coating** systems except surface ship nonskid, accomplish preservation operations in accordance with the following. For surface ship nonskid system application, refer to 3.11.

(V) "ENVIRONMENTAL READINGS"

3.10.1 For **coatings**, take ambient and substrate surface temperatures, relative humidity, and dew point from conditions on-site, in close proximity to the structure being coated, for all areas listed in Tables One through 8.

3.10.1.1 Unless otherwise stated within the Notes of Tables One through 8, and as noted in 3.10.1.2, 3.10.1.3, and 3.11.2.3, *coatings* shall be applied only when the ambient temperature and the temperature of the prepared substrate are 50 degrees Fahrenheit or greater and a minimum of 5 degrees Fahrenheit above the dew point. The maximum relative humidity shall be 85 percent. For areas listed in 3.7, readings shall be documented on QA checklist Form Appendix 1.

3.10.1.2 In areas where MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 15B products are specified, these products are exempt from dew point and relative humidity requirements. For these products, dew point and relative humidity do not need to be recorded on QA Checklist Forms.

3.10.1.3 The only products that may be applied below 50 degrees Fahrenheit are those specified in the Tables and Notes for use below 50 degrees Fahrenheit.

3.10.1.4 These environmental readings shall be taken prior to, to 48 hours of creditable cure time after, the application of a coat. Creditable cure time is defined in **3.6.7**. For areas preserved under **3.6.1.1/3.6.1.3**, environmental readings shall be taken immediately prior to start of application to 24 hours after application of a coat. If a final coat fully cures to immersion/service in less than 48 hours (24 hours for **3.6.1.1/3.6.1.3**), as defined in its NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718, environmental readings for that final coat shall be taken until the product's cure to immersion/service time is reached. For potable, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks on submarines and aircraft carriers, during inspection of each coat, the (G) point inspection shall validate that the environmental readings during application and curing of that coat comply with applicable environmental requirements. All components blasted and primed in accordance with 3.1.4 shall have environmental readings taken until the cure to recoat time is reached.

3.10.1.5 For potable, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks, environmental readings shall be taken from the surface preparation acceptance checkpoint to 5 days of creditable cure time after application of the final coat, unless otherwise stated in Tables One through 8.

3.10.1.6 The preferred method of measurement is use of a data logger. If a data logger is used, it shall collect data at a minimum of every one hour. A manual reading shall be taken once every 24 hours and at every evolution involving (G)-points. For areas listed in 3.7, manual readings shall be documented on QA Checklist Form Appendix 1. Maintain all data logger recorded data with the QA appendices.

3.10.1.7 For areas where a data logger is not used, environmental readings shall be manually taken every 4 hours and at every evolution involving (G)-points except as modified below. For areas listed in 3.7, readings shall be documented on QA Checklist Form Appendix 1.

3.10.1.8 For areas where relative humidity is maintained (through the use of dehumidification equipment or forced hot air) below 50 percent and the surface temperature is greater than 5 degrees above the dew point, manual readings where a data logger is not used are required once every 12 hours and at every evolution involving a (G)-point.

3.10.1.9 Environmental readings at (G)-points are only required within the timeframes given in 3.10.1.4 and 3.10.1.5.

3.10.1.10 Environmental readings shall be monitored during application of powder coating products, but they do not need to be recorded.

(I) or (I) (G) "CLEANLINESS" (See 4.4)

3.10.2 Accomplish degreasing/cleaning prior to surface preparation to ensure that the surface is free of contaminants in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 of 2.5. For areas prepared to NACE/SSPC-SP WJ-2 of 2.5 and 2.10 with UHP waterjetting equipment, the requirement of initial degreasing/cleaning is waived. A visual water break test (ASTM F-21 or F-22) on the surface may be used to validate SSPC-SP 1. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 2 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6.

3.10.2.1 Inspect the surface a maximum of 4 hours prior to start of coating removal to ensure accomplishment of SSPC-SP 1. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 2 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6.

3.10.3 Except for tanks, surface preparation by abrasive blasting is prohibited on submarine interior surfaces, with the exception that use of

self-contained Recyclable Encapsulated Abrasive Media material conforming to SSPC-AB 4 is permissible in submarine machinery spaces.

3.10.4 Limit the square footage of surfaces being prepared for preservation to an area that can be coated prior to the occurrence of flash rusting and/or oxidation. Remove any flash rust prior to **coating**, except as follows:

3.10.4.1 Surfaces cleaned by waterjetting shall meet the applicable NACE/SSPC Standard for flash rust. For submarines, the first coat of epoxy primer shall be applied within 24 hours of **coating** removal if removal is by non-automated waterjetting.

3.10.4.2 The water used in waterjetting shall not include detergents or inhibitors without written approval from the coating manufacturer and the SUPERVISOR.

(I) or (I) (G) "SURFACE PROFILE" (See 4.4)

3.10.5 One profile measurement shall be recorded for every 200 square feet for the first 1,000 square feet; for each additional 500 square feet or less, one profile measurement shall be taken. Profile measurements shall be taken in accordance with Method B or Method C of 2.9. For Method B of 2.9, one profile measurement shall be the average (mean) of 10 individual readings. For profile measurements taken in accordance with Method C of 2.9, use profile tape suitable to read subject profile (i.e., coarse to extracoarse plus). For Method C of 2.9, one profile measurement shall be the average (mean) of 2 individual readings. If any individual reading is found to be greater than or equal to 5 mils, use Method B of 2.9 in those areas to determine existing profile. The retention of profile tape is not required. For areas listed in 3.7, document surface profile on QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or 3A.

3.10.5.1 Following blasting or waterjetting operations, surface peak-to-valley profile must be checked. Surface profile shall be validated on areas without visible pitting. For Method B of 2.9, each profile measurement shall be between 2 and 4 mils. For Method C of 2.9, each profile measurement shall be between 2 and 4 mils, with no individual tape reading less than one mil or greater than 5 mils. If such profile is not present, repair activity shall establish the proper profile.

3.10.5.2 Following power tool cleaning to SSPC-SP 11 of 2.5, surface profile shall be checked. For submarines, one mil minimum profile is acceptable for all areas. For surface ships, profile measurements shall be 2 mils minimum for areas listed in 3.7 and one mil minimum for all other areas where accessible (inaccessible areas must be determined by inspection and agreed to by the SUPERVISOR).

3.10.5.3 For products without a NAVSEA-reviewed F718, manufacturer's instructions may be substituted.

3.10.5.4 Avoid excessive power wire brushing or excessive grinding/sanding which results in a polished surface.

3.10.5.5 Conversely, excessive use of mechanical tools (grinders, sanders, chippers, etc.) must be minimized to avoid metal loss. Disc sanders and rotary impact tools fitted with cutter bundle assemblies are not authorized on aluminum substrates. Overly aggressive blasting which causes metal thickness loss over the amount required for surface profile shall also be avoided. Excessive depth of profile can cause problems with poor coating performance. A greater than recommended surface profile requires a paint film be applied to totally cover the profile to prevent pinpoint or flash rust. The increase in paint film thickness also increases the susceptibility of solvent entrapment, causing blistering and premature failure of the coating.

3.10.5.6 Due to the potential for excessive metal loss, for SSN-21 and SSN-774 Class submarines, only the following power tools may be used to obtain an SSPC-SP 11 surface: Scotch Brite pads, needle guns and Rotopeens. On submarines, any areas of potential metal loss by corrosion or mechanical means shall be documented and reported to the SUPERVISOR.

3.10.5.7 Recyclable Encapsulated Abrasive Media material conforming to SSPC-AB 4 may not establish a sufficient surface profile. If this method is employed and the profile is insufficient to meet the requirements, the repair activity shall establish a sufficient surface profile.

3.10.5.8 Waterjetting will not establish a surface profile. If this method is selected by the repair activity and a surface profile does not exist or is insufficient to meet the requirements, the repair activity shall establish a sufficient surface profile.

(I) (G) "CONDUCTIVITY OR CHLORIDE MEASUREMENT"

3.10.6 For surfaces listed in 3.7, accomplish the requirements for conductivity or chloride measurements as follows:

3.10.6.1 Following coating removal, accomplish conductivity or chloride measurements in accordance with the requirements of **3.10.6.3**.

3.10.6.2 Additionally, accomplish a visual inspection within 4 hours prior to application of each coat. If evidence of contamination of the surface exists, accomplish the requirements of **3.10.6.3**.

3.10.6.3 Accomplish surface conductivity or chloride checks using available field or laboratory test equipment on the freshly prepared surface. One reading shall be taken for every 200 square feet for the first 1,000 square feet. One determination shall be conducted for every additional 500 square feet or less. For immersed applications, such as tanks and bilges, chloride measurements shall not exceed 3 μ g/cm² (30 mg/m²); conductivity measurements shall not exceed 30 micro-siemens/cm. For non-immersed applications, chloride measurements shall not exceed 5 μ g/cm² (50 mg/m²); conductivity measurements shall not exceed 70 micro-siemens/cm. Conductivity samples shall be collected using a product that meets the requirements of NACE SP0508-2010, "Methods of Validating Equivalence to ISO

8502-9 on Measurement of the Levels of Soluble Salts." Document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 4.

3.10.6.4 Because conductivity testing measures more than just chlorides, for any conductivity check that fails, a confirmatory chloride check may be conducted to confirm chloride levels. If the chloride levels do not exceed the requirements in **3.10.6.3**, the measurement passes the conductivity/chloride check.

3.10.6.5 If a conductivity check fails and the confirmatory chloride check is not conducted, or if chloride measurements exceed the respective values, water wash (3,000-5,000 PSI) the affected areas with potable water. Dry the affected areas and remove all standing water. Accomplish surface conductivity or chloride checks on affected areas in accordance with **3.10.6.3**. Repeat step until satisfactory levels are obtained.

3.10.6.6 If, after a freshwater wash, the measurements exceed required levels, a salt remover may be used; however, the only salt remover products that may be used for a coating system are those specified on that coating's NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718.

(I) or (I)(G) "SURFACE PREPARATION" (See 4.4)

3.10.7 Verify surface preparation for the coating systems specified in the Work Item or task order and Tables One through 8 are in accordance with 2.5 and 2.10. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6.

3.10.7.1 For surface ships, surface cleanliness for dust shall be accomplished for the underwater hull and documented on QA Checklist Form Appendix 5. Surface cleanliness for dust shall meet Rating 2, Class 2, of 2.11. One dust tape reading shall be taken for every 200 square feet for the first 1,000 square feet; for each additional 500 square feet or less, one tape reading shall be taken. The tape reading requirement is waived if the final stage of surface preparation for the entire surface is ultra high pressure (UHP) waterjetting.

3.10.7.2 When waterjetting has been performed to a specified WJ level of cleanliness on a steel surface, and the level of flash rust (low, moderate, or high) cannot be agreed upon between the authorized coating inspector and the Contractor through the use of the written **NACE/SSPC** WJ standard or the SSPC-VIS 4 visual reference standard, the procedure in Attachment B shall be used to resolve the dispute.

3.10.7.3 The checkpoints of 3.10.5, 3.10.6, and 3.10.7 can be accomplished concurrently.

3.10.8 Coating systems shall be applied and cured in accordance with this NAVSEA Standard Item and applicable NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718s as defined in 3.1.13.

3.10.8.1 For surface ship preservation of areas not listed in Tables One through 5, see the Tables in Section 1 of 2.2. For submarine preservation of areas not listed in Tables 6 through 8, see the Tables in 2.6.

3.10.8.2 Coatings shall not be thinned.

3.10.8.3 Unless fully enclosed, (i.e., with containment), do not perform exterior paint application when sustained winds exceed 15 miles per hour (MPH).

(I) or (I)(G) "COATING INSPECTION FOR EACH COAT" (Consists of Coating Thickness, Holidays, and Cleanliness) (See 4.4)

3.10.9 Inspect each Prime, Intermediate, Stripe, Tack, and Top Coat (including Capastic) as follows:

3.10.9.1 Accomplish DFT measurements of each coat applied for the coating systems listed in Tables One through 8. This excludes any stripe coats and draft marks. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 7.

3.10.9.2 Accomplish a visual holiday check on each coat of the system. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 7. Any holiday found shall be identified and touched-up. These touched-up holidays do not constitute a new coat. Paint containing Optically Active Pigment (OAP) shall be visually inspected using violet light. Where an OAP primer is used, each primer and topcoat shall be visually checked using violet light. When this occurs, the inspector shall use a violet-light flashlight conforming to ASTM E2501 to enhance the normal visual inspection process. An ASTM E2501 flashlight produces violet light that activates the fluorescent OAP. The inspector shall wear yellow or amber-tinted glasses that block ultraviolet and violet light to accomplish the inspection. See ASTM E2501 for the light transmittance specification for tinted glasses and http://www.nstcenter.biz for a list of safety eyewear models that meet the specification. Guidance regarding OAP inspection practices is available in SSPC-TU 11.

3.10.9.3 Accomplish a visual inspection for surface cleanliness. If evidence of contamination exists, accomplish degreasing/cleaning a maximum of 4 hours prior to application of next coat to ensure removal of surface contaminants. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 7 or 7A or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6 or 7. If condition is UNSAT, then also use Appendix 2 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6.

3.10.9.4 Accomplish a visual inspection for chloride contamination for areas listed in 3.7. If evidence of chloride contamination exists, accomplish requirement of 3.10.7.2 a maximum of 4 hours prior to application of next coat to ensure removal of surface contaminants. Document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 7 or 7A or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6 or 7. If condition is UNSAT, then also use Appendix 4 as required in **3.10.6.3**.

3.10.10 For DFT readings required in **3.10.9.1**, DFT readings for each coat shall be taken in accordance with Method PA 2 of 2.5. When measuring full coats to determine total system thicknesses denoted in Tables One through 8, DFT readings shall not be taken in areas where stripe coatings have been applied. When scanning technology is used in SSPC-PA 2 fixed batch mode (average of three readings), the average DFT displayed in each batch will be recorded in Appendix 7.

3.10.10.1 WFT readings are required in lieu of DFT readings for any coat that must be in a tacky state (as defined in **3.6.3**) when the next coat is applied, for non-metallic surfaces, for anti-corrosive and antifouling paint applied over capastic and sprayable shields, and when applied over existing coatings. For metallic surfaces, the number of WFT spot readings shall be 2 readings per 1,000 *square feet*. For non-metallic surfaces, the number of DFT readings that would have been taken. When WFT readings are used in this manner, the sampling frequency, distribution, and acceptance criteria shall be the same as described in SSPC-PA 2 of 2.5, except that only one WFT reading is required to represent a "spot measurement" instead of the three "gage readings" defined in SSPC-PA 2. WFT equals DFT divided by percent solids by volume (when percent solids by volume is expressed as a decimal, i.e., 60 percent equals 0.60). For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 7A or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 7.

3.10.10.2 If any coat measures less than its specified DFT, apply an additional coat of that product. The total DFT of these 2 coats shall not exceed the specified maximum thickness for the original coat as specified in Tables One through 8. If an additional coat is required, accomplish a cleanliness checkpoint in accordance with **3.10.9.3** prior to application of the additional coat.

3.10.10.3 During paint application, a WFT gage shall be used to verify the application of proper paint thickness for each coat of all coating systems listed in Tables One through 8. WFT readings shall be taken to confirm this, but need not be recorded.

3.10.10.4 Except to remediate small, localized drips or sags totaling less than 0.03 **percent** of the coated area, excessive DFT shall not be sanded to reduce DFT without approval of the SUPERVISOR.

3.10.11 With the exception of potable water, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks, when performing QA inspections for holidays and DFT readings, for all areas where aesthetics are not an issue, permanent markers, as approved by the SUPERVISOR, are acceptable. These markings may be directly overcoated with the next coat of paint (or remain exposed if used on the final coat in an area where aesthetics are not an issue).

3.11 NONSKID. Except for slip resistant deck coverings (MIL-PRF-24667 Type XI Composition PS), which shall have preservation operations as specified in 3.10, accomplish preservation operations for surface ship nonskid systems in accordance with the following:

3.11.1 When installing nonskid coating systems to critical coated areas (listed in 3.7) within enclosed spaces, including exterior temporary structures for environmental control, the following conditions shall be maintained for a minimum of 48 hours after application of each coat of the nonskid system:

3.11.1.1 Maintain sufficient volumetric air changes to satisfy 2.3 requirements that ventilation be provided in sufficient quantities to keep the concentration of coating solvent vapors below ten percent of their lower explosive limit.

3.11.1.2 Continuously maintain airflow into and out of the enclosed space to satisfy the requirements of 2.3. Fully open hangar doors satisfy 2.3 requirements.

3.11.1.3 Orient input air such that airflow is directed towards or across the deck and in the direction of the exhaust ventilation ports. Locate exhaust ventilation ports such that the bottom of the exhaust duct/opening is less than one foot from the deck surface to ensure that "heavier than air" coating solvent vapor is effectively removed from the enclosed space.

3.11.1.4 Evenly distribute input and exhaust ports such that uniform air movement throughout the enclosed space and across deck surface is maintained. Ensure airflow is not "short circuited" from input to exhaust by maximizing distance between input and exhaust ports.

3.11.1.5 Ensure the ventilation system remains operational and powered throughout application of the nonskid system regardless of whether personnel are in the enclosed space.

(V) "ENVIRONMENTAL READINGS"

3.11.2 Accomplish the requirements of 3.10.1 (environmental) with the following additions:

3.11.2.1 Record ambient and substrate surface temperatures, relative humidity, and dew point readings at one-hour intervals during nonskid system application.

3.11.2.2 Unless fully enclosed (i.e., with a tent), do not apply nonskid primer when sustained winds exceed 15 MPH.

3.11.2.3 Unless the applicable NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 is more stringent, ambient air temperature shall be 55-100 degrees Fahrenheit, deck temperature for primer application shall be 40-120 degrees Fahrenheit, and deck temperature for nonskid application shall be 40-110 degrees Fahrenheit. Deck temperature shall be a minimum of 5 degrees Fahrenheit above the dew point for nonskid system application. For application of Type VIII (low temperature) nonskid systems, ambient air and deck temperatures shall be between 35 degrees Fahrenheit and the upper limit specified by the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718. 3.11.3 Accomplish the requirements of 3.10.2 through **3.10.4** with the following additions:

3.11.3.1 If cleaning is performed via solvent wiping, after solvent wiping, the deck shall be allowed to dry before application of any coating. No visible solvent shall be present on deck surfaces prior to proceeding with the next process step. Solvent wiping is defined in **3.6.5**.

3.11.3.2 When a solvent wipe is performed, annotate Appendix 2 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 6 with type of solvent and time allowed to dry.

3.11.3.3 When cleaning exterior nonskid decks with High Pressure Water Cleaning (HP WC), cleanliness shall meet the requirements of SSPC-SP WJ-4/NACE WJ-4 instead of SSPC-SP 1.

(I) or (I) (G) "SURFACE PROFILE" (See 4.4)

3.11.4 Following blasting or waterjetting operations, surface peakto-valley profile shall be checked. Surface profile shall be validated on areas without visible pitting. For each area of preparation, one profile measurement shall be taken every 100 square feet for the first 500 square feet. Only one profile measurement shall be taken for every 1,000 square feet remaining. Profile measurements shall be taken in accordance with Method B or Method C of 2.9; For Method B of 2.9, one profile measurement shall be the average (mean) of 10 individual readings. For Method B of 2.9, each profile measurement shall be between 3 and 6 mils. For profile measurements taken in accordance with Method C of 2.9, use profile tape suitable to read subject profile (i.e., coarse to extra-coarse plus). For Method C of 2.9, one profile measurement shall be the average (mean) of 2 individual tapes. For Method C of 2.9, each profile measurement shall be between 3 and 6 mils, with no individual tape reading less than 2.5 mils or greater than, or equal to 5 mils. If any individual tape reading is found to be greater than, or equal to, 5 mils, use Method B of 2.9 in those areas to determine existing profile. If such profile is not present on decks and aircraft elevators, repair activity shall establish proper profile. The maximum profile requirement is waived for carrier aircraft elevators prepared via waterjetting. The retention of profile tape is not required. For areas listed in 3.7, document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or Naval Shipyard QA Checklist Form Appendix 3 or 3A.

3.11.4.1 For nonskid areas that abrasive blast equipment or waterjet equipment cannot access, substrate shall be prepared to SSPC-SP 11, except that minimum profile shall be 2 mils where accessible. Underside of tie-downs shall be prepared to SSPC-SP 2 or SSPC-SP 3 of 2.5; however, feathering requirements of **3.6.4** are waived, while remainder of tie-down shall be prepared to SSPC-SP 15 of 2.5.

3.11.4.2 The requirements of **3.10.5.4** through **3.10.5.6** apply to nonskid.

3.11.5 Accomplish the requirements of **3.10.6** for conductivity/ chloride measurements.

3.11.6 Accomplish the requirements of **3.10.7** for surface preparation.

3.11.6.1 Surface cleanliness for dust shall be accomplished for nonskid flight decks and documented on QA Checklist Form Appendix 5. Surface cleanliness for dust shall meet Rating 2, Class 2, of 2.11. Three individual readings shall be taken every 100 **square feet** for the first 500 **square feet**. If the tape readings are consistent, only one tape reading shall be taken for every 1,000 **square feet** remaining. The tape reading requirement is waived if the final stage of surface preparation for the entire surface is ultra high pressure (UHP) waterjetting and the primer is applied within 6 hours of completion of surface preparation.

3.11.6.2 For flight deck areas receiving a nonskid system and prepared to NACE/SSPC-SP WJ-2, a minimum of 20 percent of the total area receiving a nonskid system shall be abrasively blasted to an NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 level of cleanliness. The areas to be prepared to NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 shall be as directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.11.7 Nonskid systems shall be applied in accordance with the applicable Tables. A new nonskid system shall overlap existing nonskid to the minimum extent necessary to create a continuous film as agreed upon by the SUPERVISOR.

3.11.7.1 Nonskid shall be rolled parallel to ship's main axis. Welds parallel with the direction of peaks and valleys shall be cross-rolled. Cross-rolling shall extend 3 to 6 inches on each side of the weld. The requirement to roll nonskid parallel to the ship's main axis is waived on LCS 2 class flight decks and any other areas with extruded aluminum plank decks as approved by the SUPERVISOR. In these areas, nonskid shall be rolled perpendicular to the ship's main axis.

3.11.7.2 Nonskid material remaining in the can after nonskid is poured onto primed deck surface shall not be removed from the can.

3.11.7.3 If probing the nonskid surface with a dull putty knife results in penetration of the putty knife into the nonskid, neither foot nor vehicular traffic shall be permitted.

3.11.7.4 DFT measurements of nonskid primer in overlap areas shall be no more than 15 mils.

3.11.8 Accomplish the requirements of 3.2 for stripe coat with the exception that stripe coat may precede prime coat.

3.11.8.1 For overcoating of stripe coat or stripe coating of the primer coat, refer to the applicable NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718. When the stripe coat is applied prior to overcoating with a full coat of primer, the stripe coat shall be dry to touch in accordance with ASTM D1640.

3.11.9 Nonskid application shall begin within 36 hours of completion of final full primer coat application. For areas not listed in 3.7, nonskid

overcoating application shall be in accordance with NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718. For areas listed in 3.7, use the following:

3.11.9.1 If nonskid application begins within 36 to 72 hours after completion of final full primer coat application, the primer coat shall be solvent wiped with solvent required by the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718.

3.11.9.2 If nonskid application begins within 3 to 7 days after completion of final full primer coat application, the primer coat shall be solvent wiped with solvent required by the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718, then lightly abraded, solvent wiped again, and a mist coat (one to 2 mils) of primer shall be applied and allowed to cure to recoat.

3.11.9.3 If the primer coat is not overcoated with nonskid within 7 days of final full primer coat application, the primer shall be removed and the surface preparation repeated. For zone tie-in areas where the primer is to be overcoated with itself (up to 12 inches of overlap), the recoat window shall be in accordance with the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718; the primer shall be solvent wiped with solvent required by the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718, then lightly abraded, then solvent wiped again.

3.11.9.4 Aircraft carrier landing areas not overcoated with nonskid within 72 hours of primer application *completion* shall have surface preparation repeated.

3.11.10 Accomplish the requirements of **3.10.9** through **3.10.11** for inspection of nonskid primer (full and stripe coats).

(I) or (I) (G) "NONSKID MIXING AND APPLICATION" (See 4.4)

3.11.11 Accomplish the following requirements during initiation of the mixing and application process:

3.11.11.1 Verify that nonskid mixing blade is free of previously cured *coatings*.

3.11.11.2 Verify that applicator meets NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 mixing and application requirements, including: specified mixing equipment, pre-mix time, mix time, induction time, pot-life and any product specific application requirements.

(I) or (I) (G) "NONSKID SPREAD RATE AND HOLIDAY INSPECTION" (See 4.4)

3.11.12 Verify that nonskid spread rate meets the following requirement: Types I, V, VI, VII, and VIII - 18 **square feet**/gallon minimum and 30 **square feet**/gallon maximum; Types II, III, IX and X - 23 **square feet**/gallon minimum and 35 **square feet**/gallon maximum; and, Types IV and IX (sprayed) - 60 **square feet**/gallon maximum. Perform visual holiday inspection of nonskid and document on QA Checklist Form Appendix 7. Spread rate shall be determined by the following formula: [(square feet coated) / ((gallons per kit) x (number of kits))]. 3.11.12.1 Holidays less than 4 **square inches** shall be touchedup as follows: 1) solvent clean primer with solvent required in product NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718, 2) lightly sand exposed primer, 3) solvent clean sanded surface with solvent required in product NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718, and 4) apply nonskid to primer to approximate texture of surrounding nonskid. Overcoat window restrictions do not apply to touch-up of holidays in nonlanding areas. Holidays less than 1/8 of a **square inch** shall be exempt from touch-up.

3.11.13 Inspect the location and color of required VLA markings in accordance with Naval Air Warfare Center Aircraft Division (NAWCAD) Class Guidance Drawings, Air Capable Ship Aviation Facilities Bulletin, Amphibious Assault Ship Aviation Facilities Bulletin, Shipboard Aviation Resume (NAEC-ENG-7576), VLA General Service Bulletin No. 8 (latest revision) or by contacting the local NAWC (CAFSU/ASIR) Field Office.

3.12 For submarines, accomplish preservation of damping and acoustic tiles and surfaces in way of these tiles in accordance with the following. All exterior tiles and tiles inside tanks shall be installed over a surface prepared to NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 and painted with the preservation system indicated in Table 8. Surfaces beneath exterior tiles and tiles inside tanks are considered critically coated. Care shall be taken to ensure blasting does not damage tiles. Surface preparation and preservation of steel restrained tiles shall be as listed in Table 8. Paint only steel portions of SSBN/SSGN-726 Class acoustic baffles. Before overcoating tile that is currently coated, sweep blast the surface to roughen the existing paint. Non-steel restraining covers are not required to be painted except for antifouling purposes. Overspray of otherwise unpainted covers is acceptable. Full paint out of non-steel damping restraining covers, unrestrained damping, and acoustic tile (including Gradual Transition Coating (GTC)) and covers is not intended. In interior spaces, exposed surfaces of acoustical absorptive treatments that are painted shall be prepared to SSPC-SP 1 and shall be painted with 1-2 mils of paint (avoid filling perforations) to match surroundings.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Wet space decks include sanitary spaces (washrooms, water closets, and showers), food service spaces (galley, scullery, butcher shop, bakery, meat prep rooms, and food service line), and trash compactor rooms.

4.2 Total DFT encountered during removal may exceed specified Table thicknesses.

4.3 Total removal of ablative coating is not required. An ablative copper antifoulant (AF) coating system shall not be removed by blasting prior to its specified service life unless it is blistered, peeling, or otherwise damaged beyond repair. Stable and intact ablative AF coatings shall be retained and overcoated. The total film thickness of the combined retained and freshly applied paint shall comply with Table One/Table 6. When the Work Item or task order calls for overcoating of retained intact ablative copper AF coating, AF surfaces shall be washed down with fresh water. For all ships except submarines and aircraft carriers, this fresh water washdown shall be performed at 2,000 PSI as the vessel comes out of the water, in order to prevent slime and oxidized paint from drying on the hull and inhibiting leaching of the paint when the ship is returned to the water. For submarines and aircraft carriers, instead, within 24 hours of the hull being released by cognizant shipyard authorities, pressure wash with fresh water **between** 2,000 **and** 5,000 PSI. The surface shall be cleaned and dried before new paint is applied. Apply any anti-corrosive (AC) paint to areas in need of repairs. Overcoat the AC paint with the approved AF paint of the same MIL-PRF-24647 Type. The Work Item or task order will specify the degree of removal.

4.4 The paragraphs referencing this note are considered an (I)(G) if the inspection/test is on a critical surface as listed in 3.7. If the inspection/test is not on a surface listed in 3.7, then the paragraph is considered an (I).

4.5 Refer to 009-03 of 2.1 as appropriate for requirements concerning potential exposure to toxic or hazardous substances and hazardous operations.

4.6 The repair activity may use environmental enclosures to control environmental conditions.

4.7 Preservation system repairs are an Unrestricted Operations (URO) Maintenance Requirement Cards (MRC) program attribute.

4.7.1 The Unrestricted Operations (URO) Maintenance Requirement Cards (MRC) program was developed by NAVSEA to monitor specific areas of interest to determine if the conditions of these areas are suitable for continued unrestricted operations. Maintaining the protective capability of the coating system is critical to maintaining structural integrity during the periods between inspections. For this reason, complying with requirements for coating system application for all aspects of the preservation process is essential. Other systems that impact the URO MRC program are Special Hull Treatment (SHT) application process, including Mold-In-Place (MIP), maintenance of cathodic protection systems (Impressed Current Cathodic Protection (ICCP) and anodes) and installation of various types of tiles (acoustic, damping, etc.).

4.7.1.1 Substrate preparation and preservation are not authorized/covered in this Standard Item for vertical launch system (VLS) bathtub area, thin line towed array (TLTA) interior, surfaces covered by SHT, propulsor, and retractable bow plane recesses on submarines.

4.7.2 Preservation work in submarine tanks and enclosed spaces is usually scheduled to occur when the tanks and spaces are opened and entered to perform URO MRC structural inspections. Any time a tank or other enclosed space is entered, if a URO MRC 003 structural inspection is not authorized, the government will be performing a structural visual examination.

 $4.7.3\,$ Any URO MRC item being blasted and painted will have a URO MRC hull survey inspection performed by the government prior to blasting and again prior to repainting.

4.8 Painting of rubber piece parts of pipe hangers is permitted in the following areas: Main Ballast Tanks (MBTs), freeflood areas, and internal tanks which are normally painted. The rubber piece parts include the liners, grommets, and inserts found in steel strap and steel block type pipe hangers; also included is the block rubber type pipe hangers. Prior to painting rubber piece parts in surface ship potable water and reserve feedwater tanks, existing paint shall be removed to an SSPC-SP 2 level of cleanliness as approved by the SUPERVISOR. Do not paint rubber piece parts in surface ship FWDCTs, submarine RFTs, and hangers on nuclear piping that traverses other non-nuclear tanks.

4.9 Inspections such as URO inspections and inspection periodicities are addressed in 2.2 and 2.6.

4.10 If installation of slip resistant deck coverings in interior and exterior application on surface ships in **3.1.26** is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-26 "Deck Covering Requirements; accomplish", including Attachment G will be specified in the work item.

4.11 Unless otherwise noted, carriers are considered surface ships throughout this document. The tables are split up between surface ships and submarines. Table One is for surface ship underwater hull areas. Table 2 is for surface ship exterior areas. Table 3 is for surface ship interior spaces. Table 4 is for surface ship tanks and voids. Table 5 is for surface ship miscellaneous areas. Table 6 is for submarine exterior hull areas. Table 7 is for submarine interior areas. Table 8 is for submarine tanks and voids.

Attachment A

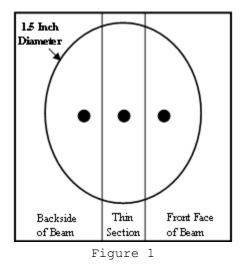
Edge DFT Measurement

In addition to the required DFTs per SSPC-PA 2, a separate set of "edge" DFT readings shall be taken in close proximity to corners and edges of area structural elements including, but not limited to stiffeners, "rat holes," cut-outs, and frames. This data shall be taken in accordance with SSPC-PA 2 and reported separately from those required by **3.10.9.1**, with the following modifications:

1) The "edge" gage readings shall be taken approximately ¼ inch (i.e., 0.5 cm) from edges using micro-probe gages with a probe less than or equal to ½-inch in diameter. For "edge" readings taken on substrates less than ½-inch thick, readings shall be taken from the "middle" of the substrate. Microprobe gages shall be calibrated, in accordance with manufacturer's direction, to measure paint thicknesses expected during application.

2) Welds not associated with corners or edges (i.e., a butt weld joining 2 flat plates) shall be inspected using standard visual techniques. The inherent roughness of the weld precludes the collection of reproducible data from these areas. Inspectors may, if they choose, take a spot reading within ½ inch (i.e., 0.5 cm) from a butt weld.

3) An "edge" spot measurement shall consist of 3 gage readings taken within a 1.5 inch (i.e., 4 cm) diameter circle. Accomplish front, back, and edge DFT gage readings as shown in Figure 1 (see attached). For each data set required for the flat surface data set the equivalent is required for the edge or corner data set. For example, if 20 spot DFT measurements are required for an area, then 20 DFT measurements are required using the front, back, edge method set and 20 for the flat surface set.



Attachment B

NAVSEA Flash Rust Adjudication Procedure:

When waterjetting has been performed to a specified WJ level of cleanliness on a steel surface, and the level of flash rust (low, moderate, or high) cannot be agreed upon between the authorized coating inspector and the Contractor through the use of the written **NACE/SSPC** WJ standard or the SSPC-VIS 4 visual reference standard, the following procedure shall be used to resolve the dispute. Note that this procedure is not a substitute for the definitions contained in the **NACE/**SSPC standard, but rather is intended to provide objective quality evidence (OQE) that a disputed zone, surface, or area has a low, moderate or high level of flash rust.

1. <u>Ensure Surface Condition</u>. The zone, surface, or area shall have been cleaned to the required waterjetting level of cleanliness in accordance with 2.5 and 2.10 and possess a level of flash rust that cannot be readily gauged or appraised with certitude using the guidelines of 2.5, 2.10, and SSPC-VIS 4 alone.

2. <u>Determine Minimum Number of Samples</u>. One flash rust reading (consisting of one test measurement and one control measurement) shall be taken for every 200 square feet for the first 1,000 square feet of a zone, surface, or area. For each additional 500 square feet or increment thereof, one additional flash rust reading shall be taken.

CAUTION

Excessive pressure applied to the tape can crack the slide and create a dangerous, sharp surface.

3. <u>Prepare Test Sample and Control Sample</u>. Both the test and control samples are prepared by applying a 4-5 inch long piece of ISO 8502-3 dust tape to a 1.2 mm thick clean, clear microscope slide which is 50mm by 75mm or larger. The tapes for the test and control samples shall be prepared as described in the sub-paragraphs below. Fully adhere the adhesive side of the tape to the slide, centering the tape's length over the 75mm dimension of the glass. To help secure the tape to the slide, not more than 1/4-inch of the tape end may be wrapped under the slide. Additional tape may interfere with the measuring devices. Any sample with air bubbles larger than 1/4-inch in diameter shall be rejected. Using a permanent marker to write on a non-test portion of the slide, date and uniquely identify each sample.

3.1 <u>Test Sample Tape Preparation</u>. For each test sample, the dust tape is applied to a representative area of the flash rusted surface before being applied to the microscope slide. The inspector shall rub the tape onto the flash rusted surface with his/her thumb or other finger, pressing as hard as possible over the central 3-inches of the tape without damaging it. Remove the tape from the steel in a manner that retains as much of the adherent rust as possible; do not shake the tape or try to dislodge the rust.

Attachment B (Con't)

3.2 <u>Control Sample Tape Preparation</u>. While avoiding transferring fingerprints to the central 3 inches of tape, apply a control piece of tape from the same roll as that used for the test sample to a separate clean, clear microscope slide.

4. <u>Measure Transmittance</u>. For each test and control tape/microscope-slide assembly, measure the transmittance using a Laser Labs Model LM100, Monroe PMP Model PD2.1, Monroe PMP Model PD3.0, or NAVSEA-approved equivalent transmittance measurement meter. Transmittance measurements shall not be made in direct sunlight or in an area where the ambient light level exceeds 100 foot candles. Insert the slide into the instrument with the tape facing the meter's light source. Record two measurements from different locations on the test sample. Record 2 measurements from the control tape, taking one measurement from each end. Subtract the average of the 2 test readings from the average of the two control readings. The difference in average transmittance of the test sample (i.e., sample with flash rust) and the average transmittance of the control sample shall constitute one transmittance reading.

5. Adjudicate Flash Rust Level. A difference in transmittance reading (i.e., control minus test sample) shall be applied to the entire zone, surface, or area which the measurement is intended to represent. The percentage difference between the average control and test sample values, as compared to the control sample, shall be used to establish the following flash rust levels:

WJ "High" level of flash rust: greater than 20 percent difference in transmittance readings.

WJ "Moderate" level of flash rust: 10 percent to 20 percent difference in transmittance readings.

WJ "Low" level of flash rust: less than 10 percent difference in transmittance readings.

If the adjudicated flash rust level is determined to be greater than the requirements for the area allow, then the area shall be re-cleaned until the specification is met.

6. <u>Retain Samples</u>. All test transmittance samples and control transmittance samples shall be retained as objective quality evidence that the required level of surface cleanliness was obtained.

Attachment C

Process for Spot and Sweep Blast of the Underwater Hull and Freeboard

1. The "Spot **and** Sweep" method shall only be used if authorized by the SUPERVISOR prior to the start of work in these areas. The use of this Spot **and** Sweep process shall only apply to the underwater hull and freeboard areas of the ship and may only be considered for use on surface ships.

2. The spot and sweep blast process shall be performed by a robotic crawler unit that uses Ultra High Pressure Waterjetting (UHPWJ). For areas not accessible by the robotic crawlers, UHP lances and/or abrasive blasting may be used to create either a **NACE**/SSPC-SP WJ-4/M surface or an SSPC-SP 7 surface, respectively. SSPC-SP 3 power tool cleaning may be used for feathering in the spot and sweep-prepared surfaces.

3. Examine the existing coating on the ship's hull and determine the color sequence of the current epoxy coating system prior to blasting. The anticipated sequence is red epoxy primer followed by gray epoxy tie coat. The examiner shall note these colors for use during inspection of the hull prior to application of the first coat of epoxy primer.

4. The UHP robotic crawler unit shall be set up to accomplish the following:

(a) Remove all loose and degraded coating, rust and fouling from areas of bare metal to create a **NACE/**SSPC-**SP** WJ-2/M surface.

(b) For the underwater hull: Remove all antifouling coating and remove approximately 1/2 of the thickness of the current MIL-PRF-24647 epoxy tie coat from the underwater hull area.

(c) For the freeboard portion of the hull: Remove all of the MIL-PRF-24635 coating, regardless of thickness, and remove approximately 1/2 of the thickness of the top MIL-PRF-24647 or MIL-PRF-23236 epoxy coat from the freeboard area.

(d) Smoothly feather or transition from areas of bare metal to the retained epoxy coating. Areas of sharp or "step" transition between bare metal and paint shall be noted on the applicable QA appendix form in the comments section. Also, feather edges as needed where the UHP robotic crawler leaves behind markings in the existing paint (concentric circles).

5. The use of the Spot and Sweep method does not waive any surface preparation QA steps. Conduct all QA inspections on bare metal areas and record QA data. Areas of retained paint shall be visually inspected and shall satisfy the following:

(a) There shall be no more than two colors of paint visible in any area of retained coating. Inspectors shall observe the red primer adjacent to any bare metal areas and then continue observations into the bulk of the retained epoxy. Gray epoxy may be retained on top of the red primer, but any visual evidence of additional coats of red or black paint (indicating antifouling coating retention) or haze gray MIL-PRF-24635 (indicating

silicon alkyd/polysiloxane coating retention) on top of the gray epoxy shall be cause for closer inspection. Closer inspection shall be conducted from a minimum distance of 3 feet. Upon closer inspection, a solvent-wipe test with a white rag shall be conducted using an antifouling coating clean-up solvent. If the solvent wipe test shows color transfer onto the rag, the area shall be rejected. Rejected areas shall be cleaned again until no color transfers to the rag.

(b) Minimize areas of sharp transition or steps between bare metal and paint. Any such areas shall be inspected and tested with a dull putty knife to determine adhesion. If the paint flakes or can be dislodged, the area shall be rejected and cleaned again to remove the loose paint.

(c) Feather the transition areas where partial blasted areas occur next to bare steel blasted areas. Sharp edges shall be removed in accordance with SSPC-SP 3 and the areas feathered for a smooth transition.

6. The first step of the coating application process shall be as follows: Apply one coat of epoxy primer in accordance with Tables One and 2 to all areas in the zone or work area (i.e., both bare metal and retained epoxy primer) to achieve the specified epoxy coating thickness. Do not apply a thin or varied primer thickness when traversing areas between bare metal and retained epoxy.

7. Coating inspections shall be performed for each coat of paint in accordance with **3.10.9**. In bare metal areas, DFT readings shall be measured and recorded. In areas of retained paint, however, WFT readings shall be measured and recorded in place of DFT readings for determining proper coating thickness for each coat. (Follow the requirement for taking WFT readings in place of DFT readings for accept/reject criteria). In areas of retained paint, DFT readings shall still be measured and recorded. However, high DFT readings shall not be cause for rejection; such readings shall only be measured for documentation purposes.

8. Once the primer has reached the cure to overcoat state, the surface area shall be inspected for edge lifting of the remaining epoxy that was overcoated. This inspection shall be conducted at a maximum distance of 15 feet. As it cures, the epoxy primer may lift any loose edges of the existing coating that may not have been visible during the initial surface preparation inspection. Any areas where the paint has lifted shall be prepared in accordance with SSPC-SP 3 and primed. This inspection may be included as part of the DFT/WFT and visual holiday inspection.

9. For underwater hull areas:

(a) Apply second / tie coat of epoxy and first coat of antifouling in accordance with Table One.

(b) Apply remaining antifouling system in accordance with Table One.

10. For freeboard areas, apply second coat of epoxy then the topcoat in accordance with applicable Line in Table 2.

NOTES OF TABLES ONE THROUGH 5 FOR SURFACE SHIPS

- (1) Draft marks are applied directly over the complete antifouling system.
- (2) Boottop The boottopping is defined as the black area from minimum load waterline at which the ship is expected to operate to 12 inches above the maximum load waterline. The black paint is an antifouling paint conforming to MIL-PRF-24647. The haze gray MIL-PRF-24635 shall not overlap onto the black MIL-PRF-24647 antifouling topcoat.
- (3) This area includes DDG-51 Class top of stacks (i.e., 05 level weather decks and bulwarks).
- (4) For the structural decks within the machinery spaces above the bilge line, use the Table Lines for "INTERIOR DECK PASSAGEWAYS NOT RECEIVING DECK COVERINGS."
- (5) Applicable to mast and yardarm surfaces as approved by the SUPERVISOR.
- (6) A minimum of 24 hours drying time shall be allowed after last coat prior to undocking.
- (7) Within a zone or work area, proprietary primer and nonskid listed on QPLs for MIL-PRF-24667 shall be coated with the same primer and compatible topcoat.
- (8) For applications below 50 degrees Fahrenheit, MIL-PRF-24647 coatings shall be used in accordance with the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F-718 to determine lower application temperature limit. Do not apply these coatings below 35 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (9) MIL-PRF-24596, Grade C, Classes 1 and 2 or MIL-DTL-24607 <u>must</u> be used if surface and ambient temperatures are less than 50 degrees Fahrenheit.
- The "inner shield" is defined as the portion of the dielectric shield (10)that extends 3 ft. from the anode in all directions. The "outer shield" is defined as the portion of the dielectric shield from the inner shield to a distance of 6 ft. from the anode. Repair of the inner shield area is required when total deteriorated inner shield surface area is from 0 to 2 percent, and no single spot is greater than one square foot. Repair of the outer shield area is required when total deteriorated outer shield surface area is from 0 to 10 percent, and no single spot is greater than one square foot. Replacement (new installation) of the entire dielectric shield is required when either of the above criteria is exceeded (damage to the inner shield is greater than 2 percent, OR damage to the outer shield is greater than 10 percent, OR any single spot damage is greater than one square foot). Repair of this system shall be performed with EVOQUA Water Technologies LLC part number Capastic[™] 35524 (W3T106410).

(11) The following steps shall be used for repair/replacement of dielectric shields. Ensure QA checkpoints are conducted in accordance with 3.7.

a. Protect surrounding area from damage. Mask anode surfaces with heavy cardboard or plywood.

b. Abrasive blast.

c. For repair, areas of undamaged dielectric shield shall be roughened and feathered into the bare metal areas to provide a profile for adhesion of the new dielectric shield. Feather edges at least one inch using power tools or hand sanding. To prevent fracturing of shield, do not feather using abrasive blasting.

d. The trowelable or sprayable dielectric shield material shall be mixed, applied, and cured in accordance with manufacturer's instructions as modified by this document.

e. The dielectric shield material should be faired in and made smooth from the anode for a distance of at least 10 inches to minimize hull turbulence except for diver-serviceable anodes which require no fairing.

f. The anti-corrosive shall be applied when the dielectric shield material is in a tack-free state. If the dielectric shield material has cured, sanding shall be accomplished to smooth any rough areas and to degloss the surface for the anti-corrosive to be applied over it.

g. During visual inspection, ensure anode surfaces are undamaged and free of paint and dielectric shield material.

h. The anode should remain covered with heavy cardboard or plywood to prevent damage or contamination by the ship's underwater hull coating system until just before undocking.

- (12) These systems may also be invoked for preservation of decks in spaces that are prone to wear and do not receive deck covering.
- (13) Anchors below lower boottopping limit shall be painted in accordance with normal underwater hull anti-corrosion/anti-fouling system.
- (14) For MCM class ships, use walnut shells, garnet, or crushed glass for abrasive blast media. Waterjetting to NACE/SSPC-SP WJ-2/L may be used in place of NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10. Waterjetting to NACE/SSPC-SP WJ-3/L may be used in place of NACE 3/SSPC-SP 6.
- (15) Anchor chain and detachable links shall be marked and color-coded in accordance with NSTM Chapter 581 unless otherwise directed by the Work Item or task order.
- (16) Apply polysulfide compound conforming to MIL-PRF-81733, Type II, Class2, after primer application, prior to topcoat application.

- (17) Colors shown in Tables 631-8-10 and 631-8-11 of 2.2 shall be specified by TYCOM or ship's Commanding Officer in accordance with Paragraph 631-8.18.3.2 of 2.2.
- (18) Restore each compartment marking in accordance with 2.12 and 2.13.
- (19) MIL-PRF-24667 nonskid systems shall be applied as complete systems (primer, intermediate coat when MIL-PRF-24667, Type III, coatings are invoked, nonskid, and color topping) from the same manufacturer except for the color topping. When a manufacturer does not have approved color topping, use another compatible manufacturer's color topping. MIL-PRF-24667, Type I, when required, shall be specified in the invoking Work Item or task order.
- (20) Prior to accomplishing painting of wooden underwater hulls, allow the hull to dry to a moisture content of 15 percent. Readings shall be taken with an electronic moisture meter, Sovereign Moisture Master or equal. Cover grounding plates and zincs prior to painting.
- (21) Blasted surface metal must be degreased following walnut shell blasting. Even traces of residual oil will degrade paint adhesion. Appropriate safety precautions for working with flammable solvents must be enforced. Alternate procedure is a vigorous soap and water wash followed by pressurized fresh water rinse. Do not use a detergent and fresh water washdown when using aluminum oxide as an abrasive blast medium.
- (22) Peripheral deck edging and areas not receiving nonskid may substitute the manufacturer's MIL-PRF-24667 color topping at 2-3 mils for MIL-PRF-24635. Aircraft tie-downs may be coated with MIL-DTL-24441 F-155 in lieu of nonskid color topping.
- (23) Apply MIL-PRF-24635, Type V, Haze Gray, No. 26270 to all launcher areas not receiving nonskid. For DDG Flight II class ships where troughs are installed, topcoat using Deck Gray No. 26008 for trough covers and troughs.
- (24) This product shall be spray applied where possible. All references to "brush coat" or "brush application" may be accomplished using a paint brush or a paint roller or cartridge unit. Multiple coats applied by brush/roller/cartridge unit shall be substituted for one coat of the spray application of 20-30 mils total in areas where plural-component spray application is not feasible or for paint touch-up. For brush application, the spray version of each product may be brush-applied or the brush coat version of the product may be used. The brush coat version of Sherwin-Williams Fast Clad ER is Fast Clad Brush Grade. The brush coat version of International Interline 783 is Interline 624.

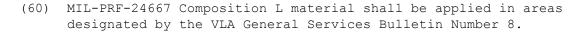
For application of the "single coat" products (by brush, roller, or spray), the product shall be applied all at one time, meaning during a continuous spray and touch-up operation. Specifically, a "single-coat" system involves one color of paint, applied during one work evolution (i.e., no time is required to wait for the paint to dry), with a single pass or double pass. Because the spray application is one work evolution, coating inspection QA checkpoint **3.10.9** need only be conducted after completion of application of the full coat. Completing a single work evolution may involve actions over numerous days, but it is still one evolution, requiring one QA checkpoint. If a tank or void is touched-up with a contrasting color, it is acceptable for the area to have a multi-color appearance.

For heavily pitted areas, substitute Sherwin-Williams Fast Clad primer or International THA787/785 for the prime coat; apply at 4-8 mils. Then apply the topcoat at 16-22 mils if spray applying or 2 coats at 8-11 mils each if applied by brush/roller/cartridge unit. The primer application constitutes a separate QA checkpoint from the topcoat; however, the checkpoint for the primer shall be (I) instead of (I) (G).

- (25) Power impact tool cleaning using power-driven needle guns, chipping or scaling hammers, rotary scalers, single or multiple-piston scalers, or other similar impact cleaning tools shall not be utilized in the cleaning methods.
- (26) For coating repair or replacement, maintain the relative humidity in the tank or void space at a maximum of 50 percent from surface preparation checkpoint acceptance until cure to recoat time of final touch-up of the topcoat; relative humidity shall be maintained at a maximum of 85 percent from cure to recoat for the final touch-up of the topcoat through cure to service. For in-service coating touch-up until cure to immersion of topcoat, maintain relative humidity at a maximum of 85 percent.
- (27) Finish coats for boats and craft shall be as specified in Paragraph 631-9.3.2 through 631-9.3.3 of 2.2 unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item or task order.
- (28) Thermal insulation shall be soap and water cleaned and hand sanded.
- (29) Three coats of MIL-DTL-24441, Type III at 3-4 mils per coat can be substituted for 2 coats of MIL-DTL-24441, Type IV at 4-6 mils per coat, for total system DFT of 8-12 mils. Three full coats and 2 stripe coats of MIL-DTL-24441, Type III at 3-4 mils per coat can be substituted for 2 full coats and one stripe coat of MIL-DTL-24441, Type IV at 4-6 mils per coat, for total system DFT of 8-12 mils.
- (30) Grit blasting to near white metal is the preferred method of surface preparation. Only where grit blasting is not possible should power tool cleaning be used with prior authorization by the SUPERVISOR. Power tool cleaning should not be used for well deck areas frequently exposed to LCAC exhaust.
- (31) A low-pressure (3,000 to 5,000 PSI) fresh water washdown of the well deck area shall be performed before either grit blasting or power tool cleaning to remove dirt, oil, grease, salts, and loosely adherent paint.

- (32) Upon completion of surface preparation, pH measurements must be taken. The pH must be in the range of 6.5 to 7.5. If the pH is not within this range, the surface must be washed with fresh water until the required pH is obtained.
- (33) If approved by the SUPERVISOR, the surface preparation method of Spot and Sweep, described in Attachment C may be used in place of the surface preparation SSPC/NACE standard required in the Table Line.
- (34) These systems may also be invoked for preservation of well deck bulkheads and decks.
- (35) Topcoat JBD pits and barricade stanchions with one coat MIL-DTL-24441 or MIL-PRF-23236 Type VI, white, at 2-4 mils.
- (36) SSPC-SP 11 shall be the surface preparation standard used, even if the applicable NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 has a more stringent requirement.
- (37) Total DFT specified for potable water tanks shall not be exceeded except in isolated areas adjacent to shapes and stiffeners. In no case shall the maximum DFT be exceeded by 2 mils. The isolated areas shall be less than 2 percent of the total area.
- (38) Maintain the relative humidity in the tank at a maximum of 85 percent from the start of abrasive blasting to cure of the topcoat. By allowing 85 percent vice 50 percent relative humidity, this will reduce the service life of the tank from 15-20 years to 10-12 years.
- (39) Ameron Amercoat 892HS shall not be used for surfaces that exceed 700 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (40) Do not stripe coat inside surfaces of the Sonar Trunk Guide Rail angles.
- (41) Apply 3 coats of a vapor barrier-coating compound, MIL-PRF-19565, in contrasting colors (*final coat* white), to thermal insulation within laundries, sculleries, galleys, drying rooms, and to thermal insulation on the warm side of refrigerated stores spaces.
- (42) High temperature areas of exhaust pipe exteriors include BLISS caps, air eductors, and exhaust stacks.
- (43) In lieu of white, use Light Gray, Color No. 26373 (Low Solar Absorption only). In lieu of black, use Ocean Gray, Color No. 26173 (Low Solar Absorption only).
- (44) These systems shall also be invoked for Aircraft Electrical Servicing Stations (AESS) trunks.
- (45) Passive Counter-measure System (PCMS) tile on the bow flares shall be painted with the same topcoat as the freeboard.

- (46) For struts, rudders, and other erosion-prone areas, add one coat 3M Co. No. EC-2216, 4-5 mils, and 3 coats, 5-6 mils/coat over the first coat of AC prior to application of the second coat of AC, if authorized by the TYCOM.
- (47) The topcoats for ordnance/non-ordnance pyrotechnic locker sun shields shall be painted white or as directed by NAVSEA.
- (48) All of the AC and AF coats in the product system must be from the same manufacturer.
- (49) For touch-up of Sherwin-Williams Fast Clad ER, Fast Clad Brush Grade may be used. Fast Clad Brush Grade is applied at 8-10 mils/coat. For touch up of Interline 783, Interline 624 can be used. Interline 624 is applied at 4-8 mils/coat.
- (50) "Cosmetic" color topping is not to be applied on top of nonskid on vertical replenishment or aviation decks.
- (51) A second full coat of proprietary nonskid primer listed on the QPL for MIL-PRF-24667 may be applied if approved by the SUPERVISOR. The second full coat satisfies the stripe coat requirement.
- (52) Do not blast fin stabilizers to near white metal. As-received fin stabilizers shall be brush-off blasted to NACE 4/SSPC-SP 7 (Brush-Off Blast Cleaning) in lieu of near white metal blast to ensure polymer fairing compound is not removed prior to application of paint. Blank, wrap, cover, or mask equipment, shafts and openings to preclude damage and prevent entry of contaminants prior to cleaning operation. Remove protective covering upon completion of preservation operations.
- (53) "Total System" value is only listed when it is more stringent than the sum of the individual coats of the system.
- (54) This Table Line does not apply to propulsion plant water tanks aboard nuclear-powered ships.
- (55) For MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 9, 9/18, 11, and 11/18 paints, follow the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 for temperatures, cure and recoat times. This supersedes the 70 degree Fahrenheit, 36/12-hour/5 day requirement.
- (56) Do not nonskid a 7-inch wide strip of deck surface in way of the helo hangar door seal interface on DDG-51 Class Flight II-A ships.
- (57) Painting PCMS tile on *paint-allowed PCMS* ships will be to match surrounding surfaces and as designated by the SUPERVISOR. Painting is prohibited on no-paint PCMS ships.
- (58) Products used for the primer or single coat shall contain Optically Active Pigment (OAP).
- (59) Composition L nonskid may be used in **Composition G** areas with TYCOM approval.



(61) For flight decks equipped with RAST tracks, see Figure 2 for guidance on RAST track plates.

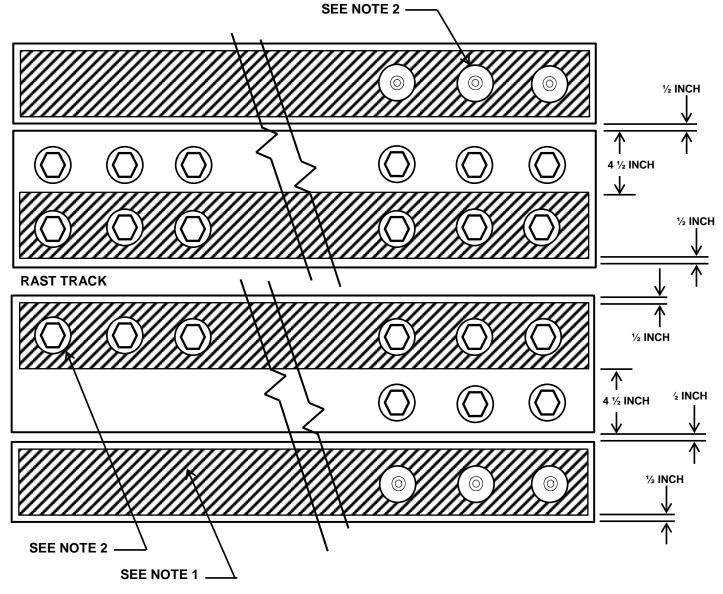


Figure 2

NOTES:

- 1. APPLY NONSKID ONLY TO CROSS-HATCHED AREAS.
- 2. NO NONSKID ON 2-3/4 to 3-1/4 INCH DIAMETER CIRCLES CENTERED ON HOLES.

- (62) Once the old nonskid is removed, or if it is a new deck being prepared for nonskid installation, the surface of the GRP fiberglass shall be lightly hand-sanded with 80-grit paper to roughen the surface.
- (63) Nonskid shall be applied to within 2-3 inches of deck fittings and protrusions. Nonskid shall be applied to within 4-6 inches from coamings and deck edges. Areas underneath protrusions, such as stowage racks or fire stations that are normally found on hangar decks, or coaming areas of decks not subject to vehicle or aircraft movement, need not comply with the 4-6 inch rule for applying nonskid near deck edges.
- (64) Primer coat(s) shall be from the same manufacturer as the other coats in the system.
- (65) Fuel oil storage, fuel oil service, and diesel service tanks are not required to be painted unless specifically addressed in the tables. For existing paints, when flaking occurs, SSPC-SP 3 surface preparation shall be accomplished and a light coat of system fluid shall be wiped over the surface prior to closing. If preconstruction primer was applied in accordance with 3.1.5, it may be retained, but it shall be overcoated with one coat MIL-PRF-23236, Type V, VI, or VII Class 5 at 4-8 mils.
- (66) Do not apply primer to bulkheads and overheads.

(67) This option shall not be used for bilges on aircraft carriers.

- (68) For interior surfaces of stern tubes and extensions, strut barrels, fairwater interiors, shaft flanges (not exposed to seawater) and coupling covers, do not apply antifouling topcoat.
- (69) The sprayable dielectric shield (SDS) shall be applied so that the primer extends 7 feet, the middle coat extends 6.5 feet, and the top coat extends 6 feet outward from the edge of the anode (see figure 3 for the perimeter shape of the SDS primer). The SDS shall be uniform thickness under the anode extending to a feathered edge for each successive coat.

The purpose is to create a tapered or gradually decreasing DFT effect | at the outer edge of the shield as a function of application. A sharp edge denoting a change in film thickness is not intended. Note that the anode for this system is installed on top of the coating after the final coat has cured. Except for diver-serviceable anodes, once the anode is in place, roughen a 10-inch wide perimeter of the topcoat around the anode with 80-grit paper, and fair from edge of anode case to 10 inches out on shield, with EVOQUA Water Technologies LLC part number Capastic™ 35524 (W3T106410). Diver-serviceable anodes shall have no Capastic taper/fairing. Repair of the shield area is required when total deteriorated shield surface area is from 0 to 10 percent, and no single spot is greater than one square foot. Replacement (new installation) of the entire dielectric shield is required when damage to the shield is greater than 10 percent OR any single spot damage is greater than one square foot. Repair of this system shall be performed with the same coating.

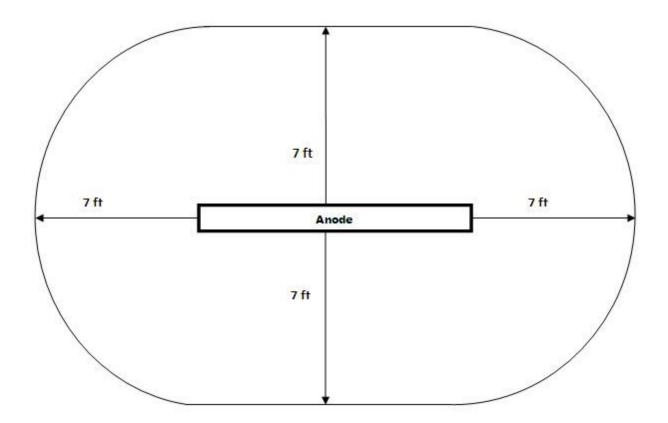


Figure 3

- (70) Only International Intergard 264 may be used with International Interfine 979SG Polysiloxane.
- (71) Any MIL-PRF-24667 color topping may be used on MIL-PRF-24667 Type XI nonskid (slip resistant deck coverings).
- (72) MIL-PRF-24667 Type I spray-applied products are not authorized for application to critical coated areas on CVNs.
- (73) Runs, drips, and sags may appear in application of MIL-PRF-23236, Type VII paint. When wet, runs, drips, and sags shall be brushed out to form a smooth, uniform film. When cured, runs, drips, and sags shall be evaluated by the SUPERVISOR and if found to be detrimental to the coating system, shall be repaired.
- (74) Painting over PCMS tile is not covered by this Standard Item, but is covered by the applicable PCMS specifications.

- (75) The entire deck surface (i.e. forecastle, fantail, flight, etc.) containing a Vertical Replenishment Deck area shall be considered a critical coated area as addressed in 3.7.
- (76) For aircraft carriers, substitute 1 stripe coat of primer for the 2nd primer full coat.
- (77) The coating system for AFFF decks (i.e., under AFFF Proportioning Units) may be applied to bilge drain wells.
- (78) Surface preparation of SSPC-SP 3 may be used for locations located 12 inches and above the inner bottom tank top for the bilge area, with the exception that the exterior structure of stand-alone tanks on aircraft carriers will require a minimum of SSPC-SP 11.
- (79) These areas shall be considered heavily pitted.
- (80) Maximum water pressure shall be such that 30 seconds of stationary operation of the vacuum self-contained equipment produces no visible degradation of the nonskid surface. Vacuum self-contained equipment shall be capable of cleaning within 4-inches of bulkheads, coamings, and other deck appurtenances.
- (81) Abrade sides of dielectric shield anode bars by hand with 80 grit sandpaper to SSPC-SP 2 and verify SSPC-SP 1 cleanliness prior to first application of dielectric shield to the bar.
- (82) Each cell hatch lip shall be prepared to SSPC-SP 2.
- (83) MIL-PRF-24667, Type VIII nonskid shall not be used on LHA, LHD, LPD, and LSD Class ship flight decks.

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NOTES OF TABLES 6 THROUGH 8 FOR SUBMARINES

- (1A) Hull inserts shall be coated with the preservation system applied to adjacent surfaces. Extend paint system a minimum 1/2-inch on to nonferrous liner or cladding. For MBT vent valves, preserve weld radius of the clad sealing surface and the vertical surface mating with the MBT vent valve gasket retainer; the only surface which is not painted is the horizontal clad sealing surface which mates with the MBT vent valve disc gasket.
- (2A) Alternating AF colors may be used. Final coat can be red or black.
- (3A) The upper boottop limit is extended to 12" above the maximum condition diving trim waterline. For all surfaces above max beam that are to receive AF, all coats shall be black. The final coat of all exterior paint systems above the upper boottop shall also be black.
- (4A) A minimum of 24 hours drying time shall be allowed after last coat prior to undocking.
- (5A) Products used for the primer or single coat shall contain Optically Active Pigment (OAP).
- (6A) Blasting is not allowed in machinery spaces.
- (7A) Topcoat color shall match surrounding paint on visible surfaces.
- (8A) MIL-PRF-23236 Type VII Class 17 NAVSEA-reviewed paints for interior submarine use under the Submarine Atmosphere Control Manual are International Interbond 998 and Sherwin Williams Euronavy ES301.
- (9A) To minimize premature yellowing, chlorinated alkyd-based paints (MIL-DTL-24607) shall not be applied within 4 weeks before and after the application of amine-cured epoxy paints formulated to MIL-PRF-23236.
- (10A) When using paints qualified to MIL-DTL-24607, use Table 631-8-10 of 2.2 to select approved colors.
- (11A) MIL-PRF-24596 Class 2, Grade A, and Formula 25A may be substituted for MIL-DTL-24607 chlorinated alkyd enamels. Color shall match the existing surroundings.
- (12A) The SSBN/SSGN-726 Class logistics escape trunk (LET) fasteners and bubble skirt knife edge in way of gaskets and fasteners for LET upper hatch fairings are to be left unpainted.
- (13A) The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has found that samples of vermiculite ore contain asbestos fibers. Vermiculite was used as an anti-sweat treatment on the upper hatch covers on submarines. All facilities and workers shall assume vermiculite contains asbestos fibers until it has been tested. All facilities are to test new vermiculite or vermiculite in use prior to working with the material.

Workers who are doing work with or near vermiculite should be aware that it may contain asbestos and proper precautions shall be used.

- (14A) The requirements of SSPC-SP 1 shall be met via a high pressure (HP) or ultra high pressure (UHP) fresh water washdown of the tank prior to blasting the tank to **NACE 2/**SSPC-SP 10.
- (15A) Motor generators require protection from paints conforming to MIL-DTL-24441 or MIL-PRF-23236 during application and curing of the paint. When these paints are being applied or cured while venting in a space containing motor generators, the motor generators shall be protected using a NAVSEA-approved procedure. For 300 kilo-watt (kW) and 500 kW motor generators, a positive pressure unit according to Appendix A of the motor generator technical manual shall be used. Maintenance on motor generators shall not be performed for a minimum of 5 days after painting with MIL-DTL-24441 and MIL-PRF-23236 paints or any application of silicones (e.g., TT-P-28, MIL-PRF-24635 silicone enamels) in the engine room.
- (16A) When lead is removed from lead bins, the structure shall be blasted to NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 and preserved with an ultra high solids paint, (even if the surrounding structure is being touch-up painted) prior to installing lead.
- (17A) Immersed non-ferrous and corrosion-resistant steel piping and cable pans shall be completely coated with the specified tank or bilge paint system with the following exceptions: non-ferrous and corrosionresistant steel piping and CRES torpedo system components in torpedo impulse tanks shall not be painted; non-ferrous and CRES piping above residual waterline in MBTs is not required to be painted; in all tanks, closed system piping one-inch diameter and less is to be protected from blast and is not required to be painted.
- (18A) Succeeding coats of the coating system shall be of contrasting color, and the top coat shall be white or a very light pastel shade.
- (19A) CRES fasteners (studs, nuts, washers) used to secure Type II vibration damping and acoustic tiles may be left unpainted.
- (20A) Unpainted hydraulic oil, hydrophone, and Clean Fuel Oil (CFO) tanks shall remain unpainted. Lube oil sludge tanks on SSBN/SSGN-726 Class submarines are not painted.
- (21A) Reduced touch-up paint curing procedures of Section 7 of 2.2 do not apply to these surfaces. Also, note accelerated touch-up times authorized by 2.2 are for non-reactor potable water tanks only, and therefore are not to be used for potable water, reserve feedwater, and freshwater drain collecting tanks unless specifically approved by NAVSEA.
- (22A) Total DFT specified in Table 8 for potable water tanks shall not be exceeded except in isolated areas adjacent to shapes and stiffeners. In no case shall the maximum DFT be exceeded by more than 2 mils. The

isolated areas shall be less than 2 percent of the total area. For touch-up or overcoating intact aged paint in good condition, the same requirements for each coat apply, and the total film thickness maximum requirement may be corrected to allow for thickness of underlying aged paint.

- (23A) Prior to surface preparation, flasks must be depressurized. Barrier protection shall be in accordance with NAVSEA S0400-AD-URM-010/TUM, Tag-Out Users Manual (TUM), Appendix G.
- (24A) Welds and area above welds will be coated with MIL-DTL-24441 primer (at 4-6 mils/coat) and 2 coats MIL-PRF-24635 (at 2-3 mils/coat). Tek-Haz paint system shall be applied in accordance with EB Specification 4277 and will extend to a line even with the underside of the ventilation plenum welds, but not including the welds.
- (25A) Bilge and Drain Collection Tanks includes the following: Bilge Collecting Tanks, Bilge Collecting Sump Tanks, Non-Oily Drain Collecting Tanks (other than Fresh Water), Oily Drain Collecting Tanks, Bilge Water Processing Tank, Drain Water Collecting Tanks, VLS Drain Collecting Tank, Oil Collection Tanks.
- (26A) For Moored Training Ships (MTS), the antifoulant coating is not required, because the tanks are blanked off and filled with fresh water.
- (27A) Conduct low voltage holiday detection on 100 percent of potable water tanks when MIL-DTL-24441 Type III paint is being applied. Holiday detection shall also be performed on any repaired (touch-up) areas of an existing paint system. The holiday checks are to be performed after application of the topcoat using a low voltage wet sponge holiday detector. Any holidays (defects to bare metal) found shall be marked by the inspector and the area touched-up. Holiday checks shall be performed again on these areas after repair.
- (28A) All painting with organic solvent-based paints (alkyd, epoxy, oil based) that exceeds 1 quart per day for the entire ship shall be completed 5 days prior to the date of departure as determined by the Commanding Officer. Date of departure, as it relates to painting, is the date of first dive after departure for a period of operation.
- (29A) For coating repair or replacement, maintain the relative humidity in the tank or void space at a maximum of 50 percent from surface preparation checkpoint acceptance until cure to recoat time of final touch-up of the topcoat; relative humidity shall be maintained at a maximum of 85 percent from cure to recoat for the final touch-up of the topcoat through cure to service. For in-service coating touch-up until cure to immersion of topcoat, maintain relative humidity at a maximum of 85 percent.
- (30A) Steam clean to remove excess oil.

- (31A) Tank manhole covers are critical coated areas. Solvent-based paint systems may be used to paint manhole covers of tanks painted with high solids paint systems due to fit-up issues associated with high solids paint systems. Powder coatings shall not be applied to reserve feedwater, potable water, freshwater drain collecting, and steam surge tank manhole covers.
- (32A) Areas visible from above shall be topcoated either gray or black.
- (33A) Total number of coats and total DFT specified in Table 7 for all interior spaces shall not be exceeded. Maximum system total DFT shall not exceed 17 mils for surfaces topcoated with MIL-DTL-24607, 21 mils for surfaces topcoated with MIL-PRF-24596, or 24 mils for surfaces topcoated with Formula 25A.
- (34A) Naval Shipyards are allowed to work on these items. All other activities are to be approved by NAVSEA.
- (35A) The David Taylor Research Center paint system (DTRC 2844-1110 and 2844-1109) may be used on other exterior hull areas. This is to allow areas adjacent to areas covered by MIP or SHT to be re-preserved the same as MIP or SHT areas. For areas requiring stripe coat, refer to 3.2.
- (36A) Areas within the HOSUB Deep Submergence System/Scope of Certification (DSS-SOC) boundary are not covered by this Standard Item but are covered by the applicable DSS-SOC preservation maintenance standard. The SUPERVISOR should be contacted to specify the areas that are outside the DSS-SOC boundary.
- (37A) Runs, drips, and sags may appear in application of MIL-PRF-23236, Type VII paint. When wet, runs, drips, and sags shall be brushed out to form a smooth, uniform film. When cured, runs, drips, and sags shall be evaluated by the SUPERVISOR and if found to be detrimental to the coating system, shall be repaired.
- (38A) Final grooming of bow domes and chin arrays must be performed by qualified shipyard personnel. Final surface finish of bow domes must be 180 microinches Ra or smoother. Measure and record surface roughness in accordance with ASME B46.1-2009 Surface Texture (Surface Roughness, Waviness, and Lay.) If necessary, groom the surface of the dome to attain a maximum surface roughness of 180 microinches Ra. This additional grooming can be accomplished by wet sanding the surface by hand using 120 grit paper and fresh water. Refer to the appropriate bow dome manual for the class for more specific guidance on surface roughness, grooming and paint application.
- (39A) For MIL-PRF-23236, Type VII, Class 9 and 9/18 paints, follow the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 for temperatures, cure, and recoat times. This supersedes the 70 degree Fahrenheit, 36/12-hour/5-day requirement.
- (40A) This product shall be spray applied where possible. All references to "brush coat" or "brush application" may be accomplished using a paint brush or a paint roller or cartridge unit. Multiple coats applied by

brush/roller/cartridge unit shall be substituted for one coat of the spray application of 20-30 mils total in areas where plural-component spray application is not feasible or for paint touch-up. For brush application, the spray version of each product may be brush-applied or the brush coat version of the product may be used. The brush coat version of Sherwin-Williams Fast Clad ER is Fast Clad Brush Grade. The brush coat version of International Interline 783 is Interline 624.

For application of the "single coat" products (by brush, roller, or spray), the product shall be applied all at one time, meaning during a continuous spray and touch-up operation. Specifically, a "single-coat" system involves one color of paint, applied during one work evolution (i.e., no time is required to wait for the paint to dry), with a single pass or double pass. Because the spray application is one work evolution, coating inspection QA checkpoint **3.10.9** need only be conducted after completion of application of the full coat. Completing a single work evolution, requiring one QA checkpoint. If a tank or void is touched-up with a contrasting color, it is acceptable for the area to have a multi-color appearance.

(41A) Work shall be in accordance with the requirements of the following:

SSN-688 Class - Technical Handbook for Special Hull Treatment Maintenance and Repair for Submarines: NAVSEA S6360-AD-HBK-010. For Fairing Compound, use NAVSEA Drawing 605-6160358.

SSN-21 Class - Submarine Mold-in-Place Special Hull Treatment Maintenance and Repair Manual: NAVSEA S6360-AN-MMA-010/SHT

SSN-774 Class - Maintenance and Repair Manual for Virginia Class Submarine Mold-in-Place Special Hull Treatment: NAVSEA S6360-AV-MMA-010

- (42A) Low Pressure Water Clean (LP WC) with a fan spray starting at a pressure of 1,000 PSI. Keep the cleaning lance nozzle tip perpendicular to and at least 4" from the surface. Increase pressure, if needed, in increments of 500 PSI up to a maximum of 5,000 PSI. Remove all paints down to sound gray or green anti-corrosive paint (F-151 or F-150) or bare GRP. Remove any remaining barnacle particles or other foreign objects with wood or plastic scrapers, or by sanding. Do not use wire brushes or other abrasive instruments.
- (43A) Remove all marine growth and existing paint from the boot surface by Low Pressure Water Cleaning (LP WC) or sanding with soft back dual action or soft back random orbital sanders and 60 grit paper. Observe extreme caution when Low Pressure Water Cleaning (LP WC). Measure stand-off distance and control nozzle pressure to assure that the boot is not damaged during the cleaning process. Low Pressure Water Cleaning must be performed using fresh water with a starting pressure of 1000 PSI. Pressure must be increased in 500 PSI increments until the desired results are obtained. Scuff the entire boot surface using 60 grit paper or equivalent coarseness Scotchbrite pad to remove any remaining paint and provide an adequately prepared surface for paint

application. Clean the bare boot surface with PF-145HP degreaser (NSN 6850-01-378-0044) or degreasing solvent per MIL-PRF-680, Type I.

(44A) Do not apply nonskid to Fairwater Planes or Retractable Bow Planes.

- (45A) MIL-PRF-24647 coatings may be used for cold weather applications below 50 degrees Fahrenheit. For cold weather applications of MIL-PRF-24647 coatings, the NAVSEA-reviewed ASTM F718 shall be used to determine lower application temperature limit. Do not apply these coatings below 35 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (46A) Navy Formula F-187 cannot be applied over F-184.
- (47A) If performing touch-up of paint in Steam Plant Surge Tanks, one coat Dampney Company ENDCOR 450 (no DFT required) shall be applied prior to application of the coats of Apexior No. 1.
- (48A) Powder coatings approved for use on submarines are listed in 2.6.

| TABLE ONE STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO BOTTOM OF BOOTTOP | F BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|--|------|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | вооттор | | |
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) UP TO 3 YEARS SERVICE | 1 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/M | ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, RED & ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, GRAY, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 LT GRAY (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) TO BOOTTOPPING & BELOW, 2 - 3 MILS OR COMMERCIAL GRADE WHITE |
| LIFE FOR SMALL BOATS AND SERVICE CRAFT ONLY (INCLUDING EMBARKED BOATS AND CRAFT) | | | | | | | | AF ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 OCEAN GRAY (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) ABOVE BOOTTOPPING, 2 - 3 MILS |
| | | SEE NOTE (33) | SEE NOTES (8) & (48) | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (27), (48), & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (27) & (48) | SEE NOTE (1) |
| | 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, RED, 5 - 7 MILS & ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, GRAY, 5 - 7 MILS | | | ONE AF TIE COAT 3 - 5 MILS & ONE AF FULL COAT 5 - 7 MILS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A | ONE AF TIE COAT 3 - 5 MILS & ONE AF FULL COAT 5 - 7 MILS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | | | SEE NOTE (8) | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), & (8) | |
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) UP TO 7 YEARS SERVICE | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK & ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, RED, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| LIFE | | | | | | (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (48) | |
| SEE NOTE (46) | 4 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 2 | | | SAME AS LINE 2 | SAME AS LINE 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) UP TO 12 YEARS SERVICE | 5 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, RED & ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK & ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, RED AND 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | | | | | | TYPE II, RED, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | | |
| SEE NOTE (46) | | | | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (48) | |
| EXISTING FIN STABILIZERS SEE NOTES (48) & (52) | 6 | BRUSH-OFF BLAST TO NACE 4/SSPC-SP 7 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | | SAME AS LINE 5 | | |
| REFURBISHED FIN STABILIZERS | 7 | HAND TOOL CLEAN TO SSPC-SP 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | | SAME AS LINE 5 | | |
| SEE NOTE (48) | | | | | | | | |

| | 1 | | | | | | | |
|--|------|--|---|---|---|--|--------------|------------------|
| TABLE ONE STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO BOTTOM OF BOOTTOP | F ВООТТОР | G DRAFT MARKS |
| UNDERWATER HULL (DIELECTRIC SHIELDS) | 8 | WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 1/SSPC-SP 5 | TROWELABLE DIELECTRIC SHIELD INNER SHIELD: ONE COAT EVOQUA WATER TECHNOLOGIES LLC CAPASTIC [™] , PART NO. 35524 (W3T106410), 100 MILS MIN OUTER SHIELD: ONE COAT EVOQUA WATER TECHNOLOGIES LLC, CAPASTIC [™] , PART NO. 35524 (W3T106410), 22 MILS MIN | ANTI-CORROSIVE PAINT SAME AS SURROUNDING HULL EXCEPT ONE COAT | | ANTI-FOULING PAINT SAME AS SURROUNDING HULL | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (10), (11), & (81) | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6) & (8) | | |
| | 9 | SAME AS LINE 8 | SPRAYABLE DIELECTRIC SHIELD: ONE COAT INTERNATIONAL INTERLINE 624 BUFF OR SHERWIN-WILLIAMS NOVAPLATE UHS PRIMER AT 10 MILS MINIMUM DFT (OUT TO 7 FEET). & ONE COAT INTERNATIONAL INTERLINE 624 OR SHERWIN- WILLIAMS NOVAPLATE UHS AT 30 MILS MINIMUM DFT (OUT TO 6.5 FEET). & ONE COAT INTERNATIONAL INTERLINE 624 OR SHERWIN- WILLIAMS NOVAPLATE UHS AT 30 MILS MINIMUM DFT (OUT TO 6 FEET WITH A TOTAL MINIMUM DFT OF 70 MILS). SEE NOTES (11), (69), & (81) | SAME AS LINE 8 | | SAME AS LINE 8 | | |
| EXPOSED AREAS OF OUTBOARD SHAFTING COVERED BY GLASS- REINFORCED PLASTIC | 10 | SAME AS LINE 7 | ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | | | ANTI-FOULING PAINT SAME AS SURROUNDING HULL | | |
| (GRP) AND SHAFT FLANGES | | | SEE NOTES (8) & (48) | | | SEE NOTES (6), (8) & (68) | | |

| TABLE ONE ALUMINUM SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO BOTTOM OF BOOTTOP | F BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|---|------|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) SEE NOTE (46) | 11 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST USING GARNET OR ALUMINUM OXIDE OR CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC -SP WJ-2 | ONE AC COAT RED, WITHIN 4 HOURS AFTER SURFACE PREPARATION & ONE AC COAT GRAY MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION I, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (8) & (48) | | | ONE AF TIE COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION I, 3 - 5 MILS &- ONE AF FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION I, 5 - 7 MILS, HAZE GRAY SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & (68) | ONE AF TIE COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION 1, 3 - 5 MILS & ONE AF FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION 1, 5 - 7 MILS, HAZE GRAY SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), & (48) | ONE AF TIE COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION I, 3 - 5 MILS & ONE AF FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, APPLICATION I, 5 - 7 MILS, BLACK SEE NOTES (1) & (48) |
| | 12 | SAME AS LINE 11 | ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I, RED WITHIN 4 HOURS AFTER SURFACE PREPARATION & ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I, GRAY, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (8) & (48) | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I, BLACK & ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I, RED, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & (68) | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I, BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), & (48) | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I, BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (1) & (48) |
| UNDERWATER HULL APPLIES TO EMBARKED BOATS AND CRAFT ONLY | 13 | SAME AS LINE 11 | SAME AS LINE 12 | | | SAME AS LINE 12 | SAME AS LINE 12 | SAME AS LINE 12 |

| TABLE ONE GRP SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO BOTTOM OF BOOTTOP | F BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|--|------|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) UP TO 3 YEARS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE (46) | 14 | HIGH PRESSURE WASH TO REMOVE MARINE GROWTH & LOOSE PAINT - OR - TOUCH-UP OR REMOVAL OF PAINT SYSTEM TO SOUND AC COAT BY LIGHT ABRASIVE BLASTING WITH WALNUT SHELLS & SPOT CLEAN, CHAP 631, PARA 631-5.2.6 | ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A, 5 - 7 MILS | | | ONE AF TIE COAT 3 - 5 MILS & ONE AF FULL COAT 5 - 7 MILS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A | ONE AF TIE COAT 3 - 5 MILS & ONE AF FULL COAT 5 - 7 MILS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE III, CLASSES 1, 2, AND 3, GRADE A | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 LT GRAY (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) TO BOOTTOPPING & BELOW, 2 - 3 MILS ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 OCEAN GRAY (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) ABOVE BOOTTOPPING, 2 - 3 MILS SEE NOTE (1) |
| | | SEE NOTE (21) | SEE NOTE (8) | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6) & (8) | |
| | 15 | SAME AS LINE 14 | ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, –5 - 7 MILS | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, RED, 5 - 7 MILS | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS | SAME AS LINE 14 |
| | | | SEE NOTES (8) & (48) | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (48) | |
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) | 16 | SAME AS LINE 14 | SAME AS LINE 15 | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK & ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, RED,5 - 7 MILS/COAT | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | SAME AS LINE 14 |
| UP TO 7 YEARS SERVICE LIFE | | | | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (48) | |
| SEE NOTE (46) | 17 | SAME AS LINE 14 | SAME AS LINE 14 | | | SAME AS LINE 14 | SAME AS LINE 14 | SAME AS LINE 14 |
| UNDERWATER HULL (KEEL TO TOP OF BOOTTOP, INCLUDING PROPULSION SHAFT OUTBOARD BEARING VOIDS AND SEA CHESTS) | 18 | SAME AS LINE 14 | SAME AS LINE 16 | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, RED & ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, BLACK | 1 AF COAT RED AND 2 AF COATS BLACK MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | SAME AS LINE 14 |
| UP TO 12 YEARS SERVICE LIFE | | | | | | & ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE II, RED, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | | |
| SEE NOTE (46) | | | | | | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (48) & (68) | SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8) & (48) | |
| UNDERWATER HULL | 19 | SAME AS LINE 14 | SAME AS LINE 15 | | | SAME AS LINE 15 | SAME AS LINE 15 | SAME AS LINE 14 |
| BOATS AND CRAFT ONLY | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE ONE GRP SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO BOTTOM OF BOOTTOP | F BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|--|------|---|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| UNDERWATER HULL APPENDAGES ON MINESWEEPERS ONLY | 20 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST USING GARNET OR ALUMINUM OXIDE - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2 | ONE FULL COAT & ONE STRIPE COAT & ONE FULL COAT & ONE STRIPE COAT & ONE FULL COAT AMERCOAT 3258 DARK GRAY, 3 - 5 MILS/COAT SEE NOTE (40) | ANTI-FOULING PAINT SAME AS SURROUNDING HULL | | | | |
| MINESWEEPER PROPULSION SHAFTS | 21 | SAME AS LINE 20 | SAME AS LINE 16 | | | SAME AS LINE 18 | | |
| SONAR TRANSDUCER TR- 192B/UQN-1 ON MINESWEEPERS ONLY | 22 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL PER SSPC- SP 11 | SAME AS LINE 20 | SAME AS LINE 20 | | | | |

| TABLE ONE WOOD SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO BOTTOM OF BOOTTOP | F BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|---|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| UNDERWATER HULL | 23 | BRUSH-OFF BLAST TO REMOVE LOOSE & DETERIORATED COATINGS - OR - HIGH PRESSURE WASH TO REMOVE MARINE GROWTH & LOOSE PAINT SEE NOTE (20) | KEEL TO 6 INCHES ABOVE UPPER BOOTTOP LIMIT ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (8) & (48) | | | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (27), (48) & (68) | ONE AF COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (2), (6), (8), (27) & (48) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) LT GRAY, TO BOOTTOPPING & BELOW, 2 - 3 MILS ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) OCEAN GRAY, ABOVE BOOTTOPPING, 2 - 3 MILS SEE NOTES (1) & (6) |

| TABLE 2 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|--|------|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE BOOTTOP WITH EXCEPTION OF AREAS RECEIVING NONSKID & WELL DECK OVERHEAD AREAS (FOR REPAIR OF MIL-PRF- 24763 TYPE II OR III COATINGS ONLY) SEE NOTES (2), (3), & (33) | 1 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/M | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT & ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS/COAT | | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24763, TYPE II OR III, CLASS 2, GRADE B, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24763, TYPE II OR III, CLASS 2, GRADE B, 2 - 4 MILS PAINT DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS MIL-PRF-24635, 2 - 3 MILS |
| SEE NOTES (2), (3), & (33) | | | | | | SEE NOTE (47) | SEE NOTE (42) | SEE NOTES (43) & (47) |
| | 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE FULL COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7,10 - 12 MILS | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18 OR 7/18, 20 - 30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 4 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE FULL COAT ANTI-CORROSIVE MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT & ONE FULL COAT ANTI-CORROSIVE MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | | | SEE NOTE (8) | SEE NOTE (8) | | | | |
| EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE BOOTTOP WITH EXCEPTION OF AREAS RECEIVING NONSKID & WELL DECK OVERHEAD | 5 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS |
| AREAS | | | | | | SEE NOTES (64) & (70) | SEE NOTES (64) & (70) | SEE NOTES (64) & (70) |
| (FOR REPAIR OF MIL-PRF- 24635 TYPE V OR VI COATINGS, AND NEW | 6 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | SAME AS LINE 2 | | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 |
| COATINGS, AND NEW COATING APPLICATIONS) SEE NOTES (2), (3), & (33) | 7 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | | | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 |
| | 8 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 4 | ONE STRIPE COAT ANTI-CORROSIVE MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 |
| | l | | | SEE NOTE (8) | | | 1 | |

| TABLE 2 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|--|------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| EXTERIOR SURFACES TO BE INSULATED | 9 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY, MIL- PRF-24763 (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY), 2 - 4 MILS | | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY, MIL- PRF-24763 (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY), 2 - 4 MILS |
| | | | | | FOLLOWED BY INSULATION | | | |
| | | | | | SEE NOTES (64) & (70) | | | |
| | 10 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | SAME AS LINE 2 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 9 | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | | | | | FOLLOWED BY INSULATION | | | |
| | | | | | SEE NOTES (64) & (70) | | | |
| | 11 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5/18 OR 7/18, 4 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 9 | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | | | | | FOLLOWED BY INSULATION | | | |
| | | | | | SEE NOTES (64) & (70) | | | |
| | 12 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 4 | SAME AS LINE 8 | ONE COAT ANTI- CORROSIVE MIL-PRF- 24647, 5 - 7 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 9 | | SAME AS LINE 9 |
| | | | | | FOLLOWED BY INSULATION | | | |
| | | | | | SEE NOTES (8), (64) & (70) | | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS MINIMUM 3 YEARS SERVICE LIFE | 13 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC -SP WJ-2/L | ONE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | STRIPE COAT OF PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE V, COMP G | | |
| SEE NOTE S (75) & (83) | | | SEE NOTE (7) | SEE NOTES (7) & (51) | | SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (59), (61), & (63) | | |

| TABLE 2 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | с | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|---|------|--|-----------------|---|---|---|---|------------------------|
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS | 14 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE VI, OR VIII, COMP G | | |
| MINIMUM 12 MONTHS SERVICE LIFE | | | | | | SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (59), (61), (63), & (72) | | |
| SEE NOTE S (75) & (83) | 15 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | ONE FULL COAT OF PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE I, COMP G SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS | 16 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SEE NOTES (7) & (76) SAME AS LINE 13 | | (56), (59), (61), & (63) ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE II, COMP G | | |
| MINIMUM 6 MONTHS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE S (75) & (83) | | | | | | SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (59), (61), & (63) | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS, VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS, CVN FLIGHT DECK LANDING AREAS, WALK AREAS AND ALL OTHER DECK AREAS | 17 | POWER TOOL CLEANING TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE VII, COMP G OR L SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (60), (61), & (63) | | |
| MINIMUM 30 DAYS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE S (75) & (83) | 18 | SAME AS LINE 17 | | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE VII, COMP G OR L | | |
| | | | | | | SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (60), (61), & (63) | | |
| CVN FLIGHT DECK LANDING AREAS SERVICE LIFE MINIMUM 15,000 LANDINGS | 19 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L | SAME AS LINE 13 | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE V, COMP L SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (60), & (63) | | |
| CVN FLIGHT DECK LANDING AREAS SERVICE LIFE MINIMUM 10,000 LANDINGS | 20 | SAME AS LINE 19 | SAME AS LINE 13 | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE I, VI, OR VIII COMP L SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (60), (63), & (72) | | |

| TABLE 2 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | с | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|---|------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|------------------------|
| EXTERIOR WALK AREAS (ALL DECK AREAS OTHER THAN HANGAR DECK, FLIGHT DECK, & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS) SEE NOTE (75) | 21 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 13 | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE I, V, VI, OR VIII, COMP G -OR- ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE II, III, IV, COMP G SEE NOTES (19), (22), (59), & (63) | | |
| | 22 | SAME AS LINE 13 | ONE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 TYPE I, V, VI, OR VIII, COMP G, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTES (7) & (70) | ONE STRIPE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 TYPE I, V, VI, OR VIII, COMP G, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTE (7) | | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS, OR TYPE V, 5 - 8 MILS & APPLICATION OF MIL-PRF- 24667, TYPE XI, COMP PS SEE NOTES (22),(63), (70) & (71) | | |
| | 23 | SAME AS LINE 13 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5, 15B, OR 17, 4- 6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5, 15B, OR 17, 4-6 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 22 | | |
| | 24 | SAME AS LINE 13 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII CLASS 5, 15B, OR 17, 6-8 MILS | | | SAME AS LINE 22 | | |
| | 25 | SAME AS LINE 17 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 15B OR 17, 4-6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 15B OR 17, 4-6 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 22 | | |
| | 26 | SAME AS LINE 17 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII CLASS 15B OR 17, 6-8 MILS | | | SAME AS LINE 22 | | |

| TABLE 2 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | C | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|---|------|---|--|---|---|--|---|------------------------|
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| RAST TRACK TROUGHS WHERE PAINTED (WHERE NONSKID NOT APPLIED) | 27 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L -OR- POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC- SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | | |
| | 28 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| | 29 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4-8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10-12 MILS | | | |
| WELL DECK OVERHEADS, BOTH EXPOSED & NON- EXPOSED TO LCAC EXHAUST, AND ENCLOSED BOAT HANDLING AREA | 30 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 19, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 19, 10 - 12 MILS | | | |
| OVERHEADS | | SEE NOTES (30) & (31) | SEE NOTE (49) | | SEE NOTE (49) | | | |
| SEE NOTE (34) | 31 | SAME AS LINE 30 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 19/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| WELL DECK AND ENCLOSED BOAT HANDLING AREA BULKHEADS AND DECKS | 32 | SAME AS LINE 30 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 7/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |

| TABLE 2 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | с | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|---|------|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| EXTERIOR PORTABLE/BOLTED LOUVERS FOR INTAKES AND UPTAKES | 33 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 10 - 12 MILS | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | | | SEE NOTE (49) | | SEE NOTE (49) | | | |
| | 34 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 33 | | SAME AS LINE 33 | | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 |
| | 35 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VIIIA APPLIED BY FLUIDIZED BED METHOD ONLY, 10 MILS MINIMUM | | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24712, TGIC POLYESTER, TOTAL SYSTEM 15 - 30 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24712, TGIC POLYESTER, TOTAL SYSTEM 15 - 30 MILS |
| | 36 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 37 | SAME AS LINE 13 | SAME AS LINE 36 | | | | SAME AS LINE 5 | SAME AS LINE 5 |
| DDG GAS TURBINE BOLTED AIR INTAKE AND EXHAUST LOUVERS | 38 | SAME AS LINE 35 | SAME AS LINE 35 | | | | SAME AS LINE 35 | SAME AS LINE 35 |
| POWDER COATED WATERTIGHT DOORS: INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR | 39 | SAME AS LINE 35 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VIIIA APPLIED BY FLUIDIZED BED METHOD ONLY, 10 MILS MINIMUM | | | | SAME AS LINE 35 | SAME AS LINE 35 |
| VERTICAL LAUNCH SYSTEM (VLS), MK-41 | 40 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10, USING NEW, CLEAN, NON- RECYCLED, NON- FERROUS ALUMINUM OXIDE TYPE I, GRADE A OR GARNET, TYPE IV, GRADE A QUALIFIED TO A-A-59316 | ONE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | ONE STRIPE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | ONE FULL COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE I OR II, COMP G & ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (23) | | SAME AS LINE 5 |
| | | SEE NOTE (82) | | | SEE NOTE (16) | | | |
| EXTERIOR MIL-PRF-24667 (TYPES I – VIII) SURFACES (GREEN CLEAN OF NONSKID DECK) | 41 | HIGH PRESSURE WATER CLEANING (HP WC) WITH VACUUM SELF-CONTAINED EQUIPMENT TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-4 SEE NOTE (80) | | | | | | |

| TABLE 2 ALUMINUM SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | C | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|--|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE BOOTTOP, WITH EXCEPTION OF AREAS RECEIVING NONSKID (FOR REPAIR OF MIL-PRF- 24633 TYPE III, AND MIL-PRF- 24763 TYPE II OR III COATINGS ONLY) SEE NOTE (2) | 42 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS, WALNUT SHELLS, OR STAINLESS STEEL SHOT - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24763 TYPE II OR III, CLASS 2, GRADE B, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24763 TYPE II OR III, CLASS 2, GRADE B, 2 - 4 MILS PAINT DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS MIL-PRF-24635, 2 - 3 MILS |
| | | SEE NOTE (21) | | | | SEE NOTE (47) | SEE NOTE (42) | SEE NOTES (43) & (47) |
| | 43 | SAME AS LINE 42 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7,10 - 12 MILS | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 |
| | 44 | SAME AS LINE 42 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18 OR 7/18, 20 - 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| | 45 | SAME AS LINE 42 | | 2 COATS F-84, TT-P- 645, ALKYD, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 |
| EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE BOOTTOP, WITH EXCEPTION OF AREAS RECEIVING NONSKID (FOR REPAIR OF MIL-PRF- 24635 TYPE V OR VI COATINGS, AND NEW COATING APPLICATIONS) SEE NOTE (2) | 46 | SAME AS LINE 42 | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS - OR ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 6 - 10 MILS OR ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5/18 OR 7/18, 10 - 15 MILS OR ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, 5-8 MILS DECK GRAY | | | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (70) | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (70) | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 5 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (70) |

| | r – | | | | | | | |
|---|------|--|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------|
| TABLE 2 ALUMINUM SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS MINIMUM 3 YEARS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE (75) | 47 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS, WALNUT SHELLS, OR STAINLESS STEEL SHOT - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2 | ONE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE V, COMP G | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (21) | SEE NOTE S (5), (7) , & (51) | | | SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (59), (61), & (63) | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS MINIMUM 12 MONTHS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE (75) | 48 | SAME AS LINE 47 | SAME AS LINE 47 | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE I, VI, OR VIII, COMP G SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (59), (61), (63), & (72) | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS MINIMUM 6 MONTHS SERVICE LIFE | 49 | SAME AS LINE 47 | SAME AS LINE 47 | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY MIL- PRF-24667 TYPE II, COMP G SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), | | |
| SEE NOTE (75) | | | | | | (56), (59), (61), & (63) | | |
| HANGAR DECKS, FLIGHT DECKS, VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS, CVN FLIGHT DECK LANDING AREAS, WALK AREAS AND ALL OTHER | 50 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC- SP 11 | SAME AS LINE 47 | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE VII, COMP G OR L SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (60), (61), & (63) | | |
| DECK AREAS MINIMUM 30 DAYS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE (75) | 51 | SAME AS LINE 50 | | | | ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE VII, COMP G OR L SEE NOTES (19), (22), (50), (56), (60), (61), & (63) | | |

| | | А | В | С | D | E | F | G |
|---|------|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| TABLE 2 ALUMINUM SURFACES | LINE | SURFACE PREPARATION | PRIMER | Ū | | HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | VERTICAL SURFACES |
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| EXTERIOR WALK AREAS (ALL DECK AREAS OTHER THAN HANGAR DECK, FLIGHT DECK, & VERTICAL REPLENISHMENT DECK AREAS) SEE NOTE (75) | 52 | SAME AS LINE 47 | SAME AS LINE 47 | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE I, V, VI, OR VIII, COMP G -OR- ONE COAT DARK GRAY, MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE II, III, IV, COMP G SEE NOTES (19), (22), (59), & (63) | | |
| | 53 | SAME AS LINE 47 | ONE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE OPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 TYPE I, V, OR VI COMP G, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTES (7) & (70) | | | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635,TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS, OR TYPE V, 5 - 8 MILS & APPLICATION OF MIL-PRF- 24667, TYPE XI, COMP PS SEE NOTES (22), (63), (70), & (71) | | |
| | 54 | SAME AS LINE 47 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII CLASS 5, 15B, OR 17, 4-6 MILS | | | SAME AS LINE 53 | | |
| | 55 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 SEE NOTE (5) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII CLASS 15B OR 17, 6- 8 MILS | | | SAME AS LINE 53 | | |
| RAST TRACK TROUGHS WHERE PAINTED (WHERE NONSKID NOT APPLIED | 56 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L -OR- POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC- SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | | |
| | 57 | SAME AS LINE 42 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| | 58 | SAME AS LINE 42 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4-8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10-12 MILS | | | |

| TABLE 2 ALUMINUM SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|---|------|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| EXTERIOR PORTABLE/BOLTED LOUVERS FOR INTAKES AND UPTAKES | 59 | SAME AS LINE 42 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 10 - 12 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 |
| | | | SEE NOTE (49) | | SEE NOTE (49) | | | |
| | 60 | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 59 | | SAME AS LINE 59 | | SAME AS LINE 46 | SAME AS LINE 46 |
| | 61 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VIIIA APPLIED BY FLUIDIZED BED METHOD ONLY, 10 MILS MINIMUM | | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24712, TGIC POLYESTER, TOTAL SYSTEM 15 - 30 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24712, TGIC POLYESTER, TOTAL SYSTEM 15 - 30 MILS |
| | 62 | SAME AS LINE 42 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 42 |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| | 63 | SAME AS LINE 42 | SAME AS LINE 62 | | | | SAME AS LINE 46 | SAME AS LINE 46 |
| VERTICAL LAUNCH SYSTEM (VLS), MK-41 | 64 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10, USING NEW, CLEAN, NON- RECYCLED, NON- FERROUS ALUMINUM OXIDE TYPE I, GRADE A OR GARNET, TYPE IV, GRADE A QUALIFIED TO A-A-59316 | ONE COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | | ONE FULL COAT PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 (OF TYPE TO MATCH COLUMN E) | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24667, TYPE I OR II, COMP G & ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C SEE NOTE (23) | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (82) | | | SEE NOTE (16) | | | |
| EXTERIOR MIL-PRF-24667 (TYPES I – VIII) SURFACES (GREEN CLEAN OF NONSKID DECKS INCLUDING FLIGHT DECK) | 65 | HIGH PRESSURE WATER CLEANING (HP WC) WITH VACUUM SELF-CONTAINED EQUIPMENT TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-4 SEE NOTE (80) | | | | | | |

| TABLE 2 GRP FIBERGLASS SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|--|------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE BOOTTOP SEE NOTE (2) | 66 | HIGH PRESSURE WASH TO REMOVE MARINE GROWTH & LOOSE PAINT - OR - TOUCH-UP OR REMOVAL OF PAINT SYSTEM TO SOUND PRIMER BY LIGHT ABRASIVE BLASTING WITH WALNUT SHELLS & - SPOT CLEAN, CHAP 631, PARA 631-5.2.6 | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS & ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, CLASS 2, GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III, GRADE B, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24763, TYPE II OR III, CLASS 2, GRADE B, 2 - 4 MILS SEE NOTE (42) | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, GRADE B, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24763, TYPE II OR III, CLASS 2, GRADE B, 2 - 4 MILS IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS: PAINT DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III, 2 - 3 MILS SEE NOTE (43) |
| | | SEE NOTE (21) | SEE NOTE (29) | | SEE NOTE (29) | | 022 H012 (42) | |
| EXTERIOR WALK AREAS ALL EXTERIOR DECK AREAS | 67 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO CLEAN FIBERGLASS (DISC SANDER, ETC.) - OR - POWER TOOL CLEAN TO POLYURETHANE OVERLAY SUBSTRATE (DISC SANDER, ETC.) - OR - HYDROBLAST TO CLEAN FIBERGLASS | PROPRIETARY NONSKID PRIMER LISTED ON THE QPL FOR MIL-PRF-24667 | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24667, TYPE I, II, OR III, COMP G - OR - MIL-PRF-24667 TYPE IV | | |
| | | SEE NOTES (25) & (62) | SEE NOTE (7) | | | SEE NOTES (19) & (22) | | |
| | 68 | SAME AS LINE 67 | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | | | ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL- PRF-24635 TYPE III, GRADE B, 2 - 3 MILS & APPLICATION OF MIL-PRF- 24667, TYPE XI, COMPOSITION PS SEE NOTE (71) | | |

| TABLE 2 WOOD SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | с | D | E HORIZONTAL SURFACES DECKS & FITTINGS | F MASTS & STACKS EXPOSED TO GASES | G VERTICAL SURFACES |
|---|------|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| EXTERIOR ABOVE BOOTTOPPING | 69 | HAND TOOL CLEAN - OR - POWER TOOL CLEAN TO REMOVE DETERIORATED COATINGS | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | DECKS, MASTS & SPARS: ONE COAT DECK GRAY MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III, GRADE B, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - ONE COAT BLACK MIL-PRF-24635, 2 - 3 MILS | ALL OTHER SURFACES: ONE COAT HAZE GRAY MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III, GRADE B, 2 - 3 MILS | | | IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS: PAINT DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III., 2 - 3 MILS SEE NOTE (43) |

| TABLE 3 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|---|------|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS COLORS TO BE SPECIFIED BY TYCOM OR SHIP'S COMMANDING OFFICER PER CHAP 631, PARA 631-8.18.3.2 | 1 | HAND TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 2 | 2 COATS FORMULA 84, TT-P- 645, ALKYD, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24596, WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | TO DECKS NOT RECEIVING COVERING: MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | HULL, VENTILATION & PIPING INSULATION ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24596, WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, 2 - 4 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS IF REQUIRED FOR HIDING, ONE ADDITIONAL COAT SHALL BE APPLIED. | FOR COMPARTMENT PIPING & VENTILATION |
| | | SEE NOTES (17) & (28) | | | SEE NOTE (9) | | SEE NOTES (9), (28) & (41) | SEE NOTE (18) |
| INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS (OVERCOAT) | 2 | HAND TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 2 SEE NOTE (28) | SAME AS LINE ONE FOR BARE METAL AREAS | | SAME AS LINE ONE EXCEPT ONE COAT | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| WELDING BAYS AND LIGHT TRAPS | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | | ONE COAT BLACK, LOW GLOSS, MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V VI, OR VII, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT BLACK, SEMI- GLOSS, MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V VI, OR VII, 4 - 8 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | |
| WET SPACES (WASH ROOMS, WATER CLOSETS, SHOWER STALLS, GALLEYS, SCULLERIES, & STOREROOMS WHERE HEAVY CONDENSATION IS COMMON) | 4 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 (DECKS) POWER TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 3 (BULKHEADS/ OVERHEADS) SEE NOTE (28) | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 5 | SAME AS LINE 4 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 24635, TYPE V OR VI, 5 - 8 MILS | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 6 | SAME AS LINE 4 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 – 12 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 32171, TYPE III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 – 12 MILS | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |

| TABLE 3 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|---|------|--|--|---|---|--|------------------|------------------|
| SURFACE SHIPS INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS COLORS TO BE SPECIFIED BY TYCOM OR SHIP'S COMMANDING OFFICER PER CHAP 631, PARA 631-8.18.3.2 | 7 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 SEE NOTES (17) & (28) | 2 COATS FORMULA 84, TT-P- 645, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24596, WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT SEE NOTE (9) | TO DECKS NOT RECEIVING COVERING: MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS (OVERCOAT) | 8 | POWER TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 3 SEE NOTE (28) | SAME AS LINE ONE FOR BARE METAL AREAS | | SAME AS LINE ONE EXCEPT ONE COAT | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| WELDING BAYS AND LIGHT TRAPS | 9 | SAME AS LINE 7 | SAME AS LINE 7 | | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 3 | | |
| MACHINERY SPACES, BILGES, BILGE DRAIN WELLS & DISTILLING UNIT PANS SEE NOTES (44) & (77) | 10 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L - OR - NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ABOVE BILGE AREA: 2 COATS F-124, MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | BILGE AREA: ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | 11 | SEE NOTES (28) & (78) SAME AS LINE 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 10 | SEE NOTE (4) BILGE AREA: ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (4) | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | 12 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 SEE NOTES (28) & (78) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | SAME AS LINE 10 | BILGE AREA: ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTES (4) & (49) | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | 13 | SAME AS LINE 12 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTES (24) & (67) | | SAME AS LINE 10 | | SAME AS LINE ONE | |
| | 14 | SAME AS LINE 10 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTES (24) & (67) | | SAME AS LINE 10 | | SAME AS LINE ONE | |

| TABLE 3 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|--|------|--|---|---|--|--|---|---------------|
| VENT PLENUMS | 15 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS | TWO COATS MIL-PRF-24596 GRADE A WATER BASED LATEX, GRAY, AS REQUIRED FOR HIDING (OVER INSTALLED INSULATION) | |
| | 16 | SAME AS LINE 15 | SEE NOTE (49) "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTES (24) & (79) | | SEE NOTE (49) | SEE NOTE (49) | SAME AS LINE 15 | |
| | 17 | WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L -OR- NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 15 | |
| | 18 | SAME AS LINE 17 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | SAME AS LINE 15 | |
| CLEAN AND DIRTY SIDE OF COMBUSTION AIR INTAKES/ EXHAUST TRUNKS | 19 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 10 - 12 MILS | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7,10 - 12 MILS | | |
| | 20 | WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L - OR - NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 - OR - POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | |
| | 21 | SAME AS LINE 20 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| FAN ROOMS | 22 | SAME AS LINE 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | |

| TABLE 3 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|---|------|--|---|---|---|---|------------------|------------------|
| MIXING ROOM/GAS TURBINE EXHAUST UPTAKE SPACES AND TRUNKS WITH VENTS OR LOUVERS TO THE OUTSIDE ATMOSPHERE (BULKHEADS & DECKS) | 23 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | |
| UNDER AFFF PROPORTIONING UNITS (INSIDE THE COAMING) | 24 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 SEE NOTES (32) & (36) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE IV, CLASS 1 OR 2, 12 - 18 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE IV, CLASS 1 OR 2, 12 - 18 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE IV, CLASS 1 OR 2, 12 - 18 MILS | | |
| INTERIOR DECK PASSAGEWAYS NOT RECEIVING DECK COVERINGS (HIGH DURABILITY DECK PAINT) SEE NOTE (12) | 25 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 - OR - POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | |
| INTERIOR STEEL SURFACES | 26 | SAME AS LINE 15 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 27 | SAME AS LINE 17 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |
| | 28 | SAME AS LINE 25 | SAME AS LINE ONE | | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE ONE |

| TABLE 3 ALUMINUM SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|---|------|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS | 29 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11, USING STAINLESS STEEL WIRE BRUSHES, STAINLESS STEEL PADS, OR ABRASIVE SANDING DISCS (ANSI/BHMA B74.18) | 2 COATS FORMULA 84, TT-P-645, ALKYD, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V VI, OR VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24596, WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | TO DECKS NOT RECEIVING COVERING: MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | HULL, VENTILATION & PIPING INSULATION ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24596, WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, 2 - 4 MILS IF REQUIRED FOR HIDING, ONE ADDITIONAL COAT SHALL BE APPLIED. | FOR COMPARTMENT PIPING & VENTILATION |
| | | SEE NOTES (17) & (28) | | | SEE NOTE (9) | | SEE NOTES (9), (28) & (41) | SEE NOTE (18) |
| | 30 | HAND TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 2 | SAME AS LINE 29 | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | | SEE NOTES (17) & (28) | | | | | | |
| INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS (OVERCOAT) | 31 | HAND TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 2 | SAME AS LINE 27 FOR BARE METAL AREAS | | SAME AS LINE 29 EXCEPT ONE COAT | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | | SEE NOTE (28) | | | | | | |
| | 32 | POWER TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 3 | SAME AS LINE 27 FOR BARE METAL AREAS | | SAME AS LINE 29 EXCEPT ONE COAT | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | | SEE NOTE (28) | | | | | | |
| WELDING BAYS AND LIGHT TRAPS | 33 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | | ONE COAT BLACK, LOW GLOSS MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT BLACK, SEMI- GLOSS MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII, 4 - 8 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE I OR III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | |
| | 34 | SAME AS LINE 30 | SAME AS LINE 29 | | SAME AS LINE 33 | SAME AS LINE 33 | | |
| WET SPACES (WASH ROOMS, WATER CLOSETS, SHOWER STALLS, GALLEYS, SCULLERIES, & STOREROOMS WHERE HEAVY CONDENSATION IS COMMON) | 35 | DECKS: POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 BULKHEADS/OVERHEADS: POWER TOOL CLEANING, SSPC-SP 3 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | | SEE NOTE (28) | SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| | 36 | SAME AS LINE 35 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 24635, TYPE V OR VI, 5 - 8 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | 37 | SAME AS LINE 35 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 – 12 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 32171, TYPE III, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 – 12 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |

| TABLE 3 ALUMINUM SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|--|------|--|---|---|---|--|-----------------|---------------|
| MACHINERY SPACES & BILGES | 38 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2 - OR - NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS SEE NOTES (28) & (78) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ABOVE BILGE AREA: 2 COATS F-124, MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | BILGE AREA: ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 29 | |
| | 39 | SAME AS LINE 38 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 38 | BILGE AREA: ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (4) | SAME AS LINE 29 | |
| | 40 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS SEE NOTES (28) & (78) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | SAME AS LINE 38 | BILGE AREA: ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTES (4) & (49) | SAME AS LINE 29 | |
| | 41 | SAME AS LINE 40 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | SAME AS LINE 38 | | SAME AS LINE 29 | |
| | 42 | SAME AS LINE 38 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | SAME AS LINE 38 | | SAME AS LINE 29 | |

| TABLE 3 ALUMINUM SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|--|------|--|--|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| VENT PLENUMS | 43 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | TWO COATS MIL-PRF-24596 GRADE A WATER BASED LATEX, GRAY, AS REQUIRED FOR HIDING (OVER INSTALLED INSULATION) | |
| | 44 | SAME AS LINE 43 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTES (24) | | | | SAME AS LINE 43 | |
| | 45 | WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2 - OR - NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 43 | |
| | 46 | SAME AS LINE 45 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | SAME AS LINE 43 | |
| | 47 | SAME AS LINE 45 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | SAME AS LINE 43 | |

| TABLE 3 ALUMINUM SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|--|------|---|--|---|---|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| CLEAN AND DIRTY SIDE OF COMBUSTION AIR INTAKES/EXHAUST TRUNKS SEE NOTE (66) | 48 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 10 - 12 MILS | | |
| | 49 | WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2 - OR - NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS - OR - POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17 6 - 8 MILS | | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | |
| | 50 | SAME AS LINE 49 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B, 6 - 8 MILS | | |
| | 51 | SAME AS LINE 49 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| FAN ROOMS | 52 | SAME AS LINE 49 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 15B OR 17, 6 - 8 MILS | | |
| MIXING ROOM//GAS TURBINE EXHAUST UPTAKE SPACES AND TRUNKS WITH VENTS OR LOUVERS TO THE OUTSIDE ATMOSPHERE (BULKHEADS & DECKS) | 53 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS | ONE FULL COAT HAZE GRAY OR LIGHT GRAY MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (49) | | SEE NOTE (49) | SEE NOTE (49) | | |
| INTERIOR ALUMINUM SURFACES | 54 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | 55 | SAME AS LINE 43 | SAME AS LINE 29 | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |
| | 56 | SAME AS LINE 47 | SAME AS LINE 29 | | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 | SAME AS LINE 29 |

| TABLE 3 GRP FIBERGLASS SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | C WELDING BAYS & LIGHT TRAPS | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|--|------|---|--|--|---|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| INTERIOR FIBROUS GLASS BOARDS | 57 | SOAP & WATER CLEAN & HAND SAND AS NECESSARY | ONE COAT FORMULA 84, TT-P- 645, ALKYD, 2 - 4 MILS | | 2 COATS WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, MIL-PRF- 24596, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | | | |
| | 58 | SAME AS LINE 57 | ONE COAT FORMULA 84, TT-P- 645, ALKYD, 2 - 4 MILS | | 2 COATS OF FINISH COAT MIL- DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT, F- 124, 125, OR 126 (COLOR TO BE DESIGNATED) | | | |

| TABLE 3 WOOD SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | C WELDING BAYS & LIGHT TRAPS | D BULKHEADS & OVERHEADS | E DECKS | F INSULATION | G MARKINGS |
|---|------|--|--|--|--|---|-----------------|--|
| INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS | 59 | HAND TOOL CLEAN & POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE WOOD OR TIGHTLY ADHERING INTACT PAINT | 2 COATS FORMULA 84, ALKYD, TT-P-645, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, 2 – 4 MILS | | 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24596, WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (9) & (17) | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, 2 – 4 MILS | | FOR COMPARTMENT PIPING & VENTILATION SEE NOTE (18) |
| | 60 | SAME AS LINE 59 | 2 COATS FORMULA 84, ALKYD, TT-P-645, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT - OR - ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, 2 - 4 MILS | | 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT SEE NOTE (17) | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, 2 – 4 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 59 |

| TABLE 4 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | с | D | E | F | G TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) |
|--|------|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| AIRCRAFT CARRIER POTABLE WATER TANKS | 1 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 SEE NOTE (26) | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS AT ADEQUATE THICKNESS TO MEET COATING RANGE | TOTAL SYSTEM 8 MILS MIN, 12 MILS MAX (AREAS WITHOUT STRIPE COAT) SEE NOTE (37) |
| | 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 9, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 9, 10 - 12 MILS WHITE OR OFF-WHITE | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES(55), (58), & (73) | | SEE NOTES (55) & (73) | | | |
| | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 9/18, 20-30 MILS WHITE OR OFF-WHITE | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24), (55), & (58) | | | | | |
| NON-AIRCRAFT CARRIER POTABLE WATER TANKS | 4 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 9, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 9, 10 - 12 MILS WHITE OR OFF-WHITE | | | |
| SEE NOTE (54) | | | SEE NOTES (55), & (58) | | SEE NOTE (55) | | | |
| | 5 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 9/18, 20-30 MILS WHITE OR OFF-WHITE | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24), (55), & (58) | | | | | |
| AIRCRAFT CARRIER RESERVE FEEDWATER TANKS AND FRESH WATER DRAIN COLLECTING TANKS | 6 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS AT ADEQUATE THICKNESS TO MEET COATING RANGE | TOTAL SYSTEM 8 MILS MIN, 12 MILS MAX (AREAS WITHOUT STRIPE COAT) |
| NON-AIRCRAFT CARRIER RESERVE FEEDWATER TANKS AND FRESHWATER DRAIN COLLECTING TANKS SEE NOTE (54) | 7 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS AT ADEQUATE THICKNESS TO MEET COATING RANGE | TOTAL SYSTEM 8 MILS MIN, 12 MILS MAX (AREAS WITHOUT STRIPE COAT) |
| | 8 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 11, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 11, 4 - 8 MILS | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (55) & (58) | | SEE NOTE (55) | | | |
| | 9 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 11/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24), (55), & (58) | | | | | |

| | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--|--|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| TABLE 4 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) |
| SURFACE SHIPS | | | | | | | | |
| JET PROPULSION FUEL (JP- 5) TANKS, MOGAS TANKS, CONTAMINATED FUEL TANKS, DDG 51 CLASS FUEL SERVICE TANKS , FUEL STORAGE COMP TANKS | 10 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTES (49) & (58) | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | | |
| STORAGE COMP TANKS, SUMPS, BILGE & OILY WASTE TANKS | 11 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| 15-20 YEARS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE (65) | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| SEE NOTE (03) | | | SEE NOTES (24) & (58) | | | | | |
| JP-5 TANKS, MOGAS TANKS, CONTAMINATED FUEL TANKS, DDG 51 CLASS FUEL SERVICE TANKS, FUEL | 12 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC- SP 10 | SAME AS LINE 10 | | SAME AS LINE 10 | | | |
| STORAGE COMP TANKS, SUMPS, BILGE & OILY | | SEE NOTE (38) | | | | | | |
| WASTE TANKS | 13 | SAME AS LINE 12 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| 10-12 YEARS SERVICE LIFE SEE NOTE (65) | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24) & (58) | | | | | |
| COLLECTION, HOLDING AND TRANSFER (CHT), VACUUM COLLECTION (VC) / MARINE SANITATION DEVICE (MSD)/ | 14 | SAME AS LINE 12 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 13, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 13, 10 - 12 MILS | | | |
| LAUNDRY DRAIN COLLECTION TANKS | | | SEE NOTE (58) | | | | | |
| | 15 | SAME AS LINE 12 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII CLASS 13/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24) & (58) | | | | | |
| BALLAST TANKS, FLOODABLE VOIDS (SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE 50 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT & ABOVE) | 16 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 7/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| EDGE RETENTIVE- EXTENDED SERVICE LIFE 15-20 YEARS (MORE STRINGENT HUMIDITY REQUIREMENTS) | | | SEE NOTES (24) & (58) | | | | | |

| TABLE 4 STEEL SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) |
|--|------|---|---|--|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| BALLAST TANKS, FLOODABLE VOIDS (SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE 50 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT & ABOVE) EDGE RETENTIVE SERVICE | 17 | SAME AS LINE 12 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 7/18, 20-30 MILS | | | | | |
| LIFE 10 - 12 YEARS (LESS STRINGENT HUMIDITY REQUIREMENTS) | | | SEE NOTES (24) & (58) | | | | | |
| BALLAST TANKS, FLOODABLE VOIDS (USE ONLY WHEN SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE CANNOT BE MAINTAINED ABOVE 50 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT) | 18 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, GRADE A OR B, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (58) | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, GRADE A OR B, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, GRADE A OR B, 4 - 8 MILS | | | |
| NORMAL 5 - 7 YEARS SERVICE LIFE | 19 | SAME AS LINE 18 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, GRADE A OR B, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (58) | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII CLASS 5 OR 7, GRADE A OR B, 4 - 8 MILS | | | |
| PEAK TANKS EDGE RETENTIVE- EXTENDED SERVICE LIFE 15-20 YEARS (MORE | 20 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII CLASS 7, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (58) | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII CLASS 7, 10 - 12 MILS | | | |
| STRINGENT HUMIDITY REQUIREMENTS) | 21 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 17 | | | | | |
| PEAK TANKS EDGE RETENTIVE SERVICE LIFE 10 - 12 YEARS (LESS STRINGENT HUMIDITY REQUIREMENTS) | 22 | SAME AS LINE 12 | SAME AS LINE 20 | | SAME AS LINE 20 | | | |
| | 23 | SAME AS LINE 12 | SAME AS LINE 17 | | | | | |
| CHAIN LOCKERS AND NON- FLOODABLE VOIDS | 24 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS SEE NOTES (24) & (58) | | | | | |
| CVN CATAPULT WATER BRAKE TANKS | 25 | SAME AS LINE 24 | ONE COAT INORGANIC ZINC SILICATE TYPE COATING 2-4 MILS | | | | | |

| TABLE 4 ALUMINUM SURFACES SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) |
|--|------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| TANKS AND VOIDS | 26 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, USING GARNET, ALUMINUM OXIDE, CRUSHED GLASS OR WALNUT SHELLS | SAME AS FOR STEEL |

| TABLE 5 VARIOUS LOCATIONS SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | С | D | E | F TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) | G DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS |
|---|------|---|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|
| UNHEATED PIPING, FITTINGS, VALVES | 1 | HAND TOOL CLEAN, SSPC-SP 2 | 2 COATS F-84, ALKYD, TT- P-645, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | | 2 COATS OF BILGE FINISH COAT TO MATCH SURROUNDING SURFACES, INCLUDING LAGGED SURFACES | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, 2 - 3 MILS, FOR COLOR CODED SYSTEMS |
| MACHINERY, GAGEBOARDS; UNHEATED FERROUS MACHINERY EXTERNAL SURFACES | 2 | POWER TOOL CLEAN, SSPC-SP 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT F-111, MIL-DTL-15090, 2 - 4 MILS - OR - ONE COAT GRAY MIL-PRF- 24635, 2 - 3 MILS | IF REQUIRED FOR HIDING, ONE ADDITIONAL COAT: F- 111, MIL-DTL-15090, 2 - 4 MILS - OR - MIL-PRF-24635, 2 - 3 MILS | | | |
| UNINSULATED SIDE OF BULKHEAD OR SHELL ADJACENT TO SEA OR AC | 3 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | ONE COAT HEMPEL HEMPADUR 45880, 4 - 6 MILS | ONE COAT HEMPEL ANTI-CONDENS 617US-10000, 50 - 60 MILS | | | | |
| BOUNDARY (FOR INTERIOR COMPARTMENTS ONLY) | 4 | SAME AS LINE 3 | ONE COAT F-84, ALKYD, TT-P-645, 2 - 4 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V, VI, OR VII, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT TEMP-COAT 101, 20 - 22 MILS - OR - ONE COAT SHERWIN- WILLIAMS HEAT FLEX 3500, 20 - 22 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MASCOAT DELTA-T MARINE, 20-22 MILS | ONE COAT TEMP-COAT 101, 20 - 22 MILS - OR - ONE COAT SHERWIN- WILLIAMS HEAT FLEX 3500, 20 - 22 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MASCOAT DELTA-T MARINE, 20-22 MILS | ONE COAT TEMP- COAT 101, 20 - 22 MILS - OR - ONE COAT SHERWIN- WILLIAMS HEAT FLEX 3500, 20 - 22 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MASCOAT DELTA-T MARINE, 20- 22 MILS | | |
| | 5 | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 4 | ONE COAT KEFA AIRLESS 8125, 50 - 60 MILS | | | | |
| BOILERS & ECONOMIZERS (EXCEPT PARTS USED FOR HEAT TRANSFER), MACHINERY CASINGS, FERROUS SHEET METAL | 6 | SAME AS LINE 3 | ONE COAT AMERON AMERCOAT 892HS, 2 - 3 MILS SEE NOTE (39) | | | | | |
| | 7 | SAME AS LINE 3 | 2 COATS OF TT-P-28 SUFFICIENT TO COVER THE PROFILE | | | | | |
| STEAM, RESERVE FEEDWATER, BOTTOM/ SURFACE BLOW & BOILER PRESSURE VESSEL PIPING IN PREPARATION FOR ULTRASONIC MEASUREMENTS | 8 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11, USING STAINLESS STEEL WIRE BRUSHES, STAINLESS STEEL PADS, OR ABRASIVE SANDING DISCS (ANSI/BHMA B74.18) | | | | | | |
| ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT | 9 | SAME AS LINE ONE | 2 COATS F-84, TT-P-645, ALKYD, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | 2 COATS F-111, MIL-DTL- 15090, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| CABLE, INTERIOR | 10 | SAME AS LINE ONE | 2 COATS WATER-BASED LATEX PER MIL-PRF-24596, 2 - 4 MILS/COAT | 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607 2 - 4 MILS/COAT (FOR COLOR MATCH IF REQUIRED) | | | | |

| TABLE 5 VARIOUS LOCATIONS SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | С | D | E | F TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) | G DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS |
|--|------|--|---|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| CABLE, EXTERIOR (OTHER THAN POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC), LOW SMOKE) | 11 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 10 | 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24763, TYPE II, CLASS 2, 2 – 4 MILS/COAT OR- ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635 (LOW SOLAR ABSORPTION ONLY) TO MATCH SURROUNDING AREA, 2 - 3 MILS | | | | |
| ANCHOR (SURFACE SHIP BOW ANCHORS) FOR ANCHORS BELOW LOWER BOOTTOPPING LIMIT, SEE NOTE (13) | 12 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 SEE NOTES (14) & (21) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, CLASS 5 OR 7, TYPE VII, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS - OR - ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 10 - 12 MILS | ONE COAT HAZE GRAY), MIL-PRF-24635 TYPE III, V, OR VI, CLASS I GRADE B OR C, 2 - 3 MILS | | | |
| ANCHOR CHAIN | 13 | COMMERCIAL BLAST CLEAN, MACE 3 /SSPC-SP 6 SEE NOTES (14) & (21) | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS I, 5 – 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VI OR VII, 4-8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS I, 4-8 MILS | | | MIL-PRF-24635, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS I SEE NOTE (15) |
| INTERIOR GALVANIZED SURFACES | 14 | BRUSH-OFF BLAST, NACE 4 /SSPC-SP 7 - OR - POWER TOOL CLEAN, SSPC-SP 3 | | ONE COAT WATER-BASED INTERIOR LATEX, MIL-PRF-24596, 2 - 4 MILS | TOPCOAT TO MATCH SURROUNDING AREA | | | |
| EXTERIOR GALVANIZED SURFACES | 15 | SAME AS LINE 14 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE V CLASS 5 OR 7 -OR- MIL-DTL-24441, 1 - 2 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24763, 2 - 4 MILS | TOPCOAT TO MATCH SURROUNDING AREA | | | |
| EXHAUST PIPE EXTERIOR | 16 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT AMERCOAT 892HS, HAZE GRAY, 2 - 3 MILS - OR - 2 COATS OF TT-P-28 SUFFICIENT TO COVER THE PROFILE SEE NOTES (39) & (42) | | | | | |
| ELEVATED TEMPERATURE PIPING AND MACHINERY, 125-200F | 17 | SAME AS LINE 16 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, 4-6 MILS | | | | | |
| HIGH TEMPERATURE PIPING AND MACHINERY, 200-400F | 18 | SAME AS LINE 16 | ONE COAT AMERCOAT 892HS, HAZE GRAY, 2 - 3 MILS SEE NOTE (39) | | | | | |
| HIGH TEMPERATURE PIPING AND MACHINERY, 400-1200F | 19 | SAME AS LINE 16 | 2 COATS OF TT-P-28 SUFFICIENT TO COVER THE PROFILE | | | | | |

| TABLE 5 VARIOUS LOCATIONS SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | C | D | E | F TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) | G DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS |
|--|------|---|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| PCMS PAINT REMOVAL, DOES NOT APPLY TO CARRIERS SEE NOTE (57) | 20 | STRIP PAINT, USING "PEEL-AWAY-7" - OR - PLASTIC MEDIA BLASTER - OR - SODIUM BICARBONATE MEDIA BLASTER SEE REPAIR & INSTALLATION METHODS, RIM 05P1 (LATEST REVISION) | | | | | | |
| NON-AIRCRAFT CARRIER PCMS (NEW TILE INSTALLATION) | 21 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT AND ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | | | |
| | 22 | SAME AS LINE 21 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5 OR 7, 10 - 12 MILS | | | | |
| | 23 | SAME AS LINE 21 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS5/18 OR 7/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| AIRCRAFT CARRIER PCMS (NEW TILE INSTALLATION) | 24 | SAME AS LINE 21 | SAME AS LINE 22 | SAME AS LINE 22 | | | | |
| | 25 | SAME AS LINE 21 | SAME AS LINE 23 | | | | | |
| PCMS (NEW TILE INSTALLATION) (GRP) | 26 | SOAP & WATER CLEAN & HAND SAND AS NECESSARY | ONE COAT F-150, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | | | | | |
| ARRESTING GEAR SHEAVE FOUNDATIONS (OUTBOARD OF ARRESTING GEAR ENGINE ROOMS) | 27 | SSPC-SP 1 & SPONGEJET TO NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 &- SSPC-SP 1 (STEAM CLEAN) &- SPONGEJET TO NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS SEE NOTE (49) | | | |
| | 28 | SAME AS LINE 27 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII CLASS 17, 6 – 8 MILS | | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 6 – 8 MILS | | | |

| TABLE 5 VARIOUS LOCATIONS SURFACE SHIPS | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | В | C | D | E | F TOTAL SYSTEM SEE NOTE (53) | G DESIGNATIONS & MARKINGS |
|---|------|--|--|---|---|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | 29 | SAME AS LINE 27 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE VII CLASS 17/18, 20-30 MILS SEE NOTE (24) | | | | | |
| ARRESTING GEAR SHEAVE FOUNDATIONS (ARRESTING GEAR ENGINE ROOMS) | 30 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4-8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4-8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4-8 MILS | | | |
| POWDER COATING FOR EXTERIOR APPLICATIONS AND INTERIOR DRY APPLICATIONS OF REMOVABLE PARTS | 31 | SAME AS LINE 16 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24712, 2-9 MILS | | | | | |
| POWDER COATING FOR INTERIOR WET OR IMMERSION APPLICATION AREAS | 32 | SAME AS LINE 16 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VIII, 2-9 MILS | | | | | |
| CATAPULT WING VOIDS, CATAPULT EXHAUST BLOWDOWN TRUNKS, AND FREEING PORTS | 33 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 SEE NOTE (38) | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | | |
| BARRICADE STANCHIONS AND WELLS, CATAPULT JET BLAST DEFLECTOR PITS, AND ASSOCIATED VOID SPACES | 34 | SAME AS LINE 33 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VI, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTE (35) | | | |

| TABLE 6 STEEL SURFACES SUBMARINES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO MAX BEAM | F MAX BEAM TO UPPER BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|--|------|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| EXTERIOR SURFACES (KEEL TO UPPER BOOTTOP) (NON-SHT SURFACES BELOW UPPER BOOTTOP) | 1 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 - OR - WATERJETTING TO NACE/SSPC- SP WJ-2/L | ONE COAT MIL- PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE AC COATS MIL-PRF- 24647 TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-150, , 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (4A), (35A) & (45A) | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE AC STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-24647 TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS OR- ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441 TYPE IV, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (4A), (35A) & (45A) | ONE COAT MIL- PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF- 24647 TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-153, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (4A), (35A) & (45A) | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (2A),(4A) & (45A) | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II BLACK, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (3A), (4A) & (45A) | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24631 F-186 OR ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-152 OR ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, WHITE, 3-4 MILS OR COMMERCIAL GRADE WHITE AF |
| NON-SHT, EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE THE UPPER BOOTTOP (INCLUDES DSRV/SRC SEATING SURFACES) | 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT AC MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (35A) & (45A) | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE STRIPE COAT AC MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (35A) & (45A) | ONE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT AC MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS FINAL COAT TO BE BLACK SEE NOTES (1A), (32A), (35A) & (45A) | | | |
| | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-150, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A)& (35A) | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441 TYPE IV, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A) & (35A) | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-153, 5 - 7 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (32A), & (35A) | | | |
| FOR MOORED TRAINING SHIPS (MTS) ONLY; EXTERIOR SURFACES ABOVE THE UPPER BOOTTOP (NON-IMMERSION SURFACES ONLY) | 4 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV 5 - 7 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE IV 5 - 7 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV 5 - 7 MILS | UPPER BOOTTOP TO TOP OF SAIL ONLY: ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 24635 NO. 27038, 2-4 MILS -&- ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 24667, TYPE I OR X, | | |
| UNTILED (NON-SHT COVERED) FOOT TRAFFIC AREAS TO BE COVERED WITH NONSKID PAINT (ALL | 5 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SEE NOTES (1A) & (32A) ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV F-150, 5 - 7 MILS | SEE NOTES (1A) & (32A) ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441 TYPE IV, 5 - 7 MILS | SEE NOTES (1A) & (32A) ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-153, 5 - 7 MILS | COMP G NONSKID: MIL-PRF- 24667, TYPE I OR X, COMP G | | |
| CLASSES OF SUBMARINES) | 6 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SEE NOTES (1A) & (32A) ONE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE COAT AC MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | SEE NOTES (1A) & (32A) ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS OR- ONE STRIPE COAT AC MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS | SEE NOTES (1A) & (32A) ONE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE COAT AC MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 5 - 7 MILS FINAL COAT TO BE BLACK | SEE NOTE (44A) | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (1A), (32A), & (45A) | SEE NOTES (1A), (32A), & (45A) | SEE NOTES (1A), (32A), & (45A) | | | |

| TABLE 6 STEEL SURFACES SUBMARINES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO MAX BEAM | F MAX BEAM TO UPPER BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|---|------|-------------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| INTERIOR SURFACES OF RUDDERS, PLANES, STABILIZERS (SYNTACTIC FILLED VOIDS) | 7 | HAND TOOL CLEAN, SSPC-SP 2 | 2 COATS TT-P-645 F-84 (PRIMER), 1-2 MILS/COAT -OR- ONE COAT PRIMER MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, 4-6 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4-6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT TT-P-645, 1-2 MILS -OR- ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, 4-6 MILS -OR- ONE STRIPE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4-6 MILS | | | | |

| TABLE 6 GRP FIBERGLASS SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E KEEL TO MAX BEAM | F MAX BEAM TO UPPER BOOTTOP | G DRAFT MARKS |
|--|------|---|--|---|---|---|---|------------------|
| SUBMARINES | | | | | | | | |
| UNBOOTED GRP BOW DOMES ABOVE UPPER BOOTTOP SEE NOTE (34A) | 8 | LOW PRESSURE WATER CLEAN (LP WC) SEE NOTE (42A) | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4 - 6 MILS & ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-153 OR F-154, 4 - 6 MILS OR 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24647 4 - 6 MIL/COAT OR 2 COATS MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 6 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (32A), (38A), & (45A) | | | | | |
| UNBOOTED GRP BOW DOMES BELOW UPPER BOOTTOP SEE NOTE (34A) | 9 | SAME AS LINE 8 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4 - 6 MILS OR ONE COAT MIL-PRF-24647 4 - 6 MIL/COAT DARK GRAY SEE NOTES (4A) & (45A) | | | TWO COATS AF MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II CLASS 1, 4 - 6 MIL/COAT SEE NOTES (2A), (4A), (38A), & (45A) | TWO COATS AF MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II CLASS 1, 4 - 6 MIL/COAT SEE NOTES (3A), (4A), (38A), & (45A) | |
| BOOTED GRP BOW DOMES ABOVE UPPER BOOTTOP SEE NOTE (34A) | 10 | LOW PRESSURE WATER CLEAN (LP WC) | PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE BOOT - ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F- 150, 2-4 MILS AFTER BOOT INSTALLATION ONE COAT NAVY FORMULA 187, 2-3 MILS | | | | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (43A) | SEE NOTES (38A) & (46A) | | | | | |
| BOOTED GRP BOW DOMES, CHIN ARRAY, & LIGHT WEIGHT WIDE APERTURE ARRAY (LWWAA) BELOW UPPER BOOTTOP | 11 | SAME AS LINE 10 | PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE BOOT - ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F- 150, 2-4 MILS | | | TWO COATS AF MIL- PRF-24647, TYPE I CLASS 3, 4 - 6 MIL/COAT | TWO COATS AF MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I CLASS 3, 4 - 6 MIL/COAT | |
| SEE NOTE (34A) | | | AFTER BOOT INSTALLATION ONE COAT NAVY FORMULA 184, 2-3 MILS | | | SEE NOTES (2A), (4A), & (38A), & (45A) | SEE NOTES (3A), (4A), & (38A), & (45A) | |

| TABLE 7 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E BULKHEADS AND OVERHEADS | F THERMAL INSULATION | G |
|--|------|--|--|--|---|--|-------------------------|---|
| SUBMARINES | | | | | | | | |
| BILGE AND TRUNK INTERIOR AREAS BELOW THE LOWER WALKING FLAT | 1 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 5 - 7 MILS | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 5 - 7 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| SEE NOTE (36A) | | SEE NOTE (6A) | SEE NOTES (8A), (15A) & (28A) | SEE NOTES (7A), (8A), (9A), (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| | 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4-6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT AND ONE FULL COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE IV, F-151 OR F- 157, 4-6 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A) & (28A) | SEE NOTES (7A), (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL- PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT AND ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A) & (28A) | SEE NOTES (7A), (9A), (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| WET SPACES (EXCEPT BILGES AND TRUNKS) | 4 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 2 | SAME AS LINE 2 | | | | |
| | 5 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 3 | | | | |
| VALVE REGULATED LEAD ACID (VRLA) BATTERY COMPARTMENT (SSN774, SSN21 AND SSN688 CLASS) | 6 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | SAME AS LINE 2 | ONE STRIPE COAT, MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-151 or F-157, AND ONE FULL COAT, MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F- 152, 4-6 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| | | | | SEE NOTES (7A), (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| VRLA BATTERY | 7 | SAME AS LINE 6 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| COMPARTMENT (SSBN/SSGN-726 CLASS) | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20 – 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (16A) & (40A) | | | | | |
| VA CLASS BATTERY COMPARTMENT (DECK AND BHDS UP TO 62" ABOVE TOP STEP OF DECK) | 8 | SAME AS LINE ONE | TEK-HAZ RED PRIME COAT, 16-20 MILS | TEK-HAZ GRAY TOPCOAT, 16-20 MILS | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24A) & (28A) | SEE NOTES (24A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| VA CLASS BATTERY COMPARTMENT (OVHD AND BHDS ABOVE 62" ABOVE TOP STEP OF DECK) | 9 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 2 - 3 MILS | | | 2 COATS MIL-PRF- 24635, TYPE II, CLASS 1, 4-6 MILS/ COAT | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (24A) & (28A) | | | SEE NOTES (24A), (28A), & (33A) | | |

| TABLE 7 | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E BULKHEADS AND | F THERMAL INSULATION | G |
|--|------|--|---|---|--|--|-------------------------|---|
| STEEL SURFACES | | | | | | OVERHEADS | | |
| TRUNK INTERIORS, UNINSULATED AREA ABOVE THE LOWER FLAT (INCLUDING UPPER HATCH | 10 | POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL, SSPC-SP 11 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 17, 5 - 7 MILS | | | | |
| COVER) | | SEE NOTES (6A) & (13A) | | SEE NOTE (7A), (8A), (9A), (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| SEE NOTE (36A) | 11 | SAME AS LINE 10 | SAME AS LINE 2 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-151 OR F-157, 4-6 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24607, 1-2 MILS | | |
| | | | | SEE NOTES (7A), (15A), & (28A) | | SEE NOTES (7A), (9A), (10A), (11A), (12A), (28A) & (33A) | | |
| | 12 | SAME AS LINE 10 | SAME AS LINE 3 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | SAME AS LINE 11 | | |
| | | | | SEE NOTES (7A), (9A), (15A), & (28A) | | | | |
| TRUNK INTERIORS UNDER INSULATION ABOVE THE LOWER FLAT | 13 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 2 | ONE FULL COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE IV, CONTRASTING COLOR, 4-6 MILS | | | | |
| SEE NOTE (36A) | | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| | 14 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | ONE FULL COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS | | | | |
| | | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| MACHINERY SPACES (ENGINE ROOMS AND | 15 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 2 | SAME AS LINE 11 | 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607, 1- 2 MILS/COAT | | | |
| AUXILIARY MACHINERY ROOMS) UNINSULATED PRESSURE HULL | | | | | SEE NOTES (7A), (9A), (10A), (11A), (28A) & (33A) | | | |
| | 16 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 12 | SAME AS LINE 15 | | | |
| MACHINERY SPACES (ENGINE ROOMS AND | 17 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 2 | SAME AS LINE 2 | | | | |
| AUXILIARY MACHINERY ROOMS) PRESSURE HULL TO BE COVERED BY INSULATION | 18 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 3 | | | | |
| MACHINERY SPACE OVERHEADS AND BULKHEADS | 19 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT TT-P-645 F-84, 1-2 MILS | 2 COATS MIL-DTL-24607, 1 - 2 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| DECKS WITHOUT COVERINGS | 20 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 2-4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 2-4 MILS | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (7A), (15A), (25A), (28A), & (33A) | SEE NOTES (7A), (15A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| | 21 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 14 | | | | |

| TABLE 7 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E BULKHEADS AND OVERHEADS | F THERMAL INSULATION | G |
|------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|---|-------------------------|---|
| SUBMARINES | | | | | | | | |
| | 22 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT TT-P-645, F-84, 1-2 MILS | 2 COATS MIL-PRF-24635, 1-2 MILS/COAT | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (28A) & (33A) | SEE NOTES (7A), (28A), & (33A) | | | | |
| | 23 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE II, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-32171, TYPE II, CLASS 1 OR 2, 10 - 12 MILS | | | | |
| DECKS WITH COVERINGS | 24 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 2 - 4 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL- PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS SEE NOTES (6A), (15A), (28A) & (33A) | | | | | |
| | 25 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 21 | | | | | |
| ENSOLITE INSULATION (OVERCOAT) | 26 | DETERGENT WASH AND RINSE | | | | 2 COATS MIL-DTL- 24607, 1-2 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (7A), (9A), (10A), (11A), (28A) & (33A) | | |
| POLYIMIDE INSULATION (OVERCOAT) | 27 | SAME AS LINE 26 | | | | SAME AS LINE 26 | | |
| | 28 | SAME AS LINE 26 | | | | 2 COATS MIL-PRF- 24596, 1-2 MILS/COAT -OR- 2 COATS F-25A, 1-2 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (28A) & (33A) | | |
| DRY VOIDS | 29 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 3 | SAME AS LINE 14 | | | | |
| | 30 | SAME AS LINE ONE | SAME AS LINE 20 | SAME AS LINE 20 | | | | |

| TABLE 8 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL |
|--|------|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| SUBMARINES POTABLE WATER TANKS SEE NOTES (31A) & (34A) | 1 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 9, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 9, 10-12 MILS WHITE OR | | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (29A) | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (39A), (5A), & (37A) | | OFF-WHITE SEE NOTES (15A), (22A), (39A), & (37A) | | | |
| | 2 | SAME AS LINE ONE | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE VII CLASS 9/18, 20-30 MILS WHITE OR OFF- WHITE SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (22A), (39A), (5A), & (37A) | | | | | |
| | 3 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, F-150, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE III, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE III, 2-4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE III, F-152, 2-4 MILS DFT AT ADEQUATE THICKNESS TO MEET COATING RANGE | TOTAL SYSTEM 8 -12 MILS (ON AREAS WITHOUT STRIPE COAT) |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A), & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A), (21A), & (27A) | SEE NOTE (22A) |
| RESERVE FEEDWATER TANKS SEE NOTES (31A) & (34A) | 4 | SAME AS LINE ONE | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE III, F-150, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441 TYPE III F-152, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE III F-151, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE III, F- 150, 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441 TYPE III F-152, 2 - 4 MILS | TOTAL SYSTEM 8 MILS MIN |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (21A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (21A) | |
| AUXILIARY TANKS, ACR HOLDING TANKS (MTS), DEPTH CONTROL TANKS, NFO EXPANSION TANK, SEAWATER EXPANSION TANK, SECONDARY SHIELD WATER OVERFLOW TANK (MTS), TRIM TANKS, WATER ROUND TORPEDO (WRT) TANKS | 5 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 SEE NOTE (29A) | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS SEE NOTES (15A), (16A), (17A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| BILGE AND DRAIN COLLECTION TANKS SEE NOTE (25A) | 6 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| BOW TANK, BOW SONAR TANK, SONAR DOME AREA STEEL STRUCTURE (INCLUDES SONAR SPHERE, ITS SUPPORT STRUCTURE, AND FORWARD SIDE OF MBT BULKHEAD) | 7 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS SEE NOTES (17A), (18A), (19A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |

| TABLE 8 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL |
|---|------|---|---|--|---|---|---|------------|
| SUBMARINES | | | | | | | | |
| FUEL OIL OVERFLOW/COLLECTING TANK, FUEL OIL FILTER SUMP DRAIN TANK, ES DIESEL FUEL OIL TANK | 8 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4 - 6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE IV, F-152 OR F-151, 4 - 6 MILS | | | |
| (MTS) | | | SEE NOTES (17A) & (19A) | | | | | |
| | 9 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236 TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236 TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236 TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (17A), (19A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| MAIN BALLAST TANKS ABOVE RESIDUAL WATER LINE; HIGH | 10 | NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| PRESSURE AIR FLASKS IN MBT'S, EMBT AIR FLASKS IN MBT'S | | 10 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | SEE NOTE (23A) & (29A), | SEE NOTES (16A), (17A), (18A), (19A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| MAIN BALLAST TANKS BELOW RESIDUAL WATER LINE | 11 | SAME AS LINE 10 | SAME AS LINE 9 | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 24647 PRIMER, 1 – 2 MILS | ONE COAT AF MIL-PRF- 24647 RED, 4-6 MILS, FROM BOTTOM CENTERLINE TO APPROXIMATELY 2' VERTICALLY ABOVE HEIGHT OF HIGHEST FLOOD LOUVER SEE NOTES (4A) & (26A) | | |
| MAIN INDUCTION SUMP TANK, MISSILE COMPENSATING TANKS | 12 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| TORPEDO IMPULSE TANKS | 13 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4-6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4-6 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE IV, F-152 OR F-151, 4-6 MILS | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A) & (17A), | SEE NOTES (15A) & (17A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (17A) | | | |
| | 14 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 7, GRADE B OR C, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 7, GRADE B OR C, 4 - 8 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 7, GRADE B OR C, 4 - 8 MILS | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), & (5A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (17A) | SEE NOTES (15A) & (17A) | | | |
| TORPEDO IMPULSE TANKS (SSBN/SSGN ONLY) | 15 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (19A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |

| | T | | | | | | | |
|---|------|--------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|------------|
| TABLE 8 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL |
| SUBMARINES | | | | | | | | |
| SANITARY TANKS | 16 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 13, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 13, 10-12 MILS | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), & (5A) | | SEE NOTE (15A) | | | |
| | 17 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 13/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| STEAM PLANT SURGE TANKS (MTS) | 18 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT OF APEXIOR NO. 1 (DAMPNEY CO.). 2 - 4 MILS | ONE COAT OF APEXIOR NO. 1 (DAMPNEY CO.), 2 - 4 MILS | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTE (47A) | SEE NOTE (47A) | | | | |
| WASTE OIL COLLECTING TANKS, WASTE OIL OVERFLOW TANKS, ENGINE ROOM OIL COLLECTION TANKS | 19 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 4 - 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5, 10 - 12 MILS | | | |
| TANKS | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), & (5A) | | SEE NOTE (15A) | | | |
| | 20 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" | | | | | |
| | | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 5/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| FREE FLOOD AREAS AND RECESSES: INSIDE SURFACES OF FAIRWATER, UNDERSIDE OF SUPERSTRUCTURE, CHAIN LOCKERS, INTERIOR SURFACES OF STEEL DOMES, SHAFT TUBE INTERIOR SURFACES (WHEN SHAFT IS REMOVED), BOW DOME ACCESS FREE FLODD AREA, BSY-1 RECESS (FRAME (FR) 29-30 STARBOARD (STBD)), 726 CLASS ACCESS SONAR DOME RECESS (FR 6- 7 PORT), 726 CLASS SONAR SPHERE EXTERNAL SURFACES, 726 CLASS SONAR TRUNK EXTERNAL SURFACES, 726 CLASS SONAR DOME BULKHEAD (BHD) (FR 4), 726 CLASS SONAR CAVITY (FR 6-8), 726 CLASS SONAR DOME ACCESS TRUNK (FR 6-7), CAPSTAN RECESS, SONAR PENETRATION SPLICE TRUNK RECESSES (PORT AND STBD), SONAR CABLE TRUNK, EMERGENCY TOWING PENDANT, BETWEEN BLADES COVER PLATES (BBCP) RECESS, 726 CLASS MSS RECESS AT BHD 4, SHAFT TUBE | 21 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (32A), | | | | | |
| HULL INSERTS | | | (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |

| TABLE 8 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL |
|---|------|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|------------|
| SUBMARINES | | | | | | | | |
| FREE FLOOD AREAS AND RECESSES: TORPEDO TUBE RECESS, AFT FREE FLOOD AREA (MUD TANK), EJECTION PUMP RECESS, SECONDARY PROPULSION MOTOR (SPM) RECESS, SSN-688 CLASS BQN-17, BSY-1 OR AN/BBQ-10/V(1) RECESS (FR 14-15 PORT BOTTOM), 726 CLASS ANCHOR RECESS | 22 | SAME AS LINE <i>5</i> | SAME AS LINE 21 | SAME AS LINE 21 | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 24647 PRIMER, 1 – 2 MILS | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF- 24647 TYPE I OR II, RED, 4 – 6 MILS/COAT SEE NOTE (4A) | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ALL OTHER FREE FLOOD AREAS, RECESSES BELOW UPPER BOOTTOP (APPLIES TO FREE FLOOD AREAS, RECESSES, AND VOIDS NOT LISTED ELSEWHERE IN THIS TABLE) | 23 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (16A), (17A), (26A), (32A), (40A), & (5A) | | | SAME AS LINE 22 | SAME AS LINE 22 | |
| | 24 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 4 – 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 10 – 12 MILS | SAME AS LINE 22 | SAME AS LINE 22 | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (1A), (17A), (36A), & (5A) | | SEE NOTE (4A) | | | |
| | 25 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-150, 4 - 6 MILS -OR- ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (16A), (17A), & (5A) | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-151 OR F-152, 4-6 MILS -OR- ONE AC STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441 TYPE IV, F-151 OR F-152, 4-6 MILS -OR- ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTE (4A) | SAME AS LINE 22 | SAME AS LINE 22 | |
| ALL OTHER FREE FLOOD AREAS, RECESSES ABOVE UPPER BOOTTOP (APPLIES TO FREE FLOOD AREAS, RECESSES, AND VOIDS NOT LISTED ELSEWHERE IN THIS TABLE) | 26 | SAME AS LINE 5 | "SINGLE COAT" ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7/18, 20- 30 MILS | | | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (1A), (16A), (17A), (26A), (32A), (40A), & (5A) | | | | | |
| | 27 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 4 – 8 MILS | | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE VII, CLASS 7, 10 – 12 MILS | | | |
| | | | SEE NOTES (1A), (16A), (17A), (36A),& (5A) | | SEE NOTES (32A) & (36A) | | | |

| TABLE 8 STEEL SURFACES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL |
|--|------|--|--|---|--|--|---|------------|
| SUBMARINES | 28 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-150, 4 - 6 MILS -OR- ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTES (1A), (16A) & (17A) | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- PRF-23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441 TYPE IV, F-151 OR F-152, 4-6 MILS -OR- ONE AC STRIPE COAT MIL-PRF-24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI, CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS -OR- ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441 TYPE IV, F-151 OR F-152, 4-6 MILS -OR- ONE AC COAT MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTE (32A) | | | |
| CLEAN FUEL OIL, HYDRAULIC OIL, LUBE OIL SLUDGE AND HYDROPHONE TANKS | 29 | POWER TOOL CLEAN, SSPC-SP 3 SEE NOTE (20A) & (29A) | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTES (15A), (17A), & (20A) | MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-152 OR F-151, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTE (15A) | | | | |
| | 30 | COMMERCIAL BLAST, NACE 3/SSPC-SP 6 OR POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL SSPC-SP 11 SEE NOTES (20A) & (29A) | | | | | | |
| NORMAL FUEL OIL (688 AND 726 CLASS:FROM BASELINE TO 4 FEET ABOVE BASELINE, 774 CLASS:FROM BASELINE TO 9 FEET ABOVE BASELINE) | 31 | COMMERCIAL BLAST, MACE 3/SSPC-SP 6 OR POWER TOOL CLEAN TO BARE METAL SSPC-SP 11 | | | | | | |
| | 32 | SEE NOTES (29A) & (30A) NEAR WHITE METAL BLAST, NACE 2/SSPC-SP 10 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4 - 6 MILS | ONE STRIPE COAT MIL- DTL-24441, TYPE IV, 4 - 6 MILS | ONE COAT MIL-DTL- 24441, TYPE IV, F-152 OR F-151, 4 - 6 MILS | | | |
| TANK MANHOLE COVERS | 33 | SEE NOTES (14A) & (29A) SAME AS LINE <i>5</i> | SEE NOTE (15A) ONE COAT MIL-PRF-23236, TYPE VIII, 5-9 MILS OR USE APPROVED COATING SYSTEM SPECIFIED FOR TANK OR FREEFLOOD SEE NOTES (15A), (21A), (31A), & (48A) | SEE NOTE (15A) | SEE NOTE (15A) | | | |
| FREEFLOOD ACCESS COVERS | 34 | SAME AS LINE 5 | 2 COATS AC MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 4-6 MILS/COAT SEE NOTE (32A) | | | 2 AF COATS MIL-PRF- 24647, TYPE I OR II, 4–6 MILS/COAT SEE NOTES (2A), (3A), (4A), (7A), & (32A) | | |
| | 35 | SAME AS LINE 5 | TWO COATS MIL- PRF- 23236, TYPE V OR VI CLASS 5 OR 7, 4 - 8 MILS/COAT SEE NOTE (32A) | | | SAME AS LINE 34 | | |

| TABLE 8 STEEL SURFACES SUBMARINES | LINE | A SURFACE PREPARATION | B PRIMER | С | D | E | F | G TOTAL |
|---|------|--------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------|---|------------|
| | 36 | SAME AS LINE 5 | ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-150, 4-6 MILS & ONE COAT MIL-DTL-24441, TYPE IV, F-151 OR F-152, 4-6 MILS SEE NOTE (32A) | | | SAME AS LINE 34 | | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 | 9-33 |
|--------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Rotating Electrical Equipment; rewind

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 Equipment Technical Manual
- 2.3 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant General
- 2.4 S9086-KE-STM-010/CH-302, Electric Motors and Controllers
- 2.5 S9086-KN-STM-010/CH-310, Electric Power Generators and Conversion Equipment
- 2.6 S9086-HN-STM-010/CH-244, Propulsion Bearings and Seals
- 2.7 S6260-BJ-GTP-010, Electrical Machinery Repair, Electric Motor, Shop Procedures Manual
- 2.8 S9310-AC-HBK-010, Commutator/Slip Ring Maintenance Handbook
- 2.9 MIL-STD-1310, Shipboard Bonding, Grounding, and Other Techniques for Electromagnetic Compatibility, Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Mitigation, and Safety

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish preliminary repair preparations as follows:

3.1.1 Prior to disconnecting equipment:

3.1.1.1 Record and retain electrical hook-up data.

3.1.1.2 Inspect couplings for cracks, broken segments, wear, and misalignment in excess of tolerances specified in 2.2. Record and retain air gap readings. Record and retain bearing clearances for sleeve bearing equipment only. 3.1.2 Identify associated cables and wiring. Disconnect equipment mechanically, using 2.2 for guidance.

3.1.2.1 Matchmark, identify, and retain chocks, shims, shock mounts, sound damping pads, and other accessories associated with equipment.

3.1.2.2 Record shaft thrust and run out readings.

3.2 Remove equipment including rotating components connected directly to the shaft.

3.2.1 Remove entire vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan assemblies from the duct system and transport to the shop for repair.

3.3 Inspect foundations for cracks, areas of distortion, and deterioration in excess of 25 percent of the thickness of each member of the structure.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing inspection results, missing parts, defective parts, and measurements taken for electrical hook up data recorded in 3.1.1.1, mechanical inspection required by 3.1.1.2 through 3.1.2.2, and structural inspection required in 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.5 Matchmark, disassemble and inspect the equipment removed in 3.2, using 2.2 through 2.7 for guidance.

3.5.1 Accomplish a core loss test prior to winding removal in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.6 and 300-4.5.6.1 of 2.3. Record data.

3.5.1.1 Inspect for hot spots in accordance with the Core Loss Tester Instruction Manual.

3.5.1.2 Conduct a loop test in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.5.6.1.2 of 2.3 when core indicates a marginal satisfactory reading or when test equipment does not directly support equipment being subjected to testing.

3.5.2 Remove each winding, using Paragraph 300-4.5.7.2 of 2.3 for guidance for winding removal and 2.7 for core inspection.

3.5.2.1 Verify the temperature limitations of the core material prior to exercising the burnout oven option.

3.5.2.2 Record winding data. Verify conformance of recorded data to the manufacturer's winding data.

3.5.2.3 Accomplish a core loss test after winding removal in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.5.6 and 300-4.5.6.1 of 2.3. Record data.

2 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-33 FY-18 \$3.5.2.4\$ Inspect for hot spots in accordance with the Core Loss Tester Instruction Manual.

3.5.2.5 Conduct a loop test in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.5.6.1.2 of 2.3 when core indicates a marginal satisfactory reading or when test equipment does not directly support equipment being subjected to testing.

3.5.2.6 Dip core in a 20 percent solution of varnish MIL-I-24092 and dry. In localities where MIL-I-24092 does not meet state and local Air Pollution Control District (APCD) standards, spray the iron core with a clear air-drying varnish.

3.5.3 Protect machined surfaces. Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for equipment housing exterior, fan(s), core and interior and exterior of each end bell shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.7).

3.6 Inspect non-wound rotors for loose or cracked bars, localized overheating, and rubbing. Inspect wound rotors, slip ring leads, and armatures for insulation damage and burns/hot spots. Inspect for loose coils and slot wedges. Inspect slip rings and commutators for damage and for wear limits, using 2.2 for criteria. Record data.

3.7 Inspect and dimensionally measure end bells, frame, rabbet fits, shaft, sleeve and pedestal bearings, keyways, fan and running surfaces for wear, eccentricity, and other defects, using 2.2 for accept or reject criteria, and 2.6 for location and type of measurements to be taken. Record data.

3.8 Inspect brush rigging for cracks, chips, worn areas, distortion, spring condition, and insulating material for cracks and arc paths. Record data.

3.9 Accomplish commutator pre-installation and post-installation test, using Table 300-3-9 of 2.3 for guidance. Record data.

3.10 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.5 through 3.9 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.11 Rewind the equipment in accordance with Original Equipment Manufacturer's (OEM) "for Navy use" winding data.

3.11.1 Do not permanently connect winding until after successful completion of testing of 3.11.3 through 3.11.6.

3.11.2 Material shall conform to:

3 of 14

3.11.2.1 Magnet wire, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) MW-1000, Table MW 16 (round wire), or NEMA MW-1000, Table MW 20 (rectangular wire), or equivalent to OEM original

3.11.2.2 Slot and phase insulation, NEMA FI-3-2004

3.11.2.3 Slot wedge-spacers and fillers, MIL-I-24768/17

3.11.2.4 Lead wire, stranded, MIL-DTL-16878 except for type EPDM, which may be commercial grade

3.11.2.5 Glass banding, MIL-I-24178

3.11.2.6 New temperature detectors in accordance with 2.2

(V) "INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST"

3.11.3 Accomplish 500-volt megger insulation resistance test, using Paragraphs 300-3.2.2 through 300-3.2.3, 300-3.4.8, 300-3.4.11, and 300-5.3.7.1 of 2.3 for guidance.

(V) "DC RESISTANCE TEST"

3.11.4 Accomplish a DC resistance test of windings, using a Wheatstone or Kelvin bridge, or with an ohmmeter capable of resolving one milliohm (0.001 ohm). Record phase balance for multi-phase equipment, using Paragraph 5.21 of 2.7 for guidance.

(V) "VOLTAGE SURGE TEST"

3.11.5 Accomplish a voltage surge test in accordance with Paragraphs 300-3.5.4 through 300-3.5.5 of 2.3.

(V) "DC HI POT TEST"

3.11.6 Accomplish a DC HI POT test in accordance with Paragraph 300-3.5.2 through 300-3.5.2.3.4 of 2.3.

3.12 Permanently connect the windings.

3.12.1 Repeat tests described in 3.11.3 through 3.11.6.

(V) "BAR-TO-BAR TEST"

3.12.2 Accomplish DC bar-to-bar test on commutators after making coil connections to the risers in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.7.11.3 of 2.3.

(V) "VARNISH TEMPERATURE, VISCOSITY, AND GEL TIME TESTS"

3.13 Select the insulation process based on winding insulation classifications and to meet state or local air pollution standards. Windings

4 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-33 FY-18 of a sealed insulation system by vacuum pressure impregnation shall be by a NAVSEA-certified repair facility. Accomplishment of work on windings for sealed insulation systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.8).

3.13.1 Select varnish methods and material, using Paragraphs 300-4.5.8 through 300-4.5.8.9 of 2.3 for guidance.

3.13.1.1 Maintain the varnish in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.8.3 through 300-4.5.8.3.3 of 2.3 and the varnish manufacturer's instructions.

3.13.1.2 Maintain a current revision of the varnish manufacturer's instructions on storage, maintenance, and use of the type of varnish to be applied.

3.13.1.3 Maintain a record of varnish temperature, viscosity, and, for solventless varnish, gel time tests. Tests must show varnish is within varnish manufacturer's recommendations and have been accomplished in the intervals specified by the varnish manufacturer. The record must also show the varnish is being stored as recommended by the varnish manufacturer.

3.14 Varnish windings in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.8.2 of 2.3 and the varnish manufacturer's instructions.

3.14.1 Do not immerse the leads.

3.14.2 Wipe surfaces that affect assembly such as rabbet fits and mounting flanges with a cloth moistened with a solvent after draining and before baking.

3.15 Remove excess varnish runoff from the component locations described in 3.14.2 after final baking. Apply a thin coat of air-dry varnish to metal surfaces exposed by the removal process in accordance with Paragraphs 300-4.5.8.5 and 300-4.5.8.6 of 2.3.

3.16 Repeat tests described in 3.11.3 through 3.11.6. Record data.

3.17 Accomplish an AC HI POT test in accordance with Paragraphs 300-3.5.3 through 300-3.5.3.2.9 of 2.3. Record data.

3.18 Accomplish a 500-volt megger insulation resistance test, using Paragraphs 300-3.2.2 through 300-3.2.3, 300-3.4.8, 300-3.4.11, and 300-5.3.7.1 of 2.3 for guidance. Record data.

3.19 Measure resistance value of each winding temperature detector, using a low voltage ohmmeter. Record data.

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3.20 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.16 through 3.19 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.21 True the commutator or collector rings. Eccentricity shall not exceed the requirements of 2.8. Resurface or machine each individual collector ring to the same exact diameter to allow symmetrical brush holder to ring clearance spacing. Ensure metal shavings are not permitted to contaminate the rotor or stator assembly.

3.21.1 Each cut shall not exceed 0.010 inch. Finish thickness shall not be less than design wear tolerance as shown in 2.2.

3.21.2 Undercut the mica between the commutator bars with the edge of the mica not exceeding a depth of 5/64-inch below the bars.

3.21.3 Chamfer the bar edges and remove rough surfaces in accordance with Paragraph 7-4 of 2.8.

3.21.4 Burnish the commutator with a very fine commercial burnishing stone conforming to A-A-58052. Polish collector rings to a mirror finish.

3.22 Accomplishment of the balancing requirement for each rotating assembly shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.23 Accomplish the following for the brush rigging:

3.23.1 Disassemble the brush rigging.

3.23.2 Remove foreign matter.

3.23.3 Replace existing cadmium-plated parts with zinc in accordance with ASTM A 153.

3.23.4 Recondition threads of plated parts.

3.23.5 Assemble brush rigging.

 $3.24\ {\rm Install}$ identification markers on wiring in the external connection box.

3.24.1 Markers shall be aluminum wrap-around type with metal stamped or embossed markings.

3.25 Repair lightly scored areas of frame, end bells, and shaft by manual methods. Recondition threads and fit key to keyway. Visually inspect keyway for deformed, cracked or chipped edges or high spots. Verify that fit between key and key-seat sides has a minimum clearance of 0.002 inch or maximum interference of 0.0005 inch. High spots in keyway may be removed by machining or grinding. Do not unnecessarily repair any keyway; instead, use a step key up to a maximum of 0.010 inch oversize and, where possible, include a radius in step. If key tightness cannot be corrected with a step key, re-machine worn/damaged keyways to recommended over-sizes as follows: Maximum of 0.015 inch oversize for a 1/8-inch key and increasing oversize

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allowance of 0.010 inch for each 1/8-inch increase in key size up to a maximum of 0.075 inch. If key tightness cannot be corrected by keyway repair, replace part involved.

3.25.1 Apply a thin coat of petrolatum to unpainted mating surfaces except for explosion-proof motors that shall have clean, dry mating surfaces.

3.26 Prepare and refinish equipment. Protect machine surfaces, windings, and nameplates from being painted or otherwise damaged.

3.26.1 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for housing, fan, and interior and exterior of each end bell shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.7).

3.27 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for foundations of the equipment removed in 3.2 shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.7).

3.28 Accomplish the following on equipment having other than sleeve-type bearings unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item, using 2.7 for guidance.

3.28.1 Except as indicated in 3.28.1.1 (utilizing Attachment A for guidance), install new bearings, seals, fittings, lock washers, and locknuts conforming to 2.2, using 2.6 and Chapter 6 of 2.7 for guidance.

3.28.1.1 Install Type 111, Class 8 (double seal) bearings in motors meeting the criteria identified in Chapter 6 of 2.7. Only double seal bearings identified in Chapter 6 of 2.7 are acceptable for this use.

3.28.1.2 For vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan motors not meeting the criteria of Chapter 6 of 2.7, if not originally furnished or already accomplished during previous repair, install Type 111, Class 8 (double seal) bearings with a C3 (greater than normal) radial internal clearance in place of the Type 111 bearing originally furnished. Install Type 120 bearings in vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan motors originally furnished with Type 120 bearings.

3.28.1.3 Install new label plates with the inscription "DO NOT LUBRICATE" on equipment using double seal bearings (Type 111, Class 8 or Type 120).

3.28.1.4 For equipment converted from re-lubricable bearings to double seal bearings, install pipe plugs on all grease fills and drains.

3.28.1.5 For equipment converted from lubricated bearings to double seal bearings, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report that reflects the change in the maintenance requirements for the converted motor.

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3.28.2 For equipment not using double seal bearings, lubricate bearings with grease conforming to DOD-G-24508 as required in Paragraphs 244-1.7.7.2 and 244-1.7.7.3 of 2.6.

3.29 Assemble the equipment disassembled in 3.5, using 2.2 through 2.7 for guidance.

3.29.1 Do not use materials containing silicone in the repair and reassembly of equipment with commutator or collector rings.

3.29.2 Install new fasteners in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.29.3 Install new gaskets on covers, inspection plates, and between the external connection box and the frame. Gaskets shall conform to MIL-PRF-1149 unless otherwise specified in 2.2.

3.29.4 Set brush holders not less than 1/16-inch or more than 1/8inch from commutator or collector rings unless otherwise specified in 2.2.

3.29.5 Set brush holders in electrical neutral plane and stagger brushes for maximum coverage of the commutator, in accordance with Paragraph 300-4.7.7.1.10 of 2.3.

3.29.6 Center the brush holder over the collector rings.

3.29.6.1 Ensure the brushes do not extend beyond the edge of the collector rings.

3.29.7 Install new brushes in accordance with 2.2. Sand new brushes to fit curvature of the commutator or collector rings, using Paragraphs 6-3.5 through 6-3.5.4 of 2.8 for guidance.

3.29.7.1 Brushes shall have a surface contact of 100 percent and shall not be chipped, cracked, or broken.

3.29.7.2 Remove sand, carbon, and other foreign matter resulting from fitting new brushes.

3.29.8 Adjust spring tension of brushes in accordance with 2.2.

3.29.9 Adjust air gap as specified in 2.2, plus or minus 10 percent.

3.29.10 Rotate shaft by hand a minimum of 3 revolutions. Rubbing or binding of rotating assembly shall not be allowed.

3.29.11 Install label plates conforming to MIL-DTL-15024 for those identified to be missing or damaged.

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(V) "NO-LOAD SHOP TEST"

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 $3.30\ {\rm Accomplish}$ a no-load shop test of the motor for a minimum of one-half hour.

3.30.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.30.2 After one-half hour, record current and voltage in each phase, speed and bearing temperature rise measured on the equipment's exterior near each bearing.

3.30.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the recorded data to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "OPERATIONAL SHOP TEST (FOR VANEAXIAL/TUBEAXIAL FANS - ASSEMBLY COMPLETELY REASSEMBLED)"

3.31 With the vaneaxial/tubeaxial fan reassembled, accomplish an operational test for one hour after bearing and stator temperatures stabilize within one degree Celsius for 3 consecutive 15-minute intervals.

3.31.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.31.2 Record current, voltage, frame and bearing temperature rise and speed at 15-minute intervals.

3.31.2.1 Bearing temperatures shall not exceed 180 degrees Fahrenheit, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item or equipment technical manual.

3.31.3 Measure and record hot insulation resistances of winding to ground immediately upon completion of the operational shop test, using a 500-volt megger.

3.32 Install equipment removed in 3.2.

3.32.1 Replace fasteners removed in 3.2 in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.32.1.1 Install new gaskets conforming to MIL-PRF-900 on disturbed ventilation.

3.32.2 Align equipment in accordance with 2.2. Measure and record facial and peripheral coupling data.

3.32.2.1 Install chocks, shims, shock mounts, and sound damping pads.

3.32.2.2 Accomplishment of pump and driver shaft alignment shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.10).

3.32.3 Connect electrical cables to equipment, using data retained in 3.1.1.1.

9 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-33 FY-18 3.32.4 Bond and ground equipment in accordance with 2.9, using new ground straps.

3.32.5 Rotate shaft by hand a minimum of 3 revolutions. Rubbing or binding of rotating assembly shall not be allowed.

3.32.6 Measure and record the air gap and bearing clearance (sleeve bearing equipment only), insulation resistance (at 500 volts DC), and thrust.

(V) (G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.33 Accomplish an operational test of the assembled equipment at full system capacity for one hour after bearing and stator temperatures stabilize within one degree Celsius for 3 consecutive 15-minute intervals, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item.

3.33.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.33.2 Verify/establish oxide film coating of the commutator/ collector rings, using 2.8 for guidance.

3.33.3 Record current, voltage, frame and bearing temperature rise, and speed at 15-minute intervals. Frame and bearing temperature rise and speed is not required for vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan assemblies.

3.33.3.1 Bearing temperatures shall not exceed 180 degrees Fahrenheit unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item/equipment technical manual.

3.33.4 Measure and record hot insulation resistances of windings to ground immediately upon completion of test, using a 500-volt megger.

3.34 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing data recorded in 3.31.2, 3.31.3, 3.32.2, 3.32.6, 3.33.3, and 3.33.4 to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual, Allowance Parts List (APL) (if applicable) and drawings will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

4.2 Shop test of generator will be addressed in the invoking Work Item.

4.3 The use of silicone is not allowed on any rotating electrical machinery containing brushes.

4.4 Utilize Attachment A for determination if the Navy's motor bearing conversion program for Extended Life Double Seal (ELDS) ball bearings is permissible.

10 of 14 ITEM NO: 009-33 FY-18 4.5 MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation) bearings are considered to be Long Lead Time (LLT) material. It is recommended these bearings be provided as Government Furnished Material (GFM).

4.6 Data received in 3.28.1.5 shall be forwarded to the SUPERVISOR for the purpose of initiating action ensuring shipboard databases such as the Equipment Guidance List (EGL) are updated to reflect the change in maintenance requirements for converted motors. Additionally, where APL changes are initiated to convert to ELDS bearings, a COSAL feedback report will be submitted, providing the NSN and part number for the ELDS bearing. The following website to initiate changes to Technical Manuals, APLs, etc.: http://www.navy311.navy.mil.

4.7 If cleaning and painting of 3.5.3, 3.26.1, or 3.27 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.8 If work on windings for sealed insulation systems of 3.13 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-113 "Rotating Electrical Equipment with Sealed Insulation Systems (SIS); rewind" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.9 If balancing of rotating equipment of 3.22 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-15 "Rotating Machinery; balance" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.10 If pump and driver shaft alignment of 3.32.2.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-58 "Pump and Driver Shaft Alignment; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

ATTACHMENT A

1. To reduce motor maintenance and repair costs, the NAVY has implemented a program that allows for the use of Extended Life Double Seal (ELDS) bearings.

2. LIMITATIONS: The ELDS program does NOT apply to motors that are under the cognizance of NAVSEA 08.

3. APLs for motors meeting the conversion criteria requirements have been modified to identify ELDS bearings. In these cases, the APL bearing criteria will override any specifications delineated in the equipment technical manual or the motor "Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM)" drawings. If ELDS bearings are not indicated in an APL, the following motor criteria must meet the applicability specifications for motors to undergo conversion to ELDS bearings:

3.a Motor must be installed on a surface ship and must NOT be under the cognizance of NAVSEA 08.

3.b Commercial motors are not eligible. Motors must have been furnished to the NAVY in accordance with MIL-DTL-17060 (Motors, Alternating Current, Integral Horsepower, Shipboard use), MIL-M-17413 (Motors, Direct Current, Integral H.P., Naval Shipboard [NAVY]) or MIL-M-17059 (Motors, 60 Cycle, Alternating Current Fractional H.P. [Shipboard Use]).

3.c Motors using one or more noise-quiet bearings per MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation) are NOT eligible for ELDS conversion.

3.d Bearings originally furnished with the motor must be type 111 bearings per FF-B-171. Motors are NOT to be considered as candidates for ELDS conversion in situations where the equipment technical manual and/or the OEM motor drawings originally specified FF-B-171 bearings but have notes indicating that replacement bearings are to be in accordance with MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation).

3.e The use of ELDS bearings is limited to motors where the full load speed and the size of both bearings are as follows:

1. Maximum bearing size 306 or 206 and full load rpm between 1,801 and 3,600 rpm.

2. Maximum bearing size 313 or 213 and full load rpm between 1,201 and 1,800 rpm.

3. Maximum bearing size 318 or 218 and full load rpm less than 1200 rpm.

4. The repair process using ELDS bearings includes the following requirements:

4.a Only ELDS bearings, in accordance with the following table (Attachment A / Table 1), can be used. Other double seal bearings will not provide an acceptable bearing life.

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Attachment A / Table 1

ELDS Bearings NSNs and Part Numbers

| SIZE | P/N | NSN |
|------|-----------------|------------------|
| 201 | 6201-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0221 |
| 202 | 6202-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-0233 |
| 203 | 6203-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-0234 |
| 204 | 6204-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-6636 |
| 205 | 6205-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9166 |
| 206 | 6206-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9165 |
| 207 | 6207-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9164 |
| 208 | 6208-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9170 |
| 209 | 6209-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9252 |
| 210 | 6210-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-1831 |
| 211 | 6211-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-518-0937 |
| 303 | 6303-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-493-3750 |
| 304 | 6304-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9153 |
| 305 | 6305-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9158 |
| 306 | 6306-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9159 |
| 607 | 6307-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9161 |
| 308 | 6308-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9167 |
| 309 | 6309-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9168 |
| 310 | 6310-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-490-6683 |
| 311 | 6311-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0223 |
| 312 | 6312-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-490-6848 |
| 313 | 6313-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0191 |

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| 314 | 6314-2RS1C3GHY | 3110-01-492-0226 |
|-----|-----------------|------------------|
| 315 | 6315-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-494-0993 |
| 316 | 6316-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0188 |
| 317 | 6317-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0219 |
| 318 | 6318-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-493-3749 |

4.b Both bearings of each converted motor must be ELDS bearings.

4.c A label plate must be permanently attached to the motor indicating "Do Not Lubricate".

4.d Grease fills and drains, if present, must be fitted with a pipe plug, securely fastened. Fittings to accommodate grease guns must be replaced with pipe plugs."

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-34 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Fire Protection of Unmanned Vessel at Contractor Facility; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 NFPA Standard 312, Standard for Fire Protection of Vessels During Construction, Repair, and Lay-up
- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish fire protection for an unmanned vessel at a contractor facility in accordance with the requirements of 2.1 and 2.2 and this item.

3.2 Maintain available for review, prior to commencement of work, a fire safety plan meeting the requirements of 2.2. In addition to the requirements of 2.2, the plan shall include and identify the method for reporting fires, the shipyard firefighting facilities, equipment, and organization (paid or volunteer), the procedures for maintenance of clear fire lanes in the shipyard and on the piers, and the nearest municipal firefighting organization, including the anticipated time of response.

3.3 Provide fire protection equipment consisting of:

3.3.1 Firefighting water, utilizing manifolds connected to a source capable of providing 150 GPM at 60 PSIG at the manifold shall be in place before start of work.

3.3.1.1 The number of manifolds shall be sufficient to permit reaching all points on the vessel (including underwater body when the vessel is in dry dock or on a marine railway) with 2, 1-1/2 inch hoses of not more than 100 feet in length.

 $3.3.1.2\,$ Hoses shall be attached to the manifolds and fitted with an all-purpose combination fog and straight stream nozzle.

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3.3.1.3 $\,$ Verify by the Pitot tube method or an in-line flow meter that the water volume and pressure meets these requirements.

3.4 Ensure access to temporary and Ship's Force firefighting equipment is not obstructed or restricted.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The term "unmanned" is defined as without the physical presence of people in control; without a human operator.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-36 | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Controller; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 Equipment Technical Manual
- 2.3 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant General
- 2.4 MIL-STD-2003, Electric Plant Installation Standard Methods for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.5 S9300-A6-GYD-010, Electrical Workmanship Inspection Guide for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.6 MIL-STD-1310, Shipboard Bonding, Grounding, and Other Techniques for Electromagnetic Compatibility, Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Mitigation, and Safety

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Identify and pull back associated cables. Disconnect mechanically and remove controller.

3.1.1 Matchmark, identify, and retain shims.

3.1.2 Inspect each foundation for cracks, areas of distortion, and deterioration in excess of 25 percent of the thickness of each member of the structure.

3.1.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.1.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.3 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for foundations of equipment removed in 3.1 shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.2).

 $3.2\,$ Disassemble each controller and clean components free of foreign matter.

3.3 Inspect each controller enclosure, mounting board, and component for mechanical and physical defects, improper values, and internal wiring for conformance to 2.2 and controller wiring diagram.

3.3.1 Test internal wiring and each coil for open circuits. Test insulation resistance to ground and between conductors, using a 500-volt megger. Record readings. Minimum acceptable resistance to ground shall be one megohm.

3.3.1.1 Disconnect solid-state devices prior to measuring insulation resistance.

3.3.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.3 and 3.3.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Repair each controller, using 2.2 for guidance.

3.4.1 Straighten each enclosure and door. Free-up hinges and align door. Plug and seal unused cable openings.

3.4.1.1 Install ground straps on each door on controllers with door mounted energized components in accordance with MIL-E-2036 in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.4.2 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting of the interior and exterior of the enclosure shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.2).

3.4.3 Remove existing and install new enclosure gaskets.

3.4.4 Remove existing and install new door fasteners in place of those identified to be missing or defective. Install new door fasteners where missing.

3.4.5 Remove existing and install new molded-rubber switch covers.

3.4.6 Remove existing and install new components in place of those identified to be missing, defective or of improper value. Remove existing and install new wiring in place of wiring identified to be defective or frayed. Install new wiring where missing.

3.4.7 Inspect, dress, and adjust contacts.

3.4.7.1 Install new contacts in place of those identified to be missing or defective, or resilver contacts in accordance with ASTM B 700.

2 of 4 ITEM NO: 009-36 FY-18 3.4.8 Remove existing cadmium-plated parts and install new zincplated parts in accordance with ASTM A 153.

3.4.9 Wash, dip and bake, tape insulated coils and open transformers. Dipping shall be in varnish conforming to MIL-I-24092, Class 155.

3.4.9.1 Dip and bake coils and open transformers in Dolph 1105, Epoxylite Esterlite 605, or Schenectady International Isolite 862M varnish in localities where MIL-I-24092 varnish does not meet state and local Air Pollution Control District (APCD) Standards.

3.4.9.2 Repair and reinsulate coil and transformer leads.

3.4.10 Free-up and lubricate moving parts.

3.4.11 Adjust timing devices, relays, and contactors.

3.4.12 Repair defective connections.

3.4.13 Install a new wiring diagram and new heater table in each controller. The new diagram shall reflect actual configuration of the controller in which it is installed. New diagrams shall be sealed in transparent plastic and shall be mounted on the inside of each controller so as to be conveniently accessible.

3.5 Assemble each controller.

3.5.1 Dress and shape wiring and wire harnesses for neat appearance. Install wire clamps on both ends of wire hinges. Install flexible insulating tubing over wire hinges to prevent chafing.

3.5.2 Install new threaded fasteners, washers, and lockwashers in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

(V) "SHOP OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.6 Accomplish an operational test of each controller and adjust to ensure correct operation in accordance with the wiring diagram of 3.4.13, using 2.2 for guidance.

(V) "INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST"

3.6.1 Accomplish 500-volt megger insulation resistance test, using Paragraphs 300-3.2.2 through 300-3.2.3, 300-3.4.8, 300-3.4.11, and 300-5.3.7.1 of 2.3 for guidance.

 $3.7\,$ Install each controller using shims retained in 3.1.1 and new fasteners.

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3.7.1 Remove existing and install new conductor identification sleeving in place of conductor identification sleeving identified to be illegible or missing. New conductor identification sleeving shall conform to SAE-AMS-DTL-23053, Class One, white, marked with indelible ink.

3.7.2 Repair and reinsulate cable ends terminating in the controller in accordance with Part One of 2.4. Resleeve conductors over 9,000 circular mils.

3.7.3 Remove defective and install new lugs, using 2.5 for accept or reject criteria. Install new lugs where missing. New lugs shall conform to MIL-T-16366 or SAE-AS7928

3.7.4 Bond and ground equipment in accordance with 2.6.

3.8 Connect each controller with the exception of the motor leads and the brake leads if applicable, using retained data of 3.1.

(V) "PRELIMINARY SEQUENCE TEST"

3.8.1 Accomplish a preliminary sequence test of each controller by cycling the controller through 3 start and stop cycles from each local and remote pushbutton station. Observe controller for proper sequence. Correct deficiencies.

3.8.2 Connect the motor leads and brake leads, if applicable, at completion of preliminary sequence test.

(V)(G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.9 Accomplish an operational test of each controller with its associated motor for designed sequence of operation. Verify correct speed selection, correct motor rotation in each mode, and correct value of overload setting or size of heater coils based on motor nameplate full load running current.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual and drawings will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

4.2 If cleaning and painting of 3.1.3 or 3.4.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-37 | | |
|-----------|--------|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: General Procedure for Woodwork; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 0900-LP-015-1010, Wood: A Manual for Its Use as a Shipbuilding Material, Basic Wood Technology Applicable to Boat and Shipbuilding
- 2.3 0900-LP-015-1020, Wood: A Manual for Its Use as a Shipbuilding Material, Techniques and Practices Applicable to Preservation and Storage
- 2.4 0900-LP-015-1030, Wood: A Manual for Its Use as a Shipbuilding Material, Technical Data Applicable to Boat and Ship Design
- 2.5 0900-LP-015-1040, Wood: A Manual for Its Use as a Shipbuilding Material, Boat and Ship Construction Techniques
- 2.6 MIL-STD-1623, Fire Performance Requirements and Approved Specifications for Interior Finish Materials and Furnishings (Navy Shipboard Use)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of 2.2 through 2.5 for performing general woodworking procedures.

 $3.2\,$ Install flush fitted wood plugs/dowels in holes resulting from the removal of fasteners.

3.2.1 Drill out holes to sound wood and install plugs/dowels. Plugs/dowels shall be set in a commercial grade phenol and resorcinol resin base adhesive.

3.2.2 Where deterioration and decay exists around the perimeter of the fastener holes and where through-bolt holes have been elongated, enlarge the holes by drilling to a size (diameter) that will remove the deterioration, decay, and elongation, prior to installing plugs/dowels.

3.2.2.1 Clean-bore drill bit diameter shall not be more than one inch larger than the original fastener hole diameter, unless otherwise specified.

3.2.3 Plugs/dowels shall be of the same wood species as the member being repaired, with their grain installed parallel with the grain of the existing wood, and then driven the full depth of the hole being repaired.

3.2.4 Soak plugs/dowels for a minimum of 10 minutes and saturate the exposed fastener holes with copper naphthenate wood preservative applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and allow to dry to a moisture content of 15 percent or less prior to installation of plugs/dowels.

3.3 Install new fasteners conforming to the following requirements, unless otherwise specified.

3.3.1 Fastener material composition requirements:

3.3.1.1 Nickel copper alloy conforming to QQ-N-281, Grades 400 or 405.

3.3.1.2 Nickel copper aluminum alloy conforming to QQ-N-286 (UNS N05500) where greater strength is required.

3.3.1.3 Copper silicon alloy conforming to ASTM B 98, Grades 651 or 655.

3.3.1.4 Corrosion resistant steel (CRES) conforming to SAE-AMS-STD-66, Grades 304 or 316.

3.3.2 Fastener characteristics specifications:

3.3.2.1 Bolts, studs, and cap screws shall conform to MIL-DTL-1222.

3.3.2.2 Wood screws shall conform to FF-S-111.

3.3.2.3 Lag bolts (screws) shall conform to ASME B18.2.1.

3.3.2.4 Round head bolts shall conform to ASME B18.5, Type I, Class One.

3.3.2.5 Nuts shall conform to MIL-DTL-1222.

3.3.2.6 Flat washers shall conform to FF-W-92, Grade I.

3.3.2.7 Lock washers shall conform to FF-W-100.

3.3.3 Fasteners subject to contact with sea water and bilge water shall be manufactured of the materials outlined in 3.3.1.1 through 3.3.1.3 and shall be coated with a light viscosity epoxy resin prior to installation.

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3.3.3.1 Corrosion resistant steel (CRES), Grade 316, may be used as an alternative material substitute for the materials listed in 3.3.3 only if so specified in the Work Item.

3.3.4 Aluminum and aluminum alloy components and structural members shall be installed using CRES, Grade 304 or 316 fasteners.

3.3.4.1 Fasteners with compositions of copper alloys shall not be used in contact with aluminum and aluminum alloy components and structural members.

3.3.4.2 Install non-metallic (epoxy plastic, phenolic, polyimide [nylon], Teflon) sleeves over CRES fasteners where they come in contact with the aluminum and aluminum alloy components and structural members.

3.3.4.3 Install insulation tape, minimum thickness 20 mils, conforming to MIL-I-24391 (2 thicknesses) between faying surfaces of aluminum/aluminum alloy-to-CRES to extend approximately 1/4-inch beyond the faying surfaces.

3.3.4.4 Ensure that the surfaces of aluminum and aluminum alloy components and structural members which will come in contact with wood members and CRES fasteners are protected with a minimum of 2 coats of epoxy polyimide primer conforming to MIL-PRF-23236.

3.3.4.5 Apply one coat of phenolic modified clear varnish on wood members which will come in contact with aluminum and aluminum alloy components and structural members. Refer to the Master Painters Institute (MPI) Approved Product List, MPI #28, for procurement of exterior marine spar varnish.

3.3.5 To avoid bi-metallic corrosion, fastener material composition shall be the same material composition as that of the metal components and structural members that they are fastening except as noted in 3.3.4.

3.4 Accomplish installation of new fasteners as follows:

3.4.1 Drill pre-bored pilot holes for screws and fetter ring nails prior to installation to prevent damage to wood members.

3.4.1.1 Diameter of pilot holes shall not exceed 70 percent of the root diameter of screws for soft woods, and 90 percent for hard woods. For screw shanks, the hole in the material to be fastened shall be 100 percent shank diameter.

3.4.1.2 Maximum depth of pilot holes shall not exceed 90 percent of the length of screws.

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3.4.1.3 Holes for fetter ring nails shall be pre-bored not to exceed 60 percent of the nail diameter.

3.4.2 Screws shall not be impact driven. The last $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch of screws shall be hand-tightened.

3.4.2.1 Fasteners shall be set snug but not so tight as to weaken the material by rupture of wood fibers adjacent to the fasteners.

3.4.3 Bolt holes shall be drilled for a tight fit.

3.4.4 Where watertight integrity shall be maintained, the fasteners shall be body bound.

3.4.5 Through-bolts and hull plank fasteners shall be bedded in marine oakum conforming to T-O-56 or caulking cotton, and a NAVSEA approved natural bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400.

3.4.6 Counterbore wood fastener holes to permit the installation of a wood plug (bung) over the fasteners, unless otherwise specified. Install wood plugs over fasteners.

3.4.6.1 The depth of counterboring is fixed by the thickness of the planking, which in turn fixes the depth of the wood plug (bung) used. The depth (thickness) of a bung plug shall be one-half to two-thirds its diameter to ensure that it will stay in place. The rule for counterboring for bung plugs is that the plug diameter shall be no larger than necessary to allow the largest part of the fastener to enter the hole.

3.4.6.2 Plugs shall be of the same wood species as the member being plugged and their grain shall be installed parallel with the grain of the existing wood.

3.4.6.3 Soak plugs for a minimum of 10 minutes and saturate the fastener holes with wood preservative conforming to copper naphthenate, applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and allow to dry for a minimum of 4 days prior to installation of plugs.

3.4.6.4 Coat plugs on faying surfaces with a NAVSEA approved natural bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400, prior to installation and cut level and smooth with surrounding surfaces, unless otherwise specified.

3.5 New wood materials shall conform to the following requirements, unless otherwise specified.

3.5.1 Wood materials used for new interior finish materials and furnishings shall conform to the requirements of MIL-L-19140 and 2.6.

 $3.5.2\,$ Types, grades, and species of wood (lumber) shall be as specified in the invoking Work Item.

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3.5.3 Lumber shall conform to the specified grade after seasoning to the required moisture content and after being sized to the approximate dimensions of the members to be fashioned from it.

3.5.4 New wood members shall be finished smooth on each side.

3.5.5 Uncaulked seams, joints, and faying surfaces shall be fair and in continuous contact when assembled, except where specifically exempted, such as for hull sheathing.

3.5.6 New wood members, when assembled in place, shall show no rupture as a result of overstraining.

3.5.7 Laminated member construction shall conform to MIL-W-15154 for red or white oak.

3.5.7.1 When bonding together wood surfaces which rely on mechanical fastening for main strength, commercial grade phenol and resorcinol resin base adhesive shall be used.

3.5.8 Plywood shall conform to MIL-P-18066, Class 3A.

3.5.9 Moisture content of new wood materials shall fall within the following parameters.

3.5.9.1 New lumber shall have a moisture content of 13 percent, plus or minus 5 percent, at the time of installation.

3.5.9.2 New plywood shall have a moisture content of 10 percent, plus or minus 5 percent, at the time of installation.

3.6 New lumber and plywood shall be soaked for 10 minutes in wood preservative after boring, shaping, and fairing operations have been completed.

3.6.1 Apply one soaking brush coat of wood preservative on bare wood surfaces exposed by removals and machining operations before surfaces are covered.

3.6.2 Wood preservative shall conform to copper naphthenate, applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, unless otherwise specified.

3.6.3 Allow preservative-treated wood to dry to a moisture content of 15 percent or less prior to gluing and/or painting operations.

3.7 Apply a heavy coating of a NAVSEA approved natural bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400 on the top surfaces of deck beams, frames headers, fillers, planking side of frames, deck beam ends, seams, and butts (except those to be caulked), and other faying (joining) surfaces

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before the faying surfaces are covered, except as follows: In between inner and outer layers of hull planking of crafts that do not have caulking seams, a wood bedding/sealant compound conforming to 3M-5200 shall be installed.

3.7.1 Install one layer of canvas conforming to PIA-C-419, Type III (8 ounces or heavier) between faying surfaces of new leveling foundation pads installed on weather decks, in addition to a NAVSEA approved natural bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400.

3.7.2 Remove surplus bedding/sealing compound after squeeze-out.

3.8 No new butt joints shall be established in any planking strake (hull shell or deck) that will leave a portion that is less than 12 feet in length. No new portion of a planking strake shall be installed which is less than 12 feet in length.

3.8.1 Butt joints in adjacent strakes shall be separated by a minimum of 3 strakes.

3.8.2 Butt joints in the same frame space shall be separated by a minimum of 3 frame spaces.

3.8.3 Planking strakes may be scarf-joined to maintain butt joint schedule. Scarfing shall be in accordance with 2.2 through 2.5.

3.9 Wood members requiring caulking seams shall be installed with their faying surfaces tight and with an outgage (special bevel for caulking) in the side(s) to be caulked.

3.10 Accomplish the following work to ensure watertight integrity of caulked seams (including butt and rabbet seams).

3.10.1 Reef out by hand, defective caulking compound and loose and decayed caulking (cotton/oakum) from existing caulking seams requiring installation of new caulking and caulking compound.

3.10.1.1 Exercise care when reefing out caulking compound and caulking to preclude damage to existing caulking seams. Power tools shall not be utilized for the reefing out process.

3.10.2 Where existing caulking is identified to be sound and in good condition, set the existing caulking deeper into the seam opening to ensure that it is driven solidly home and to make room for additional caulking.

3.10.2.1 Set the existing caulking by driving the caulking uniformly, to the same hardness in each seam. To prevent a wedging effect it shall be set to a hardness that would not allow an awl to penetrate more than 3/8-inch.

3.10.3 Caulking seams shall be clean and dry before installing new caulking and caulking compound.

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3.10.4 Caulk deck planking caulking seams using treated caulking cotton and spun-type marine oakum conforming to T-O-56. Treat the caulking cotton as follows.

3.10.4.1 The untreated caulking cotton shall be undyed, of not less than 3/4-inch staple length, and shall be free from oil, fire-damaged or scorched cotton, added waste, and substantially free from linters.

3.10.4.2 The untreated caulking cotton shall be soft and fully opened and contain no sizing. The amount or size of specks shall not be objectionably noticeable upon casual examination.

3.10.4.3 The untreated caulking cotton shall be well carded to form a sliver and shall consist of not less than 9 nor more than 12 slivers laid parallel to form a composite untwisted strand. Each sliver untreated shall measure approximately 500, plus or minus 50 feet, to the pound.

3.10.4.4 Treat the caulking cotton with a solvent solution of copper naphthenate-asphaltum to produce caulking cotton having a minimum of one percent metallic copper and 1-1/2 percent, plus or minus 1/2 percent, asphalt, based on the weight of the treated cotton. The copper shall be uniformly distributed throughout the cotton.

3.10.4.5 The treated caulking cotton shall be dry to the touch prior to installation.

3.10.5 Caulk hull shell planking caulking seams using treated caulking cotton conforming to the requirements outlined in 3.10.4.1 through 3.10.4.5 and spun-type marine oakum conforming to T-O-56.

3.10.5.1 Drive one to 2 strands of caulking cotton into the bottom of the seams, prior to installing marine oakum, to ensure that deep/tight seams are filled.

3.10.6 Caulking cotton and marine oakum caulking shall be looped, tucked, and hard-driven to a depth that provides space for installation of seam caulking compound.

3.10.6.1 The size of the seam in width and depth determines the required amount of cotton/oakum caulking and shall be filled to within 1/4-inch to 3/8-inch of the plank surface.

3.10.6.2 The amount of cotton/oakum caulking inserted shall be carefully controlled to limit the possibility to "caulk off" a plank from its frames if too much is driven in and forced beyond the outgage bevel.

3.10.6.3 The cotton/oakum caulking shall be driven uniformly, to the same hardness and depth in each seam, to prevent a wedging effect. It

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shall be set to a hardness that would not allow an awl to penetrate more than 3/8-inch.

3.10.6.4 Butt caulking seams shall be caulked ahead of adjoining longitudinal caulking seams to ensure that short ends of caulking will be locked in place.

3.10.6.5 The ends of sound existing caulking and new caulking shall be drawn out and tapered so as to be married in a continuous bulk and then be installed as stated in 3.10.6 through 3.10.6.4.

3.10.6.6 Hull shell planking caulking seams of heavy planked ships (e.g., MSOs) shall have the caulking set firmly home by means of a heavy horsing iron driven into the seams with a heavy mallet known as a beetle. This is a 2-man operation that requires one man to hold the long-handled horsing iron while the second man swings the horsing beetle. This operation ensures that the caulking will be well seated, will not work loose, and is the final means to stiffen the hull.

3.10.7 Pay (fill) deck planking caulking seams with polyurethane caulking compound conforming to MIL-S-24340, Type I, or marine glue MIL-G-413, as specified in the invoking Work Item.

3.10.7.1 The depth of the seam caulking compound shall be one to 1-1/2 times the width of the seam but no deeper than 3/8-inch.

3.10.7.2 Seal the surfaces of the seams and the installed cotton caulking with a seam primer that is compatible with the caulking compound.

3.10.7.3 Install one-inch wide masking tape on both sides of each caulking seam to keep the caulking compound from penetrating the open grain areas of the deck planking.

3.10.7.4 Remove the tape installed in 3.10.7.3 upon completion of caulking operations.

3.10.8 Pay hull shell planking caulking seams with caulking compound in accordance with the following requirements.

3.10.8.1 Pay underwater hull caulking seams with Interlux 30 brown underwater seam compound (oleoresinous material cut with an aromatic solvent).

3.10.8.2 Pay hull caulking seams above the waterline with Interlux 31 white seam compound (oleoresinous material cut with an aromatic solvent).

3.10.8.3 The depth of the seam caulking compound shall be one to 1-1/2 times the width of the seam.

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ITEM NO: 009-37 FY-18 3.10.8.4 Paint the surfaces of the seams and the installed cotton/oakum caulking with anti-fouling paint conforming to MIL-PRF-24647, Type II, Class 1, prior to filling underwater hull shell planking seams with caulking compound.

3.10.8.5 Seal the surfaces of the seams and the installed cotton/oakum caulking with a seam primer that is compatible with the caulking compound on hull shell planking seams existing above the waterline.

3.10.9 Prior to paying the caulking compound installed in 3.10.7 and 3.10.8, seams shall be thoroughly cleared and cleaned of foreign matter.

3.10.9.1 The caulking compound may be applied with a caulking gun but shall be handworked into the seams to eliminate air pockets and voids in the seams.

3.10.9.2 Remove surplus caulking compound from surrounding surfaces.

3.10.9.3 Pay and complete seams daily, leaving no exposed cotton/oakum caulking at the end of each work shift to ensure the cotton/oakum caulking remains dry and clean.

3.10.9.4 When installing caulking compound and its compatible primer, the manufacturer's instructions shall be strictly adhered to. Seams greater than 1/2-inch width shall be payed in 2 applications spaced 24 hours apart.

3.11 Blank openings resulting from removals and relocations, unless otherwise specified, in accordance with the following.

3.11.1 Blank deck planking as follows:

3.11.1.1 Route a 3/8-inch deep indentation on both the top and underside of the deck planking, centered over the area to be blanked.

3.11.1.2 The routed area shall extend a minimum of 3 inches beyond the perimeter of the area to be blanked.

3.11.1.3 Fit and install a Douglas Fir insert in the area to be blanked.

3.11.1.4 Fit and install a 3/8-inch thick plywood insert in each routed-out indentation.

3.11.1.5 Bed faying surfaces of the inserts with a NAVSEA approved natural wood bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400, and secure with round head bolts to ensure watertight integrity. Remove surplus wood bedding compound left after squeeze-out.

3.11.2 Blank plywood bulkheads and plywood decks as follows:

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ITEM NO: 009-37 FY-18 3.11.2.1 Enlarge the hole to be blanked to a minimum of 4 inches square.

3.11.2.2 Install a fitted plywood insert in the resulting opening in the deck or bulkhead.

3.11.2.3 Install a plywood lap cover on one side of and centered over the area to be blanked. The lap cover shall extend a minimum of 3 inches beyond the perimeter of the area to be blanked.

3.11.2.4 Bed faying surfaces of the insert and the lap cover in a NAVSEA approved natural wood bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400, and secure with round head bolts to ensure watertight integrity. Remove surplus wood bedding compound left after squeeze-out.

3.11.3 Blank double-sheathed bulkheads as follows:

3.11.3.1 Enlarge the opening in the inner sheathing to a minimum of 4 inches square.

3.11.3.2 Enlarge the opening in the outer sheathing to a size that extends a minimum of 3 inches beyond the perimeter of enlarged inner sheathing opening.

3.11.3.3 Install a fitted plywood insert in each opening. The plywood inserts shall be the same thickness as the sheathing.

3.11.3.4 Install one layer of canvas conforming to PIA-C-419, Type III (8 ounces or heavier), between the 2 inserts, the same size as the larger insert.

3.11.3.5 Bed faying surfaces of the inserts and the canvas in a NAVSEA approved natural wood bedding compound such as Interlux 214 or Dolchem 3400, and secure with round head bolts to ensure watertight integrity. Remove surplus wood bedding compound left after squeeze-out.

3.11.4 Sand new plywood blanks and disturbed surfaces to fair in with surrounding areas.

3.11.4.1 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for bulkhead sheathing sanded surfaces shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.1).

4. NOTES:

4.1 If cleaning and painting for bulkhead sheathing sanded surfaces of 3.11.4.1 is required; the use of Category II Standard item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

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| ITEM NO: | 009-38 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Boiler, Catapult Accumulator and Reboiler Dry Lay-up; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-GY-STM-010/CH-221, Boilers
- 2.2 S9587-B1-MMA-010, Catapult Steam Support Systems for CV/CVN Class Ships
- 2.3 525-7270424, Steam Accumulator Dehumidification
- 2.4 0989-036-0000, CVN 68 Class Steam Plant Manual (CONFIDENTIAL)
- 2.5 S9534-AD-MMA-010, Steam Reboiler

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Boiler: Prepare boiler for dry lay-up in accordance with Paragraph 221-2.3.3 of 2.1.

 $3.1.1\,$ Fill or drain water in steam drum to a level below the bottom of the manhole.

3.1.2 Inject 10 pounds of sodium nitrite for each 1,000 gallons of boiler water in a slurry solution to the water in the boiler.

3.1.2.1 If boiler is pressurized, inject sodium nitrite after pressure drops to 100 PSIG or less.

3.1.3 Fill the steam drum to bring water level to the top of the gage glass using water conforming to the following requirements:

| CONSTITUENT or PROPERTY | REQUIREMENT |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| рН | 5.8 to 8.0 |
| Conductivity | 2.5 micromho/cm |
| | (at point of delivery) |
| Dissolved Silica | 0.2 ppm (0.2 mg/L) max |
| Hardness | 0.10 epm (0.10 meg/L) max |
| | |

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3.1.3.1 Prevent water level from carrying the solution over into the superheater.

3.1.4 Do not drain the solution to the bilge.

3.1.5 Remove each drum manhole plate and header handhole plate from boiler.

3.1.5.1 Do not remove seal welded handhole plates.

3.1.6 Blow out horizontal tubes with clean air to remove any water. Dry remaining solution from water walls, economizers, superheater headers, steam and water drums.

3.1.7 Circulate heated air with positive flow through the firesides and watersides, as long as the boiler is in a dry lay-up condition, in accordance with Paragraph 221-2.3.3.1 of 2.1. (See Note 4.1)

3.1.7.1 Introduce and exhaust heated air in accordance with Table 221-2-2 and Table 221-2-3 of 2.1.

3.2 Catapult Accumulator, Drain Accumulator: Open manway access, dry out and remove standing water in accordance with Paragraph 5.5.1 of 2.2.

3.2.1 Install temporary closures (FME) in accordance with Paragraph 5.5.3 of 2.2.

3.2.2 Provide source of heated air to the accumulator through the manway opening in accordance with Paragraph 5.4.4 of 2.2.

3.2.3 Introduce heated air through a 4.0 inch hose penetrating the temporary manhole cover in accordance with Table 221-2-3 of 2.1, Unit Type IV.

3.2.3.1 Manufacture manway cover in accordance with details 10-E through 15-E of 2.3.

3.2.4 Accomplish dehumidified air lay-up in accordance with 2.2, using 2.3 for guidance.

3.3 Reboiler Shell Side, Drain Reboiler: Accomplish dry lay-up in accordance with 2.4 and Chapter 3 of 2.5.

3.3.1 Open manway access, conduct feed water wash down of the tube bundle and internal areas of the shell with high pressure water lance in accordance with Chapter 3 of 2.5.

3.3.2 Dry out and remove standing water.

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3.3.3 Manufacture and install a plexiglass cover to seal the manway opening, using details 10-E through 15-E of 2.3 for guidance. Cover shall have a 4.0 inch hole in the middle to allow penetration of air vent duct (supply) and 4 each 0.75 inch holes for air exhaust points in accordance with Chapter 3 of 2.5.

3.3.4 Introduce heated air through a 4.0 inch hose penetrating the temporary manhole cover in accordance with Table 221-2-3 of 2.1, Unit Type I.

3.3.5 Install vent ducting hose (supply) from outlet of the heater through the manway cover to the conical section (rear) of the Reboiler and align air exit points by opening drum vent valve RB-V280 and Bottom Blow valves RB-V105A/105B/108 in accordance with Chapter 3 of 2.5.

(V) "INSPECT BOILER, ACCUMULATOR AND REBOILER LAY-UP"

3.4 Inspect the boiler, accumulator and reboiler daily and at the end of each work shift and ensure dry lay-up conditions are maintained in accordance with Paragraphs 221-2.4.6.2 and 221-2.4.6.3 of 2.1.

3.5 Remove and dispose of spent chemicals and solutions in accordance with federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations.

4. NOTES:

4.1 For ships using chelant treatment, the use of sodium nitrite prior to placing boiler on hot air or desiccant lay-up is prohibited unless the ship is in a CNO Availability.

4.2 Catapult accumulator and reboiler requirements apply to CVN only.

4.3 Aluminum material may be used to manufacture manway covers when authorized by the SUPERVISOR.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-39 | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for a New Technical Manual for Commercial Equipment/Component; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 NDMS-000172-000, Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR); Commercial Off-The-Shelf (COTS) Equipment Requirements

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of 2.1.

3.1.1 Deliver the data items listed in Paragraph 1.3 of 2.1 as follows:

3.1.1.1 Submit 3 advance copies to the SUPERVISOR for review within 10 days upon receipt of equipment/component from the vendor.

3.1.1.2 One copy shall be in a form suitable for offset printing.

3.2 Submit supplementary data for commercial manuals in accordance with 2.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.1 Deliver the data items listed in Paragraph 1.4 of 2.1 as follows:

3.2.1.1 Submit 3 review draft copies (RDC) of the supplementary data to the SUPERVISOR for review within 10 days of receipt of equipment from vendor.

3.2.1.2 One copy of the commercial manual with supplementary data inserted shall be in a form suitable for offset printing.

4. NOTES:

4.1 2.1 is available and can be read on-line at:

https://nsdsa.nmci.navy.mil

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| ITEM N | 10: | 009-40 | | |
|--------|-----|--------|------|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | I | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Contractor Crane, Multi-Purpose Machine and Material Handling Equipment at a Naval Facility; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 29 CFR Part 1910, Occupational Safety and Health Standards

- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment
- 2.3 29 CFR Part 1917, Marine Terminals
- 2.4 29 CFR Part 1926, Safety and Health Regulations for Construction
- 2.5 NAVFAC P-307, Management of Weight Handling Equipment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Notify the SUPERVISOR one day prior to bringing any cranes, multi-purpose machines, material handling equipment, or construction equipment that may be used in a crane-like application to lift suspended loads on a Naval facility.

3.2 Comply with the requirements of 2.1 through 2.4, and Paragraph 1.7.2 of 2.5, prior to bringing or using any contractor cranes, multi-purpose machines and material handling equipment that may be used in a crane-like application to lift suspended loads on a Naval facility.

3.2.1 Maintain written documentation of the last weight test of the crane and all related weight handling equipment on site.

3.3 Ensure the handling and rigging gear and below the hook lifting devices and personnel comply with the following requirements:

3.3.1 Personnel performing rigging shall have an understanding of all signs, notices, and operating instructions, and be familiar with the applicable hand signals prescribed by the ASME B30 standard for the type of crane in use.

3.3.2 Personnel performing rigging shall be familiar with the rigging requirements in 2.1 through 2.4.

3.4 Inspect rigging gear in accordance with 2.1 through 2.4 and Paragraph 1.7.2 of 2.5.

3.4.1 Maintain certification records on site available for review during all work.

(V) "INSPECT CRANE"

3.5 Contractor shall:

3.5.1 Ensure all inspections are performed in accordance with 2.1 through 2.5 (daily, monthly, quarterly, and yearly), and retain the current documentation of inspections. Documents shall be kept on site.

3.5.1.1 Perform daily pre-use inspections and testing on all load hoisting and lowering mechanisms, boom hoisting and lowering mechanisms, swinging mechanisms, traveling mechanisms (if to be used that day), and safety devices.

3.5.2 Cranes that have to be re-rated shall be in accordance with SAE Recommended Practice, Crane Load Stability Test Code J765 and documentation maintained on site.

3.5.3 Have an operational anti-two-block device or a two-block damage prevention feature for all points of two-blocking.

3.5.4 Have a boom hoist disconnect, shutoff, or hydraulic relief to automatically stop the boom hoist when the boom reaches a predetermined high angle.

3.6 Conduct a joint verification with the Government representative to ensure that a legible and indelible completed copy of Appendix P, Figure P-1 of 2.5 is maintained on the crane, multi-purpose and material handling equipment used in a crane-like application to lift suspended loads. The following certification and testing documentation shall be on site prior to entry and use on any Naval facility:

3.6.1 Crane, multi-purpose and material handling equipment used in a crane-like application to lift suspended loads certification

3.6.2 Load testing
3.6.3 Yearly, monthly, and daily inspection logs
3.6.4 Rope/sling certifications
3.6.5 Operator certifications/designations
3.6.6 Designation of person performing log inspections
3.6.7 Cranes that are permapently located on a Naval f

3.6.7 Cranes that are permanently located on a Naval facility shall have a quarterly joint verification.

 $3.7\,$ Develop and maintain on site a critical lift plan in accordance with Paragraph 1.7.2 of 2.5.

3.7.1 Complete and maintain a copy of Attachment A for each lift.

3.8 Report verbally each accident to the SUPERVISOR immediately but not later than 4 hours of such an event.

3.8.1 Secure the accident site and preserve the scene until released by the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.1.1 Conduct an accident investigation to establish root cause(s) of any accident.

3.8.2 Withhold further crane, multi-purpose and material handling equipment operations until the cause is determined and corrective actions are implemented and approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.3 A crane and rigging gear accident is when any of the following occurs during crane, multi-purpose and material handling equipment operations:

3.8.3.1 Personnel injury or death
3.8.3.2 Material or equipment damage
3.8.3.3 Dropped load
3.8.3.4 Derailment
3.8.3.5 Two-blocking
3.8.3.6 Overload

3.8.3.7 Collision, including unplanned contact between the load, crane, multi-purpose, material handling equipment and/or other objects

3.8.4 Provide a formal written report of the event to the SUPERVISOR within one day of each accident.

3.8.5 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the accident report consisting of a summary of circumstances, and explanation of cause(s), and corrective actions taken, using Attachment B, to the SUPERVISOR within 15 days of each accident.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

ATTACHMENT A

| 1 | CONTRACTOR CRANE OPERATION CHECKLIST FOR CRITICAL LIFTS | YES | NO |
|------|---|-----|----|
| 1 | Does the operator know the weight of the load to be lifted? Is the load to be lifted within the crane manufacturer's rated | | |
| 2 | capacity in its present configuration? | | |
| 3 | Is the crane level and on firm ground? | | |
| 4 | Are outriggers required? | | |
| 5 | If so, are outriggers fully extended and down, and the crane load off the wheels? | | |
| 6 | If blocking is required, is the entire surface of the outrigger pad supported and is the blocking material of sufficient strength to safely support the loaded outrigger pad? | | |
| 7 | If outriggers are not used, is the crane rated for on-rubber lifts by the manufacturer's load chart? | | |
| 8 | Is the swing radius of the crane counterweight clear of people and obstructions and accessible areas within the swing area barricaded to prevent injury or damage? | | |
| 9 | Has the hook been centered over the load in such a manner to minimize swing? | | |
| 10 | Is the load well secured and balanced in the sling or lifting device before it is lifted more than a few inches? | | |
| 11 | Is the lift and swing path clear of obstructions? | | |
| 12 | If rotation of the load being lifted is hazardous, is a tag or restraint line being used? | | |
| 13 | Are personnel prevented from standing or passing under a suspended load? | | |
| 14 | Is the crane operator's attention diverted? | | |
| 15 | Are proper signals being used at all times? | | |
| 16 | Do the operations ensure that side loading is prohibited? | | |
| 17 | Are personnel prevented from riding on a load? | | |
| 18 | Are start and stop motions in a smooth fluid motion (no sudden acceleration or deceleration)? | | |
| 19 | If operating near electric power lines, are the rules and guidelines understood and adhered to? | | |
| 20 | Is the lift a critical lift? | | |
| 21 | If so, are critical lift regulations understood, check-off sheets initialed and signed off, and was there an interactive brief conducted with associated personnel? | | |
| 22 | Is Appendix P, Figure P-1 of 2.5 current, filled out completely, and posted in the crane? | | |
| | ractor: ontractor: | | |
| Loca | tion: | Dat | e: |

| ATTACHMENT B |
|--------------|
|--------------|

| I | AT | TACHMENT B | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|------------------------|--|--|
| _ | | FICIAL USE ONLY | | | | |
| | | GEAR ACCID | | Т | | |
| Accident Category: | Crane Accident | | Gear Accident | | | |
| From: | | To: SUPERVISOR | | | | |
| Activity: | | | F | Report No: | | |
| Crane No: | Category: | Accident Date: | I | Time: hrs | | |
| Category of Service: SPS | GPS | Crane Type: | Crane Manufactur | rer: | | |
| Was Crane/Rigging Gear Being Used in Yes No Location: | SPS? | Was Crane/Rigging G non-crane rigging ope YesNo Weather: | ear Being Used in a Co ration? | omplex Lift/Critical | | |
| Crane Capacity: | Hook Capacity | : Weig | ght of Load on Hook: | | | |
| Fatality or Permanent Disability? | Yes | No Material/Property | v Cost Estimate: | | | |
| Accident Type: | Overload | Derail | Damaged Rig | ging Gear | | |
| Load Collision | Two Blocked | Dropped Load | Damaged Cra | ne | | |
| Crane Collision | Damaged Load | Other Specify | | | | |
| Cause of Accident: | Equipment Failure | Inadequ | ate Visibility | | | |
| Improper Rigging | Switch Alignment Inadequate Communication | | | | | |
| Track Condition | Track Condition Procedural Failure Other Specify | | | | | |
| Chargeable to: | Rigger | Operato | r | | | |
| Maintenance | Management/Supervision Other Specify | | | | | |
| Crane Function: | Rotate | Luffing Tele | escoping Other | N/A | | |
| Is this accident indicative of a recurring | problem? | Yes No | | | | |
| If yes, list Accident Report Nos.: | | | | | | |
| ATTACH COMPLETE AND CONCISE ENCLOSURE (1). Include probable com malfunction or failure, include specific d failure. List immediate and long term co | ause and contributing escription of the comp | factors. Assess damage onent and the resulting ef | es and define responsi fect or problem caused | ibility. For equipment | | |
| Preparer: | Phone and email | | Code | Date | | |
| Concurrences: | | | | | | |
| | | Code | Date | | | |
| | | Code | Date | | | |
| Certifying Official (Crane Accidents Only | /): | Code | Date | | | |

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

CRANE AND RIGGING GEAR ACCIDENT REPORT INSTRUCTIONS

Electronic submission will be accepted without signatures but the names of the preparer, concurring personnel, and certifying official (for crane accidents only) must be filled in.

- 1. Accident Category: Indicate either crane accident or rigging gear accident.
- 2. From: The contractor that is responsible for reporting the accident.
- 3. Activity: The naval activity where the accident took place.
- 4. Report No.: The activity assigned accident number (e.g., 95-001).
- 5. Crane No.: The activity assigned crane number (e.g., PC-5), if applicable.
- 6. Category: Identify category of crane (i.e., 1, 2, 3, or 4), if applicable.
- 7. Accident Date: The date the accident occurred.
- 8. Time: The time (24 hour clock) the accident occurred (e.g., 1300).
- 9. Category of Service: Check the applicable service (SPS as defined by NAVSEA 0989-030-7000).
- 10. Crane Type: The type of crane involved in the accident (e.g., mobile, bridge), if applicable.
- 11. Crane Manufacturer: The manufacturer of the crane (e.g., Dravo, Grove, P&H), if applicable.
- 12. SPS: Was the crane or rigging gear being used in an SPS lift?
- 13. Complex lift: Was the crane or rigging gear being used in a complex lift?
- 14. Location: The detailed location where the accident took place (e.g., building 213, dry dock 5).
- 15. Weather: The weather conditions at time of accident (e.g., wind, rain, cold).
- 16. Crane Capacity: The certified capacity of the crane (e.g., 120,000 pounds), if applicable.
- 17. Hook Capacity: The capacity of the hook involved in the accident at the maximum radius of the operation, if applicable.
- 18. Weight of Load on Hook: If applicable, the weight of the load on the hook.
- 19. Fatality or Permanent Disability?: Check yes or no.
- 20. Material/Property Cost Estimate: Estimate total cost of damage resulting from the accident.
- 21. Reported to NAVSAFECEN?: Self-explanatory.
- 22. Accident Type: Check all that apply.
- 23. Cause of Accident: Check all that apply.
- 24. Chargeable to: Check all that apply.
- 25. Crane Function: Check the function(s) in operation at time of accident. Check all that apply. Check N/A if a rigging gear accident.
- 26. Is this a recurring problem?: Check yes or no. Identify any other similar accidents.
- 27. Situation Description/Corrective Actions: Self-explanatory.
- 28. Preparer: Self-explanatory.
- 29. Concurrences: Self-explanatory.
- 30. Certifying Official (Crane Accidents Only): Self-explanatory.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-41 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for a Topically Structured Technical Manual; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 NDMS-000173-000, Technical Manual Contract Requirements (TMCR); Hull, Mechanical and Electrical (HM&E) Equipment Technical Manual Requirements

3. REQUIREMENTS:

- 3.1 Accomplish the requirements of 2.1.
- 3.2 Deliver the data items listed in Paragraph 1.3 of 2.1 as follows:

3.2.1 Submit 3 review draft copies (RDC) to the SUPERVISOR for review within 10 days of receipt of equipment.

3.2.2 Submit one proof copy and one reproducible copy with integrally related art to the SUPERVISOR not later than 30 days after receipt of the reviewed final reproducible copy (FRC).

4. NOTES:

4.1 2.1 is available and can be read on-line at:

https://nsdsa.nmci.navy.mil

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FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-42 | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR) for Updating Technical Manual; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 NDMS-000174-000, Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR); Technical Manual Revision Requirements
- 2.2 NDMS-000175-000, Technical Manual Contract Requirement (TMCR); Technical Manual Change Package Requirements

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of 2.1 or 2.2 as appropriate.

3.2 Deliver the data items listed in Paragraph 1.3 of 2.1 or 2.2 as follows:

3.2.1 Submit 3 review draft copies (RDC) to the SUPERVISOR for review within 10 days after receipt of equipment/component.

3.2.2 Submit one proof copy and one final reproducible copy (FRC) with integrally related art to the SUPERVISOR not later than 30 days after receipt of the reviewed draft copy.

4. NOTES:

4.1 2.1 and 2.2 are available and can be read on-line at:

https://nsdsa.nmci.navy.mil

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-43 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 30 JUL 2015 | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Engineering Plant Production Completion Date (PCD), Light-Off Assessment (LOA) Support; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Standard Items

2.2 S9095-AD-TRQ-010, Total Ship Test Program Manual

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Complete all work in the engineering spaces prior to PCD. For availabilities in excess of 120 days (140 days for forward deployed CVNs), PCD will be scheduled 14 days prior to the LOA. For availabilities 120 days or less (140 days for forward deployed CVNs), PCD will be scheduled between 4-14 days prior to engineering plant light-off. PCD will not be less than 4 days prior to engineering plant light-off regardless of whether a LOA is scheduled. For availabilities 120 days and less (140 days for forward deployed CVNs), the requirement for a LOA will be determined by the TYCOM.

3.1.1 The term complete is defined to mean the accomplishment of all contractor-responsible work, testing, and certification that is possible without lighting off boilers, gas turbine engines, or main propulsion diesels (as applicable). Steam shall not be introduced into propulsion systems from any source until after a successful LOA.

3.1.2 All work required to conduct engineering plant light-off regardless of whether an LOA is scheduled shall be assigned to be completed to meet the Engineering Plant PCD Key Event using 009-60 and 009-67 of 2.1. All work is defined as any work planned for accomplishment during the maintenance availability by all organizations other than Ship's Force including: Alteration Installation Team (AIT), Commercial Industrial Services (CIS), and Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA).

3.1.3 The Engineering Plant PCD key event can only be called met after all required reports and OQE have been submitted to, reviewed and approved by the SUPERVISOR. In order to meet the PCD Key Event, the minimum equipment listed in Attachment A must be ready for start-up in its normal configuration, and ready for testing per applicable test requirements. The following work shall be completed to declare the PCD met:

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3.1.3.1 Complete work to the degree such that no workers are required to occupy the affected spaces for any reason. The affected spaces are defined as those spaces or compartments in which workers must enter to accomplish work. This includes not only the spaces where work is being accomplished, but also adjacent spaces where fire watches or other workers must be present to complete work. The degree required for the completion of work in associated spaces includes filling of lube oil, fuel oil, and feedwater tanks, cleaning and gas freeing of all bilge spaces to "Safe for Workers" conditions, final paint, decking, lagging or any other repair work which requires workers to be in the space to complete. Spaces are required to be operationally ready for all systems listed in Attachment A and subsequent sustained engineering plant operations, including completion of support systems test procedures or applicable portions thereof so that the equipment is operating within design parameters. Additionally, full, unimpeded access to all engineering spaces, escape trunks, access doors, scuttles, repair lockers and firefighting equipment is required without exception. The selected tests to be conducted prior to PCD shall be identified in the Integrated Test Schedule managed by the Lead Maintenance Activity (LMA) Chief Test Engineer as defined in 009-67 of 2.1.

3.1.3.2 Repair and installation of machinery, equipment, blowers, piping systems, gages, thermometers, meters, operating instructions and warning plates, protective guards, flange shields, remote shutdown devices, strainer shields, valves and hand wheels, insulation and lagging, check valves, steam traps and orifices, regulators and reducing valves, remote operating gear and pull cables, valve reach rods, pipe hangers and braces, valve locking devices, valve position indicators, indicators, gage lines, label plates, relief valves and hand lifting levers, boiler safety valves and easing gear, boiler uptakes and stacks, fuel burner drip pans, boiler combustion monitoring system, boiler igniter system, automatic boiler control system, main feed pump control system, deck plates, sight glasses and guards, fuel strainers, soot blowers, boiler casings, firefighting systems and equipment, handrails, ladders, access doors and scuttles, ventilation systems, supply and exhaust vent screens, lighting systems (incandescent, fluorescent, and emergency battle lanterns), electric cables and runs, cable straps, cable packing, cable tags, alarm systems, ground straps, flex hoses, resilient mounts, safety devices, stenciling, interior communication systems, access closures, tachometers, and resiliently-mounted pipe hangers.

\$3.1.3.3\$ Calibration of gages, thermometers, tachometers, pyrometers, and meters.

3.1.3.4 Cold setting of relief valves, governors for steam turbine, gas turbine or diesel engines (as applicable), over-speed trips, piping spring hangers, regulators and reducing valves, low suction trips, high temperature alarms and switches, high and low pressure control switches, low lube oil pressure alarms, ship service boiler water high and low level alarms, main boiler water high and low level alarms, and waste heat boiler water high and low level alarms. 3.1.4 Proposed exceptions shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR in writing in accordance with 009-01 of 2.1. Proposed exceptions shall include a methodical plan for completion of work that does not interrupt activities planned during LOA or activities during non-LOA hours planned by Ship's Force for training (see 4.5). In the event of incomplete work, an evaluation by the ship's Commanding Officer, SUPERVISOR and LMA must be performed to determine if that work will impede uninterrupted preparations and accomplishment of LOA. Exceptions must be approved by the SUPERVISOR and agreed to in writing by the Ship's Commanding Officer.

3.1.5 Hold a dedicated PCD progress meeting no later than 2 weeks prior to PCD and get positive concurrence (by name) from all entities involved in the availability that all work tied to PCD is on schedule. Submit in writing to the SUPERVISOR a list of any work items with anticipated completion delays. These work items must be tracked daily thereafter and the status thereof discussed during daily production meetings until adequate solutions are identified to complete the work on its original schedule date or on a new date as agreed upon by the SUPERVISOR and Ship's Force. In all cases, do not wait for meetings to convene to inform the SUPERVISOR that work tied to PCD may not be completed and certified on time. Immediate notification is required.

3.1.6 Correct contractor-responsible discrepancies discovered during preliminary LOA inspections prior to the turnover of engineering spaces to Ship's Force. Reserve the 2-week period prior to LOA for Ship's Force preparations for LOA. Do not allow contractor work in engineering spaces during this period unless approved by the Ship's Commanding Officer and specifically authorized by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.7 After the PCD progress meeting required in 3.1.5, submit to the SUPERVISOR, a daily status report on contractor-responsible preliminary LOA discrepancies. Additionally, notify the SUPERVISOR verbally, immediately upon determination of any discrepancies that cannot be corrected prior to the scheduled LOA, and provide in writing the reason and expected completion date. Propose exceptions in accordance with the process required in 3.1.4.

3.2 Provide the services of a contractor quick response team during the LOA to correct Government discrepancies.

3.2.1 Coordinate the correction of discrepancies as they are discovered.

3.2.2 Ensure that quick response team members have with them (or readily accessible), the tools of their trade for immediate use in the correction of discrepancies.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Definitions.

4.1.1 Engineering Plant Production Completion Date (PCD): Key Event scheduled prior to propulsion plant hot operations to document that all

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ITEM NO: <u>009-43</u> FY-18 production work effecting the minimum equipment requirements for Light-Off Assessment (LOA) is completed and certified up through Stage 2 testing per 2.2. Stage 2 testing is accomplished prior to operation of installed or relocated equipment, cabling, piping, ventilation, etc., to ensure that each installation has been accomplished in accordance with established plans and specifications. PCD includes all required reports and Objective Quality Evidence (OQE) have been submitted to, reviewed and approved by the SUPERVISOR. The SUPERVISOR and Lead Maintenance Activity (LMA) are responsible for thorough and rigorous management of this Key Event and minimizing exceptions. In the event of incomplete work, an evaluation by the Ship's Commanding Officer, SUPERVISOR and TYCOM must be performed to determine if the incomplete work will impede uninterrupted preparations and accomplishment of LOA. Exceptions must be approved by the SUPERVISOR and agreed with in writing by the Ship's Commanding Officer. PCD is scheduled to provide the crew sufficient time to prepare and train for LOA, and to shift from a maintenance environment to an operations environment.

4.2 The LOA is a comprehensive assessment of the ship in the key areas of: The level of knowledge and firefighting capability of engineering plant personnel; the adequacy of Engineering Department administrative programs and procedures; the material readiness of the engineering plant; and the state of cleanliness and preservation of main engineering and auxiliary machinery spaces. The LOA will be accomplished by the Immediate Superior in Command (ISIC), Afloat Training Group (ATG) or the Type Commander Staff. The assessment will be conducted and concluded immediately prior to Main Propulsion Systems light-off. The material assessment portion usually takes less than 12 hours. If restrictive discrepancies are identified, those discrepancies must be corrected prior to Main Propulsion Systems light-off.

4.3 The SUPERVISOR will establish an inspection team and accomplish a preliminary LOA inspection in conjunction with Ship's Force 4 to 8 weeks prior to the LOA to determine and record discrepancies which would impact uninterrupted completion of LOA. The pre-LOA will be about 4 days in duration and will result in the identification of discrepancies and incomplete work considered necessary to support a successful LOA. Each discrepancy noted in the inspection will be described in simple terms on a 4part, serialized form. The form will identify the general location of the discrepancy and the associated work Item number, if applicable. The fourth copy of the form, made of hard card with an attachment wire, will be hung by the SUPERVISOR'S inspection team in the immediate proximity of the discrepancy (on the deficient item itself, when practical). Upon completion of the pre-LOA the SUPERVISOR will identify contractor-responsible discrepancies to the contractor. Deficient items identified that are the responsibility of the Government will be screened for accomplishment by the Ship's Force. That portion of this work that cannot be accomplished by the Ship's Force will be considered for accomplishment by the contractor.

4.3.1 Any time after completion of the pre-LOA inspection that additional discrepancies are discovered, they will be similarly identified and screened.

4.4 It is never anticipated or expected that exceptions to the completion of work are an acceptable practice and in no case should exceptions happen at a rate that indicates a trend. The process for handling exceptions is only included in this NSI in the event unforeseen circumstances prevent work from being accomplished on time.

4.5 An example of an acceptable plan for work completion is as follows: Unfinished work on piping in an engineering main space that requires 2 days (beyond PCD) of hot work, painting and lagging to complete. Work shall be planned for and accomplished during the hours of the day that the space isn't occupied for activities related to LOA. However, all tools, materials, hoses, lines, workers, and equipment must be cleared from the space and all interference removals reinstalled no later than one hour prior to commencement of the next LOA event taking place in that space. The space must pass safety walk-through requirements as determined by Ship's Force and the SUPERVISOR.

ATTACHMENT A CLASS SPECIFIC MINIMUM EQUIPMENT LISTS

| Equipment | CG | DDG | FFG | LCS-1 | LCS-2 |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| B2B/VHF | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| C&M Console | - | - | - | 1 of 1 | - |
| TSCE | - | - | - | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 |
| Fire Pumps | 3 of 6 | 3 of 6 | 3 of 5 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 |
| | | FLT I: 2 of 3; | | | |
| SCBA Charging Stations | | 79 AF: 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 |
| SCBA ABPA | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 (FLT I) | 2 of 2 | - | - |
| SCBA EBAC | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 |
| SCBA | 50 of 55 (90%) | 66 of 73 (90%) | 50 of 55 (90%) | 33 of 36 (90%) | 33 of 76 |
| P100 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 4 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 |
| Hull integrity | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| AFFF Stations | 1 of 2 | 1of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 |
| Bilge Sprinkling | MMR/AMR | MMR/AMR | MMR/AMR | MMR/AMR | MMR/AMR |
| Watermist | - | - | | 100% | 2 of 2, each operational main space |
| Halon (Main Spaces) | 100% | 100% | 100% | - | - |
| Fixed CO2/Halon/HFP for | 1000/ | 1000/ | 1000/ | 1000/ | 1000/ |
| GTE/GTG Modules Main Drainage Capability | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| (defined as the ability to dewater a main space locally, or using that space's educator remotely, or cross-connected from a directly adjacent space) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Shafts | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 4 |
| Engines | 1 of 2 per shaft | 1 of 2 per shaft | 2 of 2 | 1 of 2 per shaft | 2 of 4 |
| S/W Serv Pumps (ASW) | 2 of 3 | 3 of 5 | 1 of 2 | 3 of 5 | 2 of 3 |
| F/O Serv Pumps | 1 of 2 per MMR | 1 of 2 per MMR | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 diesel 2 of 2 GTM | 1 of 2 |
| L/O Serv Pumps, per shaft | | 1 of 2 (A, B) and attached | 1 of 2 (A, B) and Coast Down Pump | 4 of 4 electric and attached | 2 of 2 electric and attached, 1 of 1 thrust bearing pump |
| CRP/CPP pumps elec | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 1 of 1 | - | - |
| F/O Xfer Pumps | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| F/O purifiers | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 (filter separators) |
| Consoles | 3 of 7 CCS 1 of 3 each MER | 3 of 3 CCS | | 2 of 2 (CCS/RCO) | ECS at minimum of 2 consoles |

| NAVLAN svrs with aux & prop | | | | I | |
|---|--------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|---|
| loops functioning | _ | _ | - | 1 of 2 | - |
| MPCMS PLCs | - | - | - | 1 of 2 | - |
| All I/O boxes | - | - | - | Yes | - |
| ECS/SFCS (100% Bullnose | | | | | |
| functionality) | - | - | - | - | 1 of 1 |
| | | | 2 of 4 with | | |
| Generators | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 SACs | 2 of 4 | 2 of 4 |
| SFCs (400hz) | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 1 | 2 of 2 |
| HPACs | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 (FLT 1) | 1 of 2 | - | - |
| MPACs | - | - | - | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| LPACs | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 | - | - |
| HPU Fwd | - | - | - | - | 1 of 1 |
| HPU Aft | - | - | - | - | 1 of 2 |
| | | 2 of 4 (51-90) | | | |
| A/C | 2 of 4 | () | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 |
| CHT sys operational | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Oily Waste sys operational | | | | | |
| (must be able to process or hold | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| oily waste onboard) | 4. (0 | | | | |
| Waste Heat Boilers (Pre-MOD) | 1 of 3 | - | - | - | - |
| Hot water tanks/heaters | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Evap/RO units | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 |
| Splitter Gear L/O scavenging | | | | 1 of 2 per gear | |
| pumps | - | - | - | | - |
| Auxiliary Propulsion Unit | - | - | 1 of 2 | - | - |
| Steering Units or Steerable Waterjets | | 1 of 2 per rudder | | 2 of 2 | 2 of 4 waterjets with 1 of 2 electric and 1 attached hydraulic/lubr icating oil pumps per shaft |
| Rudder | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | - | 0 of 2 |
| Canman Waterjet Control System | - | - | - | 1 of 1 | - |
| Surface radars | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Gyro | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Gyro Repeaters (Helm, Bridge Centerline, Aft Steering) | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each |
| Fathometer | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Military GPS, NAVSSI, or plug in | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Rudder indicators (Helm, Aft | | | | | |
| Steering) | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | - | - |
| Deder Diepley (Bridge, CIC) | | | | | |
| Radar Display (Bridge, CIC) | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | - | - |

| Meet COLREGS | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---|--------|
| ECDIS-N (for ECDIS-N ships) | Yes | Yes | - | - | - |
| Voyage Management System/BME-VMS/ARPA | _ | - | - | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 |
| Ship Control Consoles | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes (IBS) | 4 of 5 |
| Navigation Data Conv Unit/NDC | - | - | - | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 |
| Anchor Windlass | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 |
| Anchors | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 |
| Reefers | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 freezers 1 of 2 chill boxes | 1 of 2 |
| Pot Wtr Pumps (and associated priming pump if applicable) | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Hot Water Circ Pumps | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |

| Equipment | LHA | LHD-1 | LHD-8 | LPD-4 | LPD-17 | LSD | МСМ | PC | LCC |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------|--|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| B2B/VHF | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 6 of 12 | 6 of 12 | 8 of 16 | 3 of 5 | 5 of 10 | 3 of 5 (41-48) 4 of 7 (49-52) | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 4 |
| SCBA Charging Stations | 3 of 5 | | | | | 2 of 3 | - | - | 1 of 3 |
| SCBA ABPA | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | - | 2 of 2 | - | - | 1 of 3 |
| SCBA EBAC | 3 of 6 | 3 of 6 | 3 of 6 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 3 |
| SCBA | 115 of144 (80%) | (80%) | (80%) | 65 of 72 (90%) | (80%) | 105 of 116 (90%) | (90%) | (90%) | 246 of 308 (80%) |
| P100 | 2 of 3 | | 2 of 3 | 2 of 4 | | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 3 of 5 |
| Hull integrity | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| AFFF Stations | 3 of 6 | | | 2 of 4 | 4 of 7 | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | in-line eductors, bilge sprinkling entry fire stations | 1 of 2 |
| 0 | MMR/ AMR | AMR/ 1 & 2 Diesel | MMR/ AMR/ 1 & 2 Diesel Rooms | MMR | MMR/ AMR | MMR/ AMR | Yes | Yes, as applicable | Yes |
| Watermist | - | - | MMR/ Diesel Enclosure/ 1 & 2 Diesel Rooms | - | 2 of 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Halon (Main | | | | | | | | | |
| Spaces) Fixed CO2/Halon/HFP for GT/GTG Modules | - | - | 100% 1 & 2 GTE Enclosure (HFP) | - | - 100% | - | - | - | - |
| Main Drainage Capability (defined as the ability to dewater a main space locally, or using that space's educator remotely, or cross-connected from a directly adjacent space) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | | | | MOB-E | | | | | 4 - 6 4 |
| Shafts | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | | | | | 1 of 1 |
| Engines | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | | 1 of 2 per shaft 1 of 2 Aux | 1 of 2 per shaft | Support 2 shafts | 1 of 1 |
| Boilers | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | - | 2 of 2 | | (if applic) | - | - | 2 of 2 |

| DFT | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | - | 2 of 2 | - | - | - | - | 1 of 1 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | - | 2 of 2 | - | - | - | - | 4 of 4 |
| MFP/Emerg FP | | | | | | | | | |
| Per MMR | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | - | 2 of 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 of 3 |
| ME Gland Exhaust | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | - | 2 of 2 | - | - | - | - | 1 of 1 |
| | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | - | 2 of 2 | - | - | - | - | 3 of 3 |
| Main Condensate | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | | 2 of 2 | | | | | 1 of 2 |
| Pumps per MMR Main Condenser | 1012 | 1012 | - | 2 01 2 | - | - | - | - | 1012 |
| Sea Water | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | _ | 1 of 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 of 1 |
| Circulating Pumps | | | | | | | | | |
| per MMR | | | | | 0 () | | | | |
| MPDE L/O Pumps | - | - | - | - | 2 of 4 | - | - | - | - |
| S/W Service Pumps (ASW) | - | - | 2 of 2 | - | 3 of 6 | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | - | - |
| s / | | | 2 of 3; | | | | | | |
| | 2 of 3; ALOP, | 2 of 3; ALOP, | A or B, | 2 of 3; ALOP, | 2 of 3; ALOP, | 2 of 3; ALOP, | 2 of 2; ALOP or | - | 1 of 1 electric |
| | ALOP, A or B | ALOP, A or B | and coastdown | ALOP, A or B | ALOP, A or B | ALOP, A or B | ALOP or STBY | | electric |
| Gearbox Trailing | | | cuasidown | | | | | | |
| Pump | - | - | 1 of 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 of 4 | - |
| CRP/CPP | | | | | | | | | |
| pumps elec | - | - | 2 of 4 | - | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | - | - |
| F/O Xfer | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 - 6 0 | 2 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 FOTP or FOP | 1 | 2 of 4 |
| Pumps | 1012 | 1012 | 1 of 2 | 2 01 2 | 1012 | 1012 | 1 FOP | 1 | 2 01 4 |
| F/O purifiers | - | - | 1 of 2 | - | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | or FOTP | - | - |
| | Local | Local | 2 of 4 in | Local | 3 of 5 in | 2 of 4 (if | | | |
| Consoles | Control | Control | CCS | Ctrl | CCS | appl) | - | - | - |
| Multi-Function Work Station | _ | - | 4 of 7 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| (MFWS) | | | 4 01 7 | | | | | | |
| Eng System | | | | | | | | | |
| Control /Ship's WAN | - | - | - | - | Yes | Yes | - | - | - |
| (ESC/SWAN) | 0 = 1 4 | 0 | 1. (0 | 0 - 1 4 | 0.45 | (if appl) | 0 - 6 0 | 0 | |
| | 2 of 4 | 3 of 5 | 4 of 6 | 2 of 4 | 3 of 5 | 2 of 4 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 2 | - |
| Emergency Generators | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | _ | 1 of 2 | - | - | _ | _ | 1 of 2 |
| Fwd EPCP | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 | - | 1 of 1 | - | 1 of 1 | - | - | - |
| Aft EPCP | 1 of 1 | - | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | - |
| | 2 of 3 | 3 of 5 | | 1 of 2 | 1 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 | 1 | 2 of 2 |
| () | | | 3 of 5 | | | | | | |
| | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | - | - | 1 of 2 | - | - | 1 of 2 |
| MPAC | - | - | - | - | 1 of 2 | - | 1 of 2 | - | - |
| LPACs | 3 of 5 | 3 of 5 | 3 of 5 | 2 of 2 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | - | - | 2 of 4 |
| A/C | 3 of 6 | 3 of 6 | 4 of 7 | 2 of 4 | 4 of 7 | 2 of 4 or 3 of 5/6 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 2 or 2 of 4 | 4 of 6 |
| CHT sys | Vac | Vac | | Vaa | Vec | Ver | | Vaa | Vec |
| oporational | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | - | Yes | Yes |
| Oily Waste sys operational (must be able to process or | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| able to process or hold oily waste | | | | | | | | | |

| onboard) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------------|--------|
| Evap/RO units | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 3 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| | MOB-N | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Steering Units or Steerable Waterjets | 1 of 2 per rudder | 1 of 2 per rudder | 1 of 2 per rudder | 2 of 2 | 1 of 1 |
| Rudder | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Surface radars | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 of 2 |
| Gyro | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 | 1 | 1 of 2 |
| Gyro Repeaters (Helm, Bridge Centerline, Aft Steering) | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | Bridge, Aft Steering | 1 each |
| Fathometer | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Military GPS, NAVSSI, or plug in | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Rudder indicators (Helm, Aft Strg) | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each |
| Radar Display (Bridge, CIC) | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | 1 each | - | 1 each | 1 | - | 1 each |
| Internal Comms (IVCS or Sound Powered Phones) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Meet COLREGS | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ECDIS-N (for ECDIS-N ships) | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Ship Control Consoles | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | | | T | MOB-S | | | | | |
| Anchor Windlass | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 |
| Anchors | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 |
| | | | | NCO | | | | | |
| Reefers | 1 of 3 | 1 of 3 | 1 of 3 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 1 | 1 of 2 |
| Pot Wtr Pumps | 2 of 4 | 2 of 4 | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 4 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | 2 of 4 |
| Pot Wtr Booster Pumps | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | - | 1 of 2 | - | - | - | - | - |

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-45 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Tapered Plug Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in plug to bore to obtain an 80 percent minimum surface contact, evenly distributed over 100 percent of the area.

(V) "INSPECT CONTACT"

3.3.1.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.1.2 Vertical misalignment of ports in the plug value and body with the plug fully seated shall not be of a degree that will restrict flow.

3.3.2 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.

3.3.3 Dress and true gasket mating surfaces.

3.4 Assemble valve installing new packing and gaskets in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.4.1 Lubricate each MIL-V-24509 valve with grease conforming to SAE-AMS-G-6032.

1 of 3 ITEM NO: 009-45 FY-18 3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation shown on Table 504-6-1 of 2.1. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(I) "SEAT TIGHTNESS"

3.5.2 Test for seat tightness with valve in closed position with opposite side open for inspection.

3.5.2.1 Plug shall be seated by hand force.

3.5.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage or, in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made.

3.5.2.3 Maximum allowable leakage for a metal-to-metal seated valve: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

3.5.2.4 Allowable leakage for soft seated plug: None.

(I) "SEAT TIGHTNESS"

3.5.3 Test plug valve of duplex strainer to each strainer chamber with unpressurized side top cover removed (2 tests per strainer). Allowable leakage: With the drain valve closed the non-pressurized side shall not fill within one hour.

4. NOTES:

ITEM NO: 009-45 FY-18

2 of 3

4.1 Test pressures of 3.5.2 and 3.5.3 will be specified in Work Item. 4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item. 4.3 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-46 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Butterfly Valve, Synthetic and Metal Seated; repair

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Polish stem to remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.

3.3.3 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in metal-to-metal seat to disc to obtain a leakage rate at or below that allowed in 3.5.5.

3.3.4 Polish seating surface of synthetic seated valve to remove high spots, nicks, and burrs.

3.4 Assemble valve installing new bushings, O-Rings, V-Rings, valve liner, seat assemblies, washers, pins, and fasteners in accordance with manufacturer's specifications or instructions.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

ITEM NO: 009-46 FY-18 3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief valve with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.1. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(I) "SEAT TIGHTNESS"

 $3.5.2\,$ Test for seat tightness alternately on each side of the disc with opposite side open for inspection.

3.5.3 Disc shall be seated by hand force.

3.5.4 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made.

3.5.5 Leakage rate of metal-to-metal seated valves:

3.5.5.1 Valves conforming to MIL-V-22133, Type II shall not exceed the following criteria:

| Valve size inches | Leakage rate gal/min | Valve size inches | Leakage rate gal/min |
|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 2 | 1.5 | 10 | 35 |
| 2-1/2 | 2.25 | 12 | 50 |
| 3 | 3.25 | 14 | 60 |
| 4 | 6 | 16 | 80 |
| 5 | 9.5 | 18 | 100 |
| 6 | 14 | 20 | 140 |
| 8 | 25 | 24 | 200 |

3.5.5.2 Valves conforming to MIL-V-24624 shall have a maximum seat leakage rate of 10 cubic centimeters per inch of nominal pipe size per hour.

3.5.6 Allowable leakage for synthetic seated valve: None.

ITEM NO: 009-46 FY-18

2 of 3

4. NOTES:

- 4.1 The test pressure of 3.5.2 will be specified in Work Item.
- 4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.
- 4.3 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-47 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Gate Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners
- 2.2 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information
- 2.3 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments
- 2.4 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean internal and external surfaces free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.2.1 The removal of body-bound studs only to determine the condition of threads is not required.

3.2.1.1 Exposed portion of body-bound studs shall be inspected.

(I) or (V) "TORQUE TEST" (See 4.3)

3.2.2 Torque test each body-bound stud in accordance with Section 075-8.6.3.2(d) of 2.1.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

1 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-47 FY-18 3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in gate to seats (including backseat) to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT CONTACT" (See 4.3)

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.4.2 Transfer line shall not exceed 3/16-inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the gate seating surface.

(I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble valve installing new packing and gaskets in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.4.1 Pack feedwater, condensate, and steam values with value stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.2.

3.4.2 Pack values of systems other than feedwater, condensate, or steam with value stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24396, Type B.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.3. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

2 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-47 FY-18 3.5.2 Test for seat tightness alternately on each side of gate for double seated valves, and on outboard side only on single-seated valves, with the opposite side open for inspection.

3.5.2.1 Do not exceed the handwheel closing force specified in Table 505-11-2 of 2.4.

3.5.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made. Maximum allowable leakage: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The test pressures of 3.5.2 will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

4.4 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I)(G) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V)(G).

4.5 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-48 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Pressure Seal Bonnet Valve Shop Repair; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners

2.2. T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods

- 2.3 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria
- 2.4 803-6074287, Repair Guide, Pressure Seal Valves
- 2.5 803-5001021, Pressure Seal Rings Standard and Oversize Valve Pressure Class 600-1500
- 2.6 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information
- 2.7 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments
- 2.8 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

 $3.2.1\,$ The removal of body-bound studs only to determine the condition of threads is not required.

3.2.1.1 Exposed portion of each body-bound stud shall be inspected.

1 of 4 ITEM NO: 009-48 FY-18 (I) or (V) "TORQUE TEST" (See 4.3)

3.2.2 Torque test each body-bound stud in accordance with Section 075-8.6.3.2(d) of 2.1.

(I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"

3.2.3 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of seats (including back seat), discs, or gate and body inlay area in accordance with 2.2.

3.2.3.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Paragraph 7 of 2.3, except hairline cracks in hard-faced areas of seats and discs or gate are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square (RMS) finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Inspect and repair sealing surfaces of each inlay area and bonnet as follows:

(I) or (V) "VISUAL INSPECT" (See 4.3)

3.3.4.1 Inspect valve body to verify that stainless steel inlay is free of steam cuts and cracks and diameter of inlay area is round to within 0.003 inch and free of non-design taper. Measure diameter at top and bottom of inlay area in increments of 45 degrees, on each circle.

3.3.4.2 For the inlay, correct out-of-round, non-design tapered condition and provide 32 RMS finish. Finished inlay diameter shall provide 0.002 to 0.005 inch clearance on the standard size diameter for seal rings described by 2.4.

 $3.3.4.3\,$ Machine valve bonnet tapered area for concentricity and design angle to within 0.002 inch total indicator reading and 32 RMS finish.

3.3.5 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in discs or gate to seats (including back seat) to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT CONTACT" (See 4.3)

3.3.5.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

ITEM NO: 009-48 FY-18

3.3.5.2 Transfer line for gate valve shall not exceed 3/16 inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the gate seating surface.

 $3.3.5.3\,$ Transfer line for globe valve shall not exceed 1/16 inch in width.

(I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble valve using new fasteners for those removed in 3.2.

3.4.1 Install new seal ring in accordance with 2.4, using 2.5 for guidance.

3.4.1.1 The SUPERVISOR must approve fitting new seal ring to inlay bores above first oversize.

3.4.1.2 Attach a metal identification tag to the valve bonnet indicating the size of seal ring installed, straight or tapered body neck, name of installing activity, and date of installation.

3.4.2 Install new valve stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.6.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.7. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

ITEM NO: 009-48 FY-18

3.5.2 Test for seat tightness alternately on each side of gate for double seated valves, and on outboard side only on single seated valves, with the opposite side open for inspection.

3.5.2.1 Do not exceed handwheel closing force specified in Table 505-11-2 of 2.8.

3.5.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made. Maximum allowable leakage: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

3.5.3 Test globe valve in the direction tending to open valve.

 $3.5.3.1\,$ Do not exceed the handwheel closing force specified in Table 505-11-2 of 2.8.

3.5.3.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made. Maximum allowable leakage: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

4. NOTES:

4.1~ The test pressures of 3.5.2 and 3.5.3 will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

4.4 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I)(G) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V)(G).

4.5 Reference 2.5 provides guidance with respect to applicable APLs and other information not in direct conflict with the material and hardness requirements for seal rings specified in 2.4.

4.6 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

ITEM NO: 009-48 FY-18

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-49 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Pressure Seal Bonnet Valve In-line Repair; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners

2.2 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods

- 2.3 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria
- 2.4 803-6074287, Repair Guide, Pressure Seal Valves
- 2.5 803-5001021, Pressure Seal Rings Standard and Oversize Valve Pressure Class 600-1500
- 2.6 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.2.1 The removal of body-bound studs only to determine the condition of threads is not required.

3.2.1.1 Exposed portion of each body-bound stud shall be inspected.

(I) or (V) "TORQUE TEST" (See 4.3)

 $3.2.2\,$ Torque test each body-bound stud in accordance with Section 075-8.6.3.2(d) of 2.1.

1 of 3 ITEM NO: 009-49 FY-18 (I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"

3.2.3 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of seats (including back seat), discs or gate, and body inlay area in accordance with 2.2.

3.2.3.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Paragraph 7 of 2.3, except hairline cracks in hard-faced seats and discs or gate are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square (RMS) finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Inspect and repair sealing surfaces of each inlay area and bonnet as follows:

(I) or (V) "VISUAL INSPECT" (See 4.3)

3.3.3.1 Inspect valve body to verify that stainless steel inlay is free of steam cuts and cracks and that diameter of inlay area is round to within 0.003 inch and free of non-design taper. Measure diameter at top and bottom of inlay area in increments of 45 degrees, on each circle.

3.3.3.2 For the inlay, correct out-of-round, non-design tapered condition and provide 32 RMS finish. Finished inlay diameter shall not exceed oversize number one diameter, plus 0.002 to 0.005-inch clearance described by 2.4.

3.3.3.3 Machine valve bonnet tapered area for concentricity and design angle to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading and 32 RMS finish.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in discs or gate to seats (including back seat) to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT CONTACT" (See 4.3)

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.4.2 Transfer line for gate valve shall not exceed 3/16-inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the gate seating surface.

3.3.4.3 Transfer line for globe valve shall not exceed $1/16\mathchar`-$ inch in width.

2 of 3 ITEM NO: 009-49 FY-18 (I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble valve, using new fasteners for those removed in 3.2.

3.4.1 Install new seal ring in accordance with 2.4, using 2.5 for guidance.

 $3.4.1.1\,$ The SUPERVISOR must approve new seal rings to inlay bores above first oversize.

3.4.1.2 Attach a metal identification tag to the valve bonnet indicating the size of seal ring installed, straight or tapered body neck, name of installing activity, and date of installation.

3.4.2 Install new valve stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.6.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Operational test of the valve will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-50 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Horizontal Swing Check Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.2 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.3 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in disc to seat to obtain 360-degree continuous contact.

(V) "INSPECT CONTACT"

3.3.3.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.3.2 Transfer line for swing check value shall not exceed 1/16-inch in width.

3.4 Assemble valve installing new gaskets, bushings, disc retaining nut, hinge pin, and plug in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief valve with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.1. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(I) "SEAT TIGHTNESS"

3.5.2 Test for seat tightness in the direction tending to close the valve (back pressure) for a minimum of 5 minutes. Allowable leakage as follows:

| VALVE SIZE (NOM) | LEAKAGE RATE |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Up to 2 inches inclusive | 25 cc/hr./in. dia. |
| 2-1/2 inches - 10 inches inclusive | 50 cc/hr./in. dia. |
| Over 10 inches | 100 cc/hr./in. dia. |

The back pressure applied shall be in accordance with the following:

| VALVE PRESSURE RATING | TEST BACK PRESSURE |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 150 PSIG and Below | 50 PSIG |
| Over 150 PSIG | 100 PSIG |

4. NOTES:

4.1 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-51 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Globe, Globe Angle, and Globe Stop Check Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners
- 2.2 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information
- 2.3 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments
- 2.4 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.2.1 The removal of body-bound studs only to determine the condition of threads is not required.

3.2.1.1 Exposed portion of each body-bound stud shall be inspected.

(I) or (V) "TORQUE TEST" (See 4.3)

3.2.2 Torque test each body-bound stud in accordance with Section 075-8.6.3.2(d) of 2.1.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

1 of 3

ITEM NO: <u>009-51</u> FY-18 3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in disc to seat to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT CONTACT" (See 4.3)

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method (soft seated valves excluded).

3.3.4.2 Transfer line (hard seated values) shall not exceed 1/16-inch in width.

(I)(G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble valve installing new gaskets in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners for those removed in 3.2.

3.4.1 Pack feedwater, condensate, and steam values with value stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.2.

3.4.2 Pack values of systems other than feedwater, condensate, or steam with value packing conforming to MIL-P-24396, Type B.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.3. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

 $3.5.2\,$ Test for seat tightness in the direction tending to open valve.

3.5.2.1 Do not exceed the handwheel closing force specified in Table 505-11-2 of 2.4.

3.5.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made. Maximum allowable leakage: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

3.5.3 Back pressure test globe stop check valve with stem in the open position. Allowable leakage as follows:

| VALVE SIZE (NOM) | LEAKAGE RATE |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Up to 2 inches inclusive | 25 cc/hr./in. dia. |
| 2-1/2 inches - 10 inches inclusive | 50 cc/hr./in. dia. |
| Over 10 inches | 100 cc/hr./in. dia. |

The back pressure applied shall be in accordance with the following:

| VALVE PRESSURE RATING | TEST BACK PRESSURE |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | |
| 150 PSIG and below | 50 PSIG |
| Over 150 PSIG | 100 PSIG |

4. NOTES:

4.1 The test pressures of 3.5.2 will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

4.4 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I)(G) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V)(G).

4.5 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 00 | 9-52 | |
|-----------|----|------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | II | [|

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Relief Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each parts for defect.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in metallic disc to seat to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(V) "INSPECT CONTACT"

3.3.2.1 Inspect contact using blueing method. Transfer line shall not exceed 1/16-inch in width.

3.3.3 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.4 Assemble valve installing new packing, soft seats, and gaskets in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief valve with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.1. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(I) "SHOP TEST"

3.5.2 Set valve to lifting pressure.

3.5.3 Seat tightness test shall be accomplished for a minimum of 3 minutes. Allowable leakage: None.

3.5.4 Purge valve of test medium.

- 3.5.5 Install wire and lead lock seals.
- 3.6 Attach a metal tag to valve, stamped with the following information:

3.6.1 Ship name and hull number

3.6.2 Valve number or identification

- 3.6.3 Valve lifting pressure
- 3.6.4 Date valve tested and set
- 3.6.5 Name of repair facility

4. NOTES:

4.1 Test medium, seat tightness, and lifting pressures will be specified in Work Item.

 $4.2\,$ Steam relief values shall have setpoint established using steam as the test medium.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-53 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Bolted Bonnet Steam Valve Shop Repair; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners
- 2.2 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods
- 2.3 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria
- 2.4 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information
- 2.5 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments
- 2.6 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.2.1 The removal of body-bound studs only to determine the condition of threads is not required.

3.2.1.1 Exposed portion of each body-bound stud shall be inspected.

(I) or (V) "TORQUE TEST" (See 4.3)

 $3.2.2\,$ Torque test each body-bound stud in accordance with Section 075-8.6.3.2(d) of 2.1.

1 of 4 ITEM NO: 009-53 FY-18 (I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"

3.2.3 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of each seat (including back seat), discs, or gate in accordance with 2.2.

3.2.3.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Paragraph 7 of 2.3, except hairline cracks in hard-faced areas of seats and discs or gate are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in gate or discs to seats (including back seat) to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT CONTACT" (See 4.3)

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.4.2 Transfer line for gate valve shall not exceed 3/16 inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the gate seating surface.

 $3.3.4.3\,$ Transfer line for globe valve shall not exceed 1/16 inch in width.

(I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble valve, installing new gaskets in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners for those removed in 3.2.

3.4.1 Install new valve stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.4.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

2 of 4

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.5. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

3.5.2 Test for seat tightness alternately on each side of gate for double seated valves, and on outboard side only on single seated valves, with the opposite side open for inspection.

3.5.2.1 Do not exceed handwheel closing force specified in Table 505-11-2 of 2.6.

3.5.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made. Maximum allowable leakage: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

3.5.3 Test globe valve in the direction tending to open valve.

3.5.3.1 Do not exceed the handwheel closing force specified in Table 505-11-2 of 2.6.

3.5.3.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made. Maximum allowable leakage: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size; 10 cc maximum per hour for valve sizes less than 1-1/2 inches.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "BACK PRESSURE TEST" (See 4.4)

3.5.4 Back pressure test globe stop check valve with stem in the open position. Allowable leakage as follows:

ITEM NO: 009-53 FY-18

| VALVE SIZE (NOM) | LEAKAGE RATE |
|--|--|
| Up to 2 inches inclusive 2-1/2 inches - 10 inches inclusive | 25 cc/hr./in.dia. 50 cc/hr./in.dia. |
| Over 10 inches | 100 cc/hr./in.dia. |

The back pressure applied shall be in accordance with the following:

| VALVE PRESSURE RATING | TEST BACK PRESSURE |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 100 PSIG and Below | 50 PSIG |
| Over 150 PSIG | 100 PSIG |

4. NOTES:

4.1~ The test pressures of 3.5.2~and~3.5.3 will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

4.4 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I)(G) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V)(G).

4.5 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

ITEM NO: <u>009-53</u> FY-18

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-54 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Bolted Bonnet Steam Valve In-Line Repair; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods

2.2 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria

2.3 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

(I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"

3.2.1 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of each seat (including back seat), discs or gate in accordance with 2.1.

3.2.1.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Paragraph 7 of 2.2, except hairline cracks in hard faced areas of seats and discs or gate are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Clean and spot-in each bonnet to body gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in gate or discs to seats (including back seat) to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT CONTACT" (See 4.3)

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.4.2 Transfer line for gate valve shall not exceed 3/16-inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the gate seating surface.

3.3.4.3 Transfer line for globe valve shall not exceed $1/16\-$ inch in width.

(I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble valve, installing new gaskets in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.4.1 Install new valve stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.3.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Operational test of valve will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-55 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Regulating/Reducing Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods
- 2.2 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria
- 2.3 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

(I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"

3.2.1 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of hard-faced each metallic seat and disc in accordance with 2.1.

3.2.1.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Paragraph 7 of 2.2, except hairline cracks in hard-faced areas of seats and discs are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stems and pushrods to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stems and pushrods to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing or seal surfaces and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Dress and true each gasket mating surface.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in metallic discs to seats to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(V) "INSPECT CONTACT"

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.4.2 Transfer line shall not exceed 1/16-inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the seating surface.

3.4 Assemble valve, installing new packing, gaskets, diaphragms, springs, and soft seats in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.3. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(I) "SHOP TEST"

3.5.2 Test and set valve in shop.

3.5.2.1 Test shall be applied for a minimum of 3 minutes.

3.6 Attach a metal tag to valve, stamped with the following information:

3.6.1 Ship name and hull number

3.6.2 Valve number or identification

3.6.3 Valve regulation range and set point

3.6.4 Date valve tested and set

3.6.5 Name of repair facility

4. NOTES:

4.1 Test medium and test pressure for valve inlet and regulated pressure/temperature, shall be specified in the invoking Work Item.

4.2 Nitrogen or air may be used for shop test of steam valves.

4.3 Repairs to pilot control will be specified in Work Item.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-56 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | |
| CATEGORY: | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Main Propulsion Boiler Wet Lay-Up; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-GX-STM020/CH-220, Boiler Water/Feedwater Test and Treatment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish carbohydrazide wet lay-up of each boiler.

3.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR one day prior to lay-up of each boiler.

3.3 Provide the volume of water required to fill each boiler, superheater, economizer, and associated piping by consulting Table 220-22-11 of 2.1. Include an additional 500 gallons for reserve in the total amount required in Table 220-22-11 of 2.1. Water used for lay-up shall conform to the following requirements:

CONSTITUENT OF PROPERTY REQUIREMENT

SHORE STEAM AND CONDENSED SHORE STEAM USED AS FEEDWATER

| рН | 8.0 to 9.5 |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| Conductivity | 15 micromho/cm max |
| Dissolved Silica | 0.2 ppm max |
| Hardness | 0.10 epm max |
| Total Suspended Solids | 0.10 ppm max |

SHORE PROCESSED FEEDWATER (DEMINERALIZERS, REVERSE OSMOSIS)

| Conductivity | 2.5 micromho/cm max (at point of |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| | delivery) |
| Silica | 0.2 ppm max |

3.3.2 The use of filming amines to control steam/steam condensate pH is prohibited.

3.3.3 Provide a pierside tank that will hold the quantity of feedwater required. The tank shall be used to mix the carbohydrazide layup solution.

1 of 2 ITEM NO: 009-56 FY-18 3.3.4 For each 2,000 gallons of feed quality water to be treated, one-gallon of 6.5 percent carbohydrazide and 1/2 quart of 40-percent morpholine shall be used, in accordance with Paragraph 220-22 of 2.1.

3.3.4.1 Transfer the required amount of carbohydrazide and morpholine to a narrow mouthed polyethylene bottle as appropriate to the volume needed. Pour the carbohydrazide and morpholine into the tank.

3.3.4.2 Immediately fill the tank with feed quality water to the level calculated in 3.3.

3.3.5 Remove water from the boiler, superheater, and economizer. Close boiler drains and openings with the exception of steam drum, superheater, and economizer vents.

3.3.6 Immediately fill the boiler, including superheater and economizer, taking suction from the carbohydrazide lay-up solution treated tank.

3.3.6.1 While filling the boiler, close each vent in turn as the treated water overflows. After the boiler is filled as shown by an overflow from the highest vent, crack each lower vent in turn to ensure that there are no trapped air pockets.

3.4 Maintain positive pressure on each boiler, not to exceed 150 PSIG, using a head tank, or shore steam in accordance with Paragraph 220-1.1 of 2.1.

3.5 Determine the carbohydrazide concentration on the day each boiler is placed under lay-up and weekly thereafter.

3.5.1 Draw a sample through the boiler water sample line after allowing the boiler water to flow for 5 minutes to flush the line. Rinse the sample bottle with boiler water sample prior to filling. Allow the sample bottle to overflow before capping the bottle to eliminate trapped air.

3.5.1.1 Determine the carbohydrazide concentration immediately after sampling.

3.5.1.2 If the carbohydrazide concentration falls below 2.0 ppm, the layup is lost and the boiler shall be dumped and retreated or changed to an authorized layup.

3.6 Drain the superheater and bring each boiler to operating level. Dispose of removed solution in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

3.6.1 Do not drain the solution to the bilge.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | : O/ | 00 |)9-57 |
|--------|------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Reduction Gear Security; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 S9086-H7-STM-010/CH-262, Lubricating Oils, Greases, Specialty Lubricants, and Lubrication Systems
- 2.3 S9086-HK-STM-010/CH-241, Propulsion Reduction Gears, Couplings, Clutches, and Associated Components

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of Paragraphs 262-3.5.6 and 262-3.5.7 of 2.2 to prevent entry of foreign matter into the lube oil system during work accomplished by the Work Item.

3.1.1 Notify the ship's Engineering Officer via the SUPERVISOR before opening and closing each main reduction gear or main reduction gear attached components.

3.1.2 Accomplish the requirements of Paragraph 241-3.5.2 of 2.3 to prevent rust/moisture damage to components when the reduction gear is going to remain inoperative in excess of 2 weeks.

 $3.2\,$ Remove and dispose of system fluids to accomplish the requirements of the Work Item.

3.3 Provide and install temporary machinery protection in accordance with Paragraph 241-6.1.1.m of 2.3 and the following requirements:

3.3.1 Establish a limited access area and the physical boundary of the security control area.

3.3.2 The security control area shall be established prior to and maintained during the time an access to the reduction gears (including the main reduction gear [MRG] case, MRG sump, lube oil [LO] lines which terminate in the MRG, or LO cooler) is opened.

(V)(G) "INSPECTION/APPROVAL OF SECURITY CONTROL AREA"

3.3.3 Notify the SUPERVISOR prior to opening any clean system or component within the area. The SUPERVISOR shall inspect and approve the security control area prior to start of work.

3.3.4 Maintain on site Accountability Logs, Attachments A and B, of all tools, equipment, and personnel entering and leaving the security control area to verify adherence to the requirements set forth in 3.7 and 3.8.

3.3.4.1 Inspect the log at the beginning and end of each shift to ensure that it describes the equipment and tools within the security control area.

3.3.4.2 Use Attachment A to log all tools, equipment, and personnel.

3.3.4.3 Use Attachment B for shift turnover verification.

3.3.5 Post warning signs at the entry points to the security control area and limited access area to maintain control of the area and inform personnel that the reduction gear is open.

3.3.5.1 Set up Limited Access Area with rope/line and signs to restrict unnecessary traffic.

3.3.6 Provide 24-hour continuous on-site surveillance by contractor personnel in the area as long as the reduction gear is exposed.

3.3.6.1 Policing of limited access area shall be routine while gear is exposed or systems which flow into the MRG are open (e.g., propulsion lube oil [PLO] system, dehumidifier, vent fog precipitator [VFP]).

3.4 Observe Ship's Force security control/accountability measures.

3.5 Provide reduction gear security in accordance with Paragraph 241-4.2 of 2.3 during periods that require the gear train to be exposed from access openings where direct or indirect paths to gearing will result.

3.5.1 Notify the ship's Engineering Officer or designated representative prior to disassembly and removal of the following gear casing components:

3.5.1.1 Hinged, pinned, or bolted gear casing covers, inspection ports, and plates

\$3.5.1.2\$ Sight flow indicators, gear mesh spray nozzles, thermometers, and associated fittings

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3.5.1.3 Oil supply and return piping, vent lines, fittings, and plugs.

3.5.2 The ship's Engineering Officer or designated representative shall be present at all times when external connections are attached to the reduction gear casing, oil sump, and oil piping.

3.5.3 The surrounding limited access area shall be secured and policed to remove overhead or local dirt, loose objects, or any potential security violating objects prior to and during gear exposure.

(V) (G) "PRE-OPENING CLEANLINESS"

3.5.4 Prior to opening casing, ensure no foreign material exists on adjacent surfaces that could contaminate the internal areas upon lifting casing covers, piping, and associated equipment.

3.5.5 Construct a temporary cover over openings of the gear train, in addition to the required limited access area controls, if it becomes necessary to stop work with the casing/covers removed.

3.6 Protective coverings:

3.6.1 When repairs require the removal of main bolted cover plates, assemble an enclosure made from Herculite or canvas covering conforming to A-A-55308 over the top of the reduction gear housing, lashing the bottom of the enclosure to the deck structure or piping at deck level.

3.6.1.1 Snaps, staples, or similar shall not be used on enclosure. Utilize heavy duty zippers and Velcro hook-pile. Secure all grommets attached to enclosure with line or lanyard to prevent loss of grommets.

 $3.6.1.2\,$ Lash the top edge of the enclosure to overhead structural members to form a work area over and around the reduction gear casing.

3.6.1.3 Lace the top flaps to the sides. The top shall utilize a center joint if lifting gear is utilized. Unlace center joint when utilizing lifting gear.

3.6.1.4 Lace all but one of the corners to each other, utilizing stiffeners, to form a secure work area. The unlaced corner shall be used for a security door constructed to be capable of being secured. Stencil "CONTROLLED AREA - AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY" on the sides and top of the enclosure or install signs at enclosure boundaries.

3.6.2 When repairs do not require removal of main bolted cover plates, protect planned open and accessible areas of the reduction gear by assembling an enclosure made from Herculite or canvas covering conforming to A-A-55308.

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3.6.2.1 Submit one legible drawing or sketch of proposed enclosure(s) to the SUPERVISOR 5 days prior to entering the reduction gear. Drawing shall include enclosure access for installation of lifting gear (if required).

3.6.2.2 Snaps, staples, or similar shall not be used on enclosure. Utilize heavy duty zippers and Velcro hook-pile. Secure all grommets attached to enclosure with line or lanyard to prevent loss of grommets.

3.6.2.3 Stencil "CONTROLLED AREA - AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY" on the sides and top of the enclosure or install signs at enclosure boundaries.

3.7 Prepare an Accountability Log, Attachment A and B, immediately after limited access area has been approved by the SUPERVISOR, but prior to opening an access. Maintain the Accountability Log while reduction gears and attached components are open.

3.7.1 Station a Control Watch at the enclosure door/flap and maintain Attachment A for all material and hardware which is small enough to fit inside access opening.

3.7.2 The Control Watch shall record the date and time in the appropriate block on Attachment B each time accountability is started or stopped, and each time access is opened or closed. Any time the log is turned over to another Control Watch, both the outgoing and incoming Control Watches shall sign Attachment B to document that all items are accounted for.

3.7.3 Any material permanently or temporarily installed shall be noted as such in the remarks column on Attachment A.

3.8 Inspection equipment, tools, and personnel clothing shall be captured, secured, and accounted for to preclude introduction of foreign matter into the reduction gear.

3.8.1 Acceptable methods of capturing are:

- 3.8.1.1 Drilling and lockwiring
- 3.8.1.2 Tackwelding or silver brazing
- 3.8.1.3 Using nylock-type locking devices
- 3.8.1.4 Upsetting or staking threads
- 3.8.1.5 Attaching a lanyard
- 3.8.1.6 Taping with duct tape

3.8.2 All personnel working in or around an open gear casing shall have all eye glasses, buttons, zippers, and other loose items on their clothing properly taped to prevent them from breaking loose and falling into the gear casing. All jewelry, pens, change, metal objects, loose items, etc., shall be removed from the person and clothing pockets prior to entering area.

3.9 Notify the SUPERVISOR in all matters involving foreign material retrieval from the reduction gear. Report all incidents breaching reduction gear security to the ship's Engineering Officer or Engineering Duty Officer via the SUPERVISOR.

(V) (G) "INSPECTION PRIOR TO CLOSURE"

3.10 Accomplish a visual inspection of the exposed reduction gear and associated components prior to each closing (daily and final). Ensure no foreign matter has entered or remains within the reduction gear and/or components. Inspect each ledges, including the underside of ledges, pockets, gear teeth, and bearing journals and caps, using mirrors, periscopes, and borescopes.

3.10.1 The inspection shall be made jointly with the SUPERVISOR and the ship's Engineering Officer or designated representative.

3.10.2 Prior to each closing verify that all tools and equipment listed on Attachments A and B have been either logged out satisfactorily or are annotated as installed, permanently or temporarily, in the remarks column.

3.10.2.1 Accountability shall stop when the access is closed.

3.10.3 Attachments A and B shall be available for review by the SUPERVISOR at time of final closure.

3.10.3.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Attachments A and B to the SUPERVISOR within 2 days of final closure.

3.11 Disassemble and remove the enclosure and limited area boundary when directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.12 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3).

4. NOTES:

4.1 In support of emergency inspections, limited inspections or minor repairs to the propulsion reduction gear, the requirements for a security control area may be omitted at the discretion of the SUPERVISOR with the concurrence of the ship's Engineering Officer. If the security control area

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is precluded during these special circumstances, the security of the reduction gear shall be maintained.

 $\ensuremath{4.1.1}$ The requirements for contractor accountability cannot be waived.

4.2 Definitions of terms used are:

4.2.1 Clean Work Area: An area requiring a cleanliness/ accountability level at least equal to that required for in-shop repair of similar equipment to permit the easy recovery of any dropped tools, material, etc. This area shall be free of excess moisture and contaminants, i.e., abrasive materials resulting from blasting, grinding, or other particle generating processes. Areas where this condition would apply are inspection and/or access covers removed or open.

4.2.2 Security Control Area: An area or enclosure that provides a physical boundary around access opening (Herculite) which will preclude the inadvertent introduction of any uncontrolled personnel, tools, equipment or foreign material. This area shall always meet the requirements of a Clean Work Area and can be upgraded to a Limited Access/Exclusion Area. A Controlled Area shall always require Physical Separation.

4.2.3 Full Enclosure: An enclosure that has all edges (sides, top, and bottom) secured with cabling that is woven through grommets and secured to stanchions, foundations, deck grating, etc. The enclosure will be considered adequately secured if a person cannot enter through any opening other than the designed entry accesses.

4.2.4 Limited Access Area: An area requiring the maximum level of concern and accountability for personnel and material. During this condition a Full Enclosure is required. This type of area isolation is required where the recovery of dropped or broken material would be difficult and/or requires extensive rework of the task in progress. The Full Enclosure shall be locked when unattended by production and during the unattended time keys shall be controlled by the Ship's Engineering Office. An area established outside the security control area to limit the personnel allowed to enter the reduction gear area and is intended to prevent unnecessary traffic.

4.2.5 Accountability: The method used to maintain foreign material exclusion from reduction gears by keeping a formal record (accountability log) of all materials, including tools and hardware that may pass through access opening.

4.3 If cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces of 3.12 are required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

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ATTACHMENT A ACCOUNTABILITY LOG

SHEET OF

| SHIP/HULL | SPEC. ITEM | SYSTEM-LOCATION |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|
| | | |

| | | Entered Area (Note 1) | | | Exited Area (Note 2) | | | |
|------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------|----------------------|-----------|--------|------------------|
| | | Qty of Item | | | Qty of Item | | | |
| Item | Personnel Name/Item | (N/A for | | CTRL | (N/A for | | CTRL | |
| No. | Description | Personnel) | Date/Time | Watch* | Personnel) | Date/Time | Watch* | Remarks (Note 3) |
| | | | | | | | | |
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* The person designated to sign for an action verifies, based on personal observation, and certifies by their signature that the action has actually been performed in accordance with the specified requirements.

Note 1: Verify personnel and material entering area meet the requirements of 3.8

Note 2: Existing material removed shall be documented with "Entered Area" marked "N/A".

Note 3: Record if item is temporarily or permanently installed in system per para 3.7.3. Include additional remarks as required for clarification.

ATTACHMENT B ACCOUNTABILITY LOG (WATCH TURNOVER VERIFICATION)

SHIP/HULL SPEC. ITEM SYSTEM-LOCATION Logged items remaining within the exposed location at the change of watch shall be verified present by the in-coming and out-going control watches. This verification shall be accomplished by physically checking the area and confirming those items required to be logged. Both the outgoing and incoming watches shall sign the watch turnover verification to certify that the remaining items have been physically verified, no unnecessary items are left in accountability area, containments are satisfactory, and area is cleaned.

| | | | Date/Time | Date/Time | Logged items of verified at wa | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Ctrl Watch | Date/Time | Date/Time | System | System | Off Going watch | On Coming watch | |
| Name | Started | Stopped | Open | Closed | signature* | signature* | Remarks |
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THIS LOG IS CLOSED. ALL ITEMS ARE ACCOUNTED FOR AS INDICATED.

Inspector**_____ Date/Time_____ Supervisor**_____ Date/Time_____

* The person designated to sign for an action verifies, based on personal observation, and certifies by their signature that the action has actually been performed in accordance with the specified requirements.

** The person designated to sign for an action verifies, based on personal observation or certified records, and certifies by their signature that the action has been performed in accordance with the specified requirements.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-58 |
|-----------|-------------|
| DATE: | 01 SEP 2015 |
| CATEGORY: | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Pump and Driver Shaft Alignment; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S6226-JX-MMA-010, Instruction Manual for the Indicator Reverse Method of Pump Shaft Alignment

2.2 803-6397419, Standard Machinery Shim Kits

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Measure pump and driver shaft alignment using the indicator reverse method and the mathematical equations or graphs or alignment computer or laser based measuring instruments in accordance with 2.1.

3.1.1 Determine soft foot and correct in accordance with Section 2-2, 2-6.5.13 or 2-6.6.18 of 2.1. Shims shall be in accordance with 2.2.

(V) "INSPECT PIPING ALIGNMENT PRIOR TO REMOVAL"

3.2 Inspect piping alignment in accordance with Section 2-3 of 2.1 prior to removal.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) (G) "INSPECT PIPING ALIGNMENT AT INSTALLATION"

3.3 Inspect piping alignment in accordance with Section 2-3 of 2.1 at installation.

3.3.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Measure indicator sag in accordance with Section 2-4 of 2.1.

(V)(G) "COLD ALIGNMENT" (See 4.4)

3.5 Align each shaft to the offset and angular alignments in accordance with the cold alignment settings invoked in the Work Item (see 4.1). Cold alignments for horizontally mounted machinery shall be accomplished in accordance with Chapter 2, Sections 2-1 through 2-7 of 2.1, and vertically mounted machinery shall be in accordance with Chapter 5, Sections 5-1 through 5-3 of 2.1. Pumps/motors with magnetic couplings shall be aligned in accordance with 2.1.

3.5.1 If hot alignment is not required, complete cold final alignment verification. Accomplish a final alignment check of pump with dowels installed.

3.5.1.1 Fit and install new chocks and shims conforming to ASTM A 240 to accomplish alignment. Shims shall be in accordance with 2.2.

3.5.1.2 Drill and ream foundations. Fit and install new SAE-AMS-QQ-S-763, Grade 304, dowels in each unit to retain final satisfactory unit alignment in accordance with Section 2-8 of 2.1.

3.5.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a completed alignment data collection form (Page 7-2 of 2.1) (see 4.5) for the results of the requirements of 3.5 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.6 Align shafts so that offset and angular alignments are acceptable when the unit is hot. Acceptable alignment tolerances shall be based on the rated speed of the pump and the alignment tolerance listed in Table 1-1 of 2.1 (see 4.2). Hot alignments for horizontally mounted turbine-driven machinery shall be accomplished in accordance with Chapter 2, Section 2-1 through 2-8 of 2.1. Hot alignment is not required for vertically mounted machinery unless specified in the unit's technical manual. Hot alignment is not required for horizontally mounted, motor-driven machinery. Accomplish hot alignment check only on units when the cold alignment has been compensated for thermal growth. (Hot alignment readings must be taken within 30 minutes of shutting down unit).

3.6.1 Fit and install new chocks and shims conforming to ASTM A 240 to accomplish alignment. Shims shall be in accordance with 2.2.

3.6.2 Drill and ream foundations. Fit and install new SAE-AMS-QQ-S-763, Grade 304, dowels in each unit to retain final satisfactory unit alignment in accordance with Section 2-8 of 2.1.

(V) (G) "FINAL HOT ALIGNMENT"

3.7 Accomplish a final hot alignment check of pump in accordance with 2.1 with dowels installed.

3.7.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.7 to the SUPERVISOR. The report shall include the following:

3.7.1.1 Ship's name and hull number3.7.1.2 Contractor and subcontractor3.7.1.3 Job Order and Work Item number3.7.1.4 Identity of pump aligned

3.7.1.5 Completed alignment data collection form (Page 7-2 of 2.1) (see 4.5) for final hot alignment condition.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Reference that contains the cold setting alignment will be identified in the invoking Work Item.

4.2~ Hot alignment criteria if different from zero will be identified in the invoking Work Item.

 $4.3\,$ Turbine driven unit must be run a minimum of 2 hours to achieve operating temperature.

4.4 (V)(G) is invoked only when hot alignment is not required.

4.5 If utilizing laser based measuring instruments, a completed results printout may be utilized in lieu of Page 7-2 of 2.1.

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| ITEM NO: | 009- | -59 |
|----------|------|------|
| DATE: 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Organotin Antifouling Material; control

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-VD-STM-010/CH-631, Preservation of Ships in Service

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish work associated with application, removal, or disturbance of organotin materials in accordance with 2.1, using this item for control, clean-up, safety precautions, and environmental practices.

3.1.1 Apply and dispose of organotin material in accordance with federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations.

3.1.2 Personnel with occupational exposure to organotin shall be in the medical monitoring program.

3.1.3 Safety and environmental protection shall include total encapsulation of the work site.

3.1.3.1 Blank ship intake ventilators and close hatches within the work site enclosure to prevent entry of paint, blasting particles, or vapors into the ship. Take precautions to prevent circulation of paint mists and vapors throughout the interior of the ship.

3.1.3.2 Remove all unnecessary equipment from the containment.

3.1.4 Accomplish the following clean-up at the completion of the painting or blasting operation:

3.1.4.1 Sweep (in a wet state) or vacuum all dry dock and equipment surfaces after painting or blasting.

3.1.4.2 Clean up accidental spills immediately.

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3.1.4.3 Decontaminate keel blocks, staging, planks, suspended platforms, dry dock, or equipment surfaces contaminated with organotin paint prior to reuse.

3.1.5 Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) for personnel as follows:

3.1.5.1 Organotin workers shall wear protective impervious clothing, including gloves, aprons, suits, hoods, and boots when needed to prevent skin contact.

3.1.5.2 Abrasive blasting operators, in addition to their regular protective clothing, shall wear rubber boots and impervious coveralls as outer garments. All openings shall be taped.

3.1.5.3 Blasters/blasting support personnel (personnel within the work area containment) shall use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand mode, or a combination supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and an auxiliary self-contained air supply operated in pressure-demand mode.

3.1.5.4 Protective equipment shall be cleaned before/after use.

3.1.5.5 Personnel handling potentially contaminated items shall wear rubber gloves and disposable coveralls.

3.1.5.6 Where small areas of paint removal are required, a small containment shall be set up around the area. Paint removal other than blasting shall be used to remove paint a minimum of 6 inches on either side of repair.

3.1.6 Provide training for all personnel involved in the application, removal, disturbance, or disposal of organotin and support personnel. Training shall be documented.

3.1.6.1 Training shall include the hazards, physical symptoms, appropriate emergency procedures, and proper conditions and precautions for the safe handling or use of organotin to workers in areas where exposure may occur. Additionally, training shall include the use of PPE and shall ensure that personnel have a knowledge of job hazards, proper maintenance, clean up methods, and respirator usage.

3.1.7 As a minimum, the following safety and health precautions shall be enforced:

3.1.7.1 No eating, drinking, or smoking in work areas.

3.1.7.2 Protective clothing must be worn.

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ITEM NO: 009-59 FY-18 3.1.7.3 Avoid inhaling vapor, dust, mist, or fumes.

3.1.7.4 Avoid direct contact of paint with skin.

3.1.7.5 Avoid eye and skin contact with mist or spray.

3.1.7.6 After working with organotin and immediately upon removal of protective clothing, personnel must shower using soap and water unless otherwise informed.

3.1.7.7 Avoid contact between hands and mouth if hands have been exposed to the material.

3.1.8 Post the exposure zone whenever organotin work is in progress.

3.1.8.1 During the application, removal or disturbance of organotin, a sign must be posted at each entrance to the work area and at each entrance to the dry dock reading: ANTI-FOULING PAINT CONTAINING ORGANOTIN BEING APPLIED OR REMOVED.

3.1.8.2 Work areas shall be posted with signs stating PPE requirements.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

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NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-60 | | |
|----------|--------|------|--|
| DATE: 01 | SEP | 2015 | |
| CATEGORY | : | I | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Schedule and Associated Reports for Availabilities Over 9 Weeks in Duration; provide and manage

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 S9AAO-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Develop one legible copy in Gantt Chart format of an Integrated Production Schedule (IPS) that reflects the manner in which the availability will be accomplished in accordance with the following requirements:

3.1.1 Include Key Events, Milestones, tests, and work being accomplished by Alteration Installation Teams (AITs), Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, Ship's Force (S/F), Commercial Industrial Services (CISs), and Fleet Maintenance Activities (FMAs).

3.1.1.1 Alteration (ALT) numbers, Job Sequence Numbers (JSNs), and Task Order numbers (TOs) are considered equivalent to the contractor's Work Specification Work Items for the purposes of scheduling the work of these third-party organizations in accordance with this Standard Item.

3.1.1.2 The term Work Item is inclusive of these additional methods of identifying a body of work.

3.1.2 Schedule each Work Item to the Work Activity level, listing the planned start and planned completion dates, and durations for each Work Activity.

3.1.2.1 Assign each Work Activity with the appropriate predecessor and successor relationships within the contractor's scheduling software that establish the logic relationship between schedule Work Activities. An individual Work Activity may have more than one predecessor and more than one successor.

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3.1.2.2 Assign appropriate predecessor relationships to each Key Event and Milestone(s) to ensure there is an accurate logical progression through all work activities leading to their assigned Key Event and Milestone(s), and ensure the IPS supports accurate prediction of Key Event and Milestone(s) attainment.

3.1.2.3 Schedule all Stage 3 through Stage 6 required tests as Work Activities by Work Item. Include the predecessor/successor relationships between tests, the production work, and system restoration required to manage work-to-test progression. Test Stages are defined in Section 092 of 2.2.

3.1.3 Schedule production work final inspections and testing for work that has to be completed prior to pre-flood/undocking and which generates technical data requiring Government review to complete no later than four days prior to the scheduled undocking (when applicable) or provide a technical justification for not meeting this requirement.

3.1.4 Develop the Schedule of Record (SOR), a revised IPS at the start of the availability (A-O day) that includes refined sequencing and completeness as a result of completed subcontracting actions, incorporation of additional Government Furnished Information (GFI), or any contract modifications increasing the scope of work between contract/delivery Order award and availability start. Work activities should be scheduled such that no portion of a Work Activity's effort exceeds the dates of its assigned Key Event or Milestone(s).

3.1.5 Identify the amount of total float available on each Work Item Work Activity. Activity schedules should be based on a 5-day workweek unless otherwise specified. Manpower resource allocations shall support accomplishment of the availability on a 5-day workweek basis.

3.1.6 Revise Weekly IPS at the Work Activity level to include additions, deletions, modifications, actual start and finish dates, progress, and completions. Progress shall be based on degree of completion of physical work or accomplishment of the Work Activity.

3.1.6.1 Reassign Milestone and Key Event relationships for incomplete Work Activities when the associated Milestone or Key Event has passed and the Work Activity was authorized as an exception.

3.1.6.2 Activities that fall outside their assigned Key Event or Milestone shall be identified and a mitigation plan shall be developed.

3.1.7 Include the following minimum data elements for each Work Activity in the schedule, as appropriate. Elements listed in Table 1 are not required to be displayed in ADOBE PDF views of submitted IPS unless otherwise directed in this Standard Item.

| Table 1 | | | | |
|----------|------|----------|-----|--------------|
| Activity | Data | Elements | and | Descriptions |

| Data Element | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| Work Item Number (as | 4-E specification Work Item number |
| appropriate) | |
| Work Activity Identifier | Numerical designator identifying the Work Activity |
| _ | within the Work Breakdown Structure |
| Title | Descriptive title of Work Item and Work Activity |
| ICN (as appropriate) | Industrial Control Number (ICN): AIM/PSS system |
| | identifier for naval shipyard and FMA work |
| Key Event | Key Event applicable to the Work Activity (See 4.5) |
| Milestone (as | Milestone applicable to the Work Activity |
| appropriate) | |
| System | System(s) affected (See 4.6) |
| Component (as | Component Unit (For example: tank, valve, motor, |
| appropriate) | pump) |
| Location | Work location/compartment number (See 4.7) |
| Executing Activity | ID specific organization: Prime KTR, Sub-KTR, FMA, |
| | SMMO, AIT, or OSIC |
| Superintendent or Zone | Responsible Contractor Superintendent or Zone |
| Manager | Manager |
| Planned Start | The start date identified on the current baseline IPS |
| Planned Finish | The finish date identified on the current baseline IPS |
| Early Start | Software determined date (See 4.1.13) |
| Early Finish | Software determined date (See 4.1.14) |
| Late Start | Software determined date (See 4.1.15) |
| Late Finish | Software determined date (See 4.1.16) |
| Actual Start | Actual date for the Work Activity's start |
| Actual Finish | Actual date for the Work Activity's finish |
| Percent Complete | Degree of completion based on the Work Activity's |
| | work scope and degree of accomplishment |
| Duration | The total number of work periods required to |
| | complete a Work Activity. |
| Calendar Identification | Number of scheduled workdays per week |
| Total Float | The amount of time a Work Activity can be delayed |
| | without affecting the project finish date |

3.1.8 Develop an export of the IPS data elements in a sortable/filterable spreadsheet format compatible with Microsoft Excel.

3.2 Display the IPS in a time-oriented Gantt chart format that shows Critical Path and Controlling Work Items at the Work Activity level and assigned Key Events and/or Milestones.

 $3.2.1\,$ Revise the Gantt Chart weekly in conjunction with the weekly IPS revisions of 3.1.6.

3.3 Develop a Critical Path Network in Precedence Diagram Method (PDM) format that displays the Critical Path of the availability and the Controlling Work Items with associated Key Events and Milestones. Display Critical Path and Controlling Work Items at the Work Activity level to provide visual representation of the logic relationships between displayed Work Activities.

3.3.1 The network or any sub-network thereof may be continued on additional pages.

3.3.2 Label each Work Item, Work Activity, Milestone, and Key Event of the network with the Work Activity Identifier and title.

 $3.3.3\,$ Revise the network weekly in conjunction with the weekly IPS revisions of 3.1.6.

3.4 Provide Key Event and Milestone listing.

3.4.1 Generate a listing of Key Event and Milestones, showing for each: Event Title, Original Schedule Date, Revised Schedule Date, and Actual Date of Accomplishment.

3.4.1.1 The revised schedule date and actual date of accomplishment shall be left blank on the initial submission and filled in to reflect actual conditions on subsequent submission of the listing.

3.4.1.2 Revise the Key Event and Milestone listing weekly to reflect up-to-date contract performance.

3.5 Provide manpower management information.

3.5.1 Develop a total manpower-loading curve showing proposed manning throughout the contract period calculated in average men-per-day. The curve shall indicate that portion of the total that is subcontractor provided.

3.5.2 Develop manpower curves showing proposed manning by trade throughout the contract period calculated in average men-per-day. The curves shall indicate that portion of the total that is subcontractor provided. The curve shall be incremented on a weekly progression.

3.5.3 Update the manpower curves of 3.5.1 and 3.5.2 weekly.

3.5.4 Develop a weekly manpower utilization report showing total mandays expended during the previous week, indicating that portion of the total that is subcontractor provided.

3.6 Provide a representative whose function is to coordinate and schedule AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, S/F, CIS, and FMA work with contractor work into the IPS.

3.6.1 The representative shall meet with the AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, S/F, CIS, and FMA between A-90 but no later than A-5 and then daily thereafter commencing on A-0 to compare and coordinate programmed AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Provider, S/F, CIS, and FMA work with the IPS.

3.6.2 Coordinate AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Provider, S/F, CIS, and FMA work integration into the IPS prior to setting the Schedule of Record (SOR). (See 4.1.21)

3.6.2.1 The representative shall develop a report identifying missing or incomplete schedule integration data for known participants in the availability when the SOR is submitted. Identification of missing or incomplete schedule integration data is required to highlight areas of elevated IPS uncertainty, but shall not be cause for delay in establishing the SoR nor the delivery of reports required under this Standard Item.

3.6.3 Incorporate updated progress from AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, S/F, CIS, FMA, and other maintenance providers into the IPS.

3.6.3.1 Provide a common template in Microsoft Excel compatible format to facilitate submission of progress updates of 3.6.3.

3.6.4 Identify, at the weekly progress meeting, schedule conflicts where programmed AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Provider, S/F, CIS, and FMA work interferes with previously scheduled contractor work.

3.6.5 Identify, at the weekly progress meeting, required AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Provider, S/F, CIS, and FMA prerequisite actions necessary to support contractor testing and equipment operation schedule.

3.7 Provide cognizant shipyard management representation to participate in the weekly progress meeting at the time and location agreed to by the SUPERVISOR. The representative(s) must be authorized to make management decisions relative to the routine requirements of the Job Order that, in good faith, commit the contractor. AIT Managers and/or On-Site Installation Coordinators (OSIC) shall participate and represent respective alteration teams in scheduled weekly progress meetings.

3.7.1 Develop a report listing for each Work Item of the Job Order, the Work Item number, Work Item title, scheduled start date, scheduled completion date, actual start date, and the percentage complete. The report shall address changes to the Key Events and Milestones list and major problems of Work Items, to include negative float, and proposed corrective action. The report shall reflect the addition, deletion, or modification of Work Items. Completed Work Items need not be addressed.

3.8 Participate in review conferences at the 25, 50, and 75 percent points in the availability. Data from the most recent submission in

ITEM NO: 009-60 FY-18 accordance with 3.7.1 will be used at the review conferences. Review conferences will be held within two days of the Weekly progress Meeting of 3.7 or, subject to SUPERVISOR approval, may be held simultaneously with the Weekly Progress Meeting. The conferences will be scheduled at a time and place mutually agreeable to all parties. The contractor shall:

3.8.1 Be prepared to discuss planned production manning versus actual production manning by total, trades, and subcontractors.

3.8.2 Identify known factors that may affect Key Events, Milestones and the contract completion. Provide recommended courses of action to resolve problem areas.

3.8.3 Provide the SUPERVISOR with the status of open and inspect reports and be prepared to discuss possible impact of growth work in these items at the 25 percent review conference.

3.8.4 Provide the SUPERVISOR with the following information for the 50 percent review conference:

3.8.4.1 A machinery reinstallation plan showing projected dates for installing the equipment on the foundation, hook-up of the equipment, and operational tests of the equipment.

 $$3.8.4.2\$ A value status list showing projected completion and reinstallation dates.

3.8.4.3 A list of items required for the next Key Event and Production Completion Date (PCD) that are not complete. Annotate those items on the list that may be in jeopardy of completing by the next Key Event and PCD.

3.8.5 Provide the SUPERVISOR with one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a test schedule for all planned underway equipment and system testing to the SUPERVISOR to support the 75 percent review conference.

3.9 Submit the following reports as listed in Adobe Acrobat (.pdf), Microsoft Excel (.xls), or Microsoft Word (.doc) compatible media as per Table 2 and Table 3:

Table 2 Deliverables

| ID Normh a m | Requirements | Title | Format | Due |
|-----------------|--------------|---|----------------|--------------|
| Number 3.9.1 | | Initial IPS | | Based on |
| 3.9.1 | 3.1 | -Gantt chart | *.pdf | contract |
| | 3.1.8 | -Spreadsheet | *.xls | |
| | 3.2 | -Critical Path (Gantt) | *.pdf | type as |
| | 3.3 | | _ | listed in |
| | | -Critical Path Network (PDM) | *.pdf *.doc | Table 3 |
| | 3.4 | -Key Events/Milestones | ^.doc | |
| 3.9.2 | | Schedule of Record | | A-0 |
| | 3.1.4 | -Gantt chart | *.pdf | |
| | 3.1.8 | -Spreadsheet | *.xls | |
| | 3.2 | -Critical Path (Gantt) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.3 | -Critical Path Network (PDM) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.4 | -Key Events/Milestones | *.doc | |
| | 3.5.1 | - | | |
| | | -Manpower Curves (Total) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.5.2 | -Manpower Curves (Trades) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.6.2.1 | -Incomplete GFI | *.doc | |
| 3.9.3 | | Weekly IPS | | Weekly after |
| | 3.1.8 | -Spreadsheet | *.xls | A-0 |
| | 3.2.1 | -Critical Path (Gantt) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.3.3 | -Critical Path Network (PDM) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.4 | -Key Events/Milestones | *.doc | |
| | 3.5.3 | -Manpower Curves (Total/Trades) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.5.4 | -Manpower Utilization Report | *.pdf | |
| | 3.6.2.1 | -Incomplete GFI | *.doc | |
| | 3.7.1 | -Weekly Meeting Report | *.doc | |
| | 5.7.1 | -weekly Meeting Kepolt | | |
| 3.9.4 | | 25 Percent Conference Support | | 3 days prior |
| | 3.1.6 | -Gantt Chart | *.pdf | to meeting |
| | | (Most recent Revised Weekly | | |
| | | IPS) | | |
| 3.9.5 | | 50 Democrat Conference Oversit | | 2 dave and |
| 5.9.5 | 210 | 50 Percent Conference Support -Gantt Chart | * adf | 3 days prior |
| | 3.1.6 | | *.pdf | to meeting |
| | | (Most recent Revised Weekly | * | |
| | | IPS) | *.pdf | |
| | 3.8.4.1 | -Machinery Reinstallation Plan | *.xls | |
| | 3.8.4.2 | -Valve Listing | *.xls | |
| | 3.8.4.3 | -Incomplete PCD Listing | | |
| 3.9.6 | | 75 Percent Conference Support | | 3 days prior |
| | 3.1.6 | -Gantt Chart | *.pdf | to meeting |
| | | (Most recent Revised Weekly | - T | |
| | | IPS) | *.doc | |
| | 3.8.5 | -Underway test schedule | | |
| | 5.0.5 | onderway cese senedare | | |

Table 3 Initial IPS Schedule Submission Requirements

| Firm Fixed Price Type Contract | Cost Plus Type Contract |
|---|------------------------------------|
| No Later Than (NLT) 15 days after award (Availabilities 64 - 90 days) | NLT A-30 Days(Surface Ships) |
| NLT 30 days after award (Availabilities greater than 90 days) | NLT A-60 Days(CVNs and Submarines) |

4. NOTES:

4.1 Definitions.

4.1.1 Industrial Testing: Conducted by using stages of testing for the progressive validation of the proper installation and performance of equipment and systems. These stages are:

Stage 1: Material Receipt Inspection/Shop Tests
Stage 2: Shipboard Installation Inspection & Tests
Stage 3: Equipment Level Operational Tests
Stage 4: Intrasystem Tests
Stage 5: Intersystem Tests
Stage 6: Special Tests
Stage 7: Dock Trials/Sea Trials

4.1.2 Integrated Production Schedule (IPS): A schedule used by the contractor as a means of planning, tracking, coordinating and de-conflicting work during the availability. It incorporates all work planned for accomplishment during the maintenance availability including; Alteration Installation Team (AIT), Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, Ship's Force, Commercial Industrial Services (CIS), and Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA) work.

4.1.3 Work Activity: A portion of an individual Work Item, which is a logical subdivision of the Work Item, representing a manageable unit of work which must be accomplished at a specific period of time in relation to other Activities of the Job Order.

4.1.4 Duration: The total number of work periods (not including holidays or other nonworking periods) required to complete a scheduled Work Activity.

4.1.5 Key Event: An event that, if slippage occurs, could impact or delay the overall schedule, or prevent timely delivery of the vessel. Key Events are identified by the contract, the SUPERVISOR, or the contractor.

4.1.6 Milestone: A significant event identified by the Maintenance Team. Milestones are used as a scheduling aid and establish significant points where progress must be evaluated and confirmed. Accumulated failure to achieve Milestones on schedule may result in missed Key Events. Milestones may be identified by either the contractor or the SUPERVISOR.

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4.1.7 Critical Path: That sequence of Work Activities which forms the work and test chain of the longest duration, and directly affects the completion of the availability. Factors that influence when a Work Activity is on the Critical Path include: time duration required for the Work Activity, space limitations, manpower available, and the predecessor/successor relationships between Work Activities. Typically, the Critical Path is determined by automated schedule analysis and will include any sequential set of Work Activities forming the longest chain of events extending throughout the schedule and which has the least Total Float.

4.1.8 Controlling Work Items: Those Work Items which include activities that are on the critical path of the IPS, which, by virtue of scope, material requirements, complexity, or other considerations, have the significant potential for impact on the scheduled project Key Events or completion of the availability.

4.1.9 Total Float: The total number of days that a path of Work Activities can be delayed without affecting the project finish date. A path of Work Activities is established by predecessor and successor relationships.

4.1.10 Logic Relationship: Defines an interdependence between Work Activities. It is established by assigning predecessor and successor relationships to Work Activities using the functionality provided by project scheduling software. An individual Work Activity will frequently have more than one predecessor or more than one successor.

4.1.11 Network: A graphic display showing the planned sequence and interdependent relationship of Work Activities, Milestones, or Key Events within the Job Order.

4.1.12 Resource: Labor and non-labor demands required to complete a Work Activity. These may include personnel (trade skills), material, special tools, facilities, space, and equipment.

4.1.13 Early Start: The earliest point in time that a Work Activity may start based on the IPS network logic and any other schedule constraints. Early start dates may change as the availability progresses.

4.1.14 Early Finish: The earliest point in time that a Work Activity may be completed based on the IPS network logic and any schedule constraints. Early finish dates may change as the availability progresses.

4.1.15 Late Start: The latest point in time that a Work Activity may begin without delaying the applicable Milestone or Key Event based on the IPS network logic.

4.1.16 Late Finish: The latest point in time that a Work Activity may be completed without delaying the applicable Milestone or Key Event based on the IPS network logic.

4.1.17 Integration: The incorporation of all work (including testing and availability work certification) for all organizations involved in an availability.

4.1.18 Precedence Diagram Method (PDM): Used in Critical Path Method Project Management for building a project schedule network diagram using lines and nodes to show the logical relationship between schedule activities.

4.1.19 Gantt Chart: A graphic display of schedule-related information. Typically, schedule Work Activities or work breakdown structure components are listed down the left side of the chart, dates are shown across the top, and Work Activity durations are shown as date-placed horizontal bars.

4.1.20 Negative Float: The amount of time by which the early start or finish dates of a Work Activity exceeds its late start or ending dates. The quantity of float then indicates the amount of time that must be recovered in order to achieve an imposed date.

4.1.21 Schedule of Record: The official IPS at the start of the availability (A-O day) that includes refined sequencing and completeness as a result of completed subcontracting actions, incorporation of additional Government Furnished Information (GFI), or any contract modifications increasing the scope of work between contract/delivery Order award and availability start.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will provide, or direct provision, of the AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, S/F, CIS, and FMA availability data required for schedule integration in 3.1.1, 3.1.2.3, and progress/de-confliction in 3.6.

4.3 The IPS data element export required by 3.1.8 may be used to support the development of the Master Requirements List (MRL) and Event Readiness List (ERL) of 009-04 of 2.1 and/or locally invoked certification requirements.

4.4 When invoked, the following Standard Items interface with this Standard Item: 009-43, 009-67, and 009-81.

4.5 The following codes are provided as designators for Key Events within the IPS as directed in 3.1.7.

| Code | Description / Meaning |
|-------|---|
| ALO | Aegis Light-Off (Aegis-capable ships) |
| AC | Availability Complete |
| CSPCD | Combat Systems Production Completion Date (non-Aegis ships) |
| DT | Dock Trials |
| FC | Fast Cruise |
| UD | Undock/Flood Dock |
| PCD | Engineering Plant Production Completion Date (Propulsion/Aux) |
| ST | Sea Trials |
| | |

4.6 The following codes are provided as designators for specific ship systems when applied to Work Activities in the IPS as directed in 3.1.7. More than one designator may be used for a Work Activity. This list is not all-inclusive.

| ACE Aircraft Elevator ACF Air Conditioning Plant AG Arresting Gear ANT Antenna AUX Auxiliary Steam BIL Bilges CAT Catapults CHT Collecting, Holding and Transfer CHT Collecting, Holding and Transfer CMT Countermeasures Wash Down DECK Combaste CS Combat Systems CWA Countermeasures Wash Down DECK Any Decking Work DC Damage Control ENG Engineering MNFD Main Feed FDK Flight Deck FM Fire Main FO Fuel Oil HAB Habitability HDK Hangar Deck HPA High Pressure Air HULL Hull IC Internal Communication JP5 JP-5 Tanks/System LAG Lagging and Insulation LC Load Center LO Lube Oil MAG Magazine MSK Non-Skid PROF Propulsion System, including Controllable Pitch Propeller FW Potable Water SCAF Scaffolding Required SS Service Steam STRG Steering System STRG Steering Syste | Code | System |
|--|------|-------------|
| ACPAir Conditioning PlantAGArresting GearANTAntennaAUXAuxiliary SteamBILBilgesCATCatapultsCHTCollecting, Bolding and TransferCHWChiled WaterCOMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringNNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHBBHabitabilityHBLHangar DeckHFAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMain SteamNSKNon-SkidFROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerFWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWEWater HeatersWENSWeapons Elevator | | - |
| AGArresting GearANTAntennaAUXAuxiliary SteamBILBilgesCATCatapultsCHTCollecting, Holding and TransferCHWChilled WaterCOMCommunicationsCMACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDLLHullICInternal CommunicationJF5JF-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerFWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRELStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | - | |
| NTAntennaAUXAuxiliary SteamBILBilgesCATCatapultsCATCollecting, Holding and TransferCHWCollecting, Holding and TransferCMMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombarts SystemsCMACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringNNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENWeapons Elevator | | - |
| AUXAuxiliary SteamBILBilgesCATCatapultsCHTCollecting, Holding and TransferCHWChilled WaterCOMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFSaervice SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENWeapons | | - |
| BILBilgesCATCatapultsCATCollecting, Holding and TransferCHTCollecting, Holding and TransferCGWCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombast SystemsCMACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkCCDamage ControlENGEngineeringNNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHBHHabitabilityHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPMPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRESteering System <td></td> <td></td> | | |
| CATCatapultsCHTCollecting, Holding and TransferCHWChilled WaterCOMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPNPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRGSteering System | | - |
| CHTCollecting, Holding and TransferCHWChilled WaterCOMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMajazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerFWScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTREStuctural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersSWESea Water | | - |
| CHWChilled WaterCOMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCMACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHanga DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTREStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | |
| COMCommunicationsCNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | |
| CNDSCondensateCSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTREStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVECVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | |
| CSCombat SystemsCWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDECDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLod CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | |
| CWACountermeasures Wash DownDECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRGSteering SystemSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | |
| DECKAny Decking WorkDCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVECVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | - |
| DCDamage ControlENGEngineeringMNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerFWPatable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENWeapons ElevatorWFNSWeapons | | |
| ENGEngineeringMNPDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWENSWeapons | | |
| MNFDMain FeedFDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHAKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeaponsWENSWeapons | | - |
| FDKFlight DeckFMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| FMFire MainFOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| FOFuel OilHABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | - |
| HABHabitabilityHDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| HDKHangar DeckHPAHigh Pressure AirHULLHullICInternal CommunicationJP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
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| JP5JP-5 Tanks/SystemLAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterL0Lube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | - | |
| LAGLagging and InsulationLCLoad CenterL0Lube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| LCLoad CenterLOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWFNSWeapons | | |
| LOLube OilMAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| MAGMagazineMSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| MSMain SteamNSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | - | |
| NSKNon-SkidPROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | - |
| PROPPropulsion System, including Controllable Pitch PropellerPWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| PWPotable WaterSCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| SCAFScaffolding RequiredSSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | - | |
| SSService SteamSTRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| STRGSteering SystemSTRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| STRLStructural, GeneralSWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| SWSea WaterTISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| TISTemporary Industrial SystemsVENVents/VentilationVPCVertical Package ConveyorWHWater HeatersWELWeapons ElevatorWPNSWeapons | | |
| <pre>VEN Vents/Ventilation VPC Vertical Package Conveyor WH Water Heaters WEL Weapons Elevator WPNS Weapons</pre> | | |
| <pre>VPC Vertical Package Conveyor WH Water Heaters WEL Weapons Elevator WPNS Weapons</pre> | | |
| WH Water Heaters WEL Weapons Elevator WPNS Weapons | | |
| WEL Weapons Elevator WPNS Weapons | | |
| WPNS Weapons | | |
| - | | - |
| WW Waste Water | | - |
| | WW | waste water |

4.7 The following standard convention is used for identifying locations when applied to Work Activities in the IPS as directed in 3.1.7. The use of general terminology, such as "throughout ship", as a means of documenting location shall be minimized.

- Space/Compartment Number (i.e. 03-130-2-L, 6-81-0-E, etc.)
- Flight and Hangar Deck Locations: deck-frame-P or S (e.g. 04-190-S or 1-190-P)
- Weather Decks: closest deck-frame-P or S (e.g. 03-140-P-WEA)
- Span of Frames: deck-frame span-P or S (e.g. for flight deck frames 55 to 100 starboard side use 04-55/100-S)
- Masts: Use mast name (e.g. Main Mast, etc.)

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-61 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 JUL 2014 | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Shipboard Use of Fluorocarbons; control

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment

2.3 NFPA Standard 306, Standard for the Control of Gas Hazards on Vessels

2.4 40 CFR Part 82, Protection of Stratospheric Ozone, Subpart F

3. REQUIREMENTS:

 $3.1\,$ Accomplish work associated with the use of fluorocarbons aboard ship in accordance with this item.

3.2 Maintain at the work site a copy of the credentials of the Competent/Qualified Person who will monitor atmosphere, inspect and certify spaces are safe to enter, and who will supervise all activities.

3.2.1 A Qualified Person is defined as a National Fire Protection Association Certified Marine Chemist, an Industrial Hygienist, or a Competent Person as defined in 2.2 and trained in accordance with 009-07 of 2.1. These Qualified Persons shall be capable of specifying the necessary protection and precautions to be taken during fluorocarbon operations, as designated in 2.2 and 2.3.

3.3 Maintain a copy of a fluorocarbon control plan at the work site. The plan shall include the following information and shall be provided to the SUPERVISOR upon request:

3.3.1 Identification of hose/piping routes and steps to be taken to protect hoses along those routes

1 of 5

3.3.2 Type and location of warning signs

3.3.3 Type and location of portable ventilation required

3.3.4 Means of communication to be utilized

3.3.5 Type of hoses and material compatibility to fluorocarbons

3.3.6 Type of emergency breathing devices that are immediately accessible

3.3.7 Type and location of portable oxygen and halide monitoring detectors/alarms

3.3.8 Emergency evacuation and rescue procedures

3.3.9 Open flame and hot work controls

3.3.10 Results of preliminary tests, ensuring system integrity and absence of leakage

3.3.11 Provisions for periodic inspections that include adjacent spaces to ensure work area containment and work practices are effective

3.4 Submit written notification to the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative at least 4 hours, but not more than 24 hours prior to commencement, each time fluorocarbons are utilized aboard ship for any purpose. Identify the time, location, and purpose of each evolution. Notify the SUPERVISOR and designated ship's representative immediately prior to the actual start and upon completion of each evolution.

3.4.1 Deliver notification of work planned Tuesday through Friday to the Commanding Officer's designated representative at least 30 minutes and not more than 24 hours preceding start of work.

3.4.2 Deliver notification of work planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend to the Commanding Officer's designated representative no later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

(I) "INSPECT FLUOROCARBON EQUIPMENT"

3.5 A certified technician shall, as required by 2.3, pressure test the fluorocarbon charging and flushing handling equipment, i.e., hoses, piping, valves, fittings, and manifolds, using dry nitrogen with trace amounts of HCFC-22 compound at 150 percent of charging equipment working pressure within 30 days prior to use aboard ship. Hold test pressure for 15 minutes. Allowable leakage: None.

3.5.1 Attach a solid metal tag with the following to each piece of equipment passing test:

3.5.1.1 Name and address of testing facility

2 of 5

ITEM NO: 009-61 FY-18 3.5.1.2 Description of equipment

3.5.1.3 Date of test

3.5.1.4 Test pressure

(I) (G) "INSPECT WORK SITE AND PROCESS PRIOR TO FLUOROCARBON OPERATIONS"

3.6 Inspect work site to ensure the following prior to fluorocarbon operations:

3.6.1 Provide ventilation to maintain oxygen content above 19.5 percent and not greater than 22.0 percent by volume in spaces where fluorocarbon compounds are in use.

3.6.2 Establish and maintain telephone communication between the pumping station and the space involved when the fluorocarbon compound is being transferred by hose or pipe.

3.6.3 Ensure that all personnel in a space where fluorocarbon operations are being carried out have an emergency escape breathing device (EEBD) in their possession or in the immediate area so that they can quickly don the units in case of a leak.

3.6.3.1 Each person shall have received instruction and practice in the use of the particular EEBD to be used, prior to entering each space where fluorocarbon operations are being carried out.

3.6.4 Suspend hot work in spaces prior to hook-up, test, and disconnect operations in which fluorocarbon compounds are exposed to the atmosphere.

3.6.4.1 Hot work is permitted in spaces traversed by lines carrying fluorocarbon compounds provided the lines are clearly tagged and no hot work is attempted within 3 feet of a tagged line.

3.6.5 Provide a halide monitor with alarm or equivalent instrument to continuously monitor the atmosphere in spaces where fluorocarbon compounds are used. If the concentration of fluorocarbon compound in the space exceeds the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for the fluorocarbon compound (where the instrument is set to alarm), clear the space of personnel, notify Quarterdeck Watch immediately and the SUPERVISOR as soon as practical but not more than 30 minutes after the instrument alarms.

3.6.6 Post a caution sign in the area and at each entrance to the area.

3.6.6.1 The sign shall read: CAUTION: No open flames. Do not enter without testing the air for fluorocarbons.

3.6.6.2 The sign letters shall be at least one-inch high.

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ITEM NO: <u>009-61</u> FY-18 3.6.7 Provide a minimum of 2 people trained and familiar with the operation while a fluorocarbon compound is being used in quantities exceeding 10 pounds.

3.7 Accomplish preliminary pressure tests of charging/flushing equipment after connecting aboard ship each time equipment is used. Pressure shall equal 100 percent of charging/flushing equipment working pressure. Hold test pressure for 15 minutes. Allowable leakage: None.

3.7.1 Ensure charging equipment is isolated from equipment to be charged prior to test.

3.8 A certified technician shall, as required by 2.4, ensure that fluorocarbon gases are not vented to the interior of the ship or to the atmosphere when pressure is released from the system by utilizing reclaiming/recycling equipment tested and certified by an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approved laboratory or organization.

3.8.1 Collect CFCs and HFCs for either recycling back into the same system/piece of equipment from which the material was removed or recovering the CFCs for turn-in.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Following are examples of commonly used fluorocarbon compounds:

Trichlorofluoromethane, Freon 11, R-11 (CFC-11) Dichlorodifluoromethane, Freon 12, R-12 (CFC-12) Chlorotrifluoromethane, R-13 (also component of R-503) (CFC-13) Pentachlorofluoroethane (CFC-111) Tetrachlorodifluoroethane (CFC-112) 1,1,2 Trichloro-1,2,2 Trifluoroethane, Freon 113, Freon TF, Freon PCA, Genetron 113 (CFC-113) 1,2 Dichlorotetrafluotethane, R-114, Freon 114 (CFC-114) Chloropentafluoroethane, R-115 (also component of R-502) (CFC-115) Heptachlorofluoropropane (CFC-211) Hexachlorodifluoropropane (CFC-212) Pentachlorotrifluoropropane (CFC-213) Tetrachlorotetrafluoropropane (CFC-214) Trichloropentafluoropropane (CFC-215) Dichlorohexafluoropropane (CFC-216) Chloroheptafluoropropane (CFC-217) Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

 $4.2\,$ EEBD equipment for Government representatives will be provided by the Government.

4.3 ODS material must be procured as Government Furnished Material (GFM) from the DOD ODS Reserve. Notify the SUPERVISOR at least 14 days prior to anticipated usage.

4 of 5 ITEM NO: 009-61 FY-18 4.4 The following definitions are delineated by Navy policy:

4.4.1 Recover - To remove refrigerant in any condition from a system and store it in an external container without necessarily testing or processing it in any way.

4.4.2 Recycle - To reduce contaminants in used refrigerant by oil separation and single or multiple passes through devices such as replaceable core filter dryers that reduce moisture, acidity and particulate matter. The term usually applies to procedures implemented at the field job site or at a local service shop.

4.4.3 Reclaim - To reprocess refrigerant to new product specifications by means that may include distillation. Chemical analysis of the refrigerant is required to determine that appropriate product specifications are met. This usually implies the use of processes or procedures that are available only at refrigerant reprocessing or manufacturing facilities.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-62 | | |
|----------|-----|--------|------|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Boiler Handhole, Manhole Seat and Plate; inspect

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9221-C1-GTP-010, Main Propulsion Boilers; Repair and Overhaul

2.2 803-841216, Handhole Plates and Arch Bars for Boilers

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Remove each handhole and manhole plate from each header and drum of boiler. Each plate shall be identified and tagged as to respective boiler.

3.2 Wire brush clean to bare metal each handhole and manhole plate, stud, strongback, and fastener. Wire brush clean to bare metal each handhole and manhole gasket seating surface using a power driven wire cup brush. Ensure complete removal of rust and gasket material.

3.2.1 Wire brush clean to bare metal external surfaces in way of "B" and "C" measurement contact areas using a power-driven wire wheel or needle gun.

3.3 Visually inspect each gasket seating surface of handhole and manhole plates and the drum and header for erosion, corrosion, gouges, steam cuts, crack indications, excessive pitting, grooves, and any irregularities that may cause poor or leaky joints. Inspect external surfaces of headers in way of "B" and "C" measurement areas for erosion and corrosion. Inspect studs and nuts for deterioration and damaged and stripped threads.

3.3.1 Visually inspect, measure, and record the following handhole and manhole gasket seating surface criteria in accordance with Paragraph 5-8.2 of 2.1 and Attachment A.

3.3.1.1 Seat taper: Use template of flat stock and feeler gage to measure maximum taper around periphery of handhole and manhole seats.

3.3.1.2 Minimum wall thickness: Measure header wall thickness using a point micrometer at each side of the header cross sectional minor axis.

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ITEM NO: 009-62 FY-18 3.3.1.3 Minimum seat thickness: Measure header seat thickness with a flat-faced micrometer at the 4 points of the header cross sectional major and minor axis.

3.3.1.4 Handhole Plate Overlap: Measure maximum gap clearance between shoulder of the handhole plate and handhole with handhole plate located in the most extreme misaligned position. Subtract the measurement from the plate seat width to establish the amount of plate overlap. Handhole plates used for measurements shall conform to 2.2.

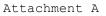
3.3.1.5 Manhole Plate Clearance: Measure clearance between shoulder of manhole plate and manhole at 8, 45-degree increments, with the manhole plate accurately centered.

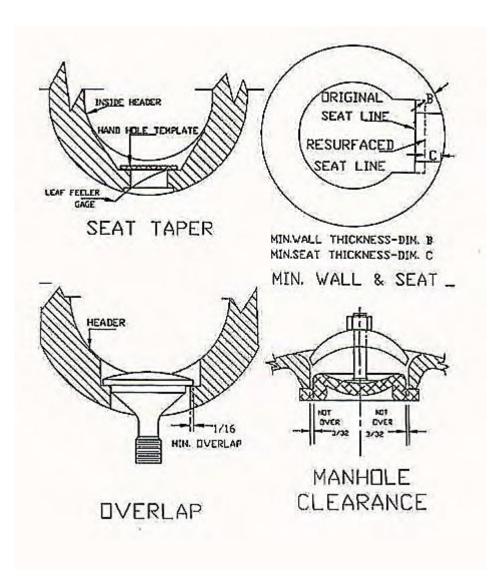
3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR. Report shall list each handhole and manhole seat which failed to meet the minimum allowable values listed in Appendices 5D, 5E, and 6C of 2.1.

3.5 Install each handhole and manhole plate, using new gaskets conforming to MIL-G-15342 and applicable boiler technical manual.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual will be listed in the invoking Work Item.





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FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-63 | | |
|----------|-----|--------|------|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Lubricating Oil and Hydraulic Fluid; analyze

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-H7-STM-010/CH-262, Lubricating Oils, Greases, Specialty Lubricants, and Lubrication Systems
- 2.2 S9086-S4-STM-010/CH-556, Hydraulic Equipment (Power Transmission and Control)
- 2.3 S9086-HB-STM-010/CH-233, Diesel Engines

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide samples (lubricant oil or hydraulic fluids) to a certified laboratory as listed in Table 262-4-2 of 2.1.

 $3.2\,$ Accomplish tests of each sample in accordance with the specified test methods of Attachment A or Attachment B.

 $\ensuremath{3.2.1}$ Test selections shall be based on the sample type and service.

3.3 Analyze each sample for metal content and water contamination by utilizing a spectrographic analysis in accordance with ASTM D-6595.

3.3.1 Determine if water contamination is fresh or salt water based on high sodium levels.

3.3.2 Record and report the concentration of the following elements in ppm with the indicated degree of accuracy:

| IRON | COPPER | TIN | MAGNESIUM | LEAD |
|----------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|
| ALUMINUM | SILVER | CHROMIUM | NICKEL | SILICON |

SODIUM

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3.3.2.1 The sensitivity and reliability of the equipment used for the test shall be in accordance with ASTM D-6595.

 $3.4\,$ Accomplish specific gravity test for each MIL-H-19457 hydraulic fluid sample and determine hydrocarbon oil content in accordance with Table 556-8-1 of 2.2.

3.5 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing completed test results of 3.2 through 3.4 for each sample to the SUPERVISOR.

3.5.1 Reports shall be submitted within 2 days after the qualified chemical laboratory receives each sample.

3.5.2 Reports shall include recommendations for continued use, disposal, or re-sampling of each tested oil or fluid sample.

3.6 Use Table 262-4-1 of 2.1 and Table 556-8-1 of 2.2 for guidance for test accept and reject criteria for each in-service sample.

3.6.1 Use Table 233-8-2 of 2.3 for test accept and reject criteria for 9000 Series lube oil/MIL-PRF-2104 lube oil.

3.7 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of original manufacturer's certificate of compliance and material conformance test data in accordance with Military Specifications listed in Attachment A and Attachment B, 7 days prior to use of new fluids and oils.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Ship's Force will label all samples in accordance with 2.1 and 2.2.

ATTACHMENT A LUBRICATING OILS

| ASTM TEST METHOD | MIL-PRF-17672 MS-2075-TH MS-2110-TH MS-2135-TH | MIL-PRF-17331 MS-2190-TEP | MIL-PRF-9000 9250 | MIL-PRF-2104 15W/40 | MIL-PRF-23699 | VV-L-825 |
|---|---|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------|
| FUEL DILUTION VIA FLASH POINT ASTM D93 | | | Х | Х | | |
| PERCENT WATER ASTM D6304 | Х | Х | | Х | | Х |
| VISCOSITY ASTM D445 | | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| ACID NO. ASTM D974 | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х |
| TOTAL BASE NO. ASTM D2896 | | | Х | Х | | |
| SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSIS ASTM D6595 | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |

ATTACHMENT B HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

| ASTM TEST METHOD | MIL-DTL-17111 | MIL-H-19457 | MIL-PRF-2104 MIL-PRF-17672 MS-2075-TH MS-2110-TH MS-2135-TH | MIL-PRF-17331 MS-2190-TEP | MIL-H-22072 |
|---|---------------|-------------|---|------------------------------|-------------|
| FLASH POINT ASTM D92 | Х | | | | Х |
| PERCENT WATER ASTM D95 | | | | | Х |
| PERCENT WATER ASTM D6304 | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| VISCOSITY ASTM D445 | Х | | Х | Х | |
| ACID NO. ASTM D974 | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| PARTICLE COUNT NAS/SAE 4059 (Automatic Particle Count Method) | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-64 | |
|--------------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Synthetic Fire-Resistant Hydraulic Fluid; control

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the following for control of MIL-H-19457 and/or MIL-H-22072 Synthetic Fire-Resistant Hydraulic Fluid:

3.1.1 Monitor each and exercise positive control of accesses to and egresses from areas in which the hydraulic fluid is being handled.

3.1.1.1 Post warning signs at entrances and in work areas (2-inch minimum letters on signs) stating: CAUTION: SYNTHETIC FIRE-RESISTANT HYDRAULIC FLUID HANDLING. UNAUTHORIZED PERSONNEL KEEP OUT.

3.1.1.2 Each area shall be roped off or otherwise secured and identified.

3.1.2 Hydraulic fluid shall be contained and immediately cleaned up in event of spill.

3.1.2.1 Rags in sufficient quantity shall be on hand to clean up and control spills.

3.1.2.2 Plastic bags for disposal of oily rags shall be available and partially filled or filled bags removed at the end of each shift.

3.1.2.3 Used fluid shall be pumped into drums stenciled: USED SYNTHETIC FLUID, for disposal.

3.1.3 Requirements for handling:

3.1.3.1 In addition to normal personal protective equipment (PPE), rubber gloves, face shields, and rubber aprons shall be used by personnel handling fire-resistant hydraulic fluid.

1 of 2

ITEM NO: 009-64 FY-18 3.1.3.2 Spills on clothing shall be cause to remove clothing and rinse in fresh water.

 $\ensuremath{3.1.3.3}$ Spills on skin shall be washed with soap and rinsed with fresh water.

3.2 Report verbally each spill in excess of 5 gallons as soon as management becomes aware of such an event.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a formal written report of the event to the SUPERVISOR within one day.

3.3 Upon completion of work the contractor shall notify the SUPERVISOR in writing of the completion of the work, certifying that the area is cleaned and that the area is safe to enter.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-65 | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| DATE: | 29 JUL 2011 | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs); control

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 40 CFR Part 761, Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions

2.2 Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Visually inspect equipment suspected of containing PCBs for leaks, deterioration, and corrosion prior to opening, removing, or installing equipment.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the inspection conducted in 3.1 to the SUPERVISOR if PCBs are identified.

3.2 Consider wool felt to contain PCBs and chromium.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing the type of wool felt (gasket or damping material), location, and approximate quantity to the SUPERVISOR.

 $3.3\,$ Provide a copy of a control, method of removal, and disposal plan in accordance with 2.1 and/or 2.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

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ITEM NO: 009-65 FY-18

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-67 | | |
|----------|----|--------|------|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | |
| CATEGO | : | I | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Integrated Total Ship Testing; manage

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 S9AAO-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)

2.3 S9095-AD-TRQ-010/TSTP, Total Ship Test Program Manual

2.4 MIL-STD-2106 (SH), Development of Shipboard Industrial Test Procedures

2.5 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Develop an Integrated Total Ship Test Plan (ITSTP), using contracted work package and available GFI.

3.1.1 Prepare and manage a Comprehensive Test Plan (CTP) in accordance with Section 092c of 2.2; using 009-04 and 009-60 of 2.1, and 2.3 for guidance.

3.1.1.1 Define and document the responsibility, lines of authority, and interrelation of personnel who manage, assist, perform, or verify work.

3.1.1.2 Include provisions for completion of total ship testing through Stage 6 in accordance with section 092c of 2.2 and 2.3 prior to dock trials using data from 009-60 of 2.1 (See 4.1 for examples).

3.1.1.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the CTP to the SUPERVISOR no later than 15 days prior to availability start date.

3.1.2 Include a Test Schedule (TS). (See 4.3 and 4.4)

ITEM NO: <u>009-67</u> FY-18 3.1.3 Include a Test Sequence Network (TSN).

3.1.4 Include a list of special purpose test equipment and software, with required dates and responsible provider (See 4.7).

3.1.4.1 Provide the requirements for special purpose test equipment, weapon test shapes, dummy loads, and test weights, to accomplish total ship testing. Identify known and anticipated deficiencies in required type, quantity, calibration, or availability to support the production or test schedule.

3.1.5 Include organizational responsibility for equipment operation, start up, and accomplishment of testing, including manning requirements.

3.1.6 Include a list of SUPERVISOR, contractor, Alteration Installation Team (AIT), and Ship's Force key test team personnel, with test sign-off authority.

3.1.7 Include administrative procedures for submittal of Test Problem Reports (TPRs), Test Failure Reports (TFRs), and test status.

3.1.8 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the ITSTP to the SUPERVISOR no later than the start of the availability.

3.2 Provide Test Procedures (TP) for all Stage 3 through 7 Tests as specified in the work item.

3.2.1 Reuse existing Government approved test procedures when available. Test and Evaluation Automated Management Information System (TEAMIS), the government's Non-Nuclear Surface Ship Test procedure management program, shall be the primary source for approved Government test procedures per 2.3.

3.2.1.1 Modify existing test procedures to limit scope to match repair and/or update to match current equipment or revised specifications for the test requirements. All modified test procedures shall comply with 2.4.

3.2.2 Develop new test procedures when reusable product is not available for the required tests. All new test procedures shall comply with 2.4.

3.2.2.1 Cover sheet must designate ship or ship class and system or component, and provide completed review signatures.

3.2.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of each test procedure to the SUPERVISOR for review and approval. Submission shall be no later than 14 days prior to start of the required test or as otherwise designated by the SUPERVISOR.

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ITEM NO: 009-67 FY-18

3.2.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of each updated or changed test procedure to the SUPERVISOR at least 3 days prior to implementation.

3.2.5 Make pen-and-ink editorial changes to the test procedure when required after testing commences. Editorial changes are limited to those correcting typographical errors. All other changes are considered technical and require SUPERVISOR approval.

3.2.5.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of any editorial change made to the test procedure to the SUPERVISOR within one day of making the change.

3.2.6 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report to the SUPERVISOR identifying any technical changes required after testing has commenced and prior to proceeding with the affected procedural steps.

3.2.6.1 Make technical changes to the test procedure and proceed when approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.7 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the completed test procedure no later than 1 day after test completion.

3.3 Manage the Total Ship Testing Task Group (TSTTG) to coordinate the test program in accordance with Section 092c of 2.2.

3.3.1 The group shall consist of representatives of the SUPERVISOR (acts as Chairman), Contractor, AIT Team(s) on scene, Ship's Force, and others as requested by the SUPERVISOR or LMA (See 4.8) and shall meet weekly unless otherwise directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.2 Evaluate and document all problems impacting schedule and/or satisfying technical requirements.

3.3.3 Maintain minutes and agendas. Minutes shall include a list of attendees, action items with assignments, highlights of proceedings, and identified problems with potential impact.

3.3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the minutes, and changes to the CTP and ITSTP no later than 2 business days after each meeting.

3.3.5 Distribute minutes and changes to the CTP and ITSTP to TSTTG members no later than 2 business days after each meeting.

3.4 Manage Total Ship Testing.

3.4.1 Accomplish the requirements of the ITSTP of 3.1.

3 of 5 ITEM NO: 009-67 FY-18

3.4.2 Incorporate all updates to ITSTP and status of Total Ship Testing including growth and new work no later than 24 hours after each TSTTG meeting.

3.4.3 Coordinate testing in accordance with the ITSTP.

3.4.4 Coordinate stationing of test personnel in accordance with the ITSTP. Provide test procedures and test data sheets to test personnel.

3.4.5 Coordinate the performance of each test procedure and record test results.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Test stage examples, not all inclusive.

```
Stage 1 - Material Receipt Inspection and Shop Tests:
- Physical inspection of new material, equipment and systems,
and associated documentation.
- Ensure receipt of equipment is in good physical condition.
- Formal test procedure not required typically.
Stage 2 - Shipboard Installation Inspection and Tests:
- Cable integrity verification and insulation resistance checks.
- Hydrostatic tests of piping systems.
- Coolant flushing.
- Pre-energizing tests.
Stage 3 - Equipment Tests:
- Equipment element level initial light off, diagnostic and
functional tests.
- Hinged/retractable mast operational test.
- Shaft torsion meter performance test.
Stage 4 - Intra-System Tests:
- Propulsion seawater cooling system operational test.
- Auxiliary propulsion system operational test.
- Diesel generator parallel and reverse power load bank test.
- System local area network interface test.
- Navigation system alignment verification.
Stage 5 - Inter-System Tests:
- Search radar distribution & display interface test.
- SPS-73 external interface test.
- AN/SPQ-9B video and trigger verification.
- AN/SPN-41A stabilization verification.
- Integrated propulsion test.
Stage 6 - Special Tests:
- EMI Phase I test (dockside).
```

ITEM NO: <u>009-67</u> FY-18 Hull generated IMI test.
Data Link operational demonstrations dockside.
SSDS MK 2 MOD 4B Combat System Integration test (dockside).
Stage 7 - Trials Tests:

Radar set operational test (at sea).
EMI Phase I test (at sea).
Landing system correlation verification test (at-sea).

- Propulsion plant performance tests.
- SSDS MK 2 MOD 4B detect to engage demonstration (at sea).

4.2 GFI required to develop the ITSTP may include: Portions of Integrated Test Package (ITP), FMA/FMR Work Schedule, Ships Force Work List (SFWL), IDIQ, Test Index, and known AIT test requirements unavailable to the contractor.

4.3 Coordination of preparations for Sea Trials, including the test schedule for all planned underway testing will be included with the requirements of 009-60 of 2.1.

4.4 The Test Schedule is composed of the export of Integrated Production Schedule (IPS) data elements, developed in accordance with 009-60 of 2.1, sorted to include only test work activities.

4.5 The ship's Commanding Officer will provide personnel for recording data during testing.

4.6 Special purpose test equipment and software are defined as having unique functions and whose use is controlled and managed by an outside activity.

4.7 This standard item interfaces with 009-01 and 009-04 of 2.1 for test and inspection records.

4.8 The Lead Maintenance Activity (LMA) is defined in 2.5. MSRA/ABR contractors tasked with availability schedule management under 009-60/009-111 of 2.1 are considered the LMA.

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-68 | | |
|--------------|----|--------|------|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | |
| CATEGORY: II | | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Bolted Bonnet Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-CJ-STM-010/CH-075, Fasteners
- 2.2 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods
- 2.3 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria
- 2.4 S9253-AD-MMM-010, Maintenance Manual for Valves, Traps, and Orifices (Non-Nuclear), User's Guide and General Information

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark each valve part.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

 $3.2.1\,$ The removal of body-bound studs only to determine the condition of threads is not required.

3.2.1.1 Exposed portion of body-bound studs shall be inspected.

(I) or (V) "TORQUE TEST" (See 4.3)

3.2.2 Torque test each body-bound stud in accordance with Section 075-8.6.3.2(d) of 2.1.

(I) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECT"

3.2.3 Accomplish liquid penetrant inspection of each seat (including back seat), disc, or gate in accordance with 2.2.

1 of 2

3.2.3.1 Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with Paragraph 7 of 2.3, except hairline cracks in hard-faced areas of seats and discs or gate are acceptable provided the valve does not show evidence of leakage.

3.3 Repair each valve as follows:

3.3.1 Straighten stem to within 0.002-inch total indicator reading. Polish stem to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish in way of packing surface and remove raised edges and foreign matter.

3.3.2 Chase and tap each exposed threaded area.

3.3.3 Clean and spot-in bonnet to body gasket each mating surface.

3.3.4 Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in gate or discs to each seat (including back seat) to obtain a 360-degree continuous contact.

(V) "INSPECT CONTACT"

3.3.4.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.

3.3.4.2 Transfer line for gate valve shall not exceed 3/16 inch in width and shall appear within the lower 75 percent of the gate seating surface.

 $3.3.4.3\,$ Transfer line for globe valve shall not exceed 1/16 inch in width.

(I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS"

3.4 Assemble valve, installing new gaskets in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.4.1 Pack feedwater, condensate, and steam values with value stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24503/24583 combination in accordance with Chapter 6 of 2.4.

3.4.2 Pack values of systems other than feedwater, condensate, or steam with value stem packing conforming to MIL-P-24396, Type B.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Operational test of valve will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-69 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Heavy Weather/Mooring Plan; provide

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 845-6686999 Rev E, US Navy Vessel Water Depth, Mooring and Hull/Appendage Clearance Requirements for Transit and Berthing
- 2.2 DDS 582-1, Design Data Sheet, Calculations for Mooring Systems
- 2.3 S9086-TW-STM-010/CH-582, Mooring and Towing
- 2.4 UFC 4-159-03, Mooring Design

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Maintain a written Heavy Weather Plan that shall be implemented during gales, storms, hurricanes, and destructive weather, including mooring calculations in accordance with 2.1 and 2.2, using 2.3 and 2.4 for guidance. The documented Heavy Weather Plan shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for a document review and acceptance. The contractor shall have an acceptable documented Heavy Weather Plan, in accordance with this Standard Item, in place no later than 15 days prior to availability start date. The Heavy Weather Plan shall be subject to periodic conformity audits by the SUPERVISOR throughout the contract.

3.1.1 Submit updated or changed plans to the SUPERVISOR as they occur.

3.2 Ensure that the plan designates responsibility and implements procedures for prevention of damage to naval ships, craft, barges, and lighters. This includes periods when ships, craft, barges, and lighters are physically located in private contractors' plants; during times when work on ships, craft, barges, and lighters at naval facilities requires openings to hulls or decks; and when contractor owned/furnished floating equipment is tied alongside ships, craft, barges, and lighters.

3.2.1 The plan shall contain specific responsibilities and detailed actions to be taken during the weather conditions listed below.

3.2.2 Conditions where there is substantial advance warning for approaching adverse weather are addressed by the following 4 categories:

3.2.2.1 <u>Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition IV</u>: Trend indicates a possible threat of destructive winds of force indicated within 72 hours.

3.2.2.2 <u>Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition III</u>: Destructive winds of force indicated are possible within 48 hours.

3.2.2.3 <u>Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition II</u>: Destructive winds of force indicated are anticipated within 24 hours.

3.2.2.4 <u>Gale/Storm/Hurricane Condition I</u>: Destructive winds of force indicated are anticipated within 12 hours or less.

3.2.3 Conditions where there is little or no advance warning for approaching adverse weather are addressed by the following 2 categories:

3.2.3.1 <u>Thunderstorm/Tornado Condition II</u>: Destructive winds accompanying the phenomenon indicated are reported or expected in the general area within 6 hours. Lightning and thunder are also anticipated.

3.2.3.2 <u>Thunderstorm/Tornado Condition I</u>: Destructive winds accompanying the phenomenon are imminent. Lightning and thunder are also anticipated.

3.3 Ensure that the plan contains, as a minimum, the following information as dictated by conditions listed in 3.2:

3.3.1 Steps to be taken to remove or secure staging items or equipment on decks of ships, craft, barges, and lighters, pier or dry dock, including cranes that could become wind-borne.

3.3.2 Protection of ships, craft, barges, and lighters from damage from other floating equipment, such as barges, doughnuts, work floats, and other ships, craft, barges, and lighters.

3.3.3 Provisions for protection of government equipment and material in custody of the contractor from damage by pierside flooding.

3.3.4 Provisions for removal of temporary hoses, welding lines, air lines, oxygen/acetylene lines, etc., extending through watertight closures.

3.3.5 Provisions for security, emergency fire and flooding protection, emergency shipboard dewatering and fire main capability, emergency shipboard electrical generation, and emergency shipboard communications.

3.3.5.1 Specific requirements for emergency shipboard fire main capability are shown on Attachment A.

2 of 12 ITEM NO: 009-69 FY-18 3.3.5.2 The minimum requirements for emergency shipboard electrical generation equipment are shown on Attachment B.

3.3.5.3 One portable dewatering pump and associated equipment shall be available adjacent to each damage control equipment box such that 200 gal/min at a discharge head of 50 feet of dewatering capacity can be used at the scene of a casualty within 3 minutes of receiving an alarm. Additional dewatering capacity to provide 1,000 gal/min at a discharge head of 50 feet at the scene shall be available within 15 minutes. During the waterborne overhaul period, no damage control system associated with flooding prevention and control or any portion thereof shall be removed or made inoperable without prior notification of the Supervisor and to the casualtycontrol station and until a back-up system has been established.

3.3.6 Provisions for access to the ship for personnel and emergency equipment during and immediately following the storm consistent with prudent safety precautions.

3.3.7 Assurance that all hull/deck openings are made watertight.

3.3.8 Steps to be taken to secure floating piers during high winds/high tides.

3.3.9 Provisions for messing contractor, Ship's Force, and SUPERVISOR duty personnel for 3 days (minimum). The maximum number of Navy personnel will be 15.

3.3.10 The name and telephone number (business and residential) of the private contractor's single point of contact. This person shall have the authority to commit the contractor to take necessary actions as requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.11 Provisions for operation and manning of a Hurricane Control Center, with capabilities of telephone and portable radio communications with the ship and SUPERVISOR duty personnel.

3.4 Ensure that the plan contains the following mooring related information:

3.4.1 Specify steps to be taken to secure ships, craft, barges, and lighters to contractor's pier, dry dock, graving dock, marine railway, or contractor's other facility. Information must define specific precautions to be taken and supporting calculations, to include limits of docking blocks and dock stability for both normal and heavy weather conditions. Calculations for heavy weather configurations shall include wind and tidal considerations.

3.4.1.1 Provide the heavy weather state at which the ship must be undocked.

3.4.2 Submit mooring calculations for the worst anticipated loading condition during the availability. For ships with a self-compensating fuel

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ITEM NO: 009-69 FY-18 system, the loading condition shall show the self-compensation fuel system full of water, fuel, or some combination of fuel and water, projecting the worse possible condition as shown in calculations for maintaining ship's stability. Determine the combined loading due to wind load from each direction and both peak flood and ebb current loads at low and high tides. Calculations may require re-submittal if significant changes occur from the original estimate on which the calculations were based.

3.4.3 For ships in dry dock, provide limits and supporting calculations for listed conditions. Analyze both the "normal" dock configuration and the "heavy weather" configuration.

3.4.3.1 Maximum safe wind speed and surge for side block strength and stability. Include maximum loading of the side blocks on ship.

3.4.3.2 Maximum safe wind speed and surge for dry dock strength and stability.

3.4.3.3 Surge required to float ship.

3.4.3.4 Table or graph showing safe combinations of wind speed and surge.

3.4.4 For ships pierside, provide limits and supporting calculations for ship loading conditions specified in 3.4.2. Analyze the "heavy weather" mooring configuration that would be used during the conditions specified in 3.2. Analyze worst-case wind directions including frontal, broadside, and quartering.

3.4.4.1 Maximum safe wind speed for mooring strength. Include strength of pier, pier fittings, mooring lines, and shipboard fittings. Maximum applied load on any mooring line shall be the breaking strength of the mooring line divided by 2.5 (factor of safety of 2.5).

3.4.4.2 Maximum safe surge for mooring.

 $3.4.4.3\,$ Maximum safe elongation of mooring lines. Include the following information:

Size and type of mooring line; Percent elongation of mooring line at failure; Tattletale-free length and length between attachments.

3.4.4.4 Sketch, showing size, type, and location (vertical and horizontal angles) of all securing devices including fenders, bumpers, and camels.

3.4.5 Include the following statement, providing the necessary data: USS ______ can be safely moored to withstand a maximum of ___ mph winds with a __ knot current and a __ foot storm surge.

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ITEM NO: 009-69 FY-18

4. NOTES:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR will set Conditions of Readiness consistent with the forecasts and advisories of the local Weather Service Office of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).

4.2 NOAA defines the 5 categories of hurricanes as follows:

| CATEGORY | WIND SPEED | | STORM SURGE |
|----------|-------------------|----|-------------------------|
| 1 | 74 - 95 MPH | OR | 4 - 5 FT ABOVE NORMAL |
| 2 | 96 - 110 MPH | OR | 6 - 8 FT ABOVE NORMAL |
| 3 | 111 - 129 MPH | OR | 9 – 12 FT ABOVE NORMAL |
| 4 | 130 - 156 MPH | OR | 13 - 18 FT ABOVE NORMAL |
| 5 | 157 MPH OR HIGHER | OR | GREATER THAN 18 FT |
| ABOVE | | | NORMAL |

4.3 Attachment C contains regional heavy weather conditions based on historical data and is provided as information only; the historical data is not intended to place limitations/restrictions on other values appropriate and/or previously authorized by a Naval Supervising Activity for their cognizant contractor(s) sites.

4.4 The Heavy Weather Plan submitted in 3.1 requires a one-time submittal/acceptance unless this NAVSEA Standard Item and/or references change or contractor's status changes.

ATTACHMENT A FIRE PROTECTION WATER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

| SHIP TYP | E | FLOW, GPM * |
|----------|--|-------------|
| AD | Destroyer Tender | 1,500 |
| ADG | Degaussing Ship | 500 |
| 1120 | 2090000119 0112 | |
| AF | Store Ship | 1,500 |
| AG | Miscellaneous Auxiliary Ship | 1,500 |
| AGEH | Hydrofoil Research Ship | 500 |
| AGF | Miscellaneous Flagship | 2,000 |
| AGFF | Frigate Research Ship | 1,000 |
| AGM | Missile Range Instrumentation Ship | 1,500 |
| AGMR | Major Communications Relay Ship | 1,500 |
| AGOR | Oceanographic Research Ship | 500 |
| AGP | Gunboat Support Ship | 2,000 |
| AGS | Surveying Ship | 1,000 |
| AH | Hospital Ship | 1,000 |
| AK | Cargo Ship | 1,500 |
| AKS | Store Issue Ship | 1,500 |
| AKR | Vehicle Cargo Ship | 1,500 |
| ANL | Net Laying Ship | 500 |
| AO | Oiler | 1,500 |
| AOE | Fast Combat Support Ship | 1,500 |
| AOG | Gasoline Tanker | 1,000 |
| | | |
| AP | Transport Ship | 1,000 |
| APB | Self-propelled Barracks Ship | 500 |
| AR | Repair Ship | 1,500 |
| ARB | Battle Damage Repair Ship | 500 |
| ARC | Cable Repair and Laying Ship | 1,000 |
| ARG | Internal Combustion Engine Repair Ship | 1,500 |
| ARL | Landing Craft Repair Ship | 1,000 |
| ARS | Salvage Ship | 500 |
| ARSD | Salvage Lifting Ship | 500 |
| ARST | Salvage Tender | 1,000 |
| ARVA | Aircraft Repair Ship | 1,000 |
| ARVE | Aircraft Engine Ship | 1,000 |
| ARVH | Helicopter Tender | 1,500 |
| AS | Submarine Tender | 1,500 |
| ASR | Submarine Rescue Ship | 600 |
| ATA | Ocean Tug | 500 |
| ATF | Ocean Tug Fleet | 500 |
| ATS | Salvage and Rescue Tug | 500 |
| AVM | Guided Missile Ship | 1,500 |
| CV, CVN | Aircraft Carrier | 3,000 |
| CG | Guided Missile Cruiser | 1,000 |

| | | ATT | ACHMENT | A | |
|------|------------|-------|---------|--------------|---------|
| FIRE | PROTECTION | WATER | SUPPLY | REQUIREMENTS | (Con't) |

| SHIP TY | PE | FLOW (GPM) | * |
|---------|--|------------|-------|
| DDG | Guided Missile Destroyer | 1,000 | |
| FFG | Guided Missile Frigate | 1,000 | |
| IX | Unclassified Miscellaneous | 1,500 | |
| LCC | Amphibious Command Ship | 1,000 | |
| LCS | Littoral Combat Ship | 1,000 | |
| LHA | Amphibious Assault Ship | 2,500 | ** |
| LHD | Amphibious Assault Ship | 2,500 | |
| LKA | Amphibious Cargo Ship | 1,500 | |
| LPD | Amphibious Transport Dock | 1,500 | * * * |
| LSD | Landing Ship Dock | 2,000 | * * * |
| YRB | Repair and Berthing Barge | 500 | |
| YRBM | Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge | 500 | |
| YRBL | Repair, Berthing and Messing Barge (large) | 500 | |
| LST | Landing Ship Tank | 1,500 * | * * * |
| MCM | Mine Counter Measures Ship | 750 | |
| PC | Patrol Coastal | 500 | |
| PCH | Hydrofoil Patrol Craft | 500 | |
| PG | Patrol Combatants | 500 | |
| PGH | Hydrofoil Gunboat | 500 | |

- * All flows are from the pier or dry dock outlet and are available at adequate residual pressures from those systems in compliance with present design criteria for dry docks and piers as reflected in NAVFAC design manuals (UFC 4-213-10, UFC 4-213-12, UFC 4-150-01, UFC 4-150-02, and UFC 4-150-06).
- ** Includes supply to operate 2 hangar sprinkler groups and 2, 2-1/2-inch hoselines.

*** Includes supply to operate one sprinkler group and 2, 2-1/2-inch hoses.

ATTACHMENT B

HEAVY WEATHER EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

| | | SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3) | MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS <u>EXCEPT AS NOTED)</u> |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---|
| AD AD AD | 15, 18, 19 37, 38 41, 42, 43, 44 | Destroyer Tender | 358 529 809 |
| AE | 26CL | Ammunition Ship | 264 |
| AGDS | 2 | Deep Submergence Support Ship | 186 |
| AGF AGM AGOR | 3, 11 11, 23 | Miscellaneous Flagship Missile Range Instrumentation Oceanographic Research Ship | 498 Ship |
| AGOS | 1 | Ocean Surveillance Ship | 109 |
| AGOS | 19 | Ocean Surveillance Ship | 246 |
| AGS | | Survey Ship | 221 |
| AH AK AKR | | Hospital Ship Cargo Ship Vehicle Cargo Ship | 628 |
| AO (J) AO | 51, 98, 99 105, 143, 187 | Oiler Oiler | 186 |
| AO | 177CL | | 373 |
| AO | 177 (JUMBO) | Oiler | 451 |
| AOE | 1CL | Fast Combat Support Ship | 436 |
| AOE | 6 | Fast Combat Support Ship | 1,090 |
| AOT | 168 | Transport Oiler | |
| AP | 122 | Transport Ship | |
| APL AR ARC ARD ARDM | 5, 6, 7, 8 | Berthing and Messing Barge Repair Ship Cable Repair and Laying Ship Auxiliary Repair Dock Medium Auxiliary Repair Dock | 373 264 |

ATTACHMENT B (CON'T)

HEAVY WEATHER EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

| | | <u>Ship type</u> (Note 3) | MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS EXCEPT AS NOTED) |
|--|---|--|--|
| ARS ARS AS AS AS AS AS AS | 8, 38CL 50CL 11 18 19 31, 32 33, 34 36, 37 | Salvage Ship Salvage Ship Submarine Tender | 15 100 327 436 559 622 529 467 |
| AS ASR ASR | 39, 40, 41 9, 13, 14, 15 21CL | Submarine Rescue | 653 16 124 |
| ATF | 91, 113 | Ocean Tug Fleet | 16 |
| ATS | 1CL | Salvage and Rescue Tug | 93 |
| BB | | Battleship | 436 |
| CG CG CG CG | 16-24 26CL 47CL 52CL | Guided Missile Cruiser | 467 358 638 623 |
| CGN CGN CGN CGN | 9 25 35 36CL, 38CL | Guided Missile Cruiser (Nuclear |) 872 872 872 653 |
| CV CV CVN CVN CVN CVN | 60-62, 66 63, 64, 67 65 68-70 71 72 | Aircraft Carrier Aircraft Carrier (Nuclear) | 1,152 1,339 1,837 2,491 |

ATTACHMENT B (CON'T)

HEAVY WEATHER EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

| | EME | RGENCI POWER REQUIREMENT | MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| | | SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3) | EXCEPT AS NOTED) |
| DD | 963-992, 997 | Destroyer | 498 |
| DDG DDG DDG DDG | 2CL 37CL 51CL 993CL | Guided Missile Destroyer | 280 358 1,121 662 |
| FFT FFG | 1052CL 7CL | Frigate (Reserve Training) Guided Missile Frigate | 202 436 |
| LCC LCU* | 19, 20 | Amphibious Command Ship Landing Craft | 436 |
| LHA LHD | 1CL 1CL | Amphibious Assault Ship | 840 |
| LKA | 113CL | Attack Cargo Ship | 218 |
| LPD LPD | 1, 2, 4CL, 7CL, 14CL 17CL | Amphibious Transport | 218 1,050 |
| LPH LSD LSD LST | 2, 3, 7, 9-12 36CL 41CL 1179CL | Amphibious Assault Ship Landing Ship Dock Landing Ship Tank | 280 295 334 280 |
| MCM | 1 | Mine Countermeasures | 80 |
| PC PHM | 1-6 | Patrol Coastal Guided Missile Patrol Combatants | 50 35 (NOTE 2) |
| YD | | Floating Crane | |

* Type includes ASDV, YFU, YFB

ATTACHMENT B (CON'T)

HEAVY WEATHER EMERGENCY POWER REQUIREMENT

MINIMUM POWER REQUIREMENT (KILOWATTS EXCEPT AS NOTED)

SHIP TYPE (NOTE 3)

YRBRepair & Berthing BargeYRBMRepair, Berthing and Messing BargeYTBHarbor Tug (Large)Yard Craft (Misc.)

<u>GENERAL NOTES</u>: The power requirement listed is the minimum considered necessary for emergency power if the main source of shore power is lost during heavy weather situations. Each contractor's heavy weather plan shall specify the individual power capacity for each ship connected to the ship's shore power distribution system. Electrical information referenced from MIL-HDBK-1025/2.

NOTES:

1 - CAPACITY IS GIVEN IN KW. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. INPUT VOLTAGE IS 450 VOLTS, 3 PHASE, 3 WIRE, 60 HERTZ, UNGROUNDED. POWER FACTOR IS APPROXIMATELY 0.8.

2 - REQUIREMENT IS TO SUPPORT AN EXISTING PORTABLE MOTOR GENERATOR SET WHICH CONVERTS THE 60 HERTZ POWER TO 400 HERTZ POWER. THE MOTOR GENERATOR SET NORMALLY ACCOMPANIES THE SHIP SUPPORT FACILITIES.

3 - POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR ANY SHIP TYPE NOT LISTED SHALL BE DETERMINED BY COMPARISON WITH A SHIP(S) OF SIMILAR DESIGN LOAD AND APPROPRIATE SHIP'S INFORMATION BOOK.

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ITEM NO: 009-69 FY-18

ATTACHMENT C

HEAVY WEATHER CONDITIONS

| SITE | WIND (Knots) | CURRENT (Knots) | SURGE (Feet) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Bath, ME | 83 | 2.5 | 8.7 |
| Portsmouth NSY, NH | 84 | 3.8 | 12.8 |
| SUBBASE New London, CT | 87 | 0.2 | 10.8 |
| Norfolk NSY, VA | 82 | 0.4 | 8.9 |
| NAVSTA Norfolk, VA | 87 | 0.8 | 8.4 |
| NAB Little Creek, VA | 91 | 0.3 | 7.1 |
| Newport News Ship Building, VA | 87 | 1.3 | 8.4 |
| SUBBASE Kings Bay, GA | 96 | 0.3 | 9.1 |
| NAVSTA Mayport, FL | 96 | 3.1 | 7.5 |
| NAVSTA Pascagoula, MS | 104 | Negligible | 6.1 |
| NAVSTA Ingleside, TX | 109 | 2 | 16.2 |
| NAVSTA Everett, WA | 74 | 0.6 | 14.4 |
| SUBBASE Bangor, WA | 64 | 1.1 | 14.7 |
| Puget Sound NSY, WA | 64 | 0.5 | 15.4 |
| NAS North Island, CA | 52 | 0.6 | 8.4 |
| Pearl Harbor NSY, HI | 87 | Negligible | 3.5 |
| Guam | 122 | 2 | 4.7 |
| La Maddelana, Italy | 89 | Negligible | Not Available |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-70 | |
|-----------|-------------|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | |
| CATEGORY: | I | |

- 1. SCOPE:
 - 1.1 Title: Confined Space Entry, Certification, Fire Protection, Fire Prevention and Housekeeping for Unmanned Vessels; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment
- 2.3 29 CFR Part 1910.134, Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Respiratory Protection
- 2.4 NFPA Standard 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work
- 2.5 NFPA Standard 312, Standard for Fire Protection of Vessels During Construction, Repair, and Lay-up
- 2.6 American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents
- 2.7 NAVSEA OP-4, Ammunition and Explosives Safety Afloat

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Comply with the requirements of 2.2 through 2.5 and this item for an unmanned vessel to determine whether or not an explosive or other dangerous atmosphere exists in tanks, spaces, and associated piping, including adjacent tanks, spaces, and piping, aboard the craft and control hot work and entry to those spaces to preclude damage to the craft or injury to personnel during the accomplishment of this Job Order.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of tanks or spaces to be opened or certified to the SUPERVISOR at least one day prior to opening the tank or void.

1 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-70 FY-18 3.1.1.1 Comply with additional requirements of 009-88 of 2.1 when accomplishing work in Collection, Holding and Transfer (CHT) and Motor Gasoline (MOGAS) tanks, spaces, or associated piping.

3.1.1.2 For fuel tanks or spaces that contain or have contained fuel, including F-76 and JP-5, in addition to the atmospheric testing required by 2.2, test for diesel fuel (CAS No. 68334-30-5; 68476-30-2; 68476-31-3; 68476-34-6, 77650-28-3) as total hydrocarbons in accordance with 2.6, and record total hydrocarbon test results on the Marine Chemist Certificate or Competent person's tests/inspection record.

3.1.2 Provide initial and annual update training for Competent Persons by utilizing a National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Certified Marine Chemist or NFPA Instructor. The length of the initial training class shall be at least 24 hours. Annual update training shall be at least 8 hours.

3.1.2.1 Maintain a current roster of designated Competent Person(s) and copies of certificates of completion for the training required in 3.1.2 for reference by the SUPERVISOR. Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the specific documents when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.3 Post a copy of the Marine Chemist Certificate, Certified Industrial Hygienist's test/inspection record, or Competent Person's test/inspection record at each access to the affected space while work in the space is in progress. When requested, a copy of the MCC or test/inspection record shall also be delivered to a location designated by the SUPERVISOR. In the event that the space is identified to be NOT SAFE FOR WORKERS or NOT SAFE FOR HOT WORK, the space shall be posted accordingly and other affected contractors, the SUPERVISOR and Ship's Force (if applicable) shall be notified immediately. The posted copy shall be clearly visible and legible.

3.1.3.1 Initial certification of spaces that require a Certified MCC or Certified Industrial Hygienist's test/inspection record in support of work operations shall be effective until conditions change which would void the certificate or test/inspection record. A Competent Person shall conduct the same Atmosphere testing as annotated on the MCC Certified Industrial Hygienist's test/inspection record.

3.1.3.2 For those certified spaces which employees will enter, a Competent Person shall visually inspect, test and record each space certified as ENTER WITH RESTRICTIONS or SAFE FOR WORKERS as often as necessary, and as a minimum, prior to entry by employees on a daily basis. If a space is not to be entered on any given day, it is not required to be inspected and tested by a Competent Person. The initial MCC remains valid if conditions have not changed, unless noted on the MCC.

3.1.3.3 For those certified spaces affected by hot work, a Competent Person shall visually inspect, test and record each space certified as SAFE FOR HOT WORK as often as necessary and, as a minimum, daily prior to

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ITEM NO: <u>009-70</u> FY-18 commencement of hot work to ensure that conditions established by the certificate are maintained. When hot work is continuous, the affected spaces shall be visually inspected, tested, and recorded on a daily basis to maintain the SAFE FOR HOT WORK certification.

3.1.3.4 If a Competent Person finds that the conditions within a certified space fail to meet the applicable requirements for which it was certified, work in the space shall be stopped and may not be resumed until the space has been recertified by a Marine Chemist.

3.1.3.5 For those spaces where only Competent Person tests and inspections are required in accordance with 2.2, a Competent Person shall visually inspect and test each space as often as necessary and, as a minimum, daily prior to entry or commencement of hot work to ensure that conditions are safe.

3.1.3.6 After the Competent Person has determined initially that a space is safe for entry and finds subsequently that the conditions within the tested space fail to meet the requirements of 2.2, work shall be stopped until the conditions in the tested space are corrected, the space is retested, reinspected, and a new record of tests/inspections is recorded and posted.

3.1.4 Tank cleaning personnel shall be trained annually on safety practices to include a discussion of safety information found in Subparts A, B, and Section 1915.152 of Subpart I of 2.2.

3.1.5 Maintain a current roster of the names of the Shipyard/Plant Rescue Team Members, along with contractor certification that training requirements of Subpart B of 2.2 have been accomplished and are current for each Rescue Team Member, or documentation of arrangements made for an outside rescue team to respond promptly to a request for rescue service in a contractor facility. Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the specific documents when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.5.1 At a naval facility, the Navy will respond.

3.1.6 Spaces that are determined to contain Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) atmospheres shall never be entered except for emergency rescue or for short duration for installation of ventilation equipment in accordance with 2.2 and 2.3. When entering IDLH spaces for the purpose of installing ventilation, notify the SUPERVISOR prior to entry. Notifications of rescue shall be made as soon as management becomes aware of such an event.

3.1.7 Confirm that all personnel have exited the space prior to closure of tanks, voids, and cofferdams. Designate one person to account for all personnel who may have entered the space.

3.2 Provide a written notice for each job or separate area of hot work aboard craft.

3 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-70 FY-18 3.2.1 The notice shall state a description of the work to be done, the specific location, to include compartment number, of the hot work, and compartments adjacent to decks, bulkheads, and similar structures upon which hot work is to be accomplished, the time hot work will commence, current gas-free status of the area (if required), the absence or existence of combustible material within 35 feet in any direction of the operation (or further, if affected by the operation), and if combustible material exists, what action shall be taken to protect the material from fire, the provision and assignment of a fire watch, and the affirmation that conditions at the work site (ventilation, temporary lighting, accesses) permit the fire watch(es) to have a clear view of and immediate access to all areas included in the fire watch.

3.2.2 The notice shall affirm that a suitable, fully-charged fire extinguisher shall be available at the job site and provide for an inspection of the area 30 minutes after completion of the hot work or the cessation of hot work at the job site unless the contractor's Hot Work Supervisor surveys the affected work area and determines that there is no further fire hazard as the final action to complete the notice.

3.2.3 The notice shall be signed by a supervisor specifically designated as responsible for coordination of the hot work and the fire watch requirement for each shift where hot work is being conducted.

3.2.4 One copy of each notice shall be given to the SUPERVISOR when requested and at a minimum, one copy of each notice shall also be conspicuously posted at the location where the hot work is being accomplished.

3.2.4.1 Deliver written notification of hot work planned Tuesday through Friday to the SUPERVISOR at least 30 minutes and not more than 24 hours preceding start of work.

3.2.4.2 Deliver written notification of hot work planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend to the SUPERVISOR no later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

3.2.4.3 Deliver written notification of hot work planned on a federal holiday and on the day following the federal holiday to the SUPERVISOR no later than 0900 of the last working day preceding the federal holiday.

3.2.4.4 The notice shall be effective for 24 hours unless a shorter period is specified in the contract or the gas-free status of the work area or system requires stopping the work. A new notice is required if work is interrupted due to loss of gas-free status.

3.3 Provide trained fire watches, at all affected areas where hot work is being accomplished. Provide fire extinguishing equipment as described in 2.2, 2.4, and 2.5.

4 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-70 FY-18 3.3.1 The program utilized to train fire watches shall be in accordance with the requirements of 2.2 and 2.4, and include steps to be taken by the fire watch and hot work operator prior to accomplishment of hot work, proper selection and use of fire extinguishing equipment and other safety equipment, relationship between the fire watch and hot work operator, proper fire reporting procedures and other sounding of fire alarms, and reporting of fires to the ship's Quarterdeck. A means of communicating between all fire watches and their corresponding hot workers shall be provided. This training shall include theory and practical (hands-on) fire suppression techniques. This training shall be provided to all newly assigned fire watches, with annual updates provided to personnel. Provide visible means of identifying trained fire watches, i.e., badge, sticker, vest, etc.

3.3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the training program when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.2 Each fire watch attending worker(s) accomplishing hot work shall be equipped with a fully-charged and operable fire extinguisher, have immediate access and an unobstructed view of the affected hot work area to which they are assigned and shall remain at the job site for 30 minutes from the time the hot work is completed unless the contractor's Hot Work Supervisor surveys the affected work area and determines that there is no further fire hazard.

3.3.2.1 The fire watch shall not accomplish other duties while hot work is in progress.

3.3.3 Where several workers are accomplishing hot work at one site, the fire watch shall have a clear view of and immediate access to each worker accomplishing hot work.

3.3.3.1 No more than 4 workers shall be attended by a single fire watch.

3.3.4 In cases in which hot material from hot work may involve more than one level, as in trunks, machinery spaces, and on scaffolding, a fire watch shall be stationed at each level unless positive means are available to prevent the spread or fall of hot material.

3.3.5 In cases where hot work is to be accomplished on a bulkhead or deck, combustible material shall be removed from the vicinity of the hot work on the opposite side of the bulkhead, overhead, or deck, and a fire watch shall be posted at each location.

3.3.5.1 If multiple blind compartments are involved in any hot work job, fire watches shall be posted simultaneously in each blind area.

3.3.6 Comply with the firefighting and fire prevention requirements of 2.7 prior to hot work operations in or adjacent to areas containing ammunition or explosives.

3.3.6.1 Hot work shall not be conducted during any logistics or maintenance movement of ammunition or explosives.

3.3.7 No hot work shall be performed without an operational general announcing system, i.e., Ship's 1MC, or a documented communication strategy approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Locate oxygen, acetylene, fuel gas, toxic, oxygen depleting (OD) gas supply systems off the craft. Manifolds connected to pierside supply systems may be placed on board as long as they are equipped with a shutoff valve located on the pier. The pierside shutoff valve shall be in addition to the shutoff valve at the inlet to each portable outlet header required by 2.2.

3.4.1 Oxygen, acetylene, fuel gas, toxic, and OD gas supply systems shall be stored to prevent collisions by trucks, forklifts, falling objects, etc.

3.4.2 LOX tanks shall be staged in designated locations on the quay wall/pier to be determined jointly by the contractor and the SUPERVISOR.

3.4.3 When gas cylinders are in use on board the craft, they shall be located on the weather decks or in a location determined jointly by the contractor and the SUPERVISOR and shall be secured in cylinder racks, and in an upright position. The number of in-use cylinders shall be limited to those which are required for work in progress and which have pressure regulators connected to the cylinder valves. On-board reserve gas cylinders shall not exceed one-half the number of in-use cylinders and shall be located in a remote area of the weather decks or in a location determined jointly by the contractor and the SUPERVISOR. Reserve acetylene cylinders shall be secured in an upright position.

3.4.4 When not in use, gas cylinders and manifolds on board shall have valves closed, lines disconnected, protective cover (cap) in place, and shall be secured. Acetylene cylinders shall be secured in cylinder racks and in an upright position.

3.5 Each fuel gas and oxygen hose run shall be positively identified with durable unique markings that include maintenance activity name, service type, location, and shore side shut-off points. Tags shall be located (at a minimum) at the source, point of entry aboard ship, at each connection point (including quick disconnects), and termination point.

 $3.5.1\,$ Unattended fuel gas and oxygen hose lines or torches are prohibited in confined spaces.

3.5.2 Unattended charged fuel gas and oxygen hose lines or torches are prohibited in enclosed spaces for more than 15 minutes.

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ITEM NO: <u>009-70</u> FY-18 $3.5.3\,$ All fuel gas and oxygen hose lines shall be disconnected at the supply manifold at the end of each shift.

3.5.4 All disconnected fuel gas and oxygen hose lines shall be rolled back to the supply manifold or to open air to disconnect the torch; or extended fuel gas and oxygen hose lines shall not be reconnected at the supply manifold unless the lines were given a positive means of identification when they were first connected and the lines are tested using a drop test to ensure the integrity of fuel gas and oxygen burning system. Alternate procedures must be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.5.5 Upon completion of oxygen-fuel gas system hook-up, accomplish a pressure drop test to include the torch, hoses, and gages.

3.5.5.1 Apply pressure to the system. Back off pressure by turning off the valve supplying gases to the system. If the pressure on the gage drops, a leak in the system exists. If the pressure on the gage does not drop, the system is tight.

3.5.5.2 After applying pressure, wait 2 minutes to ensure pressure does not drop.

3.5.6 The use of gas hose splitters is prohibited.

3.6 Each inert gas/oxygen depleting (OD) hose run shall be positively identified with durable unique markings that include maintenance activity name, service type, location, and shore side shut-off points. Tags shall be located (at a minimum) at the source, point of entry aboard ship, at each connection point (including quick disconnects), and termination point.

 $3.6.1\,$ Unattended inert gas/OD hose lines or torches are prohibited in confined spaces.

3.6.2 Unattended, charged inert gas/OD hose lines or torches are prohibited in enclosed spaces for more than 15 minutes.

3.6.3 All inert gas/OD hose lines shall be disconnected at the supply manifold at the end of each shift.

3.6.4 All disconnected inert gas/OD hose lines shall be rolled back to the supply manifold or to open air to disconnect the torch; or extended inert gas/OD hose lines shall not be reconnected at the supply manifold unless the lines were given a positive means of identification when they were first connected and the lines are tested using a drop test to ensure the integrity of inert gas/OD systems. Alternate procedures must be approved by the SUPERVISOR.

3.6.5 Upon completion of inert gas/OD gas system hook-up, accomplish a pressure drop test to include the torch, hoses, and gages.

7 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-70 FY-18 3.6.5.1 Apply pressure to the system. Back off pressure by turning off the valve supplying gases to the system. If the pressure on the gage drops, a leak in the system exists. If the pressure on the gage does not drop, the system is tight.

3.6.5.2 After applying pressure, wait 2 minutes to ensure pressure does not drop.

3.6.6 The use of gas hose splitters is prohibited.

3.7 Use fireproof or fire-retardant covering in accordance with MIL-C-24576, such as fireproofed canvas, fire-resistant synthetic fabrics, noncombustible fabrics, metal covers in accordance with ASTM D6413, or other suitable materials, to protect ship's equipment from falling sparks or other potential sources of fire. Coverings shall be in place prior to commencing hot work and be maintained throughout the hot work evolution. Proper documentation of fire retardancy shall be available for review upon request.

3.7.1 Non fire-retardant temporary wooden structures located on the pier, dry dock edge, or in the dry dock (not including dry dock blocks) shall be a minimum of 35 feet from the ship to prevent spread of fire.

 $3.7.2\,$ Lumber, plywood, and staging boards, except that used for pallets, shall be fire retardant in accordance with Category Two, Type II, of MIL-L-19140.

3.7.3 Storage of material aboard the craft shall be limited to that which is required for work in progress.

3.7.4 Prior to bringing equipment or working material aboard the craft, its crating and packing shall be removed. If the equipment or material may be damaged during handling, the crating and packing shall be removed immediately after the equipment or working material is brought aboard and taken ashore for disposal. A small quantity of pallets may be staged in a location determined jointly by the contractor and the SUPERVISOR aboard the craft for use in materials handling operations.

3.7.5 The quantity of flammable and combustible liquids brought onboard shall be kept to a minimum, shall not exceed that necessary for one shift's use, and shall not be left unattended.

3.7.6 Ensure at least one unobstructed access to each main and auxiliary machinery space.

3.8 Accomplish a fire prevention and housekeeping inspection during each shift whenever work is in progress. Once each manned/regular workday, the inspection shall be made jointly with the SUPERVISOR. Deviation from this requirement for availabilities less than 30 days in duration must be adjudicated by the SUPERVISOR.

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3.8.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferable media, of request for deviation to the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a written report of the discrepancies and corrective actions, using Attachment A, to be taken to the SUPERVISOR within 4 hours after completion of the inspection.

3.9 Develop and implement a written fire safety plan in accordance with 2.2. Review the plan with contractor employees and subcontractors.

3.10 Ensure access to temporary firefighting equipment is not obstructed or restricted.

3.10.1 Ensure firefighting equipment is not relocated without written authorization from the SUPERVISOR. Provide a secure temporary storage facility for firefighting equipment that is moved from its original location.

3.11 Conduct a firefighting and fire prevention conference in conjunction with the arrival conference or no later than 5 days after start of the availability for availabilities in excess of 30 days. This conference shall cover the contractor's fire safety and fire response plan for fire prevention and firefighting and the procedures that will be in use by the contractor and the region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services, as well as familiarize the contractor and the region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services with the craft arrangement, onboard fire prevention, and firefighting systems, equipment, and organization, and familiarize all parties with the scope of work and aspects of the work or craft conditions that have significance in fire prevention and firefighting.

3.11.1 The conference shall specifically address the following matters:

3.11.1.1 Fire alarm and response procedures

3.11.1.2 Contractor firefighting capability and procedures

3.11.1.3 Region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services firefighting capability and procedures

3.11.1.4 Firefighting jurisdictional cognizance and incident command procedures

3.11.1.5 Communication system for fire reporting and control or firefighting efforts

3.11.1.6 Craft arrangement including access routes, availability or firefighting systems (installed and temporary), fire zone boundaries, and communication systems

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3.11.1.7 Craft firefighting organization, systems, drills, and equipment to include rehabilitation procedures

3.11.1.8 Craft, space, and equipment security consideration

3.11.1.9 Compatibility of contractor, and region/installation or municipal fire and emergency services firefighting equipment

3.11.1.10 Industrial work scope, including location of craft, and effect on firefighting systems, access, and communications

3.11.1.11 The roles, responsibilities, and membership of the Fire Safety Council (FSC). Include the requirement to obtain permission from the FSC to perform work that affects the fire safety posture (e.g., securing the firemain, securing the 1MC, undocking, transferring fuel/lube oil) of the ship.

3.11.1.12 Hotwork monitoring and confined space practices.

3.11.2 The firefighting and fire prevention conference shall include a table top fire drill.

3.12 Provide a portable 300 KW diesel generator with associated cables, lugs/plugs to supply emergency power during transits to and from dry dock when ship's emergency power cannot be used or anytime during the availability that the craft's power is not available as an emergency back-up to installed shore power.

3.13 Maintain available for review, prior to commencement of work, a fire safety plan meeting the requirements of 2.2. In addition to the requirements of 2.2, include and identify the method for reporting fires, the shipyard firefighting facilities, equipment, and organization (paid or volunteer), the procedures for maintenance of clear fire lanes in the shipyard and on the piers, and the nearest municipal firefighting organization, including the anticipated time of response.

3.14 Provide fire protection equipment consisting of:

3.14.1 Firefighting water, utilizing manifolds connected to a source capable of providing 150 GPM at 60 PSIG at the manifold shall be in place before start of work.

3.14.1.1 The number of manifolds shall be sufficient to permit reaching all points on the vessel (including underwater body when the vessel is in dry dock or on a marine railway) with 2, 1-1/2 inch hoses of not more than 100 feet in length.

3.14.1.2 Hoses shall be attached to the manifolds and fitted with an all-purpose combination fog and straight stream nozzle.

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3.14.1.3 Verify by the Pitot tube method or an in-line flow meter that the water volume and pressure meets these requirements.

3.15 Ensure access to temporary and Ship's Force firefighting equipment is not obstructed or restricted.

4. NOTES:

4.1 In addition to CHT and MOGAS tanks, Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) may be found in AFFF, seawater, and firemain systems.

4.2 Booklet of General Plans and Tank Sounding Tables are available for review at the office of the SUPERVISOR.

4.3 The term "unmanned" is defined as without the physical presence of people in control; without a human operator.

4.4 A "quick disconnect" is a coupling or connecting device/system designed to permit easy and immediate separation of lines without the use of tools and to ensure the contents do not escape.

Fire Zone Boundaries

ATTACHMENT A ESH Discrepancy and Corrective Action Log

Attendees

Ship name/hull number: Location: Prime Contractor: Time:

Date:

No.Point of Contact
CorrectedDate
CorrectedLocationDiscrepancyCorrective ActionCodeImage: CorrectedImage: Corrected<

Type Codes: 1-Housekeeping, 2-Fire Prevent./Fire Equipment, 3-Hot Work., 4-FZ Boundary, 5-Electrical, 6-Compress Gas/Hoses/Bottles/Manifolds, 7-Scaffolding, 8-Egress/Exit, 9- Walking/Working Surfaces, 10-PPE, 11- Containment, 12-Unguarded/Edges/Holes/Openings/Fall Protection, 13-Confined/Enclosed Spaces, 14-Lines & Leads Hazards, 15-Equip. Adrift & Rollback, 16-Ventilation, 17-Machine Guarding/Hand Tools, 18-Crane/Rigging, 19-Environmental & Hazardous Material/Communication, 20-Environmental Protection, 21-General Safety

ATTACHMENT A

ESH DISCREPANCY AND CORRECTIVE ACTION LOG INSTRUCTIONS

- 1- <u>Fire Zone Boundaries</u>: List the designated Fire Zone Boundaries.
- 2- Attendees: List Company and or Command and names of personnel present for walk thru.
- 3- <u>Ship Name/Hull Number</u>: Indicate ship name and hull number of the location of the walk thru.
- 4- Location: Indicate location where ship is moored or docked, i.e. name of contractor facility or pier at Naval Base or Station.
- 5- <u>Prime Contractor</u>: Indicate prime contractor who has the contract with the SUPERVISOR.
- 6- <u>Date</u>: Indicate date of walk thru being accomplished.
- 7- <u>Time</u>: Indicate start time (24 hour clock) of walk thru being accomplished.
- 8- No. (number): List sequentially, each discrepancy noted during the walk thru. Number will continue where the numbering left off the previous day, until the end of the availability.
- 9- <u>Point of Contact</u>: Indicate Company/Command identified with the discrepancy.
- 10- Date Corrected: Date condition was corrected. If condition is not corrected, condition will be carried over to the next walk thru until condition is corrected.
- 11- Location: Indicate location of the condition, i.e. space number or frame number.
- 12- Discrepancy: Indicate condition that needs corrective action, be specific as necessary.
- 13- Corrective Action: Indicate corrective action taken to correct the condition and who is responsible for the corrective action.
- 14- <u>Code</u>: Indicate code, located at the bottom of ATTACHMENT A that condition can be grouped with, i.e. lines on deck causing trip hazard would use code 14- Lines and Leads Hazards.

Type Codes: 1-Housekeeping, 2-Fire Prevent./Fire Equipment, 3-Hot Work., 4-FZ Boundary, 5-Electrical, 6-Compress Gas/Hoses/Bottles/Manifolds, 7-Scaffolding, 8-Egress/Exit, 9- Walking/Working Surfaces, 10-PPE, 11- Containment, 12-Unguarded/Edges/Holes/Openings/Fall Protection, 13-Confined/Enclosed Spaces, 14-Lines & Leads Hazards, 15-Equip. Adrift & Rollback, 16-Ventilation, 17-Machine Guarding/Hand Tools, 18-Crane/Rigging, 19-Environmental & Hazardous Material/Communication, 20-Environmental Protection, 21-General Safety

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM | NO: | 0 (|)9-71 |
|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY : | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Piping System; test

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Shipboard Piping Systems
- 2.2 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments
- 2.3 S9074-AR-GIB-010/278, Requirements for Fabrication Welding and Inspection, and Casting Inspection and Repair for Machinery, Piping, and Pressure Vessels
- 2.4 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods
- 2.5 MIL-STD-2035, Nondestructive Testing Acceptance Criteria

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish testing of each new and disturbed piping systems in accordance with 2.1.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.1.1 Each master and backup test gage shall conform to gage range and graduation shown on Table 504-6-1 of 2.2. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.1.1.1 Each master and backup test gage used for vacuum testing shall consist of 2 compound gages with a 30 inch-0-30 PSI range.

(I) (G) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION" or "MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION"

3.1.2 Accomplish liquid penetrant or magnetic particle test on root layer of all P-1 and/or P-LT welded joints in accordance with Paragraph

1 of 3 ITEM NO: 009-71 FY-18 505-11.1.2.6.a(1) of 2.1, and the requirements of 2.3 and 2.4 in systems which exceed the reduced energy criteria of operating conditions of 200 degrees Fahrenheit or 500 PSIG. The accept or reject criteria shall be in accordance with Class One of 2.5. (See 4.2)

(I) (G) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION"

3.1.3 Accomplish liquid penetrant tests on final layer of all P-1 and/or P-LT welded joints in accordance with Paragraph 505-11.1.2.6.a(1) of 2.1 and the requirements of 2.3 and 2.4 in systems which exceed the reduced energy criteria of operating conditions of 200 degrees Fahrenheit or 500 PSIG. The accept or reject criteria shall be in accordance with Class One of 2.5. (See 4.2)

(I) (G) "LIQUID PENETRANT INSPECTION"

3.1.4 Accomplish liquid penetrant tests on final layer of all Class P-2 welds in accordance with Paragraph 505-11.1.2.6.a(2) of 2.1 and the requirements of 2.3 and 2.4 in systems which operate above 200 degrees Fahrenheit. The accept or reject criteria shall be in accordance with Class 2 of 2.5. (See 4.2)

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "VISUAL INSPECTION - SHOP TEST" (See 4.3)

3.1.5 Accomplish a shop hydrostatic test of replacement piping, fittings, and components for evidence of external leakage and/or deformation. Allowable external leakage and/or deformation: None.

(V) (G) or (I) (G) "VISUAL INSPECTION - HYDROSTATIC, LOW PRESSURE AIR, VACUUM, OR OPERATING PRESSURE TEST" (See 4.3)

3.1.6 Visually inspect the pressurized system or system under vacuum for evidence of external leakage and/or deformation. Allowable external leakage and/or deformation: None.

3.1.6.1 Each joint requiring inspection shall remain uninsulated and unpainted until completion of successful inspection.

3.1.6.2 Provide a sketch of that portion of the system to be tested, showing the location of blanks, isolation valves, test connection, and the location of air vents to vent air. Sketch shall be on the test site during the accomplishment of the test.

(I) "STATIC TEST"

3.2 Accomplish a static head pressure test of each new and disturbed gravity drain piping (unpressurized piping), using clean, fresh water for a minimum of 30 minutes. Allowable leakage: None.

(V)(G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

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3.3 Accomplish an operational test of each new and disturbed gravity drain piping for proper operation and unobstructed flow.

(V) (G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.4 Accomplish an operational test of each new and disturbed sounding tube piping by inserting a 16-inch theft sampler into sounding tube until it bottoms. Accomplish the test a minimum of 4 times for each sounding tube. There shall be no binding or sticking of sampler during this test.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Boiler pressure vessel piping is defined as, "The piping from the pressure vessel drum or header up to the first valve off the pressure vessel drum or header."

4.2 Nondestructive testing requirements in 3.1.2, 3.1.3, and 3.1.4 apply only when the operating pressure test option has been selected.

4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I)(G) if the system is P-1, P-LT, or P-3a. If the system is P-2 or P-3b, then the paragraph is considered (V)(G).

4.4~ Test pressure and test medium will be specified in invoking Work Item.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 00 |)9-72 |
|----------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | DRY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Physical Security at a Private Contractor Facility; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 33 CFR Part 165, Regulated Navigation Areas and Limited Access Areas

2.2 33 CFR Part 334, Danger Zone and Restricted Area Regulations

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 The requirements of 3.2.5, 3.2.6, 3.2.7, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 are Force Protection measures the Contractor shall be able to meet at a Private Contractor Facility under Force Protection Conditions Normal, Alpha, Bravo, Charlie, and Delta, respectively. The solicitation shall define the Force Protection Condition. Implementation of any other measures, when directed by the SUPERVISOR, will be the subject of an equitable adjustment.

3.2 Provide a written plan which shall be implemented for the protection of personnel, U.S. Naval vessels, work in process, the material and equipment to be installed therein, and GFM dry docks (as applicable) at the Contractor's facility, which addresses the requirements of this Standard Item. The written plan shall, as a minimum, be identified as "For Official Use Only (FOUO)".

3.2.1 Provide written designation to the SUPERVISOR of the individual who will be in charge of the security effort.

3.2.2 Attend security coordination meeting with Ship's Force and the SUPERVISOR to brief the Contractor's security plan and procedures prior to security conference of 3.2.3.

3.2.3 Conduct a security conference with federal, state, and local authorities, Ship's Force, and the SUPERVISOR within 45 days prior to ship's arrival to ensure all parties are in agreement with the security procedures while the ship is in port.

3.2.4 Coordinate the establishment of the land and water areas adjacent to U.S. Naval vessels as restricted areas or limited waterway areas

ITEM NO: 009-72 FY-18 in accordance with 2.1 or 2.2, in cooperation with the Navy, U.S. Coast Guard, and Army Corps of Engineers.

3.2.5 Under Force Protection Condition NORMAL, establish and maintain physical security boundaries, positive access controls, and other security measures to provide safeguards against hazards, including unauthorized entry, malicious mischief, theft, espionage, sabotage, and terrorism at Contractor's facility in accordance with Attachment A, to include the following:

3.2.5.1 Perimeter physical barriers

- 3.2.5.2 Perimeter openings control
- 3.2.5.3 Access and circulation control
- 3.2.5.4 Armed security force
- 3.2.5.5 Protective lighting
- 3.2.5.6 Signs and posting of boundaries
- 3.2.5.7 Security force communications
- 3.2.5.8 Random antiterrorism measures (RAM)

3.2.6 Under Force Protection Condition ALPHA, establish and maintain the following requirements in addition to 3.2.5:

3.2.6.1 Additional plant boundary protection

3.2.6.2 Assistance from state, local, and other law enforcement agencies

3.2.6.3 Increased personnel, property, and perimeter security checks

3.2.6.4 Increased security force manning commensurate with the additional actions directed under this section

3.2.6.5 Increased waterfront surveillance

3.2.6.6 Place vehicle barriers to reduce ease of vehicular access adjacent to the ship

3.2.6.7 Brief the security force and the SUPERVISOR concerning the threat, the security precautions being implemented, and what action is to be taken with respect to strangers, unidentified vehicles, abandoned parcels or suitcases, or unusual activity in or near the Contractor's facility.

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3.2.6.8 Increase security spot-checks of vehicles, persons, and buildings near U.S. Naval vessels.

3.2.6.9 Limit access points for vehicles and personnel commensurate with performance of the Job Order.

3.2.6.10 Inspect 100 percent of commercial vehicles entering the controlled industrial area and/or piers.

3.2.6.11 Test procedures for mass notification.

3.2.6.12 Review requirements related to implementing additional security actions in the event of an increased threat.

3.2.6.13 Review barrier plans.

3.2.7 Under Force Protection Condition BRAVO, establish and maintain the following requirements in addition to 3.2.5 through 3.2.6:

3.2.7.1 Request the Captain of the Port or U.S. Coast Guard District Commander to activate the Naval Vessel Protection Zones in accordance with 2.1.

3.2.7.2 Establish communications with state, local, and other law enforcement, fire, and emergency management agencies.

3.2.7.3 At the beginning of each workday, as well as at random intervals, inspect the interior and exterior of buildings in regular use for suspicious packages. Secure and regularly inspect buildings, rooms, and storage areas not in regular use for unusual conditions or suspicious activity.

3.2.7.4 Clear the area within 100 feet (30.5 meters) of U.S. Naval vessels of all non-mission-essential materials and vehicles as determined by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.7.5 Review requirements related to implementing additional security actions in the event of an increasing threat.

3.2.7.6 Identify paths for critical materials to maintain production.

3.2.7.7 Brief all employees working at the facility, including the ship's crew and subcontractor employees, concerning the threat, the security precautions being implemented and what action is to be taken with respect to strangers, unidentified vehicles, abandoned parcels, containers or suitcases, and any other suspicious or unusual activity.

3.2.7.8 Increase security presence and surveillance, and randomly inspect vehicles, persons and accompanying items entering the facility.

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ITEM NO: <u>009-72</u> FY-18 3.2.7.9 Review mail and material screening procedures at the facility.

3.2.8 Under Force Protection Condition CHARLIE, establish and maintain the following requirements in addition to 3.2.5 through 3.2.7:

3.2.8.1 Inspect the interior and exterior of buildings in regular use for suspicious activity or objects at frequent intervals.

3.2.8.2 Increase protection for crew berthing to reduce vulnerability.

3.2.8.3 List work that would be required to permit safe relocation of the vessel and its crew to the nearest Government facility as designated by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.8.4 Determine work that will be stopped if the next higher Force Protection Condition is implemented. Determine a list of and inform mission-essential personnel, including Contractor work force. Communicate critical Work Items to the SUPERVISOR, ship's Commanding Officer, and/or Shipyard Commander.

3.2.8.5 Increase surveillance in and around waterside perimeter and facilities. Position floats, work boats, and barges along the sides of the U.S. Naval vessel and any occupied berthing barges to create a buffer zone.

3.2.8.6 Limit access points to strictly enforce entry control. Inspect all vehicles entering the controlled industrial area and/or pier. Review access procedures to ensure no unauthorized personnel gain access into the facility.

3.2.9 Under Force Protection Condition DELTA, establish and maintain the following requirements in addition to 3.2.5 through 3.2.8:

3.2.9.1 Immediately notify state and local law enforcement agencies and the U.S. Coast Guard of any knowledge of terrorist activity, suspicious persons or criminal activity.

3.2.9.2 Limit access points to the absolute minimum.

3.2.9.3 Strictly control all facility access points, ensure positive identification of all personnel, and search all vehicles and their contents, suitcases, briefcases, and packages entering the Contractor's facility.

3.2.9.4 Accomplish continuous security patrols of all areas of the facility, to include the waterfront, occupied by U.S. Naval vessels and personnel.

4 of 12 ITEM NO: 009-72 FY-18 3.2.9.5 Prepare U.S. Naval vessels for movement away from the Contractor's facility when directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.9.6 Discontinue work except that directly related to the integrity of the vessel and as otherwise directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.9.7 Implement the plan to deny access to individuals not essential or critical to the overall mission of protecting and/or moving vital Navy assets onto the facility and occupied buildings.

3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the plan to the SUPERVISOR for review and approval no later than 15 days prior to availability start date.

3.3.1 Accomplish the requirements of the approved plan.

3.3.2 Any changes at the Contractor's facility affecting physical security or the approved plan shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for approval within 24 hours.

3.4 Provide procedures for coordinating the Contractor's security efforts with those of the SUPERVISOR, the Commanding Officer's designated representative, and any subcontractor when using the subcontractor's facility to host the vessel.

3.4.1 Identify whose physical security plan, prime or subcontractor, will be used for the availability.

3.5 Prepare an itemized statement of cost incurred for the work covered by this Standard Item. Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the statement to the SUPERVISOR within 30 days of delivery or redelivery (as applicable) of the ship. The statement shall itemize the total direct labor hours with the applicable direct labor rates, overhead, General and Administrative (G&A) and/or other indirect rates, material, material handling charges, subcontractor costs, Other Direct Costs (ODC), and freight costs (as applicable). Where final overhead rates are not available, use the most current billing rate(s).

3.5.1 The Government may perform an audit of the Contractor's statement of cost incurred. The Contractor, upon request, shall make available to the SUPERVISOR all records, related correspondence, and the substantiating data upon which the statement of cost incurred is based.

4. NOTES:

4.1 U.S. Naval vessel means any vessel owned, operated, chartered, or leased by the U.S. Navy; any pre-commissioned vessel under construction for the U.S. Navy, once launched into the water; and any vessel under the operational control of the U.S. Navy or a Combatant Command.

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4.2 Controlled Industrial Area (CIA) means an area of the shipyard in which construction, conversion, repair, or overhaul of U.S. Navy vessels is conducted.

4.3 USFF AT OPORD 3300 (series) provides general security requirements for Fleet Activities. The SUPERVISOR will use this reference as a guide in applying force protection measures appropriate to the unique situation at each Contractor's facility.

4.4 A vehicle is defined as a means of transportation that transports people or objects.

ATTACHMENT A OTHER SECURITY MEASURES

- 1. Perimeter Physical Barriers:
 - a. Physical barriers, including both natural (e.g., mountains, swamps, thick vegetation, rivers, bays, cliffs) and structural (e.g., Port Security Barriers (PSB), fences, walls, doors, gates, vehicle barriers) which control, delay, impede, and discourage access by unauthorized persons. To be effective, such barriers shall be augmented by armed security force personnel or other means of protection and assessment.
 - b. Physical barriers shall be employed along Contractor facility perimeters. The barrier or combination of barriers used shall afford an equal degree of continuous protection along the entire perimeter.
 - c. Structural barriers such as fences or walls shall be a minimum of 8 feet in height, and any uncontrolled opening shall be securable to afford protection against unauthorized entry.
 - d. The waterfront security required to protect the Navy asset is dependent on the asset.
 - e. Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) installs will be planned for installation by using Chapter 4 of the Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 4-021-02NF. Plans will be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for approval, prior to installation. This UFC document provides guidance on how to design electronic security systems required by the current antiterrorism/force-protection environment.
 - f. The patent number for the original Port Security Barrier (PSB) is 6,681,709 B1. The patent number for the Port Security Barrier -T variant (PSB-T) is 7,401,565 B2. There is no separate patent for the Port Security Barrier -V variant (PSB-V). At the time of publishing SI 009-72 FY-12 (CH-2), Harbor Offshore Barriers (5720 Nicolle St., Ventura, CA 93003) and Truston Technologies, Inc. (520 Ridgely Ave., Annapolis, MD 21401) were both licensed to manufacture the original PSB, as well as both the T and V variant.

| Asset | Security measures |
|---|---|
| For Patrol Coastal (PC), MSC Strategic Sealift Ship (SSS) (reduced operational status) | Adjacent landside security (patrols, surveillance, pier access control) no special requirements in waterways. Identify restricted area waterways with buoys and signs. |

| Asset | Security measures |
|--|---|
| Surface combatants, Amphibious ships (full operational status), auxiliary, MSCSSS, ammunition ships, mine warfare | The requirements above and Security Zone per 3.2.4 Use of a Port Security Barrier (PSB-V or -T model dependent on expected geographic and environmental conditions as determined by the SUPERVISOR) per 1.d above, or other physical barrier approved by the numbered Fleet commander. In areas where the cognizant SUPERVISOR agrees the use of waterborne barrier(s) is not in the best interest of the US Navy, a dedicated waterborne security boat shall patrol within 200 yards of the protected vessel equipped with a bullhorn, night vision device, spotlight, marine flares, lethal and non-lethal weapons, and a two-way communications device according to the specifications described in Addendum 1. **Note: If PSB-V or -T or SUPERVISOR authorized (numbered Fleet commander-approved) physical barrier is in place, a dedicated waterborne security asset is not required. |
| Carriers, submarines (see next row for SSBN) | The requirements above and Electronic water/waterside security system to include, but not limited to, closed-circuit television for the purposes of surface craft detection. Use water barriers to prevent direct unchallenged access from small boat attacks. |
| SSBN | The requirements above and - Per SECNAVINST S8126.1 - Use water barriers to stop small boat threat |

- 2. <u>Perimeter Openings</u>: Openings in the perimeter barrier shall be operated by the contractor and shall be kept to the minimum necessary for the safe and efficient operation of the Contractor facility. Access through such openings shall be controlled, or the openings shall be secured.
- 3. Access and Circulation Control:
 - a. A system of personnel and vehicle movement control is required at Contractor facilities. The degree of control shall be in keeping with efficient operations yet afford defense-in-depth to provide graduated levels of protection.

- b. Armed or unarmed sentries may be assigned to check identification at pedestrian and vehicle entry control points to restrict and control movement by vehicles and unauthorized personnel from gaining access into the facility.
- c. The facility shall coordinate with the local postal and courier services in developing a plan for ensuring that all mail and courier delivered packages to the facility are properly screened by the delivery service prior to being delivered to the contractor facility's mailroom.
- 4. <u>Armed Security Force</u>: The Contractor security force shall consist of designated persons specifically organized, trained, armed, and equipped to provide physical security.
- 5. <u>Protective Lighting</u>:
 - a. Protective lighting, to include work lighting, increases the effectiveness of security forces and has considerable deterrent value.
 - b. Contractors shall provide adequate illumination to discourage or detect attempts to enter facilities and reveal the presence of unauthorized persons within such areas.
 - c. Lighting shall support security force activities such as identification of badges and personnel at perimeter openings, surveillance of facility perimeter/avenues of approach, and inspection of unusual or suspicious circumstances.
- 6. Signs and Posting of Boundaries:
 - a. Trespass laws applicable to the jurisdiction in which the facility is located will govern signs and posting of perimeter boundaries at Contractor facilities.
 - b. Size, placement, and use of any language in addition to English should be appropriate for the stated purpose. Signs will read essentially as follows:

WARNING RESTRICTED AREA KEEP OUT Authorized Personnel Only

c. Signs shall be posted at regularly-used points of entry and at intervals along the facility perimeter such that any reasonable person would conclude that everyone crossing the boundary into the facility would have been informed of the above.

7. Security Force Communications:

- a. The activity security force requires sufficient equipment to maintain continuous, secure 2-way voice communications between elements (fixed/mobile posts, and supervisory personnel) of the security force and U.S. Naval vessel's watch section. Establish communications between the Contractor's security force and the U.S. Naval vessel's watch section.
- b. The facility shall maintain a communication system for use in emergencies or crisis situations to facilitate effective two-way voice communications among state and local law enforcement agencies and the U.S. Coast Guard.
- c. The facility shall establish a communication system, pre-recorded and/or live-voice, but capable of broadcasting information to all building occupants or personnel in the immediate vicinity during or prior to an emergency or crisis situation.
- 8. <u>Random Antiterrorism Measures (RAM)</u>: As a deterrent, randomly apply the measures from higher Force Protection Conditions and other RAM including:
 - a. Keep personnel involved in implementing increased security requirements on call.
 - b. Inspect deliveries to protect against the introduction of unauthorized material.
 - c. Cars and other non-mission essential items shall be moved 100 feet from U.S. Naval Vessels and buildings where the crew is located or work is in progress.
 - d. Inspect mail for letter or parcel bombs.
 - e. On entry of visitors to the facility, physically inspect them and accompanying items.
 - f. Search vehicles entering the facility.
 - g. Erect barriers and obstacles to provide additional traffic controls to areas where U.S. Naval Vessels and crews are located.
 - h. Consult local authorities about closing public roads and facilities that might make sites more vulnerable.

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i. Other site-specific RAM that shall be incorporated into the Contractor's physical security plan and/or company-specific implementation procedures.

Addendum One to Attachment A of Standard Item 009-72

Waterborne Security Boats

Mission

The boats are primarily used to provide a dedicated waterborne presence and deterrence in the immediate vicinity of no more than three (3) U.S. Naval Assets. The word "dedicated" is defined as on-site, 24-hours a day, 7 days a week, and responsive solely to the operational confines of the protected asset(s). Normally, a single waterborne security boat will be designated for each U.S. Naval Asset. Waterborne security boats must be capable of conducting continuous patrols in the immediate vicinity of the protected asset(s), or continuous monitoring of a patrol zone when assigned to protect clustered U.S. Naval Assets (a patrol zone shall not exceed 200 yards and shall not include more than 3 protected assets).

Waterborne security boats will be used to provide restricted area enforcement by providing a layered defense and deterrence mechanism. This includes the ability for early detection of intruders under day/night, and all-weather conditions.

Projected Operating Environment

The projected operating environment of the waterborne security boats will normally be in protected harbors or inland waterways. These boats will be expected to operate in varying temperatures depending on the climate at the location the boat(s) will be used. Temperatures can be expected to vary from below 32 degrees Fahrenheit to above 100 degrees Fahrenheit. Storm conditions and warnings often issued in the operating environment include: small craft, gale, storm, and hurricane warnings.

General Characteristics

There are no specific hull material requirements for waterborne security boats. Waterborne security boats must be visible from distances of at least 500 yards to the unaided eye, during periods of unrestricted visibility and must possess all safety equipment required by federal and local regulations. Waterborne security boats must also display a placard on both sides of the vessel with the word "Security" of sufficient size and reflective composition to be visible from 500 yards to the unaided eye, during periods of unrestricted visibility (250 yards during periods of low-light) and in accordance with federal and local regulations. These boats must possess a hailing mechanism capable of warning/hailing approaching craft at 500 yards. Hailing capability may consist of modified human voice (e.g., through the use of a bull horn, PA system, etc.), or mechanical (e.g., siren, pulsating tone, etc.).

The boat must have a weather resistant spot/flood light capable of rotating 360 degrees with instant start/restart and at least 6,000,000 candlepower.

ITEM NO: <u>009-72</u> FY-18 The boat must have a fully operable marine band radio (VHF).

Length range: 27 feet to 40 feet And why:

This size is necessary for safety and mission accomplishment, ease of discernment, crew accommodation, visual deterrent, and ease of maneuverability when responding to contacts of interest during all-weather patrols. Breadth 8 feet 6 inches And why:

The minimum breadth of 8 feet 6 inches is necessary to provide a stable platform, crew accommodation, visual deterrent, ease of maneuverability, safety and mission accomplishment when responding to contacts of interest during all-weather patrols.

Maximum Draft: 4.5 feet The maximum draft of 4.5 feet is necessary for ease of maneuverability in and around the protected assets.

Number of Crew: Two. At least one coxswain and one observer/lookout shall be assigned to each boat for the duration of the patrol period. These personnel shall be qualified in the operation of the security boat, and shall be qualified with, and armed with personal protective weapons in accordance with SECNAVINST 5500.29C, DoDD 5210.56, and relevant state and local regulations.

Required Cargo Capacity or Deck Space: Stowage space must be sufficient to accommodate at least four (including 2 spare) life vests, a flood light, a first-aid kit, a back board, and specialized tactical equipment, etc.

Propulsion System (e.g., Diesel inboard with outdrive, Diesel inboard with waterjet, or gasoline outboard) and why:

The propulsion system must be able to conduct multiple idle/sprint missions during each patrol period. Because of the limited operating area, propulsion systems must be capable of rapidly responding to a contact of interest (normally within the 200 yard operating zone) and rapidly reversing.

Speed 20kts. A minimum speed of 20kts is necessary to provide the capability to rapidly respond to contacts of interest or rapidly move out of the line of fire from shipboard responders in the event of a deadly engagement.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

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| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-73 |
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| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
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1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Shipboard Electrical/Electronic Cable Procedure; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-2003, Electric Plant Installation Standard Methods for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.3 SE000-01-IMB-010, Navy Installation and Maintenance Book (NIMB), Section IX, Installation Standards (Source CD: N0002400003)
- 2.4 MIL-STD-2042, Fiber Optic Cable Topology Installation Standard Methods for Naval Ships
- 2.5 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant General
- 2.6 MIL-STD-1310, Shipboard Bonding, Grounding, and Other Techniques for Electromagnetic Compatibility and Safety
- 2.7 S9300-A6-GYD-010, Electrical Workmanship Inspection Guide for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.8 S9AA0-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)
- 2.9 SE000-01-IMB-010, Navy Installation and Maintenance Book (NIMB), Section VII, Industrial Electromagnetic Compatibility (IEMC) Work Process Instructions (Source CD: N0002400003)
- 2.10 IA PUB-5239/31, Information Assurance Shipboard Red/Black Installation Publication
- 2.11 NSTISSAM TEMPEST/2-95, Red/Black Installation Guidance (FOUO)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Submit written designation of the Qualified Personnel who will prepare electrical cable endings to receive connectors, assemble connector

parts on the cable endings, and attach the connectors to the cable endings. Submit written designation of the Qualified Personnel who will supervise and inspect the execution of the process.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of any additions or modifications to the SUPERVISOR prior to the start or continuation of work.

3.1.2 Maintain current copies of the credentials of the Qualified Personnel for reference by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of specific documents when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2 Submit a written procedure to the SUPERVISOR for review and approval prior to the initiation of production work for the installation of multi-pin and coaxial connectors, using 2.2 and 2.3 for the minimum requirements.

3.2.1 Submit new procedure when the Standard Items change and/or references change or are updated. This procedure only requires a one-time submittal/approval and shall contain the following minimum information:

3.2.1.1 Reference the appropriate fabrication document for which the procedure is applicable.

3.2.1.2 Reference the qualification requirements for the personnel performing the work.

3.2.1.3 Reference the inspection and documentation forms.

3.2.1.4 Reference the acceptance and rejection criteria.

 $3.3\,$ Ensure only Qualified Personnel accomplish the work required by this Standard Item.

3.4 Inspect existing cable installations affected as a result of work required by the individual Work Item and interferences within the first 25 percent of contract completion. Ensure that cable installations are in accordance with 2.2, and 2.4 for fiber optic cable.

3.4.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report of cable installation conditions not in compliance with 2.2 and 2.4 to the SUPERVISOR, using Attachments A and B, within 4 days of completion of inspections.

3.4.1.1 Ensure report states cable installation inspection results and identifies non-compliance issues.

3.5 Accomplish a shipboard electrical/electronic cable test on cables affected by the individual Work Items.

2 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-73 FY-18 $3.5.1\,$ Accomplish an insulation resistance test of each electric cable conductor using the appropriate direct current megger using Table 300-3-4 of 2.5 for guidance.

3.5.1.1 Disconnect low voltage equipment associated with circuits to be tested to prevent damage during tests.

3.5.1.2 Ensure the minimum acceptable readings of each cable conductor to ground and between conductors are:

| Lighting Circuit | 0.5 | Megohm |
|---------------------------------|------|--------|
| Power Circuit | 1.0 | Megohm |
| Degaussing Circuit | 0.1 | Megohm |
| Interconnecting Control Circuit | 1.0 | Megohm |
| Interior Communication Circuit | 0.2 | Megohm |
| Sound Powered Telephone Circuit | | |
| (with telephone disconnected) | 0.05 | Megohm |
| Multiconductor Cables | | |
| (with circ mil less than 1700) | 0.05 | Megohm |

3.5.1.3 Ensure the minimum acceptable reading of coaxial cable are in accordance with Section 2.8.3.3 of 2.3:

| Coax cable with | Length (feet) | Insulation resistance in megohms (To equal or exceed) |
|--|---------------|--|
| | 100 (or less) | 40,000 |
| Polyethylene or | 200 | 20,000 |
| polytetrafluorethylene (Teflon) dielectric | 500 | 8,000 |
| (lelion) dielectric | 1,000 | 4,000 |
| Synthetic rubber dielectric | Up to 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Magnesium oxide dielectric | Up to 1,000 | 10,000 |
| Dielectric material arranged in layers of conducting and non- conducting rubber | Up to 1,000 | 500 |

3.5.1.4 Discharge coaxial cable to ground following insulation resistance test.

3.5.2 Test each cable conductor for continuity and complete circuit. Ensure terminal connections are tight.

3.6 Install each new cable, cableway, penetration, lug, and connector in accordance with 2.2, 2.3, and 2.6 and referenced drawings, to support work required by the individual Work Items.

3.6.1 Ensure new cable conforms to MIL-DTL-24643 (low smoke) and MIL-DTL-24640 (lightweight). New Radio Frequency (RF) cables shall conform to MIL-DTL-17 (low smoke).

3.6.2 Use existing cableways and penetrations wherever possible.

3.6.3 Ensure penetrations are the correct size in accordance with 2.2.

3.6.4 Install new cable conductor identification sleeving conforming to SAE-AMS-DTL-23053, Class One, white, marked with indelible ink.

3.6.4.1 Mark in accordance with the referenced drawings and/or equipment technical manual.

 $3.6.5\,$ Install lugs and connectors in accordance with 2.2, 2.3 and referenced drawings.

3.6.5.1 Install new lugs of correct size and shape conforming to MIL-T-16366 or SAE-AS7928. Do not cut off strands of copper to reduce size of lead to fit lug. Use correct barrel and hole size.

3.6.6 Accomplishment of local air hose tests after the installation, removal and relocation of cables of each new and disturbed multi-cable transit device, multi-cable penetrators, stuffing tubes, kick pipes, and cable penetrations of tightness boundaries shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.8).

3.6.7 Band disturbed cable in accordance with Part 4 of 2.2.

3.6.8 Bond and ground cable in accordance with 2.6.

3.6.9 Accomplish the requirements of 3.5 through 3.5.2 immediately prior to conductor or cable termination.

3.6.9.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.6.9, including circuit number, lead numbers, and readings obtained, to the SUPERVISOR within 3 days of completion of tests.

3.6.10 Connect each cable using referenced drawings.

3.6.11 Install new cable identification tags in accordance with 2.2 and 2.3.

3.7 Disconnect and remove each cable to be replaced in its entirely. Record and retain electrical hook-up data.

3.7.1 Accomplish the requirements of 3.6 through 3.6.9.1.

4 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-73 FY-18 3.7.2 Connect each cable using referenced drawings and retained electrical hook-up data.

3.7.3 Accomplish the requirements of 3.6.11.

3.8 Identify and isolate each cable to be pulled back, reused, rerouted, relocated, or repurposed to support work required by the individual Work Items.

3.8.1 Inspect each cable end to be disconnected for correct conductor identification sleeving, including size, type, and legible lettering in accordance with referenced drawing. Ensure lugs are secured to leads and are of correct size and type, and the insulation is not damaged. Accept and reject criteria for lugs and sleeving for cables shall be in accordance with Chapters 3 and 4 of 2.7.

3.8.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.8.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.2 Disconnect each cable. Record and retain electrical hook-up data.

 $3.8.3\,$ Accomplish the requirements of 3.5 through 3.5.2 for disconnected cables.

3.8.4 Remove each cable from equipment and pull back to predetermined locations. Coil each cable and secure to prevent damage.

3.8.4.1 Protect disconnected connectors and wiring from the industrial environment and weather.

3.8.5 Accomplish the requirements of 3.6.6 through 3.6.9.1

3.8.6 Accomplish the requirements of 3.7.2.

3.8.7 Inspect each cable for missing or defective cable identification tags.

3.8.7.1 Install new cable identification tags in place of those identified to be missing or defective in 3.8.7 in accordance with 2.2 and 2.3.

3.9. Identify, isolate and remove each cable designated for removal by the individual Work Items.

3.9.1 Remove each cable in its entirety.

3.9.2 Blank each bulkhead, deck penetration, and multi-cable transit device from which cable was removed and which will not be reused, in accordance with Part 3 of 2.2.

5 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-73 FY-18 3.9.3 Blank each hole not required to be used in equipment from which cable was removed.

3.9.4 Remove unused hangers from which cable was removed and which will not be reused, in accordance with Section 070a of 2.8.

3.9.5 Install new banding for cableways affected by cable removals, in accordance with Part 4 of 2.2.

3.9.6 Accomplish the requirements of 3.6.6.

3.10 Weatherproof and seal connectors exposed to the weather in accordance with 2.9.

3.11 Install new fasteners in place of those identified to be defective or missing.

3.12 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.13 Remove, install, and relocate cables which are part of the secure electrical information processing systems or are located within a secure processing space in accordance with 2.10 and 2.11 to support work required by the individual Work Items.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The requirements in this Standard Item apply to installation, repair, removal, relocation, test, and inspection of electrical/electronic cables on Naval surface ships and submarines and personnel supporting these tasks. This Standard Item applies to the following cable usages; new, removed, pulled back, reused, rerouted and repurposed.

4.2 Definitions

4.2.1 New Cable - a cable is defined as a cable not previously installed.

4.2.2 Pulled Back Cable - a pulled back cable is defined as those which are disconnected and physically removed from a wireway, conduit, or cableway to protect the cable from industrial use.

4.2.3 Reused Cable - a reused cable is defined as those cables disconnected from the equipment to facilitate equipment removal.

 $4.2.4\,$ Rerouted Cable – a rerouted cable is defined as those cables disconnected from their equipment and physically moved to a new wireway , conduit or, cableway and then reconnected in the new location to the same equipment.

4.2.5 Repurposed Cable - a repurposed cable is defined as those

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ITEM NO: 009-73 FY-18 which have had their termination points changed.

4.3 Cable installations consist of cable, banding, boxes, equipment, penetrations, cableways, cable separation and connection(s) and associated components.

4.4 Electrical connector fabrication is the preparation of cable endings to receive multi-pin connectors, coaxial connectors, and securing connectors to cables.

4.5 A Qualified Person is defined as a person who has successfully completed connector fabrication training and meets the qualification requirements stated below.

4.5.1 Emphasizes the importance of connector fabrication to the performance and long-term reliability of shipboard combat systems.

4.5.2 Uses 2.2, 2.3, and 2.7 for basic instructional material supplemented by connector manufacturer's instructional material as desired.

4.5.3 Requires classroom lecture, study, and demonstration of each topic in Appendix A of Part 5 of 2.2.

4.5.4 Requires individual student practice in the use of specified tools and performance of connector fabrication techniques and procedures described in Appendices B through H of Part 5 of 2.2 and Paragraph 2-20.2 of 2.3.

4.5.5 Requires a minimum of 32 hours of combined classroom lecture and laboratory practice in the type of connectors to be fabricated.

4.6 Connector fabrication qualifications consist of:

4.6.1 Connector Fabricator Qualification requirement: Successful completion of the training course required in 4.5.5 followed by successful completion of 40 hours on-the-job training under the tutelage of a qualified connector fabricator or a qualified connector fabrication supervisor in the type of connectors to be fabricated.

4.6.2 Connector Fabrication Supervisor Qualification requirement: Successful completion of the classroom training required in 4.5.5 plus be the incumbent of a supervisory electrical or electronic mechanic position.

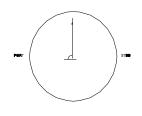
4.6.3 Connector Fabrication Quality Assurance Inspector Qualification requirement: Successful completion of the classroom training required in 4.5.5 plus be the incumbent of a quality assurance specialist or inspector position.

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4.7 Attachment B is provided as an aid to completion of Electrical Cableway Inspection Form.

ITEM NO: 009-73 FY-18 4.8 If local air hose test of 3.6.6 is required, the use of Standard Item 009-25 of 2.1 "Structural Boundary Test; accomplish" will be specified in the Work item.

4.9 If cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces of 3.12 are required; the use of Standard Item 009-32 of 2.1 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" will be specified in the Work Item.



ATTACHMENT A

ELECTRICAL CABLEWAY INSPECTION FORM

DATE ______ HULL NUMBER _____

INSPECTED BY _____ INSPECTING ORGANIZATION _____

| SER # | COMPT | DECK | FRAME | P/S | POS | CABLE CIRCUIT DESIG | CABLE TYPE | *CAT | *NAVSEA DWG NO. | EQUIPMENT |
|-------------|-------------|------|-------|-----|-----|------------------------|------------|------|--------------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION | | | | | - | | | | | |

* SEE ATTACHMENT B FOR "CATEGORY" GUIDANCE

ATTACHMENT B

INSPECTION CRITERIA FOR ELECTRICAL CABLES AND CABLEWAYS

CATEGORY 1 - Immediate Hazard CATEGORY 2 - Potential Hazard CATEGORY 3 - Non-Hazardous

| ITEM | | CRITERIA | CATEGORY |
|-----------|----------|---|----------|
| I. CABLES | | | |
| A | Installa | tion | |
| | 1. | Minimum bend radius exceeded, causing visual damage to cable. | 1 |
| | 2. | Minimum bend radius exceeded; No visual cable damage, cable rings out and meggers satisfactorily. | 3 |
| | 3. | Equipment connector supporting weight of cable (more than 32 inches of cable from last support to end use equipment). (18 inches from shock mounted motors). | 1 |
| | 4. | Cables run on or near hot objects (steam or exhaust pipes, griddles, ovens, etc. | 1 |
| | 5. | Cable run outside of hangers. | 3 |
| | 6. | Lack of slack at expansion joints. | 2 |
| | 7. | Excess slack between hangers. (Minimum distance of 6 feet 4 inches between deck and cables.) | 3 |
| | 8. | Excess cable slack stored in wireway. | 3 |
| в. | Damaged | | |
| | 1. | Bulging, bubbling or discoloration of cable jacket (evidence of overloading, overheating or hot spots.) | 1 |
| | 2. | Bulging, bubbling or discolored cable jacket; but cable rings out and meggers satisfactorily. | 2 |
| | 3. | Cable chafed or cut through outer jacket only. | 2 |
| 4. | | Cable chafed or cut through, inner wire insulation damage. | 1 |
| | 5. | Cable pulled out of equipment/junction box penetrations and leads exposed | 1 |
| | 6. | Armored and unarmored cables in contact at an oblique angle causing chafing of unarmored jacket. | 2 |

| ITEM | | | CRITERIA | CATEGORY |
|------|-------|----------|---|----------|
| | 1 | 7. | Fiber cable chafed or cut beyond the cable outer jacket to the Kevlar strength members | 1 |
| | с. | Dead-end | ed | |
| | | 1. | Cable dead-ended, not end sealed and labeled (serialized) properly at both ends. | 1 |
| | | 2. | Cable for future use not properly sealed on both ends and labeled at both ends for the specific use. | 1 |
| | 1 | 3. | Cable dead-ended, end sealed and labeled (serialized) properly. | 3 |
| | D. | Spliced | | |
| | | 1. | Improper materials/methods used for splicing, or evidence of loose joints. | 1 |
| | | 2. | Splice located in bend of cable. | 2 |
| II. | BANDI | NG | | |
| | Α. | All Cabl | e Runs | |
| | 1 | 1. | Banding cuts cable outer jacket (banding too tight). | 1 |
| | | 2. | Banding compressing outer jacket (banding too tight but not cutting jacket). | 3 |
| | | 3. | Plastic tie wraps used in place of banding straps (metal banding strap required). | 2 |
| | | 4. | Cables secured to hanger with bailing wire or rope. | 1 |
| | | 5. | Bands cut and left in wireway. | 2 |
| | | 6. | Channel rubber not installed where required. | 2 |
| | в. | Horizont | al Cable Runs | |
| | | 1. | Banding not installed at breakout hangers before and after penetrations or at change of direction of wireway. | 2 |
| | с. | Vertical | Cable Runs | |
| | | 1. | No banding or loose banding (banding required on every hanger). | 2 |
| III. | | | | |
| | Α. | Cableway | s | |
| | | 1. | Cable hangers or hardware cutting into the cable jacket. | 1 |

| ITEM | | | CRITERIA | CATEGORY |
|------|-------|-----------|--|----------|
| | | 2. | Improper hanger spacing (Cable hangers are required at least every 32 inches except that hangers for multiple tier overhead aluminum decks shall be spaced every 16 inches). | 2 |
| | | 3. | Inadequate cableway support (hangers, hardware, tiers, or cable straps missing) or welds cracked. | 2 |
| | | 4. | Overload/Overcrowded cable hangers. | 3 |
| | | 5. | Maximum no. of tiers exceeded. | 3 |
| | | 6. | Inadequate fastener length. | 3 |
| | | 7. | One-half inch clearance between cable run and hangers above or structure not provided. | 2 |
| IV. | EQUI | PMENT | | |
| | Α. | Covers | | - |
| | | 1. | Junction box or equipment covers loose or missing. | 1 |
| | в. | Mounting | | |
| | | 1. | Cable supporting the weight of equipment (power junction boxes, lighting fixtures switch boxes, etc.) | 1 |
| | | 2. | Missing loose or improperly installed mounting hardware on equipment. | 2 |
| | с. | Cable Ent | | |
| | | 1. | Watertight penetrators not utilized for entrance to watertight equipment enclosures. | 1 |
| | | 2. | Drip loops, drip shields plastic sealer or bottom penetration not utilized for entrance to non-watertight drip proof equipment. | 1 |
| | | 3. | Cable can be moved in and out of tube. Improperly packed or not packed. | 1 |
| | | 4. | Nylon tube base loose in enclosure. (O-ring missing) | 1 |
| V. 1 | DECK/ | BULKHEAD | PENETRATION | |
| | A. | Non-water | tight Deck or Bulkhead Cable Penetration | |
| | | 1. | No plastic sealer around cables through collars where required. | 1 |
| | | 2. | Chafing protection not installed at non- watertight deck or bulkhead cableway penetrations. | 2 |

| ITEM | | CRITERIA | CATEGORY |
|--|--------------------|---|-------------|
| 3. | | Chafing ring overloaded. | 3 |
| | 4. | Inadequate chafing protection and damage evidence. | 1 |
| B. W | atertigh | t Deck or Bulkhead Cable Penetration | |
| | 1. | No plastic sealer around cable at stuffing tubes which are exposed to the weather. Note: If plastic sealer is installed at locations other than those exposed to the weather, it is not required to be removed. | 2 |
| | 2. | Stuffing tube or kickpipe not utilized (cable installed without tube). | 1 |
| | 3. | Unused stuffing tube or kickpipe not plugged. | 1 |
| 4. | | Stuffing tube or kickpipe assembly incomplete (missing gland nut, packing, or pipe connector). | 1 |
| 5. | | Stuffing tube assembly incorrect (improper packing). | 2 |
| 6. | | Stuffing tube or kickpipe too large for size of cable. | 3 |
| 7. Multiple cables in a single kickpipe. | | Multiple cables in a single stuffing tube or kickpipe. | 2 |
| | 8. | Stuffing tube or kickpipe damaged to point where complete assembly not possible (cracked welds, damaged threads, out-of- round, etc.) if firestop material is installed. | 2 |
| | atertigh ration | t Deck or Bulkhead Penetrations Utilizing Mult | ciple Cable |
| | 1. | Insert blocks, compression bolts or filler blocks missing. | 1 |
| | 2. | Improper size blocks used for size cable installed violating watertight integrity. | 2 |
| | з. | Incorrect type of RTV used to seal armored cable through MCP blocks. | 1 |
| | 4. | RISE type MCP not properly sealed. | 1 |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | 009-74 | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 NOV 2016 | | | |
| CATEGORY: | I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Occupational, Safety and Health Plan; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment
- 2.2 46 CFR 164.009, Noncombustible Materials for Merchant Vessels
- 2.3 Safe Work Practices for Marine Hanging Staging: An OSHA Guidance Document, April 2005
- 2.4 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)
- 2.5 S0400-AD-URM-010/TUM, Tag-Out User's Manual
- 2.6 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant General
- 2.7 29 CFR Part 1904.7, Recording and Reporting Occupational Injuries and Illness, General Recording Criteria

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Establish, document, implement, and maintain a written Occupational Safety and Health Plan appropriate for the work to be accomplished. Provide a copy of the Occupational Safety and Health Plan to the SUPERVISOR upon request. At a minimum, the Occupational Safety and Health Plan shall include the following elements:

3.1.1 Method(s) of communicating potential hazards, prior to the start of any task, to contractor's employees, subcontractor employees, and other potentially affected personnel.

3.1.1.1 Hazards to be addressed shall include but not be limited to emergency evacuation and muster policy, confined space, and energy control.

3.1.2 A process for performing a Job Safety Analysis/Job Hazard Analysis (JSA/JHA) for:

3.1.2.1 Processes and equipment new to the worksite.

3.1.2.2 Existing processes and equipment that have been involved in mishaps or near misses.

3.1.2.3 Maintain a copy of each JSA/JHA which shall be available for review by the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.1.3 A process for identification, communication, abatement, and prevention of unsafe conditions and work practices.

3.1.4 Method(s) to account for employees and subcontractors working in isolated areas, e.g. Confined spaces.

3.1.5 Method(s) to ensure work areas and walkways are adequately illuminated.

3.1.6 Method(s) to establish and maintain good housekeeping practices.

3.1.7 Method(s) to ensure that medical services and first aid are readily accessible.

3.1.8 Method(s) to provide adequate and readily accessible sanitation facilities.

3.1.9 A process for notifying the Quarterdeck and initiating emergency response.

3.2 Update the Safety Plan as circumstances warrant or at the request of the SUPERVISOR.

3.3 Provide a Safety Point of Contact to the SUPERVISOR before each project.

3.4 Provide appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for employees and monitor utilization in accordance with 2.1.

3.5 Mark or tag material and equipment brought aboard naval facilities and vessels. Marking or tags must endure the repair process, and must stay attached and/or be readable until the material or equipment is dismantled.

3.5.1 Marking/tags shall display the company name, point of contact, phone number, item description and contents.

3.6 Provide the SUPERVISOR a complete list of subcontractors (e.g., company name) hired by the contractor prior to subcontractor(s) commencing work aboard naval facilities or vessels.

3.6.1 Contractor shall monitor, inspect, oversee, and abate hazardous or deficient conditions related to the conduct and work practices of subcontractor(s).

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ITEM NO: 009-74 FY-18 3.7 Ensure Material Handling Equipment (MHE) and Aerial Work Platforms (AWP) are operated and maintained in accordance with 2.1 and manufacturer's specifications.

 $3.7.1\,$ Ensure operators of MHE and AWP meet applicable training and licensing requirements and provide documentation to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.7.2 Ensure operators conduct a daily operational check of the MHE or AWP before use.

3.7.2.1 Maintain copies of the daily operational checks for the duration of the performance period of the prime contract and provide copies to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.8 "Screw type" hose clamps are prohibited on any pressurized hose (e.g., compressed gas and air hoses).

3.9 Temporary lights shall have 3-conductor cable, guard or shield, hook, and lamp holder. Exposed non-current-carrying metal parts of the fixture shall be grounded either through a third wire in the cable containing the current conductors, or through a separate wire that is grounded at the fixture's voltage source.

3.9.1 Temporary lighting fixtures shall not be used to power portable electric tools.

3.9.2. Maintain temporary lights in a safe condition. Splices shall not be permitted in magazine and ammunition handling spaces.

3.10 Temporary services shall be suspended using non-combustible high temperature devices, brackets, or material that meets test requirements of 2.2. Plastic tie wraps, string, rope, or other combustible material shall not be used.

3.10.1 All temporary services shall be positively identified with durable unique markings that include maintenance activity name, service type, location, and shore side shut-off points. Tags shall be located (at a minimum) at the source, point of entry aboard ship, at each connection point (including quick disconnects), and termination point.

3.10.2 Identify vital temporary services with a unique marking or tag at the shore side shut-off location. Markings or tags shall endure the repair process, and shall stay attached and readable until the vital temporary service is no longer in service. Vital temporary services shall be determined by the SUPERVISOR.

3.11 Rigging of temporary services, such as but not limited to hoses, electrical lines, welding leads, and temporary lights shall be kept clear of the decks utilizing temporary support trees or ship's structural members, such as beams, braces, and welded brackets and be arranged to minimize tripping and other safety hazards and to allow free access through doors, hatches, and passageways.

3.11.1 Temporary service lines shall be routed to allow emergency access and egress to all areas of the ship and shall not impede damage control and watchstander performance of duties. Where appropriate, run temporary services outboard to keep passageways clear.

3.11.2 Remove temporary services from the ship when no longer needed.

3.11.3 Evaluate temporary services during the daily fire prevention and housekeeping inspection made jointly with the SUPERVISOR and Ship's Force. Discrepancies shall be promptly corrected.

3.11.4 Shipboard temporary ventilation systems used for exhausting toxic contaminants and/or flammable vapors shall be constructed so that ducting within confined and enclosed spaces is under negative pressure.

3.11.4.1 Use fire retardant ventilation ducting. Proper documentation of fire retardancy shall be available for review upon request of the SUPERVISOR.

3.12 Each employee shall have a flashlight or other adequate light source onboard a navy vessel.

3.13 Notify personnel of lifting operations by audible alerts during crane operations (e.g., whistles or horns). Audible alerts shall be utilized throughout the lifting evolution.

3.14 Comply with the fall protection requirements of 2.1.

3.15 Scaffolding shall be built and maintained in accordance with 2.1 and manufacturer's specifications or under the direction of a Professional Engineer.

3.15.1 Provide manufacturer's specifications to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.15.2 Tag all scaffolding. Tags must endure the repair process, and must stay attached and be readable.

3.15.2.1 Tags shall display the stage of completion, scaffold load capacity, and availability for use.

3.15.3 Erect scaffolding so that a swing gate is installed at each working level accessed by a ladder.

3.15.4 Ensure marine hanging scaffolding meets the guidance provided in 2.3.

3.15.5 When there is a danger of tools, materials, or equipment falling from a scaffold and striking employees below during the erection,

dismantling, or altering of scaffolding, the area below the scaffold to which objects can fall shall be barricaded and adequately identified with signs and danger tape. Employees not involved with the scaffolding operation shall not be permitted to enter the hazard area.

3.16 Ensure protective measures are taken in accordance with 2.1 before creating a deck opening or an unguarded edge.

3.16.1 Deck openings and unguarded edges shall not be left unprotected for any amount of time.

3.17 Crimping or pinching of fuel gas/oxygen/compressed gas hoses, air hoses, or hoses carrying hazardous/toxic/flammable materials is prohibited. All hoses shall be disconnected at the manufacturer's fittings. Prior to disconnecting hoses from equipment/tool, pressure shall be released by disconnecting the hose from the source, e.g., manifold or gas cylinder.

3.18 Notify the SUPERVISOR and accomplish the requirements of 2.1, Volume IV, Chapter 10 of 2.4, and 2.5 prior to working aloft.

3.18.1 Accomplish the requirements of the vessel's work aloft instruction and utilize the vessel's working aloft request form.

3.18.1.1 The vessel's working aloft request form shall be routed in accordance with the ship's aloft instruction for permission for working over the side or in aloft zones. Do not enter aloft zones or be suspended over the side by a crane without first obtaining written permission from the Officer of the Deck (OOD) in the form of working aloft request form.

3.18.1.2 Verify that the working aloft request form is active prior to going aloft each time.

3.18.2 Provide and use personal fall arrest system (PFAS), working lanyard, and climber safety device when going aloft where a climber safety rail is installed. If a climber safety rail is not installed, use a double lanyard configuration.

3.18.3 In the absence of a properly guarded work platform, position a safety observer on deck near the work being performed. The safety observer shall keep the deck area beneath the work aloft free of unnecessary personnel.

3.18.4 In case of an emergency, the safety observer shall notify the Quarterdeck or emergency services.

3.19 Accomplish safety precautions as specified in 2.6 for work on electrical/electronic circuits and equipment.

3.19.1 Obtain written authorization from the ship's Commanding Officer before testing or entering components which are energized at a value greater than 30 volts.

3.20 Notify the SUPERVISOR and vessel's Quarterdeck immediately by verbal means of each incident (accident, injury, fire, flooding, and electrical shock) occurring on the vessel, dry dock or pier/berth involving contractor/subcontractor personnel.

3.20.1 Secure and preserve the scene until released by the $\ensuremath{\texttt{SUPERVISOR}}$.

3.20.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a formal written report, Attachment A, of the incident to the SUPERVISOR within one day of each accident requiring medical treatment, each electrical shock, each fire, or any incident when requested by the SUPERVISOR. Provide daily updates within one day upon request by the SUPERVISOR, until the final report is submitted. The written report shall contain the name of each injured person, date and time of incident/fire, extent of each personal injury or property damage, contractor/subcontractor name, Job Order/Work Item Number, type of incident/fire, location of event (ship name and hull number, space, compartment), a brief description of the event including occurrences leading up to the incident/fire, equipment involved, Contract Number, witness and/or individuals involved, short term and long term corrective action, and root cause analysis.

3.21 Repair and maintenance employees working aboard vessels, dry docks and piers shall have a valid 10 hour OSHA Maritime Shipyard Employment Course #7615 or NAVSEA-approved equivalent completion card within 60 days of employment and shall maintain the qualification.

3.21.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing the OSHA outreach training program report as documentation of completing Course number 7615 until completion cards are received to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.21.2 The authorized maritime trainer shall have successfully completed the OSHA 5400 trainer course in occupational safety and health standards for the maritime industry. The authorized maritime trainer shall have a current OSHA Training Institute ID number and shall follow the OSHA outreach training program guidelines.

3.21.3 Maintain current copies of the training documents required by the guidelines for reference by the SUPERVISOR. Submit one legible copy in approved transferrable media when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.22 Install a temporary general announcing system which can be heard or seen in spaces that are not normally manned and the ship's general announcing system cannot be heard, such as occupied tanks and voids, including tanks entered through hull cut access when in dry dock. The temporary general announcing system must be approved by the SUPERVISOR prior to the start of work.

3.23 Install casualty reporting non-dial red telephones with an indicator light that report to the Ship's Quarter Deck when the Shipboard Casualty Reporting System is nonoperational. Install telephones in each fire zone at least every 100 feet of ship's length on decks/platforms, placed on alternating sides of the deck/platform and located at a junction with athwartship passageways. Install a telephone on each level and each fire zone of the ship's superstructure, such that a telephone is within 100 feet of any part of the level. Install telephones in each space of decks/platforms below the Damage Control or Main Deck less than 100 feet of ship's length, within ten feet of all exit ladders. Install a telephone within ten feet of the exit to each tank open for maintenance. Label each phone with space location.

3.24 The use of tobacco products (cigarettes, cigars, smokeless tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and electronic nicotine delivery systems) is prohibited onboard vessels, adjacent piers and dry docks, except in designated areas.

3.25 Food and beverages (excluding water and "hydration supplements," e.g., Gatorade) shall not be permitted aboard vessels, except in areas designated by the SUPERVISOR.

3.26 Property taken onboard, such as bags and tool boxes, shall be identified to include organization name, employee name and badge number.

3.27 Label compressed gas cylinders or cylinder storage racks with company name or unique identifier.

3.27.1 Secure all compressed gas cylinders in a cylinder rack.

 $3.27.2\ {\rm Compressed}$ gas cylinders shall not be secured to pier or vessel structures.

3.27.3 Secure all compressed gas cylinders for transportation by pallet or cylinder rack.

3.28 Submit a written request to use Ship's Force services (e.g., air, water and electrical power). Request shall include rational for deviation, duration of use, and type and description of equipment that will be utilizing ship's services.

3.28.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of each request to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The term "medical treatment" is defined in 2.7.

4.2 Requests for deviations/waivers of training requirements will only be approved by NAVSEA and on a case-by-case basis. This includes equivalent training for foreign nationals.

4.3 The term "repair and maintenance employee" is defined as one whose employment relates to or is in conjunction with ship repairing, shipbuilding, or shipbreaking work, including, but not restricted to, inspection, testing, and employment as a fire watch. This excludes employees who provide

ITEM NO: 009-74 FY-18 incidental services that do not influence shipyard employment such as delivery services.

4.4 A "quick disconnect" is a coupling or connecting device/system designed to permit easy and immediate separation of lines without the use of tools and to ensure the contents do not escape.

 $4.5\,$ Meeting the requirements of 3.21.1 satisfies the requirement of 3.21.

ATTACHMENT A FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

| INCIDENT REPORT | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Report # | | | | | | | | |
| INITIAL REPORT | INITIAL REPORT REQUESTED UPDATE FINAL REPORT | | | | | | | |
| TYPE OF INCIDENT: | | | | | | | | |
| <u>NAME(S) OF INJURED</u> (if applicable): | | | | | | | | |
| INCIDENT | <u>CC</u> | MPANY: | | _ | | | | |
| DATE: TIME: | <u>SU</u> | PERVISOR: | | | | | | |
| LOCATION OF INCIDENT: | <u>TY</u> | PE OF INJURY OR FIR | <u>RE</u> : | | | | | |
| CAUSE OF INCIDENT: | EQ | EQUIPMENT INVOLVED: | | | | | | |
| WORK ITEM NUMBER: | <u>CC</u> | NTRACT NUMBER: | | | | | | |
| WITNESS | S AND | /OR INDIVIDUA | ALS INVOLVED | | | | | |
| NAME(S) DEPT. COMPANY | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
|] | DESCF | RIPTION OF INC | IDENT | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| DISPC | OSITIO | N OF INJURED | (if applicable) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION

| INVESTIGATED BY (NAME): | TITLE: |
|----------------------------|--------|
| SIGNATURE OF INVESTIGATOR: | DATE: |

ATTACHMENT A FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

| INCIDENT REPORT | |
|-----------------|--|
| Report # | |

LONG TERM CORRECTIVE ACTION

ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

INVESTIGATED BY (NAME):

TITLE:

ATTACHMENT A FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

| SIGNATURE OF INVESTIGATOR: | DATE: | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Incident Report Instructions | | | | |
| <u>REPORT NUMBER</u> - Unique tracking number created by contractor | | | | |
| TYPE OF INCIDENT - Injury, fire or near miss | | | | |
| NAME(S) OF INJURED- Self Explanatory | | | | |
| <u>INCIDENT DATE</u> : - Self Explanatory <u>TIME</u> : - Self Explanatory | | | | |
| COMPANY: - Prime and subcontractors involved | | | | |
| <u>SUPERVISOR</u> – Supervisor of employee(s) involved | | | | |
| LOCATION OF INCIDENT: - Base/Yard, Ship name and hull number, space number | r and compartment name | | | |
| <u>TYPE OF INJURY OR FIRE</u> – i.e. broken arm, laceration to head or Class A, B, C fire | res, smoldering | | | |
| CAUSE OF INJURY – i.e. Equipment failure, PPE, process | | | | |
| EQUIPMENT INVOLVED – Equipment working on and equipment being used to ca | use incident | | | |
| WORK ITEM NUMBER – Work Item being accomplished when incident occurred | | | | |
| CONTRACT NUMBER: - Contract Number assigned by government agency i.e. RM | C, Alteration Installation Team (AIT) Sponsor. | | | |
| WITNESS AND/OR INDIVIDUALS INVOLVED – Name, company of witnesses ar | nd or individuals involved with the incident. | | | |
| DESCRIPTON OF INCIDENT OR NEAR MISS – Short description of events leadin damage to equipment. | g up to incident and extent of injuries and or | | | |
| <u>DISPOSITION OF INJURED</u> – i.e. Transported to hospital via ambulance or POV, tr of hospital or clinic, limited duty or loss time (if known). | ransported to clinic, released from hospital, name | | | |
| <u>IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION</u> – i.e. Scene/space secured, ship notified (wh clean up of blood, equipment secured fire debris cleaned up. | o and when), RMC notified (who and when) | | | |
| INVESTIGATED BY – Self Explanatory. | | | | |
| <u>TITLE</u> – Self Explanatory. | | | | |
| SIGNATURE OF INVESTIGATOR – Self Explanatory. | | | | |
| DATE – Self Explanatory. | | | | |

<u>LONG TERM CORRECTIVE ACTION</u> – What action(s) were taken so that incident does not reoccur, i.e. training, safety stand down or process/policy change.

<u>ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS</u> – Process by which you will identify the cause or contributing factors of the incident.

Note: Attach additional information as necessary.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM | NO: | 00 |)9-75 |
|-----------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Circuit Breaker; repair

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Equipment Technical Manual

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Identify and pull back associated cables and wiring. Mechanically remove each circuit breaker, using 2.1 for guidance.

3.1.1 Matchmark and retain mounting hardware and fasteners.

3.1.2 Protect exposed terminal connections and internal switchboard parts from dirt and damage.

3.1.2.1 Each phase shall be isolated and protected from other phases.

3.2 Disassemble each circuit breaker, using 2.1 for guidance.

3.2.1 Inspect and test electrical and mechanical components, assemblies, subassemblies, internal circuitry, and hardware to design characteristics and determine missing and defective components, circuitry, and hardware in accordance with 2.1.

3.2.1.1 Acceptance criteria for silver contacts is that wear shall be less than 50 percent of original thickness after dressing, contacts shall have no evidence of copper migration, and shall have no irregular, burnt, or pitted interface after dressing.

3.2.1.2 Acceptance criteria for non-silver contacts is that, after dressing, wear shall be less than 10 percent of original thickness and contacts shall have no irregular, burnt, or pitted interface after dressing.

3.2.2 Test internal wiring, coils, and transformers for open and short circuits and 500 volt megger insulation resistance to ground. Record readings. Minimum acceptable resistance to ground shall be one megohm.

1 of 5

ITEM NO: 009-75 FY-18 3.2.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.2.1 and 3.2.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.3 Remove defective and install new electrical and mechanical components, assemblies, subassemblies, internal circuitry, and hardware. Install new electrical and mechanical components, assemblies, subassemblies, internal circuitry, and hardware where missing. New material shall conform to the requirements of 2.1 and shall be obtained from the Federal Stock System or the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM), except for non-restricted parts.

3.3.1 Clean each component free of dirt, lubricants, and other foreign matter.

3.3.1.1 Steam cleaning of circuit breakers is not authorized.

3.3.2 Resilver previously silver plated contacts in accordance with ASTM B 700.

3.3.3 Dress, burnish, adjust, and align arcing and main contacts (contacts that experience arcing in functional duty) in accordance with 2.1.

3.3.4 Replace existing cadmium-plated parts with zinc in accordance with ASTM A 153.

3.3.5 Dip and bake taped insulated coils and open transformers in varnish conforming to MIL-I-24092, Class 155.

3.3.5.1 Dip and bake insulated coils and open transformers in Dolph Varnish 1105, Epoxylite Esterlite 605, or Schenectady International Isolite 862M varnish in localities where MIL-I-24092 varnish does not meet state and local air pollution control district standards.

3.3.6 Remove existing and install new coil and transformer leads in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.3.7 Repair defective connections.

3.3.8 Free-up and adjust moving parts and latching mechanisms.

3.3.9 Lubricate the current-carrying parts (except for interrupting contacts) and sliding joints with lubricant conforming to MIL-L-87177, Type I, Grade B. Lubricate mechanical pivots, excluding latch roller face components, with high performance multi-purpose grease conforming to DOD-G-24508.

3.3.9.1 Apply new lubricant sparingly and wipe off excess.

2 of 5 ITEM NO: 009-75 FY-18 3.3.10 Test and inspect molded and insulation parts in accordance with the following criteria:

3.3.10.1 Phase-to-phase dielectric strength 2,000 volts minimum.

3.3.10.2 Surface burn marks and hairline cracks are acceptable but shall not deteriorate the mold surface or impair physical strength. Cracks are not permitted in wall section between phase and a ground plane when there is a conducting part in contact with the wall section. Cracks should not exceed 0.75 inch in length, and in no case should be greater than 50 percent of the length of the surface in which the crack appears.

3.3.10.3 Surface cracks should not exceed 1.5 inches in length, and in no case should be greater than 50 percent of the length of the surface in which the crack appears.

3.3.10.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.3.10 to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "SHOP TEST"

3.4 Shop test and inspect each motor operator and motor in accordance with 2.1.

3.4.1 Submit one legible copy, approved transferrable media, of a report to the SUPERVISOR listing defects.

(V) "SETTINGS AND MILLIVOLT DROP TEST"

3.5 Reassemble each circuit breaker and accomplish adjustments and settings in accordance with 2.1.

3.5.1 Align and true each set of stationary and movable contacts to the manufacturer's specifications.

3.5.2 Accomplish millivolt drop test to each set of contacts in accordance with 2.1 or Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) requirements.

(V) "TEST, CALIBRATION, AND ADJUSTMENT"

3.6 Test, calibrate, adjust, and certify the trip units of each circuit breaker for time delay and instantaneous trip settings in accordance with 2.1.

3.6.1 Accomplish a heat run test for repaired type ACB and AQB circuit breakers.

ITEM NO: 009-75 FY-18

3 of 5

3.6.1.1 Connect each ACB type circuit breaker to a test set and apply rated current to each individual phase of the circuit breaker for 30 minutes. After 5 minutes, measure the voltage across the line to load contacts of each pole and calculate the contact impedance. Satisfactory impedance for 1,600-4,000 ampere ACB's is below 225 microhms, and below 1,050 microhms for 600-900 ampere ACB's.

3.6.1.2 Connect each AQB-type molded case circuit breaker to a test set and apply rated current to each phase simultaneously for one hour. The AQB shall not trip within that hour.

3.6.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.6.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.6.3 Attach a calibration label to the face of each circuit breaker denoting the name and location of the calibration facility and date of calibration. In the event there is insufficient room on the face of the circuit breaker, attach the calibration label to the right hand side of the breaker as viewed from the front.

3.7 Install and connect each circuit breaker.

3.7.1 Install new threaded fasteners, washers, and lockwashers to replace those identified to be missing or defective.

(V) (G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.8 Accomplish final adjustments and test operate each circuit breaker, including control and safety devices.

3.8.1 Close and trip each circuit breaker electrically from local and remote stations. Three consecutive successful times required.

3.8.1.1 Ensure generator heater interlock is de-energized by the generator circuit breaker.

3.8.2 Repeat the requirements of 3.8.1 manually.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

4.2 Repair and overhaul will be accomplished by the Navy Designated Overhaul Point (DOP) at Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, the OEM, or a commercial repair facility that has demonstrated to the SUPERVISOR the capability to perform the work. Capability to perform circuit breaker overhaul and repair work includes having the facilities, trained mechanics, and access to the OEM's qualified parts and repair procedures. Use of non-qualified restricted parts violates the integrity of the circuit breaker, nullifying the breakers prior qualification under the QPL process. Restricted parts must be obtained

ITEM NO: 009-75 FY-18 from the OEM either directly or via (if available) the Federal stock system. If a restricted part is replaced with an unqualified part, the qualification of the particular circuit breaker is revoked until the full set of QPL required tests are repeated and submitted to NAVSEA for approval.

4.3 Non-restricted parts are defined as nuts, bolts, screws, washers, lockwashers, cotter pins, O-rings, indicator lights, and indicator light globes (colored and clear) only.

4.4 The following ACB circuit breakers listed by manufacturer contain non-friable asbestos arc chutes:

4.4.1 SPD, ITE, ITE/Gould: 640R, 900RC, 901R, 1600R, 1600HR, 1600HRC, 2000HR, 2000RC (450V), 2601R, 2801R, 3200HR, 4000HR.

4.4.2 General Electric: all types.

4.4.3 Westinghouse: All DBN types.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-76 | |
|----------|-----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Waveguide and Rigid Coaxial Lay-Up; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Equipment Technical Manual

2.2 SE000-01-IMB-010, Navy Installation and Maintenance Book (NIMB), Section IX, Installation Standards (Source CD: N0002400003)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Disconnect each dry air pressure line at last mechanical joint as designated by the SUPERVISOR and connect temporary nitrogen or dry air lay-up control/monitor panels and associated equipment to ship's dry air panel, using 2.1 for guidance.

3.1.1 Where lay-up conditions permit, ensure temporary nitrogen or dry air lay-up control/monitor panels are operational for continuous monitoring of temporary nitrogen or dry air in the equipment space(s).

3.2 Accomplish uninterrupted nitrogen or dry air lay-up for each waveguide and rigid coaxial cable in accordance with Paragraph 5-2.7 of 2.2 and lay-up procedures of 2.1.

3.2.1 Do not connect unregulated pressurized air to equipment subassemblies or components. Ensure that each temporary dry air pressure source is connected in accordance with lay-up procedures of 2.1 to prevent equipment damage due to over-pressurization. No pressurization shall be supplied to waveguide in excess of the normal operating pressures specified for that equipment.

 $3.2.2\,$ Ensure temporary dry air meets the requirements of Paragraph 5-1.14 and 5-1.15 of 2.2, and the following:

3.2.2.1 Dew Point: Minus 40 degrees Fahrenheit at 80 PSIG.

3.2.2.2 Quality of Air: Filtered to remove all particulate matter greater than one micrometer and filtered for a total amount of

ITEM NO: 009-76 FY-18

1 of 2

contamination (including oil contaminants) not to exceed one part per million by weight.

3.2.3 Pressurize each line as specified in the lay-up procedures of 2.1.

3.2.3.1 Where specific lay-up instructions are not available, pressurize those lines to 3 PSIG.

3.2.3.2 Install relief value downstream of temporary source, setting relief pressure at 5 PSIG.

3.2.4 Identify leaks in accordance with Paragraph 5-2.7.2 and 5-2.7.3 of 2.2.

3.2.4.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.2.4 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.3 Remove temporary pressurization when directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.1 Connect the dry air pressure line disconnected in 3.1.

3.3.2 Purge and pressurize in accordance with Paragraph 5-2.7 of 2.2.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

4.2 Where lay-up conditions permit, ensure equipment's dry air control/monitor panels are operational for continuous monitoring of temporary dry air in the equipment space(s).

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: 009-7 | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----|-----|------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | | | |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Cofferdam Installation; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Standard Items

2.2 S0600-AA-PRO-160/CH-16, Underwater Ship Husbandry Manual, Cofferdams

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Maintain watertight integrity to a level 4 feet above the maximum calculated draft, including but not limited to the following operations: access openings, hull plating replacement, welding to the hull when preheating is required, modifications or repairs to damage or deterioration that will degrade watertight integrity or stability, or piping and mechanical repairs that are expected to result in less than double-valve protection.

3.2 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) to support installation of a cofferdam (e.g., plug, patch, dry chamber, stern tube seal) shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.4) and include the following:

3.2.1 Include the Operational Checklist, Table 16-9 of 2.2, in the PCP.

3.2.2 Prior to the start of the PCP, any time the installed cofferdam will serve as the only barrier to the sea (single valve protection), ensure Ship's Commanding Officer sign-off via the SUPERVISOR, as required by Paragraph 16-4.7.1.4 (plugs), or Paragraph 16-5.2.10 (patches), or Paragraph 16-6.6 (dry chambers), or Paragraph 16-7.6.5 (stern tube seals) of 2.2.

3.2.2.1 The first page of the PCP shall be stamped SINGLE VALVE PROTECTION, at the top, in minimum one-half inch letters.

 $\ensuremath{3.2.2.2}$ Attachment A shall be used to document single value isolation signatures.

1 of 15 ITEM NO: 009-77 FY-18 3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the design and maintenance records in accordance with Paragraph 16-5.2.7 (patches), or Paragraph 16-6.6.4 (dry chambers), or Paragraph 16-7.6.3 (stern tube seals) of 2.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4 Prior to the start of the PCP, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of Ship's Force notification in accordance with Paragraph 16-4.7.1.3 (plugs), or Paragraph 16-5.2.9 (patches), or Paragraph 16-6.6 (dry chambers), or Paragraphs 16-7.6.5 and 16-7.6.8 (stern tube seals) of 2.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.5 Prior to the removal of the cofferdam, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of Ship's Force notification in accordance with Paragraph 16-4.7.1.3 (plugs), or Paragraph 16-5.2.9 (patches), or Paragraph 16-6.6 (dry chambers), or Paragraphs 16-7.6.5 and 16.7.6.8 (stern tube seals) of 2.2 to the SUPERVISOR.

(I) (G) "REMOVAL OF COFFERDAM"

3.6 Remove each cofferdam (plug, patch, dry chamber, or stern tube seal) and all associated components upon completion of repairs.

4. NOTES:

4.1 2.2 and associated forms are available at:

http://www.supsalv.org/manuals/uwsh/chap16/chap16.pdf

4.2 Attachment B is provided as an aid to cofferdam PCP development.

4.3 Maximum Calculated Draft (MCD) - The maximum draft, calculated during the period in which ship's draft is affected due to evolutions which add, remove, or change weight. It represents the "worst case" cumulative effect at any one time on trim, list, or draft for the proposed weight changes throughout the period that hull penetrations are in a non-standard configuration. MCD shall be known and utilized by SUPERVISOR and Ship's Force in scheduling work and testing during waterborne maintenance periods.

4.4 A PCP to support installation of a cofferdam (e.g., plug, patch, dry chamber, stern tube seal) is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-09 "Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish" of 2.1 shall be specified in the Work Item.

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ATTACHMENT A

AUTHORIZATION FOR SINGLE VALVE ISOLATION

Date_

Subj: PROVIDE NOTIFICATION OF SINGLE VALVE ISOLATION REQUIREMENT AND PROVIDE PRECAUTIONARY PROCEDURES TO BE EMPLOYED DURING REPAIRS/ALTERATIONS TO SEA-CONNECTED SYSTEMS.

Ref: (a) OPNAVINST 3120.32 Series

1. The procedures involved in this repair/alteration will subject the affected area to a flooding hazard during the time the repair is being accomplished. The purpose of this notification is to outline the responsibilities for precautionary measures placed upon the contractor and the ship while the repairs/alterations are in progress.

2. System: The repairs/alterations to be accomplished to the following system:

Component/Space

3. Prior to Commencing work, the contractor shall provide:

- a. A procedure, in accordance with the requirements of NAVSEA Standard Item 009-77, has been developed and approved by the SUPERVISOR (Copy Attached).
- b. The sequence of repairs to be accomplished, including drawings of the system and valve locations. The proposed system isolation must be discussed and mutually agreed upon between the ship, SUPERVISOR, and the contractor.
- c. Identify possible hazards of single valve isolation failure.
- d. Expected start ______ and completion ______ for single valve isolation evolution.
- e. Watertight boundaries have been defined, sighted, tagged out and verified.
- 4. During the period of this repair, the following minimum precautions are required:
 - a. Ship's Supervisor, E-7 or above, must be present to verify single valve isolation and breaking of pressure boundary.
 - b. Ship's Force will provide a watch on the affected system and monitor for leaks, etc.
 - c. Ship will maintain appropriate state of damage control readiness.
- 5. See attached drawing of system and valve locations.

Ship's SRA Coordinator

Engineering Officer

Commanding Officer/approval

Ship Repair Officer (SRO)/Project Management Officer (PMO) (Notification made to Waterfront Operations Officer)

(Held on site for SBS Review)

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Minimum Requirements and Critical Factors

References

- 1. NAVSEA STD ITEM 009-01, General Criteria; accomplish
- 2. NAVSEA STD ITEM 009-09, Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish
- 3. S0600-AA-PRO-160 Underwater Ship Husbandry Manual, Chapter 16 (Appendix C, D, E, F, G; Table 16-9)
- 4. NAVSEA STD ITEM 009-77, Cofferdam Requirements
- 5. NAVSEA STD ITEM 009-24, Authorization, Control, Isolation, Blanking and Tagging Requirements; accomplish
- MIL-STD-777, Schedule of Piping, Valves, Fittings, and Associated Piping Components for Naval Surface Ships or 802-5959353, MIL-STD-777 Modified for DDG-51 Class
- 7. NAVSEA STD ITEM 009-04, Quality Management System; provide

All cofferdam PCPs shall include the following MINIMUM criteria, including Critical Factors¹, as appropriate, preferably in the order shown below (for further elaboration, see the applicable Reference):

| Crite | eria | | Ref | Justification | YES | NO | N/A |
|-------|-------|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----|----|-----|
| 1. | ADMIN | NISTRATIVE CONTROLS. | | | | | |
| | 1.1. | SHIP'S NAME | 1 | 3.2.4.1 | | | |
| | 1.2. | SHIP'S HULL NUMBER | 1 | 3.2.4.1 | | | |
| | | NUCLEAR VESSEL? | | | | | |
| | 1.3. | CONTRACTOR'S NAME | 2 2 | 3.1.1 Attachment A | | | |
| | 1.4. | CONTRACTOR'S ADDRESS | 2 2 | 3.1.1 Attachment A | | | |
| | 1.5. | WORK ITEM AND PARAGRAPH | 2 1 | Attachment A 3.2.4.1 | | | |
| | 1.6. | PCP TITLE | 2 2 | 3.1.2 Attachment A | | | |
| | 1.7. | PCP NUMBER (WITH REVISION) | 2 2 | 3.1.2 Attachment A | | | |
| | 1.8. | DATE OF PCP DEVELOPMENT | 2 2 | 3.1.2 Attachment A | | | |
| | 1.9. | PCP SUBMISSION DATE | 2 2 1 | 3.1.10 Attachment A 3.2.4.4 | | | |
| | 1.10. | TITLE OF CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE. The individual responsible for creating the PCP. | 2 1 | 3.1.10 3.2.4.4 | | | |
| | 1.11. | APPROVAL SIGNATURE | 2 2 | 3.1.10 Attachment A | | | |

| | | Minimum Requirements and Childar Fac | 1013 | | 1 | |
|----|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|---|------|
| 2. | (a) T <u>y</u> (b) At | OSE/SCOPE. Describe the process and: /pe of cofferdam ffected hull opening ffected equipment/system(s) | 2 2 3 | 3.1.3 Attachment A Appendix C | | |
| 3. | PERS | ONNEL QUALIFICATIONS. | 2 2 3 | 3.1.4 Attachment A 16-10.2.3 | | |
| | 3.1. | Diver Training Plan. Note the Diving Contractor's Training Plan & documentation complies with Reference 3, 16-10.2.1 & 10.2.2. | 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-10.2.1 16-10.2.2 16-10.2.4.1 16-10.2.4.2 16-10.2.4.3 | | |
| | 3.2. | Diver Competency. Note the Divers: (a) Are ADCI recognized with 7 years (min.) commercial diving experience; (b) Have current medical physical screening; (c) Have current CPR and First Aid certification; (d) Have cofferdam program qualification; (e) Have performed six (6) cofferdam installations; (f) Have performed a cofferdam installation within the past six (6) months. | 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-1.6 16-10.2.3.3.1 16-10.2.3.3.2 16-10.2.4.2.5 16-10.2.4.2.8 | | |
| | | 3.2.1. Minimum Diver Cofferdam Training Requirements. Require the completion of Reference 3, Appendix E demonstrating Diver fundamental cofferdam knowledge. | 3 3 3 3 | 16-5.2.20 16-10.2.2 16- 10.2.3.3.4.(c) Appendix E | | |
| | 3.3. | Engineering. Specify NON-standard cofferdam(s) ² were designed by a degreed Engineer or Professional Engineer. | 3 3 | 16-3.11 16-10.2.3.1 | | |
| | 3.4. | Fabrication Personnel. Note Contractor Welders are qualified to Company's approved welding procedure. | 3 3 | 16-10.2.3.2 16-10.2.4.3 | | |
| 4. | SAFE | TY GUIDELINES. | | | | |
| CF | 4.1. | Personnel Protective Gear. Note that the minimum required PPE will be used and provide several examples. | 2 | Attachment A | | |
| | 4.2. | Hazardous Materials. Note Hazardous Material Identification and minimization methods comply with NAVSEA STD ITEM 009-03, Toxic and Hazardous Substances; control, as required. | 2 2 | 3.1.9 Attachment A | | |

| | 4.3. | in place, plan for i compone that S/F Flooding emerger | ncy Flooding Plan. Whenever single-valve protection is include in the written notification to the ship a specific immediate installation of a replacement piping ent or internal sealing blank. Provide a note indicating is responsible for developing an on-site Emergency Plan (dewatering response), which includes additional ncy dewatering equipment that shall be operationally efore commencing work and available for the entire time | 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-4.7.1.5 16-5.2.10 16-7.6.4 16-10.2.6 16-10.2.6.9 | | |
|----|------|---|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | single va | alve protection is in place. | | | | |
| | 4.4. | | fety Brief. Note participation in a pre-job Joint Safety Contractor attendance was required. | 2 | 3.4 | | |
| CF | 4.5. | | Safety Precautions – Warning Signs. Specify and each of the following (e.g., figure, sketch, etc.): | | | | |
| | | 4.5.1. | Warning Sign posted at Quarter Deck to space that contains the system impacted by the PCP. | | | | |
| | | 4.5.2. | Warning Sign posted at entrance to space that contains the system impacted by the PCP. | | | | |
| | | 4.5.3. | Warning Sign posted at seawater supply manifold (eductor), if applicable. | | | | |
| | | 4.5.4. | Warning Sign at deck edge in way of cofferdam support rigging, if applicable. | | | | |
| 5. | COFF | ERDAM A | ND INTERNAL BLANK DESIGN. | 2 | 3.1.3 | | |

| 5.1. | Cofferda includin | am Design. Specify a suitable capacity cofferdam, g: | 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.7 16-3.8.(7) 16-10.2.4.5 Appendix C: 1- 7 | | |
|------|----------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| | 5.1.1. | Supporting Documentation. Require design and maintenance records that comply with Reference 3, Paras. 16-5.2.7 (patches), or 16-6.6.4 (dry chambers), or 16-7.6.2 (stern tube seals), including, as necessary: (a) Fabrication drawing(s) (b) Inspections (c) Engineering Calculations (d) Cofferdam Rated depth (e) Maximum hull opening size (f) Gasket requirements (g) Eductor and vent line requirements (h) Patch specific hull opening (i) Attachment and alignment requirements Note: Commercially procured plugs from an approved manufacturer do not require a design sketch. Cofferdam designs from NAVSEA approved DWGs or Reference 3 do not require engineering calculations. | 4 3 3 3 3 | 3.2.1 16-5.2.7 16-5.2.8 16-6.6.4 16-6.7.4 | | |
| | 5.1.2. | Identification. Require an installed data plate or engraved serial number on cofferdams, corresponding to supporting documentation. | 3 3 | 16-5.2.7 16-6.6.4 | | |
| | 5.1.3. | Templating. Note the cofferdam is contoured to fit the hull curvature, as necessary. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-2.1.2.2 16-2.1.2.3 16-3.10 16-5.3.3 16-6.7.3 16-7.7.3 16-8.1 16-8.2 Appendix C | | |
| | 5.1.4. | Overall Dimensions. Specify the gross dimensions of the cofferdam ³ . | 3 3 | 16-10.2.4.5 16-3.8 | | |
| | 5.1.5. | Material Types and Thicknesses. Specify the appropriate material types and thicknesses conforming to Reference 3, Section 9 ³ . | 3 3 | 16-3.8 16-10.2.4.5 | | |
| | 5.1.6. | Stiffeners. Specify the size and spacing of the stiffeners, as necessary ³ . | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-2.1.2.2 16-3.8 16-5.1.1 16-6.2 16-9.1.1.2 16-9.2.3.7 16-9.5.4 | | |

| | | Minimum Requirements and Childal Fac | 1013 | | | |
|----|---------|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|------|--|
| | 5.1.7. | Eductor, Air Supply and Vent. Specify: (a) As necessary, attachment locations of the | | | | |
| | | eductor, air supply and vent, including suction side closure valves ³ . | | | | |
| | | Note: All patch pipe nipples used to attach external vent lines must have valves installed to secure the space when dewatering is complete. | | | | |
| | | (b) As necessary, size and type of eductor, air supply and vent ³ . | | | | |
| | | Note: External vent lines shall be non-collapsible hoses. | | | | |
| | | (c) As necessary, that the cofferdam shall be vented to atmosphere by an internal vent or an external non-collapsible vent line. | 3 3 3 | 16-3.8 16-3.9 16-5.2.2 | | |
| | | Note: When using an internal vent, communications must be established between topside and internal space workers to ensure that the internal vent valve is open prior to eductor operation. | 3 3 | 16-5.2.14 16-5.3.4 | | |
| | | (d) As necessary, that a vent line (internal or external) must be installed and opened before dewatering to prevent a vacuum and overloading the patch. | | | | |
| | | (e) As necessary, a caution tag on all internal vents stating: "EXTERNAL COFFERDAM VENT VALVE. IF WATER PRESENT OR PRESSURIZED AIR RELEASED WHEN OPENED, TAKE ACTION TO CONFIRM COFFERDAM ADEQUACY." | | | | |
| | 5.1.8. | Gasket Design. Require gasket to be fabricated from ASTM D 1056-00 Type 2, Class B or C, Grade 1 or 2 closed cell foam and a minimum of 3 inches in width (complying with Reference 3, 16-9.3.1 or 16-9.3.2, as applicable). | 3 3 3 | 16-3.8 16-9.3.1 16-10.2.4.5 | | |
| CF | 5.1.9. | Gasket Adhesive. Specify that a marine-grade adhesive was used to mount the gasket to the cofferdam flange. | 3 | 16-5.1.1 | | |
| | 5.1.10. | Positive Securing Device Design. Specify the method used to secure the cofferdam to the hull (e.g., J-bolt, hogging lines, etc.) | 3 3 | 16-3.8 Appendix F | | |
| | | 5.1.10.1. J-Bolt Minimum Requirements. Refer to, and include, Reference 3, Appendix F if a j-bolt is used. | 3 3 | 16-9.2.3.4 Appendix F | | |
| | 5.1.11. | Mechanical Fasteners. Specify the fastener type, as necessary. | 3 3 | 16-3.8 16-9.4 | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | | Minimum Requirements and Untical Fa | | 1 | | |
|------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| 5.2. | sealing ½-inch Note: V | Sealing Blank Design and Documentation. If an internal blank is necessary, require the installation of a less than vent valve in the blank and specify: /ent lines shall be less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " IPS or else a temporary r shall be installed to make the opening less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " IPS. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.4.2.1.(2) 16-4.7.1.1 16-4.7.1.2 16-4.7.1.5 16-5.2.1 16-5.2.2 App D: 2, 19 | | |
| | 5.2.1. | Blank conforms to Standard DWG# 845- 4612172(latest applicable revision). | 5 | 3.6.1 | | |
| | 5.2.2. | Gasket conforms to MIL-PRF-1149 (latest revision). | 5 6 | 3.6.1 Cat D-1 & D-3 | | |
| | 5.2.3. | Fasteners conform to with MIL-DTL-1222J. | 5 6 | 3.6.1 4.15 | | |
| | 5.2.4. | Positive attachment of a Danger Tag. | 3 5 | Appendix D: 19 3.6.1.1 | | |
| | 5.2.5. | Require the blank to be documented on a certified check-off sheet (Reference 3, Appendix D) verifying its installation and removal. | 3 | App D: 2, 19, 22, 23 | | |
| 5.3. | cofferda (a) Lift (b) Su sha cou (c) Se din rec (d) Ma Str (e) Dir use (f) Rig fac Note: If stateme purpose inspecto would a cracks, structur This au remova personi accepta | g Plan. Specify a rigging plan to positively secure the am to the hull, including, as necessary: ting requirements itable rigging equipment (e.g., chainfalls, turnbuckles, ackles, bellybands, hogging lines, chafing gear, unterweights) curing and attachment requirements (e.g., padeye nensions and locations) and consideration of rigging load quirements, per Reference 3, Section 9 anufacturer and weight testing requirements (Lifting raps, Padeyes, Wire) rection and magnitude of expected loads from installation, e, and removal of the cofferdam gging points and supporting structure designed with the ctors of safety from Reference 3, Table 16-6. irigging to existing ship structure include the following ent: "All existing ship structure selected for rigging es, in accordance with this procedure, shall be visually ed, before its use, for any questionable indications that appear to compromise its strength (e.g., unintentional holes, severe corrosion) or items or re that appear insufficient to carry the intended load(s). thorization is ONLY applicable to the installation and al of the cofferdam of this procedure." If Contractor nel are unclear or unsure as to whether an item is able to rig from, contact the SUPERVISOR immediately ification / approval. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.12 16-5.2.6 16-9.2.3.4 16-9.5.2 16-10.2.5.2 | | |
| | | ARATION. | | | | |

| | | initial requiremente and endear a | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| 5.4.1. | Appendix Checkshe | Plug Inspection. Include Reference 3, C Patch and Plug Inspection eet and require its completion g cofferdam inspection. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.7.3.(b) 16-3.8.(7) 16-4.7.1.3 16-4.7.1.6 16-5.2.8 16-5.2.11 16-6.6.5 16-6.7.4 Appendix C | | |
| 5.4.2. | feet (MIN) | d. Note that watertight integrity of 4- above the maximum anticipated draft naintained. | 4 | 3.1 | | |
| CF 5.4.3. | | ing or Access Cut Location. To locate , specify, as necessary: | | | | |
| | 5.4.3.1. | Hull Opening Item #. Referenced on docking drawing. | | | | |
| | 5.4.3.2. | Hull Opening Size. Referenced on docking drawing. | | | | |
| | 5.4.3.3. | Hull Fairing. Referenced on docking drawing. | | | | |
| | 5.4.3.4. | Hull Opening Strainer Bars. Detailed on the seachest drawing and referenced on the piping drawing. | | | | |
| | 5.4.3.5. | Access Cut. In lieu of hull opening, detail the location and access cut size. | | | | |
| | 5.4.3.6. | Surface Preparation. Inspect and clean hull surfaces to obtain a 100% seal. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-4.8.6 16-4.9.2 16-5.4.2 16-6.8.1 16-7.8.1 Appendix C | | |
| CF | 5.4.3.7. | Sealing Surface, Hull. A 3-inch minimum sealing surface on the hull around the opening to accommodate the minimum cofferdam gasket width. | 3 3 | 16-9.3.1.(b) App D: 5 | | |
| 5.4.4. | personnel | Specify a method ensuring cognizant shall have direct knowledge of the ents before starting the process. | 2 2 | 3.1.7 Attachment A | | |

| | | | 1 | | |
|--------|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| 5.4.5. | On-site Documentation. Specify that the following on-site documentation shall be available for the duration of the process, separately or as part of the PCP. (a) Applicable System Drawings. (b) Docking Plan Drawing. (c) Approved PCP (d) Reference 3 (e) Applicable Standard Forms. Including but not limited to, Reference 3, Appendices C, D and G, as necessary (f) Rigging Plan (g) Cofferdam Design Package (h) Emergency Flooding Plan (i) Diving Contractor's Safe Practices Manual | 2 2 3 | 3.1.7 Attachment A 16-10.2.6 | | |
| 5.4.6. | PCP Control. Specify a method establishing administrative control of the authorized PCP for the duration of the process, including a record of the data demonstrating satisfactory completion of the procedure. Note: This is normally accomplished by a First-Line Supervisor ensuring all personnel shall maintain compliance with PCP requirements. | 2 2 2 | 3.1.8 3.2 Attachment A | | |
| 5.4.7. | Notifications. | | | | |
| | 5.4.7.1. Government. Notify the Government (G) of the start of the process, in compliance with Reference 7, Para 3.8.2. Label the notification sign-off as: "(V)(G) START OF PROCEDURE". | 2 2 2 7 | 3.1.11 4.1 Attachment A 3.8.2 | | |

| - | | | Minimum Requirements and Childar Fa | | 1 | 1 | |
|----|---------|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| | | li F F E C n c c i e N r e | Ship's Force Notification of Cofferdam Installation (Location) and Single Valve Protection. Include, and complete, as equired, Reference 3, Appendix G Report of Ship's Responsibility for Patch Installation and/or Single Valve Protection confirming the Ship's C.O. or Designated Representative have been otified and acknowledge the offerdam's location (if installed) and evel of valve protection. Note: Unlike single/double valve protection, weld epairs to the hull do not require App. G as nplied by Ref. 3, 16-10.2.6.6. | 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 | 3.2.2 3.2.4 16-4.7.1.3 16-4.7.1.4 16-5.2.1 16-5.2.2 16-5.2.9 16-5.2.10 16-6.6.10 16-7.6.4 16-7.6.6 16-10.2.6.6 3.1 | | |
| | 5.4.8. | Leak Rate | . Specify an appropriate leak rate. | 3 3 3 | 16-4.7.1.8 16-5.2.17 16-7.6.6 | | |
| | 5.4.9. | | Dive. Note a pre-installation dive shall be accomplished verifying anditions. | 3 3 | 16-3.6 16-7.7.4 | | |
| CF | 5.4.10. | communic powered te (Surveillar | cations. Specify mandatory two-way ation (e.g., hand-held radio, sound elephone) between the Contractor ice Personnel) and Ship's Force eck or OOD Station) for the duration of s. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.4.2.6 16-4.8.4 16-5.2.14 16-5.5.1 16-10.2.5.1 App D: 14, 21 | | |
| CF | 5.4.11. | Dewaterin | g. | | | | |
| | | 5.4.11.1. | Dewatering. If necessary, require installation, tagging (as required) and inspection of all vent lines, eductors and air supply lines (dry chambers), in accordance with Reference 3, Appendix D, as necessary. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-5.2.2 16-5.2.14 16-5.2.15 16-5.2.18.1 16-5.2.18.2 16-5.3.4 16-6.6.7 16-6.7.5 16-7.6.6 Appendix D | | |
| CF | | 5.4.11.2. | Pumping, Seawater Supply. If necessary, require maintenance of a seawater supply (supply valve wired open and either a backup fire pump or secondary fire main). | | | | |
| CF | 5.4.12. | | al Compliance Check-List. Include, and the Operational Check-List, Reference 6-9. | | 3.2.3 16-10.3.1 | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| | 5.5. | INSTAL | LATION. | | | | |
|----|------|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | 5.5.1. | Installation Checksheet. Include Reference 3, Appendix D Patch and Plug Installation Check sheet and complete only those steps pertaining to cofferdam installation. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.13 16-4.7.1.3 16-4.7.1.9 16-5.2.11 16-5.2.19 Appendix D | | |
| | | 5.5.2. | Verify System and Hull Opening. Verify the removed valve or system corresponds to the system blanked and the hull opening. | 3 | 16-5.4.1 | | |
| CF | | 5.5.3. | Locate and Position Cofferdam. Require: (a) Cofferdam to be located in conjunction with the Rigging Plan and Inspection Dive. (b) A 4-foot minimum freeboard (conforming to GOS, S9AA0-AB-GOS-010, Section 045) (c) A 6-inch minimum clearance between the cofferdam side and hot work area, if applicable. If the 6-inch minimum clearance cannot be maintained provide written justification. | 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 3.1 3.6 3.12 5.3.5 6.7.6 7.7.5 App C: 1b, 1c App D: 1 | | |
| CF | | 5.5.4. | Verify Cofferdam Seal (Watertight Integrity). Require Divers to verify cofferdam's watertight integrity, and, if necessary, retightening of the primary means of cofferdam attachment to establish a watertight seal. | 3 | Appendix D | | |
| | | | 5.5.4.1. Notification of Cofferdam Seal. Require Lead Shop notification that a seal has been established. | 3 | Appendix D | | |
| CF | | 5.5.5. | Internal Seal Blank. If necessary, require: (a) The installation of an internal seal blank, conforming to the specified design requirements, immediately after removal of the damaged (or repair) component (internal piping or watertight boundary is opened) to maintain double-valve protection. (b) The Contractors to confirm that an internal seal blank with a less than ½" diameter vent valve has been installed immediately after removal of the damaged (or repair) component. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.4.2.1.(2) 16-4.7.1.1 16-4.7.1.2 16-4.7.1.5 16-5.2.1 16-5.2.2 App D: 2, 19 | | |

| | | | • | 1 | | | |
|----|------|--------|---|---|---|---|--|
| CF | | 5.5.6. | Test & Inspection Plan; Acceptance & Rejection Criteria. Include a Test & Inspection Plan denoting the relevant acceptance and rejection criteria, in compliance with Reference 7, Paras. 3.4.1 and 3.5.1. | 2 2 7 7 | 3.6.1 Attachment A 3.4.1 3.5.1 | | |
| | | 5.5.7. | Monitoring. Require cognizant personnel (e.g., Divers or Ship's Force) to monitor watertight integrity of all applicable cofferdams (with dewatering equipment secured) while actually providing single or double-valve protection at intervals no greater than every 7 days for patches and continuously for dry chambers (when occupied). Note 1: The vent valve on internal seal blanks facilitates internal vent cofferdam monitoring. Note 2: The blank vent valve may be left shut when not temporarily opened by the ship's sounding and security detail for patch or plug seal monitoring or, upon <u>approval by the</u> <u>Ship</u> , the blank vent valve may be left continuously open to maintain cofferdam differential pressure. | 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-5.2.2 16-5.2.18 16-6.7.2 Appendix D: 19 | | |
| | 5.6. | REMO | /AL. | | | | |
| | | 5.6.1. | Removal Checklist. Remove cofferdam and complete those remaining steps in Reference 3, Appendix D Patch and Plug Installation Checksheet applicable to the removal phase of the cofferdam procedure. | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 16-3.13 16-4.7.1.3 16-4.7.1.9 4.8.1 4.9.7 16-5.2.11 16-5.2.19 5.5 7.9 Appendix D | | |
| CF | | 5.6.2. | Removal/Reinstallation Equipment, On-site. Equipment to move/manipulate the component shall be available on-site. | | | | |
| CF | | 5.6.3. | Cofferdam Seal Verification. Either open the ½- inch vent valve or loosen blank fasteners to slightly spread (open) the seal and verify the cofferdam is holding back sea pressure. If leakage exists correct cofferdam seal. | 3 3 3 | 4.8.9 4.8.10 Appendix D | | |
| CF | | 5.6.4. | Internal Sealing Blank. Remove internal sealing blank and retain on-site for immediate installation, if necessary. | 3 | Appendix D | | |
| CF | | 5.6.5. | Double Valve Protection. Verify reestablishment of double-valve protection after component has been installed and 24-hour surveillance or diver stand-by for single-valve protection is no longer required. | 3 | Appendix D | | |
| L | | | | | I I | - | |

Minimum Requirements and Critical Factors

| 5.6.6. CF | Divers Stand-By, Removal. Require Divers to be on stand-by during removal of internal blank and re/installation of component. | 3 | Appendix D | | |
|--------------|--|---|------------|--|--|
| 5.6.7. CF | Verify System Integrity. Require loosening of cofferdam after the component is installed to verify the flange seal is tight (zero leaks) and, if not, the Divers shall retighten the cofferdam to reestablish watertight integrity of the component. When seal is verified, remove the cofferdam. | 3 | Appendix D | | |

Notes.

- 1. Items referenced to this note are considered "critical factors, which have direct bearing on the process quality and safety" in accordance with Reference 2, Para. 3.1.3 and are either only generally implied in the References or are not readily specified but are nevertheless considered critical and required for a successful cofferdam process. These Items are marked "CF" in this Review form.
- 2. Non-standard cofferdams are cofferdams other than those provided by Reference 4, Section 9.
- 3. Can be included as part of design sketch.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :00 | 00 |)9-78 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Passive Countermeasures System (PCMS) Material; repair

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 RIM 05T1, Passive Countermeasures System (PCMS) Repair/Installation Methods
- 2.3 PHS&T 05T1, Passive Countermeasures System Packaging, Handling, Storage and Transportation Plan
- 2.4 ACD 05P1, Passive Countermeasures System (PCMS) Access, Material Control and Disposal Manual

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Remove existing and install new PCMS material in accordance with 2.2 through 2.4.

3.1.1 Accomplish additional PCMS material handling and storage requirements in accordance with 2.3.

(V) "ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS"

3.1.2 Verify the environmental requirements of Section C.1 of 2.2 are met prior to application of primers, tiles, caulking, and paint.

(V) "WELD FAIRING"

3.1.3 Verify the fairing of weld seams is in accordance with Section C.3 of 2.2.

(V)(G) "FINAL INSPECTION"

3.1.4 Accomplish a final inspection of newly installed PCMS material to verify correct installation.

1 of 2

ITEM NO: 009-78 FY-18 3.1.5 Accomplish surface preparation and preservation for topcoat of new PCMS material in accordance with Section C.6 of 2.2.

3.2 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.1).

4. NOTES:

4.1 If cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces are required; the use of Category II Standard item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish' of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM N | 10: | 00 |)9-79 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Government Owned Material (GOM) Status; report

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide an accurate accounting of Government Owned Material (GOM), traceable to the Lowest Replaceable Unit (LRU), in the custody of the contractor. For this tasking, GOM is defined as government furnished material (GFM) and contractor acquired material (CAM) which the Navy has either paid for or provided directly to the contractor.

3.2 Prepare and submit one legible copy of GOM Status Reports in approved transferrable media (similar or equal to Excel).

3.2.1 This report shall specify all the current inventory of GOM baseline, residual, and excess assets including COSAL material, installation and checkout (INCO) spares, GFM, and CAM. Specific content requirements shall be as specified in 3.2.2 and shall include the following:

3.2.1.1 Allowance Parts List/Allowance Equipage List (APL/AEL). An alphanumeric code, minimum of 8 characters and maximum of 11 characters, that identifies the unique characteristics of an equipment or system provisioned by the Naval Inventory Control Point, or the non-installed material collectively known as equipage.

3.2.1.2 Document GFM Requisition/CFM purchase order number.

3.2.1.3 National Item Identification Number. Represents the last 9 digits of the 13-digit Naval Stock Number and identifies a specific item catalogued in the Federal Supply System.

3.2.1.4 Part Number. A manufacturer's part numbers, drawing numbers, and model, type, or source controlling numbers used to identify an item of production or supply.

3.2.1.5 Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE). A 5-digit number assigned to an individual supplier, manufacturer, corporation, or government activity for identification purposes.

3.2.1.6 Unit of Issue. A 2-character abbreviation code used to identify the types of units under which material is issued. For example, shoes would be issued as a pair (PR), while hammers would be issued one at a time or each (EA).

3.2.1.7 Allowance/Required Quantity. The total number of a given item of replacement allowed onboard.

3.2.1.8 Quantity on Order. The number of a given item for which requisitions are in process.

3.2.1.9 Quantity Received. The number of a given item acquired as a result of a requisition.

3.2.1.10 Quantity on Hand. The number of a given replaceable item currently in the storeroom/storage location.

3.2.1.11 Unit Price. The cost of the unit of issue (i.e., gross, pair, each, guart, gallon, ton, ounce, etc.).

3.2.1.12 Extended Price. The cost calculated by multiplying the unit price by the quantity of items.

3.2.1.13 Material Accessibility Code (MAC). A 2-character alphabetic code that defines the material's intended use and disposition. Generally speaking, excess assets are available as free issue redistributions while baseline and residual assets are either non-available for redistribution or are negotiable at the SUPERVISOR's discretion. A single item may have multiple MACs assigned to it; some of its quantity on hand could be in each category. Valid MACs include IC (Inaccessible and contractually required), ID (Inaccessible and Deferred), and AR (Accessible and Residual).

3.2.1.14 Unit Identification Code. A 5-digit accounting number that identifies a ship, shore activity, operational unit, agency, contractor or other organized entity that may be involved in acquiring and/or managing material.

3.2.1.15 Type Number Code. A one-digit alphabetic code that identifies the data in position 12-28 as either a document number [R] or a contract number (P).

3.2.1.16 Condition Code. A one-digit alphabetic code that identifies the condition of the material, whether it is ready for issue or in need of some level of repair.

3.2.1.17 Cognizance Code. A 2-position code. The first position identifies the stores account to which the item belongs and the second position identifies the combined technical and inventory manager having jurisdiction over the item.

3.2.1.18 Federal Supply Classification. A 4-position code assigned to designate various groups of common use, commercial type items.

3.2.1.19 COAR/Material Group. A 6-position code locally assigned by the SUPERVISOR to indicate the modernization program under which the work on the ship is being performed or the outfitting material group material is being purchased to support.

3.2.1.20 Item Name. A 48-position nomenclature assigned to an item to describe the item for allowance purposes.

3.2.1.21 Technical Characteristics. A 200-character field used to describe the technical characteristics of an item.

3.2.2 The GOM Report Format (character positions, data element numbers, and field lengths) shall use the following table as an illustration of the data elements with their respective character positions and field lengths:

| POSITION | DEN PICTURE | REMARKS | DATA DESCRIPTION |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 1-11 12-28 29-37 | D008G K002/P699 D046D | APL/AEL Document/Contract Number NIIN | X (11) X (17) X (9) N/R if no NSN assigned |
| 38-67 | D001W | Part Number | X (30) N/R if NSN assigned |
| 68-72 | C035 | CAGE | X (5) N/R if NSN assigned |
| 73-74 | C005 | Unit of Issue | X (2) |
| 75-79 | E372 | Allowance Quantity | 9 (5) |
| 80-84 | F977C | Quantity on Order | 9 (5) |
| 85-89 | F977D | Quantity Received | 9 (5) |
| 90-94 | A012 | Quantity on Hand | 9 (5) |
| 95-105 | в053 | Unit Price | 9 (11) |
| 106-116 | G101A | Extended Price | 9 (11) |
| 117-118 | | Material Access Code (AF) | X(2) |
| 119-120 | | Material Access Code (AR) | X(2) |
| 121-122 | | Material Access Code (IC) | X(2) |
| 123-124 | | Material Access Code (ID) | X(2) |
| 125-129 | A002 | Unit Identification Code | X (5) |
| 130 | T088 | Type Number Code | Х |
| 131 | SD041 | Condition Code | Х |
| 132-133 | C003 | Cog | X(2) |
| 134-137 | C042 | FSC | X(4) |

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| POSITION | DEN | | DATA DES | SCRIPTION |
|----------|---------|---------------------------|----------|------------|
| | PICTURE | REMARKS | | |
| 138-143 | | COAR | X(6) | |
| 144-191 | C004C | Item Name | X(48) | |
| 192-392 | Т059В | Technical Characteristics | X(200) | N/R if NSN |
| | | | | assigned |

N/R = Not Required

3.3 Submit the GOM Status Report to the SUPERVISOR 4 days prior to the 50 percent conference and 5 days after the end of the availability.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 The GOM Status Report will be invoked in the solicitation for multiship/multi-year availabilities.

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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

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| ITEM 1 | NO: | 00 | 9-80 |
|--------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | I | | |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Ship Facilities; maintain

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the following requirements to keep the ship habitable and maintain the ship's facilities operational at times when spaces are inhabited by the crew.

3.1.1 Maintain operational sanitary services.

3.1.2 Identify span of time each CHT zone will be taken out of service.

3.1.3 Install and maintain temporary, primary, and back-up CHT pumps during such time that ship's CHT system is inoperative.

3.1.4 Ensure that the ship's power, steam, fire main, seawater service system, flushing system, heating system, CHT system, potable water, air conditioning, and ventilation is maintained operational.

3.1.5 Install temporary cables, jumpers, pumps, spool pieces, valves, hoses, and ducts when required to maintain systems operational.

3.2 Coordinate disruption of the facilities listed in 3.1 and systems listed in 3.1.4 with the ship via the SUPERVISOR.

3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a detailed schedule showing when each facility/system will be disrupted to accomplish 3.1.5 and include the following:

3.3.1 Original schedule is due 5 days prior to availability start date.

1 of 2

3.3.2 Submit updated schedules weekly throughout the entire availability.

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3.3.3 Include each compartment disrupted and specify the system(s) affected, with the scope of the disruption.

3.4 Remove the temporary installations and restore the systems to operational conditions when directed by the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The contractor is only required to maintain those systems operational which he disturbs or disrupts in the performance of work in the Job Order, and only to the extent possible, using temporary methods consistent with 3.1.5.

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| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
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1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Compartment Closeout; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Standard Items

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a compartment closeout schedule to the SUPERVISOR no later than the 50 Percent Review Conference for all CNO availabilities and non-CNO availabilities 9 weeks in length or longer.

3.1.1 The compartment closeout schedule shall contain the following minimum information:

3.1.1.1 A list of each compartment where contractor work contained in the Integrated Production Schedule or Production Schedule (see Note 4.6)has been or remains to be accomplished. Include each compartment number and name.

3.1.1.2 Identification of work not completed in each compartment by the Work Item number and associated Key Event or Milestone.

3.1.1.3 Any impact that known work by Ship's Force, Alteration Installation Teams (AIT), Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA), or other third Party Maintenance Providers will have on the contractor's ability to complete work in the compartment.

3.1.1.4 The date when the contractor expects to complete his work within each compartment. Highlight major trouble spots.

3.1.1.5 An index of the compartment closeout schedule by compartment number listing the page number of where the information about the compartment can be located.

3.1.2 Scheduling of closeout for compartments associated with the Crew Move Aboard milestone shall support completion of work on associated machinery, equipment, electrical, alarm, control, piping, and ventilation

1 of 4

ITEM NO: 009-81 FY-18 systems, necessary to permit crew berthing and messing aboard ship. Applicable compartments include:

3.1.2.1 Messing, berthing, and living compartments, including galley, scullery, pantry, mess decks, walk-in freezer, chill and thaw boxes, dry provisions and breakout storerooms, wardroom, CPO mess, berthing compartments, staterooms, lounges, wash rooms, water closets and showers, laundry, and associated access routes and passageways that have had other than cable installation performed.

3.1.2.2 Refrigeration and air conditioning machinery rooms3.1.2.3 CHT machinery spaces and tanks

3.1.2.4 Medical and dental spaces

3.1.3 Scheduling of closeout for compartments associated with the Engineering Plant Production Completion Date (PCD) Key Event shall be prior to the PCD Key Event date and support the requirements of 009-43 of 2.1 when invoked. Exceptions shall be clearly annotated on the closeout schedule and the impact adjudicated in accordance with 009-43 of 2.1.

3.1.4 Scheduling of closeout for compartments associated with the Combat Systems Production Complete Date (CSPCD) or AEGIS Light Off (ALO)Key Event shall be prior to the corresponding Key Event date and support the requirements of 009-117 of 2.1 when invoked. Exceptions shall be clearly annotated on the closeout schedule and the impact adjudicated in accordance with 009-117 of 2.1.

3.1.5 Scheduling of closeout for compartments associated with the Undocking Key Event (when invoked) shall be prior to the Undocking Key Event.

3.1.6 Scheduling of closeout for all other compartments shall be at least one day prior to Dock Trials, Sea Trials or Availability Completion Key Event, as invoked.

(V) (G) "COMPARTMENT INSPECTION"

3.2 Accomplish a joint inspection with the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative upon completion, inspection, and acceptance, by the contractor, of work within each compartment.

3.2.1 Acceptance criteria is completion of all contractor work within the compartment inclusive of associated Work Items, settled changes to associated Work Items, restoration of removals under 009-23 of 2.1, removal of temporary blanks under 009-24 of 2.1, as well as insulation, paint, and floor covering restoration required as a result of contractor work. Incomplete work is cause for rejection. Minor cleanliness deficiencies shall be promptly corrected by the contractor within one shift of the closeout inspection. Minor cleanliness deficiencies or outstanding work by Ship's Force, AIT, FMA, or other Third Party Maintenance providers shall not be

2 of 4

ITEM NO: <u>009-81</u> FY-18 cause for rejection. "FINAL CONTAMINATION/DAMAGE INSPECTION" in accordance with 009-06 of 2.1 will normally be accomplished for all work within the compartment prior to, or in conjunction with compartment closeout, but may be delayed to facilitate ongoing equipment protection with SUPERVISOR approval.

3.2.1.1 Provide a listing of all contractor work applicable to the compartment for use in evaluating the status of contractor's work completion during the inspection.

3.2.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report to the SUPERVISOR after each compartment inspection, listing any incomplete work or discrepancies preventing compartment turnover, and recommendation for disposition.

3.2.3 Turn over each compartment accepted in accordance with 3.2.1 to Ship's Force for maintenance/use and indicate on the updated compartment closeout schedule as complete.

3.3 Update the compartment closeout schedule at the weekly progress meeting after the first report is published.

3.3.1 Highlight changes from the previous compartment closeout schedule.

3.3.2 Highlight each discrepancy in the spaces in 3.1.2 through 3.1.6 that cannot be corrected prior to their associated Key Event or Milestone date, providing the reason and expected completion date.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The ship's Commanding Officer will furnish the SUPERVISOR the work by compartment, including the schedule, which is planned for accomplishment by Ship's Force on a weekly basis.

4.2 For purposes of this item, the term compartment includes compartments, tanks, and voids. The terms "space/spaces", "room/rooms", and "compartment/compartments" are synonymous.

4.3 The crew move aboard evolution is a difficult and complex one. Key areas of concern are: safety of the crew; sanitation and serviceability of food preparation, serving, and eating areas; livability of berthing and sanitary spaces; cleanliness.

 $4.4\,$ Interface conflicts in the closeout schedule will be resolved as they occur.

4.5 Integrated Production Schedule and Production Schedule are prescribed by 009-60 and 009-111 of 2.1.

4.6 The term "contractor work" is inclusive of any service or product subcontracted by the contractor.

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ITEM NO: 009-81 FY-18 4.7 When invoked, the following Standard Items interface with this Standard Item: 009-04, 009-06, 009-24, 009-43, 009-60, 009-67, 009-111, and 009-117.

4.8 Coordination with 009-43 and 009-117. These Standard Items provide direction for the completion of work and processes to ensure the ship's crew can conduct downstream operations. In contrast, 009-81 is a final closeout of contractor work accomplished in a compartment and marks the end of contractor work in that compartment.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 | 9-82 |
|--------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
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- 1. SCOPE:
 - 1.1 Title: Installation of Equal Component Vice Specified Component; report

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing the following data to the SUPERVISOR in each instance when the Work Item allows, and the contractor chooses, to install "an equal component" vice a "specified component" listed in the Work Item. Provide data to compare the equal component to that specified including the following:

3.1.1 Physical dimensions of each
3.1.2 Bolting pattern required to install the component
3.1.3 Power requirements
3.1.4 Size, location, and type of miscellaneous service connections
3.1.5 Modifications required for installation
3.1.6 Comparison of the characteristics, i.e., gallons per minute, cubic feet per minute, and temperature ranges

3.1.7 Submission of the reports shall be 20 days after award of CNO availabilities and 2 days after award for other availabilities.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

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NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 | 9-83 |
|--------|-------|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | DRY : | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Wire Rope Assembly; Fabricate

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-UU-STM-010/CH-613, Wire and Fiber Rope and Rigging

3. REQUIREMENTS:

 $3.1\,$ Comply with the following specifications when procuring wire rope fittings.

3.1.1 SOCKETS - RR-S-550

3.1.2 FIEGE-TYPE - MIL-S-21433

3.1.3 SWAGE SLEEVES - Commercial, supplied by the same manufacturer as the swaging machine

3.1.4 THIMBLES - FF-T-276 Type 3 only

3.1.5 SHACKLES - RR-C-271

3.1.6 BLOCKS - MIL-B-24141

3.2 Comply with the following specification when procuring wire rope.

3.2.1 WIRE ROPE AND STRAND - RR-W-410

3.3 Fabricate wire rope assemblies from the materials specified in 3.1 in accordance with the assembly and testing requirements of 2.1.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, to the SUPERVISOR of certification from each manufacturer that states that the wire rope and all components listed in 3.1.1 through 3.1.6 comply with the requirements and specifications listed in 3.1 and 3.2.

 $3.5\,$ Verify each fitting is legibly marked with manufacturer's name or trademark and size.

3.5.1 Shackles and blocks shall also be marked with safe working load.

3.5.2 Thimbles are not required to be marked.

3.6 In addition to the certifications of 3.4, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of testing results in accordance with 2.1. Provide certification documentation of qualified assembly personnel in accordance with 2.1 if required.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NC |): | 00 | 9-84 |
|---------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: 1 | . 8 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGOR | Y: | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Threaded Fastener Requirements; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Standard Items

2.2 S9086-CJ-STM-010/075, Fasteners

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 General

3.1.1 Replace the following non-Level I fasteners 1/2-inch nominal diameter and smaller with new fasteners of the same material, strength and design;

3.1.1.1 Monel, QQ-N-281, FF-S-85
3.1.1.2 CRES, 300 Series, FF-S-85
3.1.1.3 Steel, ASTM A193 B16
3.1.1.4 Steel, Grade 5 and Grade 8

(V) "INSPECT FASTENER"

3.1.2 Inspect fasteners intended for reuse for wear and defects, using Attachment A and paragraph 075-8.3 of 2.2 for accept or reject criteria.

3.1.3 Fasteners larger than 1/2-inch nominal diameter shall be retained for reuse to the maximum extent possible. Reuse existing fasteners if the acceptance criteria of Attachment A and paragraph 075-8.3 of 2.2 are met.

3.1.3.1 Maintain fastener accountability to ensure fasteners meeting the criteria of this item are reused in the same joint from which they came.

3.1.3.2 Clean each fastener free of foreign matter (including paint).

3.1.3.3 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.

3.1.4 Install new threaded fasteners, washers, and lock washers in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.1.4.1 Utilize table one to select replacement fasteners when

ITEM NO: 009-84 FY-18 necessary.

3.1.5 Use of black-oxide coated brass threaded fasteners (BOCBTF) is prohibited in the accomplishment of any work. BOCBTFs are most commonly marked with "462", "464", "F467C", "F467D", "F468C", and "F468D."

3.1.6 Fasteners, body-fitted bolts, and studs requiring a permeability factor of 2.0 or less shall conform to 500 Series Monel, 316L CRES, or 304 CRES where required.

3.2 Externally threaded fastener installation acceptance criteria unless otherwise specified or approved:

3.2.1 The minimum thread protrusion for male threaded fasteners shall be one full thread beyond the face of the nut. The maximum thread protrusion for male threaded fasteners is 5 full threads beyond the face of the nut.

3.2.2 For self-locking (plastic insert) nut installations, the minimum thread protrusion for bolt or stud end may be flush with the face of the nut after the threaded fastener(s) have been installed and tightened. The maximum thread protrusion for self-locking nuts shall be 5 threads after the threaded fastener(s) have been installed and tightened.

3.3 Internally threaded fastener installation acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with paragraph 075-7.6 of 2.2.

3.4 Use of Temporary Fasteners

3.4.1 Maintain a single log/file of installed/removed temporary fasteners with the following information:

3.4.1.1 System
3.4.1.2 Component (valves, flanges, foundations, brackets)
3.4.1.3 Location (deck, frame, port, starboard, tank, manhole)
3.4.1.4 Company name/badge number/name of mechanic
3.4.1.5 Date installed/date removed

3.4.2 Paint temporary fasteners blaze orange unless an alternate color has been authorized by the SUPERVISOR. Minimum requirements for painting fasteners are as follows:

3.4.2.1 Nut Bearing faces (top)
3.4.2.2 Bolt Top of bolt head
3.4.2.3 Stud Both ends of stud
3.4.2.4 Washer Faces (edge and bottom of washer)

3.4.3 Remove temporary fasteners prior to any testing, lagging, and/or painting of systems or components.

3.4.4 Logging-in of temporary fasteners shall be accomplished no later than the end of the work shift.

3.4.5 Existing system fasteners used for blanking that will be reused for installation are excluded from the requirement of 3.4.2.

4. NOTES:

4.1 For purposes of this item, temporary fasteners are defined as those fasteners that are installed in lieu of the final fasteners that are specified for system installation. Examples would include temporary fasteners used to hold fittings, valves, or machinery in place.

4.2 One complete thread or one thread length is defined as one complete rotation (360 degrees on a single thread), starting at a point along the thread.

The following criterion applies to the inspection of fasteners:

1 General inspection: Fasteners shall bear markings identifying material to be compatible with the system. Black-oxide coated fasteners and fasteners without markings are not acceptable. Joints with mixed material fasteners are not acceptable.

2. Engaged Thread Area: Cracks are not acceptable.

2.1 Broken, chipped, or missing threads or other indications of brittle material failure, are not acceptable.

2.2 Galling, spalling, or pitting is not acceptable.

2.3 Major defects are not acceptable. A major defect is a single defect (after removal of sharp edges and raised metal) that has a depth over one-half the thread depth.

2.4 Isolated minor defects are acceptable. A minor defect is a single nick, gouge, or flattened thread (after removal of sharp edges and raised metal) that has a depth greater than 1/64-inch, but less than one-half the thread height (depth), and a width less than the thread spacing (pitch). Defects less than 1/64-inch deep may be ignored.

2.4.1 An isolated minor defect that exceeds the width criterion for a minor defect is acceptable when the total length of the defect does not exceed 15 percent of one thread length in any one complete thread.

2.4.2 Any combination of minor defects is acceptable when the total combined length of the defects does not exceed 15 percent of one thread length in any one complete thread.

2.5 Repaired threads that engage with a non-self-locking Class 3-B fit nut, turned with fingers, are acceptable.

3. Non-Engaged Thread Area:

3.1 Cracks are not acceptable.

3.2 For externally threaded fasteners, no minimum thread form is required, except as needed to provide initial thread engagement and passing of the nut.

4. Self-locking nuts shall have positive reinstallation torque. Cuts, tears, or looseness in self-locking elements or the adjacent metal are not acceptable.

4.1 Determine adequate torque values (i.e., positive reinstallation, breakaway, running) in accordance with Table 075-5-1 of 2.2.

5. Deformed or damaged flats on fasteners are not acceptable.

6. Discard fasteners not meeting the acceptance requirements of this item.

ATTACHMENT B

| | VALVE | BODY | MATERIAL |
|--|-------|------|----------|
|--|-------|------|----------|

| | | | 27 |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 1/ | | Nonferrous <u>2</u> / |
| | Alloy Steel | Carbon Steel | |
| Studs and Bolts to $\frac{3}{2}$ | Grade B-16 | Grade B-16 | Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A |
| MIL-DTL-1222 | | | 4/ |
| Nuts to MIL-DTL-1222 | Grade 4 or 7 | Grade 4 or 7 | Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A or Class B 5/ |
| Socket Head Cap Screws | FF-S-86 | FF-S-86 | |

NOTES

1/ Alloy steel is of Composition A - 2-1/4 percent Chromium, one percent Molybdenum, Composition B - 1-1/4 percent Chromium, 1/2 percent Molybdenum, and Composition C - Carbon Molybdenum.

2/ Nonferrous Alloy except Aluminum.

3/ Studs shall be Class 2 or 3 fit on the nut end and Class 5 fit on the stud and, except that a Class 3 fit with a thread locking compound may be used where temperatures do not exceed 250 degrees Fahrenheit. The thread locking compound shall conform to ASTM D 5363. Check Class 3 fit stud ends in accordance with SAE-J2270.

4/ Fasteners of Nickel Copper Aluminum shall be the only type used on sea chest and hull valves.

5/ Nuts of Nickel Copper Alloy, conforming to QQ-N-281 Class A or B, or Nickel Copper Aluminum conforming to QQ-N-286 shall be the only type used on sea chest and hull valves.

ATTACHMENT C (DDG-51 Class)

VALVE BODY MATERIAL

| | 1/ | 2/ |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | Alloy Steel/Carbon Steel | Nonferrous |
| Studs and Bolts to MIL-DTL-1222 | 5/ For services up to and including 650 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 5 steel | <u>4/5/</u> Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade |
| | For services to 775 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade B-7 or B-16 For services to 1,000 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade B-16 For services in which JP-5 lubricating oil, or inflammable gas or liquid of any kind, regardless of pressure and temperature, which are within 3 feet of hot surfaces (above 650 degrees F) and where steel tubing is required; Grade 2, 5 or 8 steel Bolting subject to seawater corrosion (other than hull integrity bolting; for hull integrity bolting see Note 4) Connections in contact with bilge regions. Where strength requires ferrous bolting and is exposed to the weather; Class A Nickel - Copper alloy to QQ- N-281 or silicon bronze to ASTM B 98 with dimensions of MIL-DTL- 1222. Where greater strength is required, use Nickel - Copper - Aluminum alloy QQ-N-286. | Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A |
| Nuts to MIL-DTL- 1222 | 5/ For services up to and including 650 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 5 steel For service to 775 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 2H or 4 steel For services to 1,000 degrees Fahrenheit; Grade 4 steel For services in which JP-5, lubricating oil, or inflammable gas or liquid of any kind, regardless of pressure and temperature which are within 3 feet of hot surfaces (above 650 degrees F) and where steel tubing is required; Grade 5 or 8 steel Nuts subject to seawater corrosion. Connections in the bilge regions. Where strength requires ferrous material and is exposed to the weather; Class A or B Nickel Copper Alloy to QQ-N-281 or Silicon Bronze to ASTM B 98 with dimensions to MIL-DTL-1222. | Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade Silicon Bronze - Any Grade Nickel Copper - Class A or Class B <u>4</u> / <u>5</u> / |

NOTES

1/ Alloy steel is of Composition A - 2-1/4 percent Chromium, one percent Molybdenum, Composition B - 1-1/4 percent Chromium, 1/2 percent Molybdenum, and Composition C - Carbon Molybdenum.

2/ Nonferrous Alloy except Aluminum.

3/ Studs shall be Class 2 or 3 fit on the nut end and Class 5 fit on the stud end, except that a Class 3 fit with a thread locking compound may be used where temperatures do not exceed 200 degrees Fahrenheit. The thread locking compound shall conform to ASTM D 5363. Check Class 3 fit stud ends in accordance with SAE-J2270.

4/ Fasteners of Nickel Copper Aluminum shall be the only type used on sea chest and hull valves.

5/ Where these materials would constitute part of a galvanic couple, proposals for alternate materials shall be submitted for approval.

TABLE ONE REPLACEMENT FASTENERS MATERIAL

| Application | Fastener | Nut | Other | Comments |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Temporary Access (009-05) | MIL-DTL-1222, Grade 304 | | | |
| Meter Installation (009-13) | ASTM A 449, Type I, Zinc Coated for Bolts | ASTM A 563 Zinc Coated | | May be selected and identified in accordance with SAEJ 2280 |
| Gages, Switches & Thermometers (009- 14) | ASTM A 449, Type I, Zinc Coated for Bolts | ASTM A 563 Zinc Coated | | May be selected and identified in accordance with SAEJ 2280 |
| Rotating Electrical Equipment (009-17, 009-33) | MIL-DTL-1222 Type I or II, Grade 5, Zinc Coated | requirements of the Equipment Technical Manual | Lock Washers shall conform to requirements of the Equipment Technical Manual | Self-Locking Hex Nuts shall conform to NASM 25027, excluding body fitted bolts and studs. |
| Electrical Controllers (009-36) | MIL-DTL-1222 Type I or II, Grade 5, Zinc Coated | Lock Nuts shall conform to requirements of the Equipment Technical Manual | Lock Washers shall conform to requirements of the Equipment Technical Manual | Self-Locking Hex Nuts shall conform to NASM 25027, excluding body fitted bolts and studs. |
| Woodwork (009-37) Fasteners subject to contact with sea water and bilge water shall be coated with a light viscosity epoxy resin prior to installation. | Nickel copper alloy conforming to QQ-N- 281, Grades 400 or 405. Nickel copper aluminum alloy conforming to QQ-N- 286 (UNS N05500) where greater strength is required. Copper silicon alloy conforming to ASTM B 98, Grades 651 or 655. | Nuts shall conform to MIL-DTL-1222. | Flat washers shall conform to FF-W-92, Grade I. Lock washers shall conform to FF-W-100. | Bolts, studs, and cap screws shall conform to MIL-DTL- 1222. Wood screws shall conform to FF-S-111. Lag bolts (screws) shall conform to ASME B18.2.1. Round head bolts shall conform to ASME B18.5, Type I, Class One. |

TABLE ONE REPLACEMENT FASTENERS MATERIAL

| Aluminum and con: | eel (CRES) forming to SAE- | | (epoxy plastic, | compositions of |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | ITORMING LO SAR- | | phenolic, polyimide | copper alloys shall |
| | S-STD-66, Grades | | [nylon], Teflon) | not be used in |
| _ | or 316. | | sleeves over CRES | contact with |
| structural members. | | | fasteners where they | aluminum and |
| | | | come in contact with | aluminum alloy |
| To avoid bi-metallic | | | the aluminum and | components and |
| corrosion, fastener | | | aluminum alloy | structural members. |
| material composition | | | components and | |
| shall be the same | | | structural members. | |
| material composition | | | | |
| as that of the metal | | | | |
| components and | | | | |
| structural members | | | | |
| that they are | | | | |
| fastening except as | | | | |
| noted in this table. | | | | |
| Shipboard Electrical MIL | L-DTL-1222, Type I | | | Grade 316, stainless |
| / Electronic Cable | | | | steel, for areas |
| (009-73) | | | | exposed to weather |
| | | | | and high moisture |
| | | | | areas |
| | | | | Grade 2 or 5, carbon |
| | | | | steel, zinc plated, |
| | | | | for other areas to |
| | | | | support work |
| | | | | required by |
| | | | | individual Work |
| | | | | Items |
| | , 11 | NASM-25027, self- | Lock Washers shall | |
| | | locking hexagon | conform to | |
| (009-113) coat | | nuts, excluding | requirements of the | |
| | | body-fitted bolts | Equipment Technical | |
| | | and studs. | Manual | |
| Valves (009-45, 009-47 th | nrough 009-55, 009-6 | 58 and 009-96) - See A | ttachment B or C (for | DDG-51 class). |

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-85 |
|--------|------------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 19 | JUL | 2007 |
| CATEGO |) DRY : | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Government Sponsored Planning Yard/Configuration Data Manager (CDM) On-Site Representative Facility; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide a separate, lockable, and secure office space for use by the Government Sponsored Planning Yard/CDM On-Site Representative furnished with 2 desks with chairs, lights, heat, air conditioning, electrical outlets, sanitary facilities, filing cabinets, telephone service, janitorial service, and 2, 15-pound fire extinguishers and 24-hour service for the entire contract period.

3.1.1 The facility shall have a minimum of 240 square feet of floor space.

3.1.2 The facility shall be located within one-quarter mile of the ship.

3.1.2.1 Provide a parking area adjacent to the facility. The area shall be lighted and accommodate 2 automobiles simultaneously.

3.1.3 Lighting shall provide 28 foot candles of illumination measured at the desktop level.

3.1.4 Heating and air conditioning shall be capable of maintaining the temperature between 65 and 78 degrees Fahrenheit.

3.1.5 Provide 2 double-pedestal desks 30-inches wide by 60-inches long.

3.1.5.1 Provide one telephone desk set and one 115-volt, shock resistant, double electrical receptacle for each desk. Each receptacle shall be a convenient height and located adjacent to each desk.

3.1.5.2 Provide one swivel chair and one straight-back chair for each desk.

3.1.6 Provide telephone communications with separate circuits for each desk set, between the facility, shipyard, ship, and the municipal telephone system. One telephone line shall be capable of digital transmission.

3.1.6.1 Telephone systems designated long distance shall be installed in such a manner that the only way long distance calls can be made will be with a long distance calling card (credit card) that shall be obtained by the On-Site Representative prior to availability start date.

3.1.7 Provide 4-drawer filing cabinets with lock and keys.

3.1.8 Provide sanitary facilities equipped with drains, hot and cold potable water, and the following:

3.1.8.1 Hot water shall be maintained at 120 to 140 degrees Fahrenheit.

3.1.8.2 One lavatory
3.1.8.3 One water closet
3.1.8.4 One soap dispenser
3.1.8.5 One towel dispenser

3.1.9 Facilities shall be provided 2 days prior to contract start date through 2 days after the contract completion date unless otherwise specified.

3.2 Provide janitorial services to include sweeping, mopping, buffing, and trash pickup on a daily basis.

3.3 The facility shall be in accordance with local building codes, sanitary and current fire regulations. The facility shall include smoke alarms, 2, 15-pound fire extinguishers, and sprinkler systems.

3.4 Furnishings and equipment in this item shall be maintained in a fully operable condition by the contractor.

3.5 The facility shall be delivered to the Government clean, sanitary, damage free, and vermin free.

4. NOTES:

 $4.1\,$ The On-Site Representative will retain the keys during the entire contract period.

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4.2 The SUPERVISOR will identify the Government Sponsored Planning Yard/CDM On-Site Representatives upon request of the contractor.

4.3 The Government Sponsored Planning Yard/CDM On-Site Representatives shall obtain the telephone credit card specified in 3.1.6.1 from their command.

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| ITEM NO: | | 00 |)9-86 |
|--------------|----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

2. <u>REFERENCES</u>:

- 2.1 49 CFR Part 173, General Requirements for Shipments and Packagings
- 2.2 Department of Defense Ozone Depleting Substances Turn-In Procedures, Defense Logistics Agency (DLA), Dated December 2015

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Recover CFC refrigerants and halon materials listed in Attachment A that are not recycled back into the specific system's equipment from which they were removed as follows:

3.1.1 Fire suppression (halon) cylinders and canisters with electrical charges or initiators must be deactivated and safety caps must be used to cover exposed actuating mechanisms and discharge ports prior to shipping the intact cylinder.

3.1.2 Recover other halon and CFC materials for turn-in to the DoD ODS Reserve at the Defense Depot Richmond VA (DDRV). Empty cylinders shall be used to recover the materials. Empty recovery cylinders can be requisitioned through normal MILSTRIP stock ordering procedures from DDRV. The cylinders used to recover CFC shall be painted orange and cylinders used for halon shall be painted red. Both cylinders shall have yellow tops and shall also have dual port valves to ease the recovery process.

3.1.2.1 Do not mix new materials with used materials and do not mix different types of materials in the same cylinders.

3.1.3 Ensure the recovered materials cylinder is tagged. The tag should be placed beneath the cylinder protective cap or attached securely to the container. Do not stencil on cylinder. The tag shall contain the following information:

3.1.3.1 The shipper's DOD Activity Address Code (DODAAC). If the turned-in material originates from a ship or submarine, use the DODAAC of the ship/submarine on the tag.

1 of 5

ITEM NO: 009-86 FY-18 3.1.3.2 The shipping activity with point of contact and telephone number.

3.1.3.3 The National Stock Number (NSN) that applies to the filled cylinder being returned.

3.1.3.4 The identity of the recovered material (Navy recovered R-XXX, CFC-XXX, or HALON-XXXX).

3.1.3.5 The amount, in pounds, of recovered materials in the cylinder. Do not fill more than 80 percent of its water weight capacity.

3.1.3.6 Apply a warning/hazardous label to the cylinder in compliance with 2.1.

3.1.3.7 The quantity of containers on the pallet or within the shipping crate. When multiple containers with the same NSN are shipped palletized or in a box/crate, apply only one tag/label to the shipment, not to each item.

3.2 Prior to shipping the reclaimed materials to DDRV, notify the SUPERVISOR so that a DD Form 1348-1 MILSTRIP can be prepared and transaction authorization procured.

3.3 Upon receipt of the completed DD Form 1348-1, and transaction authority from the SUPERVISOR, ship the reclaimed materials to:

Defense Depot Richmond Virginia (DDRV) SWO400 Cylinder Operations 8000 Jefferson Davis Highway Richmond, VA 23297-5000

4. NOTES:

4.1 If your activity is personally transporting ODS to the DoD ODS Reserve, be sure to schedule your delivery with the DDRV Dispatch Office at DSN 695-3834 or (804) 279-3834.

4.2 Current NSNs for cylinders are available from the SUPERVISOR.

4.3 Condition codes for cylinders are as follows:

4.3.1 Condition Code A: To be used for returning original cylinders whose seal was never broken or for recovery cylinders.

4.3.2 Condition Code B: To be used for returning full, original cylinders or for standard DOD refillable cylinders.

4.3.3 Condition Code F: To be used to return partially depleted cylinders whose purity cannot be guaranteed or for returning other (non-standard/commercial) cylinders.

4.4 Definition of Recover - To remove refrigerant in any condition from a system and store it in an external container without necessarily testing or processing it in any way.

ATTACHMENT A

ODS Requiring Turn-In to Defense Reserve in accordance with reference 2.2:

| PRODUCT TYPE | PRODUCT TYPE WEIGHT C | YLINDER WATER WEIGHT |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| R-11 | 59 | 42 |
| | 170 | 122 |
| | 1,400 | 1,000 |
| | 100 (drum) | N/A |
| | 200 (drum) | N/A |
| | 650 (drum) | N/A |
| R-12 | 45 | 42 |
| | 145 | 122 |
| | 1,190 | 1,000 |
| R-22 | 44 | 42 |
| | 128 | 122 |
| | 1,050 | 1,000 |
| R-113 | 6 ounces | N/A |
| | 1 pint | N/A |
| | 1 quart | N/A |
| | 1 gallon | N/A |
| | 5 gallons (60 lbs) | N/A |
| | 100 lbs (can) | N/A |
| | 200 lbs (drum) | N/A |
| | 55 gallons (drum) | N/A |
| Methyl Chloroform | 6 ounces | N/A |
| (1,1,1 Trichloroethane | e) 1 pint | N/A |
| | 1 quart | N/A |
| | 1 gallon (12 lbs) | |
| | 5 gallon (60 lbs) | N/A |
| | 55 gallon (640 lbs) | N/A |

Note: Only unused CFC-113 or Methyl Chloroform (1,1,1 Trichloroethane) solvent contained in original drums or cans with unbroken seals shall be returned to DDRV. Used R-113 refrigerant can also be returned. Call (804) 279-5203 or DSN 695-5203 for specific turn-in guidance.

| R-114 | 57 | 42 |
|-------|--------|--------------------------|
| | 165 | 122 |
| | 1,350 | 1,000 |
| R-500 | 43 | 42 |
| | 127 | 122 |
| | 1,045 | 1,000 |
| R-502 | 44 | 42 |
| | 125 | 122 |
| | 1,050 | 1,000 |
| | 4 of 5 | ITEM NO: 009-86 FY-18 |

| PRODUCT TYPE | PRODUCT TYPE WEIGHT | CYLINDER WATER WEIGHT |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| H-1202 | 160 | 122 |
| H-1211 | 1-5 6-10 11-20 21-60 61-125 | |
| | 126-200 200 201-340 | 122 122 |
| | 341-1,500 1,500 | 1,000 1,000 |
| H-1301 | $ \begin{array}{r} 1-5\\ 6-10\\ 11-20\\ 21-70\\ 71-100\\ 101-117\\ 117\\ 118-125\\ 126-150\\ 150\\ 150\\ \end{array} $ | 122 |
| | $151-200 \\ 201-260 \\ 261-350 \\ 351-530 \\ 531-600 \\ 601-1,240 \\ 1,240 $ | 1,000 |

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| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-87 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Chemical Disinfection Procedure; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 NAVMED P-5010-6, Manual of Naval Preventive Medicine, Chapter 6, Water Supply Afloat

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish a chemical disinfection of each affected potable water system (e.g., tank, pump, piping and hoses) in accordance with 2.1.

3.2 Accomplish a halogen (chlorine) residual test for each affected potable water system. Acceptable free available chlorine (FAC) shall meet minimum levels specified in 2.1.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the chlorine residual test to the SUPERVISOR not later than one day after the completion of the test, stating that minimum FAC level has been met in accordance with 2.1.

3.3 Secure and tag out each affected potable water system upon completion of the chlorine residual test.

 $3.4\,$ Accomplish a bacteriological test for each affected potable water system.

3.4.1 Bacteriological testing must be accomplished at laboratories certified by state regulatory agencies in states having primacy, or by the Regional EPA Office in states not having primacy.

3.4.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of completed report to the SUPERVISOR not later than one day after the completion of the test, with certification that the water is safe for human consumption.

3.5 Remove each tag upon completion of satisfactory bacteriological test and release each potable water system for Ship's Force use.

1 of 2 ITEM NO: 009-87 FY-18 3.6 Accomplish localized disinfection of new and disturbed pipe fittings, pipe ends, and valves in accordance with Article 6-23c of 2.1.

3.7 Remove and dispose of chlorinated water and all rinse water in accordance with federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations.

4. NOTES:

 $4.1\,$ Do not take calcium hypochlorite in dry powder form aboard ship. Mixing is to be done ashore.

4.2 2.1 can be accessed at:

http://navymedicine.med.navy.mil (use link to Navy Medicine Directives, Publications and Manuals)

or

http://www-nehc.med.navy.mil/downloads/prevmed/NewP-5010-6.pdf

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 | 9-88 |
|--------|-----|-----|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Collection, Holding and Transfer (CHT) and Motor Gasoline (MOGAS) Tanks, Spaces, and Piping, including Sewage or MOGAS-Contaminated Tanks, Spaces, and Piping; certify

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment
- 2.3 NFPA Standard 312, Standard for Fire Protection of Vessels During Construction, Repair, and Lay-up
- 2.4 NFPA Standard 306, Standard for the Control of Gas Hazards on Vessels
- 2.5 S9086-T8-STM-010/CH-593, Pollution Control
- 2.6 Compressed Gas Association Commodity Specification for Air, Pamphlet G-7.1 $\,$
- 2.7 29 CFR Part 1910.134, Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Respiratory Protection

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Certify ENTER WITH RESTRICTIONS, SAFE FOR WORKERS and/or SAFE FOR HOT WORK in accordance with 2.2 through 2.4, using 2.5 and 2.6 for guidance, Collection, Holding and Transfer (CHT) and MOGAS tanks, spaces, and associated piping, and inspect and certify adjacent tanks, spaces, or piping, where the scope of repairs will result in a need for certification during the accomplishment of this Job Order.

3.1.1 A National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Certified Marine Chemist shall be present during the opening of CHT or MOGAS tanks, spaces, or associated piping. The Marine Chemist shall personally certify all CHT or MOGAS tanks, spaces, and associated piping for initial entry. 3.1.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of tanks or spaces to be certified to the SUPERVISOR at least one day prior to commencement of work.

3.1.3 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) to support a step-by-step procedure of how the certification process will be accomplished shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.4).

3.1.3.1 Procedures for CHT systems shall include, as a minimum, personnel requirements, notification of emergency response personnel, disinfecting of CHT tank and associated piping, removal of product, diagram and tag-out of affected piping, protective clothing, respiratory protection, ventilation requirements, and a list of spaces affected.

3.1.3.2 Procedures for MOGAS systems shall include, as a minimum, personnel requirements, notification of emergency response personnel, removal of product from the draw-off tank and MOGAS tank and associated piping, removal of inert gas (carbon dioxide) from the cofferdam around the MOGAS tank, tag-out of affected MOGAS and inert gas (CO2) piping, fire protection/fire prevention, protective clothing, respiratory protection, ventilation requirements, and control of other hazards such as benzene and lead.

3.2 Provide a written notice of opening of CHT and MOGAS tanks, spaces, and associated piping.

3.2.1 Deliver written notification to the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative at least 4 hours prior to the planned opening of CHT or MOGAS tanks, spaces, and associated piping.

3.2.2 Deliver written notification to the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative of opening of CHT or MOGAS tanks, spaces, and associated piping planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend no later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

3.2.3 Deliver written notification to the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative of opening of CHT or MOGAS tanks, spaces, and associated piping planned on a federal holiday and on the day following the federal holiday no later than 0900 of the last working day preceding the federal holiday.

3.3 Accomplish the requirements of 2.2 for tanks, spaces, or piping that have the potential to become Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH).

3.3.1 Spaces that are determined to contain IDLH atmospheres shall never be entered except for emergency rescue or for short duration for installation of ventilation equipment in accordance with 2.2 and 2.7, and the requirements of 3.3.1.1 and 3.3.1.2. When entering IDLH spaces for the

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ITEM NO: 009-88 FY-18 purpose of installing ventilation, notify the SUPERVISOR prior to entry. Notifications of rescue shall be made as soon as possible.

3.3.1.1 Provide a full facepiece, pressure demand, selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) certified by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) for a minimum service life of 30 minutes, or a combination, full facepiece, pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with an auxiliary self-contained air supply. The size/volume of the auxiliary self-contained air supply shall be based on the contractor's assessment of the unique characteristics/hazards of the space being entered to allow employees to safely escape.

3.3.1.2 In the case of MOGAS tanks and the associated cofferdams, the auxiliary self-contained air supply shall be a minimum of 15 minutes or more depending on the required assessment in 3.3.1.1.

3.3.2 NIOSH-approved atmosphere-supplying respirators shall be used by personnel entering CHT tanks, MOGAS tanks or spaces, or opening associated piping. Atmosphere-supplying respirators may be either a combination, full facepiece, pressure demand SAR, or a full facepiece, pressure demand SCBA. The source of breathing air for SARs shall be either a compressor capable of delivering an adequate quantity of breathing air at the pressure required by the respirators used and meeting the requirements of the specification for Grade D breathing air described in 2.6, or a bank of cylinders cascading to provide at least 4 to 6 hours of breathing air meeting the above specifications at the pressure needed by the respirators used. The source of breathing air for SCBAs shall meet the requirements of 2.6. Compressed and liquid oxygen shall meet the United States Pharmacopoeia requirements for medical or breathing oxygen. Compressed oxygen shall not be used in atmosphere-supplying respirators that have previously used compressed air. SCBA respirators shall have a minimum service life of 30 minutes.

3.3.3 All personnel required to use the respiratory equipment mentioned above shall receive training in accordance with 2.2 in the actual use of the respirator equipment including operation of all controls and breathing under pressure-demand conditions.

3.3.4 An adequate and attended lifeline shall be utilized for each employee who must enter the IDLH or potentially IDLH atmosphere.

3.4 An observer, whose only duty shall consist of oversight of the work area and spreading the alarm in the event of a casualty, shall be stationed at the access to the work site. The observer must be able to have visual contact or communication with persons in the space at all times.

3.4.1 The observer shall be provided with and trained to use the same personal protective equipment required for the personnel accomplishing the work. In addition, the observer shall be knowledgeable in the work process being accomplished.

3.4.2 The observer shall establish communication between the ship's designated 24-hour manned casualty control location, e.g., Quarterdeck, Damage Control Center (DCC), Casualty Control Station (CCS), and the observer's location to facilitate notification of the ship in the event of a casualty. This communication may be in the form of 2-way radios, temporary portable-wired alarm system, or other effective devices. The communication devices shall be tested every 30 minutes, as a minimum, to ensure the observer's ability to sound the alarm in the event of a casualty.

3.5 Ventilation suckers, suction ducting, tools, flashlights, and other equipment shall be non-sparking type.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Booklet of General Plans and Tank Sounding Tables are available for review at the office of the SUPERVISOR.

4.2 Refer to 009-07, or 009-70 of 2.1, as appropriate, for other requirements concerning confined space entry, certification, fire prevention, and housekeeping.

4.3 For the purpose of this Standard Item, the words "associated piping" means any piping or fixture physically connected to the CHT or MOGAS system.

4.4 A PCP to support a step-by-step procedure of how the certification process will be accomplished is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-09 "Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish" of 2.1 shall be specified in the Work Item.

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| ITEM N | :01 | 00 |)9-89 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Contractor Furnished Anode Purchase and Inspection; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Purchase of zinc anodes shall meet the requirements of MIL-A-18001.

3.2 Purchase of aluminum anodes shall meet the requirements of MIL-DTL-24779.

3.3 Accomplish a visual inspection to ensure that each anode displays the following information:

3.3.1 MILSPEC revision letter

3.3.2 Manufacturer name or logo

3.3.3 Heat or melt number

3.4 Maintain a chain of custody record for pencil-type anodes that are unable to display the information listed in 3.3.

3.5 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the chemical analysis of each heat or melt number for each anode furnished.

3.6 Maintain segregation of anodes by lot numbers.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

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| ITEM 1 | :01 | 0(|)9-90 |
|--------|-------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | JUL | 2014 |
| CATEG | ORY : | : | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Technical Representative; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide the services of a qualified on-site Technical Representative to provide assistance in the process or processes, including NAVSEA pilot coating system application, and repair and testing of the equipment specified in the invoking Work Item. The Technical Representative shall meet the following minimum qualification requirements:

3.1.1 Have technical knowledge of the specified equipment or process and have a documented history of successful performance or repairs on similar equipment or processes.

3.1.2 Have demonstrated competency in analyzing repair requirements and process performance and making recommendations based on process or disassembly inspection results.

3.1.3 Have current/active documented and verified access to Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) proprietary plans, specifications, procedures, material, and parts.

3.1.4 Provide certification from the OEM or the SUPERVISOR that the individual is an authorized service provider.

3.1.5 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the name and qualifications of the Technical Representative to the SUPERVISOR for approval 15 days prior to commencement of work. Qualification documentation shall include information supporting the requirements of 3.1.1 through 3.1.4.

3.1.5.1 Obtain written approval from the SUPERVISOR prior to substituting the Technical Representative.

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3.2 The Technical Representative shall review, sign, and date all required reports, including Process Control Procedures, for technical adequacy prior to submittal to the SUPERVISOR for acceptance.

3.3 The Technical Representative does not have the authority to direct modifications to the equipment, processes, or items specified in the invoking Work Item or deviate from the Work Item without signed authorization from the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.1 The Technical Representative has the responsibility to notify the SUPERVISOR and recommend interruption of the execution of any specific Work Item if they recognize that repair procedures (e.g., PCP, etc.) are ineffective, the Executing Activity is not following the repair procedures, or not using good craftsmanship practices.

3.4 Minimum requirements for the services of the Technical Representative are as follows:

3.4.1 Witness pre-repair operational tests, adjustments, and inspections to determine equipment condition, when required by the Work Item.

3.4.2 Inspect equipment and component parts during disassembly, to include process material and process performance.

3.4.3 Verify process documents where as-found reports are required, to include clearances and conditions, and submit as-found report. Include in as-found report the information required by 3.4.3.1 through 3.4.3.4.

3.4.3.1 Provide dimensional measurements and comparisons to minimum/maximum design tolerances for equipment.

3.4.3.2 Provide sketches of suspect and defective areas with notations to describe defects.

3.4.3.3 Provide list of recommended repair parts or material in addition to those specified in the invoking Work Item.

3.4.3.4 Provide recommendations for future process improvements.

3.4.4 Inspect new and repaired areas and component parts of the equipment prior to re-assembly to ensure compliance with Navy technical manual requirements and Standard Items.

3.4.4.1 Any deviations or departure from the specifications and/or the requirements of 3.4.4 require an approval from the SUPERVISOR prior to equipment re-assembly.

3.4.5 Inspect and provide technical guidance and assistance during process performance, equipment re-assembly and adjustment, and when specified, coating application. Verify re-assembly procedures, sizes, and

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ITEM NO: <u>009-90</u> FY-18 clearances comply with manufacturer's requirements, Navy technical manual requirements, and coating application procedures when specified.

3.4.5.1 Verify and document mechanical and electrical alignments, final closing sizes, and clearances.

3.4.6 Witness operational tests, make adjustments, and document test and process performance results, including, when required, final inspections of coating systems.

3.4.7 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of an overall condition report to the SUPERVISOR within 5 days of completion of the requirements of the Work Item and/or coating system application or other process specified in the invoking Work Item.

3.4.7.1 The report shall provide a brief of the repairs accomplished and the Technical Representative's assessment of the post-overhaul equipment condition or process performance.

3.5 Notify the SUPERVISOR upon arrival and prior to departure of the Technical Representative.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 None.

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|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Propeller In-Place Inspection; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-HP-STM-010/CH-245, Propellers and Propulsors

3. REQUIREMENTS:

(I) "VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.1 Clean and accomplish a visual inspection of each propeller and propeller cap in accordance with Section 3 of 2.1.

3.2 Record all inspection data taken in 3.1.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of completed Propeller Visual Technical Inspection Report Forms, NAVSEA 9245/3, listing results of the visual inspection and a sketch showing the size and location of any cracks or defects to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2 Cover the entire periphery of each propeller blade with metal edge guards and secure them with steel straps in accordance with 2.1.

3.3 Stake each screw and plug on the exterior of each propeller cap to prevent backing out.

(V) "INSPECT BLADE ALIGNMENT"

3.4 Inspect for the existence and accuracy of the word "BLADE" in line with each propeller blade on the coupling flange at the main reduction gears.

3.4.1 Stamp coupling hub with the word "BLADE" in line with each propeller blade. Stamping shall be 1/8-inch to 1/4-inch lettering, low stress markings. Etching is prohibited.

3.5 Just prior to undocking, remove blade edge protection installed in 3.2.2.

(V) "INSPECT BLADE EDGE PROTECTION REMOVAL"

3.5.1 Inspect to ensure that blade edge protection has been removed.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Additional inspections or requirements will be specified in invoking Work Item.

4.2 NAVSEA Form 9245/3 is available on the Web at: http://www.dcma.mil/dcman/NPP/forms.cfm

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|-----------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Resilient Mount; install

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 Equipment Technical Manual
- 2.3 S9073-A2-HBK-010, Installation and Inspection Information Resilient Mount Handbook

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Inspect for the presence of heavily mis-loaded or deformed mounts prior to mount removal using 2.2 and 2.3 for guidance.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of heavily mis-loaded or deformed mounts to the SUPERVISOR within one day of identifying the condition.

3.2 Remove resilient mount assemblies, using 2.2 and 2.3 for guidance.

3.2.1 Inspect each equipment foundation for structural integrity, deterioration, pitting, cracks, and areas of damage or distortion.

3.2.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.2.1 to the SUPERVISOR within 5 days after equipment removal.

3.2.2 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for disturbed surfaces of each foundation where resilient mount assemblies have been removed shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.3).

3.3 Select, procure, assemble, install, load, and adjust new resilient mount assemblies including load bolts, foundation bolts, nuts, and snubbers in accordance with 2.3.

3.3.1 Stamp the installation date on each resilient mount flange adjacent to the identification date. The date shall be visible and legible when the mount is installed with 1/8-inch minimum lettering size.

3.3.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.3 and 3.3.1 to the SUPERVISOR. The report shall include the following:

3.3.2.1 Ship's name and hull number
3.3.2.2 Contractor and subcontractor
3.3.2.3 Job Order and Work Item number
3.3.2.4 Identity of equipment
3.3.2.5 Amount and designation of mounts installed

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment technical manual and drawings referenced in invoking Work Item may identify mount designation and loading requirements.

4.2 This item does not apply to turbine enclosure mounts.

4.3 If cleaning and painting for disturbed surfaces of each foundation where resilient mount assemblies have been removed of 3.2.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

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| ITEM NO: | | 009-93 | |
|-----------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) and Pollution Prevention Act (PPA) Information; provide

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 42 U.S.C. 110001, et seq (1986) Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know (EPCRA)
- 2.2 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), Section 102(a)
- 2.3 40 CFR Parts 300, 302, 355, 370, and 372, Protection of Environment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Contractor facility availabilities:

3.1.1 Designate a primary and secondary point of contact to receive reports applicable under this item.

3.1.2 Submit the names of the primary and secondary point of contact to the SUPERVISOR in writing prior to availability start date.

3.2 Government facility availabilities:

3.2.1 Provide reports/notifications required in 3.2.2 through 3.2.6.2 to the SUPERVISOR regardless of threshold quantities delineated in 2.1 through 2.3.

3.2.2 EPCRA Section 302 requirements:

3.2.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for each Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) listed in 2.3 brought aboard the Government facility.

3.2.2.2 Report quantities of all chemical products containing EHS brought aboard the Government facility.

3.2.3 EPCRA Section 304 requirements:

ITEM NO: <u>009-93</u> FY-18 3.2.3.1 Provide verbal notification of the release of a reportable quantity of an EHS or Hazardous Substance (HS) released at the Government facility to the SUPERVISOR immediately after initial applicable notifications have been made in accordance with local regulations. This verbal notification shall be followed by a written notification to the SUPERVISOR within one day.

3.2.4 EPCRA Section 311 requirements:

3.2.4.1 Provide SDS and quantity (by weight) of each HS |and EHS in accordance with 2.3, stored on the Government facility.

3.2.5 EPCRA Section 312 requirements:

3.2.5.1 Provide SDS and Tier I and Tier II reports, |including quantities processed or used, of all products or substances listed in accordance with 2.3.

3.2.6 EPCRA Section 313 requirements:

3.2.6.1 Provide SDS and quantities processed or used of |all products or substances listed in Section 313 lists in accordance with 2.3.

3.2.6.2 The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code exception for reporting under Section 313 of 2.1 shall be disregarded when making the required reports.

3.3 All availabilities:

3.3.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of non-emergency reports and copies of SDS(s) to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.3.2 All emergency reports shall be made immediately upon becoming aware of the existence of the release.

3.3.3 Utilize individual contract numbers on all reports/ notifications.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

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| ITEM NO: | | 009-94 | |
|-----------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: General Environmental Work at Contractor Facility; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 40 CFR, Protection of Environment

2.2 49 CFR, Transportation

2.3 29 CFR 1910, Occupational Safety and Health Standards

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Observe the following requirements, in addition to the specific requirements of the Job Order, for work accomplished on Naval ships and craft within the contractor's facility.

3.2 Prepare a written Environmental Management Plan (EMP) that shall be implemented to ensure no adverse environmental impact occurs.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the EMP when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2 Submit revisions to the EMP when personnel, telephone numbers, or plan processes change. A cover letter indicating EMP previously submitted has been reviewed and is applicable or a revised plan shall be submitted.

3.3 The EMP shall address controls and operational actions that will be employed to ensure no adverse environmental impact and shall include the following:

3.3.1 Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan:

3.3.1.1 Provide name and telephone number for a 24-hour emergency coordinator with alternate.

ITEM NO: 009-94 FY-18

3.3.1.2 Describe the method and work practices to be employed to prevent discharges of any volume to the river or waters adjacent to the contractor's facility.

3.3.1.3 Describe the contractor's spill clean-up capability (i.e., equipment such as oil skimmer, absorbent pads/booms, etc.).

3.3.1.4 Identify a standby subcontractor in case a discharge exceeds the prime contractor's clean-up capability. Provide name of proposed subcontractor, estimated response time, clean-up capabilities, and certify that the subcontractor will respond if called regardless of time/weather, etc.

3.3.1.5 Provisions for notification of the SUPERVISOR (after normal working hours) or Occupational Safety Health and Environmental Office (during normal working hours) immediately upon discovery of any improper discharge.

3.3.1.6 Provide documentation of successful accomplishment of spill training for all spill team members.

3.3.2 $\,$ Pumping operations (liquid transfer to barge/tank or vice versa or in combination).

3.3.2.1 Describe the continuous communications between pump tender and barge/tank tender to allow immediate shutdown if a problem occurs during pumping/transfer operations.

3.3.2.2 Specific method for gauging compartment volume in barge/tank; maximum volume to be 90 percent of capacity in receiving barge/tank.

3.3.2.3 Describe provisions to tag pump lines to indicate where line is originating from (i.e., ship/craft tank/void pump number).

3.3.3 Waste Disposal:

3.3.3.1 Hazardous waste is defined by 2.1 and applicable state Hazardous Waste Management Regulations.

3.3.3.2 Indicate that the contractor is responsible for properly determining waste identification, including laboratory analysis if necessary under the requirements of 2.1, so that the proper Department of Transportation (DOT) shipping name can be determined for disposal of the hazardous waste in accordance with 2.2. Copies of all laboratory analyses shall be provided to the SUPERVISOR along with manifests.

3.3.3.3 Identify the proposed transporter and transporter EPA ID number who will deliver the hazardous waste to the disposal site. Certify in writing that the proposed transporter meets all Federal, state,

2 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-94 FY-18 and local laws/requirements for the services to be provided. This information shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.3.4 Describe the segregated storage area that will be utilized by the contractor for storage of hazardous waste.

3.3.3.5 Develop and use a checklist to ensure that transporter's vehicles comply with all applicable DOT requirements of 2.2.

3.3.3.6 Provide certification that the disposal site is legally authorized to accept the identified hazardous waste.

3.3.3.7 Provide documentation of hazardous waste training for all required personnel in accordance with 2.1 through 2.3.

3.3.4 Hazardous Material:

3.3.4.1 Provide documentation of training for personnel using hazardous materials as required by 2.3.

3.3.4.2 Indicate that no hazardous material shall be stored on the ship or craft, except while the material is in daily use or while located in storage areas assigned by the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR will:

4.1.1 Retain the right to inspect all hazardous waste/material management activities performed by the contractor as a result of this Job Order.

4.1.2 Retain the right to take any/all wastes/materials from the contractor as deemed necessary to protect the Government's interests. In this event, appropriate credit may be taken by the Navy for any and all work not performed.

4.1.3 Retain the right to stop contractor work/operations in the event of serious safety and environmental problems/violations.

4.1.4 Provide oversight (as necessary) to all spill clean-up operations.

 $4.1.5\,$ Review all manifests (Navy and co-generated waste) prior to shipment.

4.1.6 Review documentation of all contractor efforts to comply with Federal, state, and local environmental laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations. This review includes, but is not limited to, compliance with any minimization efforts chosen by the contractor.

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NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-95 | |
|-----------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: | | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Mechanically Attached Fitting (MAF); install

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 MIL STD 777, Schedule of Piping Systems, Valves, Fittings, and Associated Piping Components for Naval Surface Ships

2.2 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Shipboard Piping Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide control over the use of mechanically attached fittings (MAFs) when approved in accordance with 4.46 of 2.1 as an alternative to the standard welding or brazing of fittings in shipboard piping systems. Select and install MAFs in accordance with Paragraph 505-6.8 of 2.1.

3.2 Prepare a written procedure for approval by the SUPERVISOR identifying the specific MAF process that may be utilized. The procedure requires a one-time submittal/acceptance unless Standard Items and/or references change or contractor's status changes.

3.2.1 The procedure shall be in accordance with 2.2 and shall include quality control requirements, inspection and documentation forms, safety requirements, installation criteria (procedures), responsibilities, and training program requirements.

3.2.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the procedure to the SUPERVISOR at least 7 days prior to initial implementation of procedure.

3.2.2.1 Submit updated or changed procedures to the SUPERVISOR at least 3 days prior to implementation.

3.3 Accomplish the requirements of the approved procedure.

3.3.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report to the SUPERVISOR identifying the type of MAF, location (space), and system where the contractor exercises the option to install MAFs in lieu of weld fittings.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 None.

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-96 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | II | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Ball Valve; repair

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-RJ-STM-010/CH-504, Pressure, Temperature and Other Mechanical and Electromechanical Measuring Instruments

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Matchmark valve parts.

(V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"

3.2 Disassemble, clean each internal and external surface free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect each part for defects.

3.3 Repair valve as follows:

3.3.1 Polish the seating surface of the valve ball to a 32 Root-Mean-Square finish to remove high spots, nicks, and burrs.

3.3.2 Remove each existing and install new valve soft seats using those compatible with the system fluid, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

3.3.3 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.

3.3.4 Dress and true gasket mating surfaces.

(I) (G) "VERIFY LEVEL I PARTS AND CLEANLINESS"

3.4 Assemble each valve, installing new packing, gaskets, diaphragms, springs, and soft seats, in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. Install new fasteners.

3.4.1 Lubricate each MIL-V-24509 valve with grease conforming to SAE-AMS-G-6032.

(I) or (V) "INSPECT ALIGNMENT" (See 4.3)

3.5 Inspect alignment of ports in the ball valve and body with the ball fully seated. Ball misalignment shall not be of a degree that will restrict flow.

3.6 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:

3.6.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:

3.6.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

3.6.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief value with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.

(V) "GAGE CHECK"

3.6.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation in accordance with Table 504-6-1 of 2.1. The backup gage shall be cross-checked to the master hydrostatic test gage up to the maximum test pressure just prior to start of testing. Master and backup gages shall track within 2 percent of each other.

3.6.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

(V)(G) or (I)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS" (See 4.4)

3.6.2 Test for seat tightness alternately on each side of ball valve with the opposite side open for inspection.

3.6.2.1 Ball shall be seated by hand force.

3.6.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of 3 minutes if there is no evidence of leakage or, in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made.

3.6.2.3 Allowable leakage for a soft-seated ball valve: None.

none.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Test pressures of 3.6.2 will be specified in Work Item.

4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in Work Item.

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4.3 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V).

4.4 The paragraph referencing this note is considered an (I)(G) if the valve is Level I. If the valve is not Level I, the paragraph is considered a (V)(G).

4.5 Test medium will be specified in Work Item.

3 of 3 ITEM NO: <u>009-96</u> FY-18

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009-97 | |
|----------|----|--------|------|
| DATE: | 17 | JAN | 2013 |
| CATEG | | I | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Shipbuilding and Ship Repair Operations National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) for Surface Coating Information; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 40 CFR Part 63, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories, Subpart II

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Contractor facility availabilities:

3.1.1 Designate a contractor primary and secondary point of contact to receive reports applicable under this item.

3.1.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the names of the primary and secondary point of contact to the SUPERVISOR prior to availability start date.

3.2 Government facility availabilities:

3.2.1 Provide certification to the SUPERVISOR, using Attachment A for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) (for Option 1, 2, and 3 thinning requirement use only), or Attachment B for Volatile Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants (VOHAP) (for Option 4 thinning requirement), on the as-supplied coating by the manufacturer, or similar form as authorized by the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.1.1 For coatings to which thinners must not be added, the coating container must have a label stating "NO THINNING".

3.2.1.2 For coatings to which thinners are to be added, designate a single thinner to be used and determine the maximum allowable thinning ratio using Equation One of 2.1, apply a label to the coating container stating that "THINNER MAY BE ADDED" and also supply the maximum allowable thinning ratio.

> ITEM NO: 009-97 FY-18

3.2.2 No later than the 10th of each month, or at the end of each job, whichever is earlier, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing the following to the SUPERVISOR:

3.2.2.1 Volume and type of each coating used the previous month.

3.2.2.2 Volume and type of thinner used the previous month.

3.2.2.3 Calculations used to determine the maximum allowable thinning ratio for each coating that was thinned the previous month.

3.2.3 All handling, thinning, and transfer of coatings, solvents, and related waste shall be done in a manner that minimizes spills.

3.2.3.1 All containers of coatings, solvents, and related waste shall be free of cracks, holes, and defects such as damage, dents, or ill-fitting lids or covers that compromise the integrity of the container. The containers shall remain closed unless materials are being added or removed from the container.

3.2.3.2 All waste materials including rags, brushes, and rollers shall be kept in tightly closed containers that minimize evaporation.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

ITEM NO: <u>009-97</u> FY-18

| ATTACHMENT A (For Option 1, 2, & 3 Thinning Requirement Use Only) | |
|---|--|
| VOC DATA SHEET PROPERTIES OF THE COATING "AS SUPPLIED" BY THE MANUFACTURER | |
| Coating Manufacturer: Coating Identification: Batch Identification: Supplied To: | |
| Properties of the coating as supplied to the customer: | |
| A. Coating Density: $(D_c)_2 _ g/L$ | |
| $_$ ASTM D 1475-90 $_$ Other ¹ | |
| B. Total Volatiles: (m _v) _s Mass Percent | |
| ASTM D 2369-93 Other ¹ | |
| C. Water Content: | |
| 1. $(m_v)_s$ Mass Percent | |
| $_$ ASTM D 3792-91 $_$ ASTM D 4017-90 $_$ Other ¹ | |
| 2. $(v_w)_s$ Volume Percent | |
| Calculated Other ¹ | |
| D. Organic Volatiles: $(m_o)_s$ Mass Percent | |
| E. Nonvolatiles: $(v_n)_s$ Volume Percent | |
| Calculated Other ¹ | |
| F. VOC Content (VOC) _s : | |
| 1 g/L solids (nonvolatiles) | |
| 2 g/L coating (less water and exempt compounds) | |
| G. Thinner Density: D _{th} g/L | |
| ASTM Other ¹ | |
| Remarks: (use reverse side) | |
| H. Certification: | |
| Signed: Date: | |
| ¹ Explain the other method used under "Remarks" | |

| | ATTACHMENT B (For Option 4 Thinning Requirement Use Only) | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | VOHAP DATA SHEET | | | | | | | |
| | PROPERTIES OF THE COATING "AS SUPPLIED" BY THE MANUFACTURER | | | | | | | |
| Coat Batc | ing Manufacturer: | | | | | | | |
| Prop | erties of the coating as supplied to the customer: | | | | | | | |
| Α. | Coating Density: $(D_c)_2 _ g/L$ | | | | | | | |
| | ASTM D 1475-90 Other ¹ | | | | | | | |
| В. | Total Volatiles: $(m_v)_s$ Mass Percent | | | | | | | |
| | ASTM D 2369-93 Other ¹ | | | | | | | |
| С. | Water Content: | | | | | | | |
| | 1. (m _v) _s Mass Percent | | | | | | | |
| | ASTM D 3792-91 ASTM D 4017-90 Other ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | 2. (v _w) _s Volume Percent | | | | | | | |
| | Calculated Other ¹ | | | | | | | |
| D. | HAP Volatiles: $(m_{hap})_s$ Mass Percent | | | | | | | |
| Ε. | Nonvolatiles: $(v_n)_s$ Volume Percent | | | | | | | |
| | Calculated Other ¹ | | | | | | | |
| F. | VOHAP Content (VOHAP) _s : | | | | | | | |
| | 1 g/L solids (nonvolatiles) | | | | | | | |
| | 2 g/L coating (less water and exempt compounds) | | | | | | | |
| G. | Thinner VOHAP Density: $D_{th(vohap)} _ g/L$ | | | | | | | |
| | ASTM Other ¹ | | | | | | | |
| Rema | rks: (use reverse side) | | | | | | | |
| Н. | Certification: | | | | | | | |
| | Signed: Date: | | | | | | | |
| ¹ Exj | plain the other method used under "Remarks" | | | | | | | |

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 00 |)9-99 |
|--------|-------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | JUL | 2014 |
| CATEG | ORY : | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Ship Departure Report; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide the following completion data, which will be used to close all completed 2-Kilos and generate the Ship Departure Report, no later than 60 days after the availability end date for scheduled CNO and scheduled Fleet Maintenance Availabilities and no later than 60 days after completion of the work for unscheduled and emergent Fleet Maintenance Availabilities. Provide this data in the Navy Maintenance Database (NMD), either directly in the application or indirectly via another computer system using a web interface.

3.1.1 Verify that the following fields are correct: Execution Availability, Contractor, Definitized Amount, Contract Number, Availability Start Date, and Availability End Date.

3.1.2 Verify that the following Work Item fields are correct for each Work Item completed in the work package: SPEC and RCC.

3.1.3 For COST contracts, provide the following data for each Work Item and Request for Contract Change (RCC) completed in the work package: M/D, LABOR, CFM, subcontractor information, COMPLETION DATE, ACTION TAKEN code (see 4.2), and AS FOUND CONDITION (if required by the Work Item).

3.1.3.1 Return cost data shall be entered separately for each Original Work Item and RCC. The RCC costs are those costs associated with a change in scope from the Original Work Item. The Original Work Item costs plus all associated RCC costs must equal the actual costs from the C+60 Final Cost Report or equivalent financial report for that completed Work Item. If the contractor is unable to segregate charges between Original Work Items and RCCs, it is acceptable to report RCC settled costs (M/D, LABOR, CFM, and subcontractor information) as the return costs for the RCC, and to subtract the settled costs of all RCCs for the Work Item from the total Work Item actual costs to derive the return costs associated with the Original Work Item.

1 of 6

3.1.3.2 The sum of all Work Items, including all RCC costs and new Work Items, shall equal the actual cost of the availability without fees from the C+60 Final Cost Report or equivalent financial report.

3.1.4 For FFP contracts, provide the following data for each Work Item and Request for Contract Change (RCC) completed in the work package: COMPLETION DATE, ACTION TAKEN code (see 4.2), and AS FOUND CONDITION (if required by the Work Item).

3.2 For COST contracts, verify the subcontractor percentages are correct or adjust as necessary. (See 4.3)

3.3 Report completion to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Departure reports are not accounting documents; however, they will be handled as business sensitive material.

4.2 Definitions for Action Taken codes can be found in NAVSEAINST 4790.8, Paragraph B-2.5.2.

4.3 If the distribution of subcontractor information is known, enter the data in the appropriate fields (SUB-M/D, SUB-LABOR, and SUB-MAT). If only a total cost of subcontracted work is known, enter that cost in the SUB-MAT field and leave SUB-M/D and SUB-LABOR blank.

4.4 For non-alteration Work Items and RCCs, if only GFM was used, enter an ACTION TAKEN Code of 1 (Maintenance Action Completed; Parts Drawn From Supply). If only CFM was used, enter an ACTION TAKEN Code of 2 (Action Complete; Parts Not Drawn From Supply). If no material was required, enter an ACTION TAKEN Code of 3 (Action Complete; No Parts Required). If both GFM and CFM were used, enter an ACTION TAKEN Code of 1 (Maintenance Action Completed; Parts Drawn From Supply).

4.5 Attachment A defines terms used in this Standard Item.

4.6 For activities not using NMD, Attachments B and C are provided as examples of the required format for departure reports.

ATTACHMENT A

GLOSSARY

ACTION TAKEN CODE: Code which describes the final disposition of the Work Item/RCC $\,$

AS FOUND CONDITION: Code which describes the necessity of the Work $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Item}}/\ensuremath{\mathsf{RCC}}$

AVAILABILITY END DATE: Date of actual availability completion (month/day/year)

AVAILABILITY START DATE: Date of actual availability start (month/day/year)

CFM: Contractor-furnished material cost

CONTRACT NUMBER: Identifying number of the contract authorizing the work

CONTRACTOR: Name of contractor

DEFINITIZED AMOUNT: Contract price plus growth pool

EXECUTION AVAILABILITY: Number assigned to the availability, showing contractor, SPP (code to describe the availability type and contract method), and the fiscal year of execution

GFM: Government furnished material cost

JCN: The 5-digit ship UIC plus the 8-character Job Sequence Number

LABOR: Cost for contractor labor

M/D: Man-days; contractor man-hours divided by 8

ORIGINAL WORK ITEM: A Work Item that existed at definitization/award. It is the original scope of work for that work Item

RCC: Request for contract change

SETTLED WORK ITEM: The estimated costs (M/D, LABOR, CFM, and subcontractor information) at the time the RCC is settled

SPEC: Work Item

SUB-LABOR: Cost for subcontractor labor (if known)

SUB-MAT: Subcontractor-furnished material cost (or total subcontractor cost if SUB-M/D, SUB-LABOR, and SUB-MAT are not known)

SUB-M/D: Subcontractor man-days; subcontractor man-hours divided by 8
(if known)

TYPE AVAIL: The type of availability. Examples: ROH - Regular Overhaul; COH - Complex Overhaul; SRA - Selected Restricted Availability; DSRA - Docking Selected Restricted Availability; PMA -Phase Maintenance Availability; DPMA - Docking Phase Maintenance Availability; INA - Inactivation; ACT - Activation; CONV - Conversion; CMAV - Continuous Maintenance Availability; PSA - Post Shakedown Availability; PIA - Planned Incremental Availability; DPIA - Docking Planned Incremental Availability; RCOH - Refueling Complex Overhaul

ATTACHMENT B

FOUO. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY. THIS REPORT CONTAINS BUSINESS SENSITIVE INFORMATION.

SHIP DEPARTURE REPORT

П

CLASS "C" ESTIMATES

ACTUAL EXPENSES

| | | | | | | | CLASS C ESTIMATES | | ACTUAL EXPEN | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|---|---------|-------------------|------|--------------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|------------|-------|-------|-----|----------|
| ESWBS | W/C | JSN | RCC | COAR | % | SUMMARY | M/D | MATL | SUB/ | TOTAL | M/D | LABOR | CFM | | SUBCONTRAC | | TOTAL | GLM | APA |
| | | | | | | | | | REP | | | COST | | M/D | MATL | TOT\$ | | | |
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ATTACHMENT C

FOUO. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY. THIS REPORT CONTAINS BUSINESS SENSITIVE INFORMATION.

SHIP DEPARTURE REPORT

NAVSEAINST 4790.14 Series

REPORT NO:

ISSUE DATE: SHIP/HULL SSP NO. UIC FY/TYPE AVAIL. AVAIL.NO. AVAIL. START AVAIL. COMPLETION INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY CONTRACTOR JOB ORDER NO. CUSTOMER/ M/D RATE M/D TYPE OF WORK APA COAR GLM MAT'L COST TYCOM REPAIRS TYCOM ALTERATIONS NAVSEA ALTERATIONS NAVSEA ORDALTS

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

(DSA FUNDED)

OTHER

TOTALS

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | NO: | 009 | 9-100 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Ship's Stability; maintain

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 541-6687001, Compensating Fuel Oil Tanks on CG-47, DD-963, and DDG-993 Class Ships, Guidance for Process Control Procedure Preparation While Waterborne
- 2.3 541-6686789, Compensating Fuel Oil Tanks on DDG-51 Class Ships, Guidance for Process Control Procedure Preparation While Waterborne

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of 009-09 of 2.1, to include engineering calculations, for maintaining ship's stability during the accomplishment of modifications, repairs, removal or repositioning of equipment, ballasting, and off-loading/on-loading of fluids for the duration of the availability, using 2.2 (CG-47) or 2.3 (DDG-51) and the following for criteria:

3.1.1 The ship's list shall not exceed 2 degrees.

3.1.1.1 If the ship's list exceeds 2 degrees, it shall be corrected within 4 hours.

3.1.1.2 Provide weights or water boxes at the locations and amounts as determined by the engineering calculations.

3.1.1.3 Add and remove weights or water to maintain the ship's stability.

3.1.2 Submit the PCP to the SUPERVISOR within 10 business days prior to start of availability for CNO scheduled availabilities; within 5 business days after award for non-CNO availabilities; and within 5 business days of any contract change order authorizing work that will alter the ship's condition of stability; unless otherwise directed by the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM | NO: | 009 | 9-101 |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Ship Transit and Berthing; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 845-6686999, US Navy Vessel Water Depth, Mooring and Hull/Appendage Clearance Requirements for Transit and Berthing

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 For all non-Aircraft Carrier ships over 100 feet in length at a contractor facility, channels, berth, and turning basin shall comply with 2.2. Mooring requirements shall be in accordance with 009-69 of 2.1.

3.1.1 Minimum water depth shall be maximum navigable draft plus 2 feet at mean low water.

3.1.1.1 The approach channel, vessel turning radius, and berth/pier shall be clearly marked with channel markers in areas where the 2 feet minimum does not extend beyond the minimum approach channel, vessel turning radius, and berth/pier requirements specified in 2.2.

3.1.1.2 Install temporary fixed reference points at each end of the approach channel and berth. The reference points shall mark the center of the approach channel and berth.

3.2 Maintain a minimum of 4 feet between the highest point on the ship and overhead projections at mean high water.

3.3 Maintain a minimum horizontal clearance of 17 feet 6 inches between each side of the ship's extreme beam (35 feet total) and any fixed structures such as bridges.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.1 through 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR 15 days prior to availability start date.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 This item is for all ships over 100 feet in length entering contractor's facility.

> 2 of 2 ITEM NO: <u>009-101</u> FY-18

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 009-102 | | | |
|--------|-------|---------|------|--|--|
| DATE: | 29 | JUL | 2011 | | |
| CATEG | ORY : | : | I | | |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Alteration Verification; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish reporting of alterations in accordance with the following:

3.1.1 Meet with the ship's Commanding Officer's designated representative and the SUPERVISOR within one day after start of the availability. Accomplish required reporting for each alteration in accordance with Attachments A through C.

3.1.2 Meet with the Commanding Officer's designated representative to obtain necessary information and signatures as required throughout the availability.

3.1.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of completed Attachments A through C to the SUPERVISOR for each alteration within 3 days after alteration completion.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Alterations may include Ship Alterations (ShipAlts), Ordnance Alterations (ORDALTS), Engineering Changes (ECs), Field Changes (FCs), Machinery Alterations (MACHALTS), Ship Change Document (SCD), Alteration Equivalent to Repair (AER), and other configuration changes authorized for accomplishment.

 $4.2\,$ The requirements of this NAVSEA Standard Item will be accomplished by the activity installing the alteration.

1 of 4

ITEM NO: 009-102 FY-18

ATTACHMENT A EXCEPTIONS TO ILS VERIFICATION

| (Type Hull-Class-Altera | ation Number) |
|---|----------------------------|
| SHIP: ALTERATION ACCOMPLISHMENT DA | ATE: |
| (Hull No./Name) | (From - To) |
| INSTALLING ACTIVITY: | |
| 1. The following ILS was <u>not</u> provided upon completi | ion of this alteration: |
| a. Technical Manuals (listed by identification numk application). | ber and equipment |
| b. Spares Support that is without RIC/PAL No./Inter by Equipment Nomenclature) | rim Repair Parts (listed |
| c. COSAL Updates (list documentation not onboard) | |
| d. Test Equipment (listed by Equipment Nomenclature | e) |
| e. PMS Documentation (listed by Maintenance Index B Requirements Card (MRC) Numbers) | Pages (MIPs), Maintenance |
| f. Ship Selected Record Drawings (SSRD) Markups (li | ist mark-ups not onboard) |
| g. Installation Drawings (list drawings not onboard | d) |
| <pre>2. The following information is provided for items (1):</pre> | indicated in paragraph |
| a. Information on how and when this missing ILS was Requisition Number, Letter/Transmittal Number, etc.) | |
| b. Information on the current status/estimated rece arrival (if known) (i.e. out of stock, not developed | - |
| c. Information on the anticipated method of transferenceived (i.e. transhipment, forwarding letter, to k other than Naval Supervisory Authority (NSA)/Alterat (AIT), etc.). | be accomplished by someone |

| ALTERATION IDENT: | |
|--|-------------|
| (Type Hull-Class-Alteration Numb | per) |
| SHIP: ALTERATION ACCOMP DATE: (Hull No./Name) | (From - To) |
| INSTALLING ACTIVITY: | |
| EQUIPMENT NOMENCLATURE | |
| SERIAL NO.: | |
| LOCATION: | |
| EQUIPMENT DISPOSITION: | |
| INSTALLED REMOVED MODIFIED | |
| EIC NO.: | |
| TECHNICAL MANUAL(S): (New/Revised/Copies) | |
| APL/AEL/PAL: | |
| TEST EQUIPMENT: | |
| | |
| PMS DOCUMENTATION: (MIP NO.) | |
| REMARKS: | |
| | |
| | |

ATTACHMENT B PHYSICAL CONFIGURATION AUDIT REPORT

ATTACHMENT C SHIP ALTERATION COMPLETION REPORT

REPORT NO:

SHIP/HULL SSP NO. UIC FY/TYPE AVAIL.

NAVSEA SUMMARY SHIPALT NO. BRIEF DESCRIPTION

COMPLETE (Yes/No) REMARKS

TYCOM SUMMARY SHIPALT NO. BRIEF DESCRIPTION

COMPLETE (Yes/No) REMARKS

4 of 4 ITEM NO: 009-102 FY-18

ISSUE DATE:

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<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | NO: | 009 | 9-103 |
|--------|-------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | JUL | 2014 |
| CATEG | ORY : | | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Weight and Moment Change Data; provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide final weight and moment data in the format identified in Attachment A.

3.1.1 Maintain an account of weight and moment changes resulting from work accomplished during the availability as follows:

3.1.1.1 Weights removed and location of removal

3.1.1.2 Weights added and location of addition

3.1.1.3 Longitudinal, vertical, and transverse moment of removed weights

3.1.1.4 Longitudinal, vertical, and transverse moment of added weights

3.1.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.1.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.2.1 The data shall be a summation of total weight and moment (longitudinal, vertical, and transverse) changes resulting from weights added, removed, and relocated during the availability.

3.1.2.2 Submit a separate data sheet for each applicable Work Item number.

3.1.2.3 Submissions shall be progressive as Work Items are completed.

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1 of 3

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR will provide the Alteration Installation Team (AIT), Ship's Force, Commercial Industrial Services (CIS), and Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA) availability data required in 3.1.

ATTACHMENT A

| SHIP NAME | E: HULL () CONTRACT/JOB ORDER NO: | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------|
| REPORT DA | ATE: | | WORK ITEM | NO: | | TITLE: | | |
| WT GROUP | ITEM DESCRIPTION | DWG NO. | REV | WT LBS | VCG FT | LCG FT | TCG FT | ABBREVIATED DWG TITLE |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | |

Abbreviations:

WT - weight; DWG - drawing; REV - revision; VCG - vertical center of gravity; LCG - longitudinal center of gravity; TCG - transverse center of gravity; FT - feet; I - install; R - remove; F - forward; A - aft; P - port; S - starboard; O - centerline; LBS - pounds

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM | NO: | 009 | 9-104 |
|-------|------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | JUL | 2014 |
| CATEG | ORY: | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Vibration Testing and Analysis; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 S9073-AX-SPN-010/MVA, Vibration Analysis, Machinery
- 2.2 Equipment Technical Manual

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Minimum personnel qualifications:

3.1.1 For vibration testing, personnel shall have the equivalent of 1,000 man hours of combined experience in: vibration concepts and terminology, the use of vibration equipment, performing equipment calibration, using electronic data collectors for monitoring and recording of vibration data, the attachment of transducer mounting disks and blocks, the selection and location of transducers, calculating machine frequencies, and have a qualified Vibration Category I certification from the Vibration Institute, or equivalent experience and training.

3.1.2 For vibration analysis, personnel shall have the equivalent of 3,000 man hours experience in: the use of FFT analyzers and data collectors, identifying machinery faults, performing spectral analysis, performing vibration testing, and have a knowledge of the engineering units involved, have a qualified Vibration Category II certification from the Vibration Institute, or equivalent experience and training.

3.1.3 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of written substantiation of the credentials of the personnel to the SUPERVISOR 7 days prior to the start of vibration testing.

3.1.3.1 Submit any change of certification and/or personnel as it occurs to the SUPERVISOR.

(V) "TESTING AND ANALYSIS"

3.2 Accomplish vibration testing and analysis of the equipment in accordance with 2.1, using the ship's applicable Vibration Test and Analysis Guide (VTAG), and the following.

3.2.1 Test the equipment at normal operational speed and load, using 2.2 for guidance.

3.2.2 Vibration data shall be recorded after obtaining stabilized bearing temperatures for continuous duty equipment.

3.2.2.1 Prior to collecting any data, operate pumps with electric motor drivers a minimum of 4 hours.

3.2.2.2 Operate pumps with auxiliary turbine drivers a minimum of 2 hours.

3.2.2.3 Operate other equipment a minimum of one hour.

3.2.2.4 For auxiliary turbine drivers or other variable speed equipment, data shall be acquired within plus or minus 5 percent of the specified speed.

3.2.3 Intermittent or special duty equipment shall have vibration data collected during the normal operating cycle.

3.2.4 Acceptable vibration data results shall not exceed like unit average machine values (statistically averaged signatures maintained in the ship's/Class program database). New or newly overhauled units shall be compared to the Mean plus one Standard Deviation of the statistically averaged machine data as criteria. If only one component, the driver or the driven component, was replaced or overhauled and no repair action was accomplished to the other, the unit vibration signature shall be compared to the Mean plus 2 Standard Deviations of the statistically averaged machine data as criteria.

3.2.5 If VTAG information is not available, collect and analyze vibration data in accordance with the following:

3.2.5.1 Record vibration data in accordance with Paragraph 3.1.2 and 3.3 of 2.1.

3.2.5.2 Vibration data shall not exceed the criteria of Paragraph 3.4.3 of 2.1.

3.2.5.3 Test equipment in accordance with 3.2.1 through 3.2.3.

3.2.5.4 For reciprocating machinery, take a minimum of 2 data points, one at each end of the crankshaft centerline, or as close to centerline as possible.

3.2.5.5 Number each vibration measurement location, starting on the driver end furthest from the driven unit. For 2 drivers on a single driven unit, the numbering shall be from one driver end to the other. For 2

> 2 of 5 ITEM NO: 009-104 FY-18

driven units from a single driver, the numbering shall be from one driven unit to the other.

3.2.5.6 Provide a sketch of the unit with the following information:

Drive Unit(s) Driven Unit(s) Location of Bearings Location and numbering of vibration measurement points

3.2.5.7 Scale vibration amplitudes on plot to show the best representation of the magnitudes.

3.2.5.8 For machinery consisting of a drive and driven unit, take vibration data on both pieces of equipment, even if only one piece of equipment was subject to overhaul, to allow a complete analysis of the vibration data, including vibration transmitted between the pieces of equipment.

3.2.6 Record results of vibration analysis on a test data sheet, Attachment A.

3.2.6.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the following to the SUPERVISOR within 2 days of completion of vibration analysis:

Completed Attachment A Machine's vibration data plots VTAG applicable to the machine Average machine values applicable to the machine

4. NOTES:

4.1 Equipment performance shall satisfy vibration requirements of specific average machine values if the machinery item is included in the ship's machinery vibration analysis (MVA) program. Such programs are in compliance with 2.1 and depend on the ship's applicable VTAG to identify machinery, provide pertinent measurement locations, numbering conventions, test conditions, manufacturer's configuration information, analysis ranges and major forcing frequencies.

4.2 For surface ships, other than aircraft carriers, VTAG and average machine values are available from Technical Points of Contact (TPOCs) at 215-897-7467 or 215-897-8471.

4.3 For aircraft carriers, VTAG and average machine values are available from Supervisor of Shipbuilding Newport News, Aircraft Carrier Planning Office (757-688-5183).

4.4 Equipment Technical Manual will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

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3 of 5
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ITEM NO: <u>009-104</u> FY-18

4.5 For new or newly overhauled equipment, start of vibration testing can only commence upon satisfactory completion of shipboard operational testing, which will be addressed in the invoking Work Item. Also consider any other adjacent work in the machinery space that may affect accomplishment of vibration testing.

ATTACHMENT A

MACHINERY VIBRATION ANALYSIS REPORT

DATE OF VIBRATION TEST: _____

| SHIP NAME | | | HULL: | |
|---|--|----------------|--------|--|
| | | WORK ITEM NO.: | | |
| IDENTIFY: | DRIVER OVERHAULED DRIVEN OVERHAULED | | | |
| EQUIPMENT N | IAME: | EQUIP | . NO.: | |
| DRIVER MANUFACTURER: | | SERIAL NO.: | | |
| DRIVEN MANU | IFACTURER: | SERIAL NO.: | | |
| VTAG USED: HULL APPLICABILITY:, SWAB:, MID: | | | | |
| <u>RECORD ACTUAL OPERATING CONDITIONS:</u> (SPEED, LOAD, PRESSURE, ETC., OR OTHER CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE TEST) | | | | |

TEST RPM:_____

RECORD VIBRATION TEST EQUIPMENT USED:

| COMPONENT | MANUFACTURER | MODEL |
|---------------|--------------|-------|
| ANALYZER | | |
| ACCELEROMETER | | |
| CALIBRATOR | | |
| | | |

| PRINTED NAME: | | |
|---------------|--|--|
| | | |

| TESTS RESULTS: SAT [| 🗋 UNSAT 🗌 | (Provide recommendation for corrective action(s) if UNSAT) |
|----------------------|-----------|--|
|----------------------|-----------|--|

SIGNATURE: ______ PHONE______ SIGNATURE OF PERSON PERFORMING ANALYSIS (INDICATES VIBRATION TESTING IS COMPLETE INCLUDING RECORDING RESULTS/DATA) ATTACH COPY OF VIBRATION SIGNATURES, APPLICABLE VTAG AND AVERAGE MACHINE DATA. FOR NON-VTAG UNITS, PROVIDE BASIC SKETCH.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | : O/ | 009 | 9-105 |
|--------------|------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: II | | | |

- 1. SCOPE:
 - 1.1 Title: Thermal Sprayed Coating for Machinery Component Repair; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-1687, Thermal Spray Processes for Naval Ship Machinery Applications
- 2.3 0948-LP-045-7010, Material Control Standard

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 For non-LEVEL I Material Identification and Control (MIC) material repairs, accomplish the requirements of 2.2 for thermal spray coatings on machinery components.

3.2 For LEVEL I MIC material repairs, accomplish the requirements of 2.2 for thermal spray coatings.

3.2.1 Restore LEVEL I markings after coating process in accordance with 2.3.

3.2.2 Accomplishment of Material Identification and Control (MIC) for level I Systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.1).

4. NOTES:

4.1 If Material Identification and Control (MIC) for Level I Systems of 3.2.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard item 009-27 "Material Identification and Control (MIC) for Level I Systems; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

ITEM NO: 009-105 FY-18

1 of 1

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

ITEM NO: 009-106 DATE: 18 NOV 2016 CATEGORY: I

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Work Authorization Form Coordinator (WAFCOR); provide

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide a representative whose function is to coordinate the Work Authorization and Control Process, known as the Work Authorization Form (WAF) Coordinator (WAFCOR), from 30 days prior to the actual scheduled start date of shipboard work to the completion of shipboard work.

3.2 The WAFCOR shall be responsible for the work authorization control process for all Repair Activity (RA) work being performed during the contract performance period. The WAFCOR shall receive, process, compare, and coordinate all WAFs and Technical Work Documents (TWDs) submitted by RAs in accordance with the requirements of Volume IV, Chapter 10, of 2.1. The WAFCOR shall meet daily with the designated representatives from each RA, the Commanding Officer's designated representative, and the SUPERVISOR to eliminate any tag-out conflicts, and to advise the SUPERVISOR of any work authorization problems that could impact the RA's or the ship's work operations and testing.

3.2.1 The WAFCOR shall ensure that each RA submits a properly filled out WAF. The WAF/TWD shall show or explain the job description for each work authorization. The WAFCOR shall assign a tracking number and submit the WAF to the Commanding Officer's designated representative. The Commanding Officer's designated representative will determine if adequate isolation and plant/system conditions exist to safely and properly conduct the work, authorize and hang tag-outs, and sign the WAF. Each individual RA must submit work authorizations even if multiple RAs are working on the same components.

 $3.2.2\,$ The WAFCOR shall legibly sign and release the WAF for start of work upon receipt of legible signature from the cognizant RA's designated representative.

1 of 2

3.2.3 The WAFCOR shall ensure that WAF revisions or changes submitted by the cognizant RAs are processed prior to proceeding with the work necessitating the change/revision to the WAF.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Repair Activity (RA) is any activity (public or private) other than Ship's Force involved in the construction, testing, repair, overhaul, refueling, or maintenance of the ship. Repair Activities include the prime contractor, all subcontractors, government provided contractors or agencies, Alteration Installation Teams, Fleet Maintenance Activities, Naval Shipyards, and others.

4.2 Training requirements are listed in NAVSEA Standard Item 009-24.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | NO: | 009 | 9-107 |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: II | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Piping System Cleanliness Restoration (Non-Nuclear); accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 S9AAO-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships
 (GSO)
- 2.3 0902-018-2010, General Specifications for Deep Diving SSBN/SSN Submarines
- 2.4 S9086-RK-STM-010/CH-505, Shipboard Piping Systems
- 2.5 MIL-STD-1330, Precision Cleaning and Testing of Shipboard Oxygen, Helium, Helium-Oxygen, Nitrogen Systems, and Hydrogen Systems
- 2.6 MIL-STD-419, Cleaning, Protecting, and Testing Piping, Tubing, and Fittings for Hydraulic Power Transmission Equipment
- 2.7 MIL-STD-1622, Standard Practice for Cleaning of Shipboard Compressed Air Systems
- 2.8 S9086-RW-STM-010/CH-516, Refrigeration Systems

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the general cleaning requirements of 2.2 through 2.4 for new, modified, or repaired non-nuclear piping systems and components of nuclear and non-nuclear powered naval vessels. Accomplish the system cleaning requirements of 2.5 through 2.8.

3.1.1 Clean to the following acceptance standard:

3.1.1.1 Cleanliness Level II: Surface shall be visually free of grease, oil, flux, scale, dirt, loose particles and any other contamination foreign to the base metal. Tap water residues on all metals and light superficial rust on carbon steel surfaces, caused by short time exposure to the atmosphere, are permitted. Light dust on cleaned surfaces is not objectionable, provided that the quantity and size of the particle does not adversely affect system operations. 3.1.1.2 Cleanliness Level III: Surface shall be reasonably free of contamination and any remaining residue on the surface does not interfere with system operations or damage system components.

3.2 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of compressed air systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 551 of 2.2 and 2.7.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.2.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.3 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of oxygen, nitrogen, and helium systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 552 of 2.2 and 2.5.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.3.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.4 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of hydraulic systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 556 of 2.2 and 2.6.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.4.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.5 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of fuel oil systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 541 of 2.2.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.5.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.6 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of steam systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 253 of 2.2.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.6.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.7 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of condensate systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 255 of 2.2.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.7.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

ITEM NO: 009-107 FY-18 3.8 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of lube oil systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 262 of 2.2.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.8.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.9 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of fresh and potable water systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 532 of 2.2.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.9.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.10 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for each cleaning operation of refrigerant systems shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and 2.8.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.10.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

3.11 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the cleaning, flushing, and acceptance criteria of HP/LP steam drains shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3) and Section 534 of 2.2.

(I) (G) "VERIFY CLEANLINESS"

3.11.1 Verify cleanliness in accordance with acceptance standards.

4. NOTES:

4.1 This Standard Item does not apply to systems of nuclear-powered ships covered by NAVSEAINST 9210.36, Steam Plant Cleanliness Control, or nuclear piping systems on nuclear-powered ships.

4.2 See Attachment A for Level II and Level III piping systems.

4.3 If a Process Control Procedure (PCP) of 3.3 through 3.12 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-09 "Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

ATTACHMENT A CLEANLINESS LEVEL II AND III

CLEANLINESS LEVEL II PIPING SYSTEMS:

- DIVERS AIR (NOTE 1)
- ELECTRONICS DISTILLED WATER COOLING (NOTE 1)
- HIGH PRESSURE AIR (NOTE 1)
- HYDRAULIC PIPING SYSTEMS (NOTE 1)
- LUBRICATING OIL SYSTEMS (NOTE 1)
- MISSILE HEATING AND COOLING
- REFRIGERANT SYSTEM (FREON AND LITHIUM BROMIDE) (NOTE 1)
- OXYGEN SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- AIR CONDITIONING CHILLED WATER SYSTEM
- AUXILIARY STEAM SYSTEM
- CONDENSATE SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- DIESEL FRESHWATER COOLING
- AIR FOR DIESEL CONTROL, VITAL AIR, ELECTRONICS SYSTEMS, ABC SYSTEMS AND PNEUMATIC CONTROL (NOTE 1)
- EXHAUST PIPING (STEAM)
- FEEDWATER SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- POTABLE WATER SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- FUEL SERVICE SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- DISTILLATE PIPING SYSTEMS
- FUEL TRANSFER SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- GASOLINE SYSTEM
- HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE DRAIN SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- MAIN STEAM SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- MEDIUM PRESSURE AIR (ABOVE 250 PSI AND BELOW 1500 PSIG) (NOTE 1)
- NITROGEN PIPING SYSTEM (NOTE 1)
- JP-5 PIPING SYSTEM
- OTHER SYSTEMS AS SPECIFIED BY THE SUPERVISOR

NOTE 1: SEE INDIVIDUAL GSO SECTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL SPECIAL CLEANING REQUIREMENTS

CLEANLINESS LEVEL III PIPING SYSTEMS:

- AIR ESCAPE (TANK VENT)
- AIR CONDITIONING SEAWATER COOLING SYSTEM
- AFFF CONCENTRATE AND AFFF/SW SYSTEMS

- AUXILIARY SEAWATER SYSTEM
- CO2 SYSTEM
- DIESEL EXHAUST SYSTEM
- DIESEL SEAWATER COOLING SYSTEM
- DISTILLING PLANT, BRINE OVERBOARD DISCHARGE SYSTEM
- DISTILLING PLANT, SEAWATER FEED SYSTEM
- ESCAPE PIPING (STEAM)
- FIREMAIN SYSTEM
- HALON
- MAIN SEAWATER COOLING SYSTEM
- PLUMBING SYSTEM
- SANITARY AND FLUSHING PIPING SYSTEM
- SHIP SERVICE LOW PRESSURE AIR SYSTEM (NON-VITAL)
- OTHER SYSTEMS AS SPECIFIED BY THE SUPERVISOR

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM I | NO: | 000 | 9-108 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGORY: I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Aircraft Carrier Transit and Berthing; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 845-6686999, US Navy Vessel Water Depth, Mooring and Hull/Appendage Clearance Requirements for Transit and Berthing

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Channels and berth at a contractor facility shall comply with 2.2. Turning basin shall meet the requirements of 2.2 unless physically impossible, in which case turning area shall meet all other clearance requirements specified in this item. Mooring requirements shall be in accordance with 009-69 of 2.1.

3.1.1 Minimum water depth shall be maximum draft plus 6 feet minimum at mean low water. List and trim effects shall be considered to determine the 6-feet minimum.

3.1.1.1 The approach channel, vessel turning area, and berth/pier shall be clearly marked with channel markers in areas where the 6-feet minimum does not extend beyond the minimum approach channel, vessel turning area, and berth/pier requirements specified in 2.2.

3.1.1.2 Install temporary fixed reference points at each end of the approach channel and berth. The reference points shall mark the center of the approach channel and berth.

3.1.1.3 The 6-feet minimum shall be for the duration of time at a berth/pier.

3.2 Maintain a minimum of 4 feet between the highest point on the ship and overhead projections at mean high water.

1 of 2

3.3 Maintain a minimum horizontal clearance of 17 feet 6 inches between each side of the ship's extreme beam (35 feet total) and any fixed structures such as bridges.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.1 through 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR 15 days prior to availability start date.

4. NOTES:

4.1 This item is for all aircraft carriers for all conditions, including "dead stick" (towed) conditions that enter into a contractor's facility.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

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| ITEM NO: | | 009-109 | |
|----------|-----|---------|------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Non-SUBSAFE Work on SUBSAFE-Certified Vessel; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 0924-LP-062-0010, Submarine Safety (SUBSAFE) Requirements Manual

2.2 0905-LP-485-6010, Control of Testing and Ship Conditioning

2.3 S9510-AB-ATM-010, Nuclear Powered Submarine Atmosphere Control Manual

2.4 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide a written training plan for accomplishing non-SUBSAFE work on SUBSAFE-certified vessels, using 2.1 through 2.3 and Volume IV, Chapter 10 of 2.4 for guidance.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the training plan to the SUPERVISOR no later than 15 days prior to availability start date.

3.1.2 Submit revisions to the training plan to the SUPERVISOR for review and acceptance prior to use.

3.1.3 Implement the approved training plan prior to commencement of non-SUBSAFE work on SUBSAFE-certified vessels.

3.2 Train all personnel (including subcontractors) assigned to perform work on SUBSAFE-certified vessels in accordance with the approved training plan of 3.1 prior to start of work.

3.2.1 All personnel shall have direct knowledge of work control procedures, be able to recognize and initiate alarms, be familiar with actions to be taken to evacuate the vessel, and reporting submerged safety draft marks.

3.2.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of qualified contractor and subcontractor personnel to the SUPERVISOR no later than 15 days prior to start of work. The list shall include company name, badge number, and date training was provided, along with certification documentation showing that training requirements have been met.

3.2.2.1 Submit updates to the list as changes occur throughout the availability.

3.3 Accomplish a joint on-site brief and walkthrough of the work site with the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative prior to start of work.

3.3.1 Include identification of SUBSAFE components and/or systems located in the area of work, components and/or systems which may be affected by the work, and lessons learned from previous or similar work. Include identification of Unrestricted Operations (URO) Maintenance Requirement (MRC)-related equipment located in the area of work.

3.3.2 Ensure that URO MRC-measured parameter is not violated. (See Volume V, Part-I, Chapter 5 of 2.4.)

 $3.4\,$ Maintain approved written instructions for accomplishing non-SUBSAFE work on the work site at all times.

3.4.1 Do not accomplish work or disturb any system or component without specific approved written instructions for accomplishing non-SUBSAFE work.

3.5 Prohibit the following items from being brought onboard any nuclearpowered vessel or nuclear support vessel:

3.5.1 Any mercury bearing equipment such as mercury thermometers, portable fluorescent lights, black lights or any other items containing mercury.

3.5.2 Nickel-Cadmium fasteners.3.5.3 Any device that contains a source of radioactivity.

3.5.4 Bright yellow tools, bags, or equipment.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 The SUBSAFE program is a certification program implemented by NAVSEA to ensure strict work controls, material controls, and testing to verify submarine system integrity and prevent loss of submarine personnel and equipment.

4.2 The URO MRC program was developed by NAVSEA to monitor specific areas of interest to determine if the conditions of these areas are suitable for continued unrestricted operations.

4.2.1 URO MRC Manuals:

4.2.1.1 T9081-AD-MMO-010 & 020 (SSN 21 Class) 4.2.1.2 0924-LP-064-8010 (SSN 688 Class) 4.2.1.3 T0700-AA-PRO-010 (SSBN/SSGN 726 Class) 4.2.1.4 T9081-AE-MMO-010 (SSN 774 Class) 4.2.1.5 0924-LP-040-2010 (NR-1 Only)

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| ITEM 3 | NO: | 009 | 9-110 |
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| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
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1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Non-Nuclear Work on a Nuclear Vessel; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Joint Fleet Maintenance Manual (JFMM)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide a written training plan for accomplishing non-nuclear work on nuclear vessels, using Volume IV, Chapter 10 of 2.1 for guidance.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the training plan to the SUPERVISOR no later than 15 days prior to availability start date.

3.1.2 Submit revisions to the training plan to the SUPERVISOR for review and acceptance prior to use.

3.1.3 Implement the approved training plan prior to commencement of non-nuclear work on nuclear vessels.

3.2 Train all personnel (including subcontractors) assigned to perform work on a nuclear vessel in accordance with the approved training plan of 3.1 prior to start of work.

3.2.1 All personnel shall have direct knowledge of work control procedures, be able to recognize and initiate alarms, and be familiar with actions to be taken to evacuate the vessel.

3.2.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a list of qualified contractor and subcontractor personnel to the SUPERVISOR no later than 15 days prior to start of work. The list shall include company name, badge number, and date training was provided, along with certification documentation showing that training requirements have been met.

3.2.2.1 Submit updates to the list as changes occur throughout the availability.

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3.3 Accomplish a joint on-site brief and walkthrough of the work site with the SUPERVISOR and the Commanding Officer's designated representative prior to start of work.

3.3.1 Include identification of all nuclear equipment including nuclear temporary/support systems and radiological containment materials located in the area of work, components and/or systems which may be affected by the work, and lessons learned from previously accomplished or similar work.

3.3.2 Evaluate services/temporary systems to be installed by the contractor that run through spaces containing nuclear equipment for possible leakage/spray protection.

3.3.3 The contractor shall identify all possible contact with nuclear equipment or nuclear temporary/support system identified in the space prior to start of work.

3.3.4 Evaluate the rigging path for potential collateral damage to nuclear components/piping. All inadvertent contact with nuclear equipment or nuclear temporary/support system in the work area during the work shall be brought immediately to the attention of the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.5 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a written report of the requirements of 3.3 to the SUPERVISOR within one day after completion of the briefing and walkthrough.

 $3.4\,$ Maintain approved written instructions for accomplishing non-nuclear work on the work site at all times.

3.4.1 Do not accomplish work or disturb any system or component without specific approved written instructions for accomplishing work on nuclear vessels.

3.5 Material (permanent or temporary) shall not contact nuclear piping/components unless specifically authorized by the SUPERVISOR. Some examples are cleaning fluid sprays, dripping grease or liquids, inadvertent paint splatter, attaching rope or strings, wood, tape, plastic bags, temporary contractor's services that contact hot or cold nuclear piping and components.

3.6 Report immediately inadvertent contact with or damage to nuclear equipment regardless of how minor (e.g., gouges, scratches, dents, slag, carbon arc, corrosion) to the SUPERVISOR.

3.7 Prohibit the following items from being brought onboard any nuclearpowered vessel or nuclear support vessel:

3.7.1 Any mercury bearing equipment such as mercury thermometers, portable fluorescent lights, black lights or any other items containing mercury.

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ITEM NO: 009-110 FY-18 3.7.2 Nickel-Cadmium fasteners.

3.7.3 Any device that contains a source of radioactivity.

3.7.4 Bright yellow tools, bags, or equipment.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

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| ITEM 1 | : O/ | 009 | 9-111 |
|--------|------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
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1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Schedule and Associated Reports for Availabilities 9 Weeks or Less in Duration; provide and manage

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9AAO-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Develop a Production Schedule for work packages less than 4 weeks in duration that reflects the manner in which the availability will be accomplished. The Production Schedule shall include:

3.1.1 Start and completion date of production work for each Work Item.

3.1.2 Scheduled start and completion dates of all Stage 3 through Stage 6 required tests. Test Stages are defined in Section 092 of 2.1 and Note 4.1.1.

3.1.3 Critical Path and Controlling Work Items.

3.1.4 Integration between Work Items to the extent necessary to remove conflicts within ship's compartments or systems, facilitate coordinated testing, and complete all Work Items within the contracted Period of Performance.

3.2 Develop an Integrated Production Schedule (IPS) for work packages 4 to 9 weeks in duration that reflects the manner in which the availability will be accomplished. The IPS shall include:

3.2.1 Schedule each Work Item to the Work Activity level listing the start and completion dates, and durations for each Work Activity.

3.2.1.1 Assign each Work Activity in the IPS a short title to describe the nature of the Work Activity, system and equipment or machinery involved.

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ITEM NO: 009-111 FY-18 3.2.1.2 Integrate all known Alteration Installation Team (AIT), Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Provider, Ship's Force, Commercial Industrial Services (CIS), and Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA) work. Alteration (ALT) numbers, Job Sequence Numbers (JSNs), and Task Order numbers (TOs) are considered equivalent to the contractor's Work Specification Work Items for the purposes of scheduling the work of these third-party organizations in accordance with this Standard Item. The term Work Item is inclusive of these additional methods of identifying a body of work.

3.2.1.3 Each Work Activity shall be scheduled by location and system, and integrated into the IPS.

3.2.2 The latest allowable receipt date for contractor and government furnished material (CFM and GFM) to maintain production schedule.

3.2.3 Scheduled Key Events and Milestones.

3.2.3.1 Assign appropriate predecessor relationships to each Key Event and Milestone(s) to ensure there is an accurate logical progression through all Work Activities leading to their assigned Key Event and Milestone(s), to ensure the IPS supports accurate prediction of Key Event and Milestone(s) attainment.

3.2.4 Critical Path and Controlling Work Items.

3.2.5 Scheduled start and completion dates of all Stage 3 through Stage 6 required tests.

3.3 Revise Production Schedule/IPS at the Work Activity level weekly to include additions, deletions, modifications, actual start and finish dates, progress, and completion of Work Items for work packages identified in 3.1 and 3.2. Progress shall be based on degree of completion of physical work or accomplishment of the Work Activity.

3.4 Coordinate and schedule AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, Ship's Force, CIS, and FMA work with contractor work into the IPS for work packages identified in 3.2 when the SUPERVISOR has identified such work to take place during the availability. (See 4.2)

3.4.1 Develop a report identifying missing or incomplete schedule integration data for known participants in the availability when the IPS is submitted. Identification of missing or incomplete schedule integration data is required to highlight areas of elevated IPS uncertainty, but shall not be cause for delay in establishing the IPS nor the delivery of reports required under this Standard Item.

3.5 Provide cognizant contractor management representation to participate in the weekly progress meeting at the time and location agreed to by the SUPERVISOR for work packages identified in 3.1 and 3.2. The representative(s) must be authorized to make management decisions relative to

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ITEM NO: <u>009-111</u> FY-18 the routine requirements of the Job Order that, in good faith, commit the contractor. AIT Managers and/or On-Site Installation Coordinators (OSIC) shall participate and represent respective alteration teams in scheduled weekly progress meetings.

3.5.1 Weekly progress meeting participants shall be prepared to address Critical Path and Controlling Work Items, and offer reasonable solutions to problems which may have impact on scheduled Key Events and Milestones or completion date. Contractors scheduled work and planned AIT and Ship's Force work shall be discussed to support and de-conflict any testing and equipment operation scheduled.

3.6 Develop one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of an availability status report that includes the revised IPS for work packages identified in 3.2. Provide the following for each Work Item:

3.6.1 Percent of production work completed.

3.6.2 Late contractor furnished material which affects production dates.

 $3.6.3\,$ Government Furnished Material that has not been received which affects production dates.

3.6.4 Action taken or proposed to resolve inadequate production progress, material delivery that does not support production schedule, and other problems placing completion of any work item in jeopardy.

3.7 Provide cognizant contractor management representation to participate in a review conference to be held at the 50-percent point in the availability and a completion conference to be held no later than 3 days prior to availability completion date to determine the scope of remaining work for work packages identified in 3.2.

3.7.1 Data from the most recent submission in accordance with 3.3 and 3.6 will be used at the review conference. Review conferences will be held within two days of the Weekly Progress Meeting of 3.5 or, subject to SUPERVISOR approval, may be held simultaneously with the Weekly Progress Meeting. The conferences will be scheduled at a time and place mutually agreeable to all parties.

3.8. Provide one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a complete list of subcontractors, by Work Item, to the SUPERVISOR.

3.8.1 The subcontractor list shall include:

3.8.1.1 Work Item paragraph number.

3.8.1.2 Specific work to be accomplished.

3.8.2 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report to the SUPERVISOR of any change to the original list, whenever any subcontractor is added or deleted.

3.9 Manage work progression to support scheduled light-off of machinery space equipment.

3.9.1 Develop a list of work required to be completed prior to light off for work packages identified in 3.2.

3.9.1.1 Revise the list of unfinished work, including machinery and systems discrepancies, daily throughout the light-off phase.

3.9.2 Schedule daily meetings to resolve problems/unfinished work relating to light-off. Meetings shall commence 2 weeks prior to light off, and continue until completion of testing. This meeting may be held in conjunction with the daily production meeting.

3.9.3 Accomplish a walk-through with Ship's Force and the SUPERVISOR 5 days prior to completion of work in machinery spaces.

3.10 Submit the following reports to the SUPERVISOR as listed in Adobe Acrobat (.pdf), or Microsoft Word (.doc) compatible media as per Table 1.

| Тa | ble | 1 |
|----|-----|---|
| | | |

| Required Reports. | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| ID | Requirements | Title | Format | Due |
| Number | | | | |
| 3.11.1 | 3.1 | - Production Schedule | .pdf | NLT 5 days prior |
| | 3.2 | - IPS | .pdf | to availability |
| | 3.4.1 | - Incomplete GFI | .doc | start date |
| | 3.8 | - List of Subcontractors | .doc | |
| 3.11.2 | 3.4.1 | - Incomplete GFI | .doc | Weekly after A-0, |
| | 3.6 | - Availability Status Report | .pdf | one day prior to |
| | | | | progress meeting |
| 3.11.3 | 3.9.1 | - List of incomplete | .doc | 5 days prior to |
| | | machinery space work | | scheduled |
| | | | | completion of |
| | | | | machinery space |
| | | | | work |
| 3.11.4 | 3.9.1.1 | - Revised list of incomplete | .doc | Daily throughout |
| | | machinery space work | | light-off phase |

4. NOTES:

4.1 Definitions.

4.1.1 Industrial Testing: Conducted by using stages of testing for the progressive validation of the proper installation and performance of equipment and systems. These stages are:

Stage 1: Material Receipt Inspection/Shop Tests
Stage 2: Shipboard Installation Inspection & Tests
Stage 3: Equipment Level Operational Tests
Stage 4: Intrasystem Tests
Stage 5: Intersystem Tests
Stage 6: Special Tests
Stage 7: Dock Trials/Sea Trials

4.1.2 Production Schedule: The schedule used by contractor and subcontractor personnel as a means of planning, tracking, and coordinating the accomplishment of contract work.

4.1.3 Integrated Production Schedule (IPS): A schedule used by the contractor as a means of planning, tracking, coordinating and de-conflicting work during the availability. It incorporates all work planned for accomplishment during the maintenance availability including: Alteration Installation Team (AIT), Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, Ship's Force, Commercial Industrial Services (CIS), and Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA) work.

4.1.4 Work Activity: A portion of an individual Work Item, which is a logical subdivision of the Work Item, representing a manageable unit of work which must be accomplished at a specific period of time in relation to other activities of the Job Order.

4.1.5 Key Event: An event that, if slippage occurs, could impact or delay the overall schedule, or prevent timely delivery of the vessel. Key Events are identified by the contract, the SUPERVISOR, or the contractor.

4.1.6 Milestone: A significant event identified by the Maintenance Team. Milestones are used as a scheduling aid and establish significant points where progress must be evaluated and confirmed. Accumulated failure to achieve Milestones on schedule may result in missed Key Events. Milestones may be identified by either the contractor or the SUPERVISOR.

4.1.7 Critical Path: That sequence of Work Activities which forms the work and test chain of the longest duration, and directly affects the completion of the availability. Factors that influence when a Work Activity is on the Critical Path include: time duration required for the Work Activity, space limitations, manpower available, and the predecessor/successor relationships between Work Activities. Typically, the Critical Path is determined by automated schedule analysis and will include any sequential set of Work Activities forming the longest chain of events extending throughout the schedule and which has the least Total Float.

4.1.8 Controlling Work Items: Those Work Items which include activities that are on the critical path of the IPS, which, by virtue of scope, material requirements, complexity, or other considerations, have the

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ITEM NO: <u>009-111</u> FY-18 significant potential for impact on the scheduled project Key Events or completion of the availability.

4.1.9 Total Float: The total number of days that a path of Work Activities can be delayed without affecting the project finish date. A path of Work Activities is established by predecessor and successor relationships.

4.2 The SUPERVISOR will provide, or direct provision, of the AIT, Government-Contracted Third Party Maintenance Providers, Ship's Force, CIS, and FMA availability data required for schedule integration in 3.4 and progress/de-confliction in 3.5.1.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 009 | 9-112 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Prevention of Radiographic-Inspection Ionizing-Radiation Hazard; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 This item applies to all contracts that utilize radiographic inspection as part of their work. "Foreign contractor" refers to a contractor that is contracted from the U.S. Navy host country in which U.S. Navy contracts may be executed onboard U.S. Government property and/or vessels.

3.2 Each foreign contractor shall comply with the regulatory standards of the host country when conducting radiographic inspections on U.S. Government property and/or vessels.

3.3 Fourteen days prior to start of work, submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Radiography Operations Planning Work Sheet, Attachment A, to the SUPERVISOR and obtain approval prior to commencement of radiography operations.

3.4 Fourteen days prior to start of work, submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a diagram illustrating the boundary where the exposure rate shall not exceed 2 mr/hr (0.02 mSv/hr) or under special circumstances the dose to an individual in any unrestricted area would not exceed 2 mrem (0.02mSv) in any one hour. In addition, the boundary shall meet the requirement that no individual member of the public will receive a dose in excess of 100 mrem (1mSv) in a calendar year from the radiographic work, exclusive of background radiation.

3.4.1 In addition to the boundary requirements of 3.4, the foreign contractor shall also illustrate the foreign radiation-boundary requirements.

3.5 Establish a physical boundary where the exposure rate is 2mr/hr or less. In some circumstances the boundary may be established at a point where the dose to an individual in any unrestricted area would not exceed 2 mrem in

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ITEM NO: <u>009-112</u> FY-18 any one hour. The perimeter of the radiation area shall be a physical barrier established by an enclosure or by stanchions and rope, as necessary. Post this boundary with tri-foil radiation warning symbol, "Radiation Area", "Radiography in Progress", and "Keep Out" signs written in English and hostcountry language. The signs shall be visible to any person approaching the radiation area barrier from any accessible direction.

3.5.1 Radiographer shall maintain constant surveillance of the entire area boundary through direct observation or Radiation Safety Officer (RSO)/Radiation Safety Oversight Manager (RSOM) approved positive communication with boundary monitor who is in a position to provide visual surveillance.

3.5.2 Monitor the entire boundary using radiation detection equipment appropriate for the source of radiation during the first radiation exposure of the day. If the beam's orientation, kVp, mA, collimation, or shielding is changed between exposures, the boundary shall be re-surveyed and re-established in accordance with 3.5, if necessary.

3.5.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.5.2 within one day. The report shall include Attachment A diagram identifying survey locations, time, date and location of the survey, the highest radiation level recorded, the kVp, mA, and beam direction of the x-ray machine or, if using gamma source material, the half value of the collimator and beam direction at the time of exposure.

3.6 If an unauthorized individual crosses the boundary, the boundary monitor shall immediately notify the radiographer who will immediately stop radiography operations.

3.6.1 Report any boundary violation immediately to the SUPERVISOR. Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a follow-up report within 4 hours of the violation, using Boundary Violation Report, Attachment B. The report shall include the time, date of violation, name of individual(s), the names of the radiography crew, including boundary monitor, the kVp, mA, duration of actual exposure and beam direction for the x-ray machine or if using source material, the half value of the collimator and the beam direction at the time of violation. Include a diagram showing the location of the violation and the egress path in relation to the source.

3.7 Upon discovery of loss or theft of radioactive material or x-ray producing devices, the radiographer shall cease and make safe all radiographic operations and immediately notify the SUPERVISOR.

3.7.1 Report verbally each incident immediately to the SUPERVISOR.

3.7.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a formal written report of the incident within one day.

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4. NOTES:

4.1 The SUPERVISOR shall perform oversight and surveillance of all radiography operations on U.S. Government property and/or vessels associated with contracted work.

4.2 The technical point of contact for the requirements contained in this Standard Item is SUPERVISOR'S RSO or RSOM for radiographic inspections conducted in the host-country and any U.S. Government Detachment.

 $4.3\,$ This Standard Item complies with 10 CFR Parts 19, 20, and 34 and 29 CFR 1910.1096.

ATTACHMENT A

RADIOGRAPHY OPERATIONS PLANNING WORK SHEET

| Α. | Gen | eral Information | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 1. | Prime Contractor Name: | | | | |
| | 2. | . Subcontractor Name (if applicable): | | | | |
| | 3. | . Proposed Date(s) and Time(s) of Planned Radiography: | | | | |
| | 4. | Purpose of Radiographic Operation: | | | | |
| | 5. | 5. Host country regulatory standards applicable to radiographic inspections preferably translated to English. | | | | |
| в. | If | conducting gamma radiography complete the following: | | | | |
| | 1. | Radioisotope: Serial Number: | | | | |
| | 2. | Activity: Date of Determination of Activity: | | | | |
| | 3. | Collimator Serial Number: | | | | |
| | 4. | Half Value Thickness: | | | | |
| | 5. | Transportation and vehicle information: | | | | |
| | | a. Manufacturer: | | | | |
| | | b. Model: | | | | |
| | | c. License Plate Number: | | | | |
| | | d. Sign on Vehicle: | | | | |
| | | e. Driver's Name: | | | | |
| | | f. Passengers: | | | | |
| | | <pre>g. Location of radiography operation site (ship, submarine, building,</pre> | | | | |
| | | h. Transportation route to be taken to and from work site while on Government activity: | | | | |

C. If conducting x-ray radiography complete the following:

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- 1. Machine Manufacturer: _____
- 2. Serial Number:
- 3. Maximum kVp:
- 4. Maximum mA:
- 5. Total Number of Exposures: _____

6. Direction of Beam:

D. Provide a diagram of each work site that illustrates:

- Each location of the radiography, including major features such as walls, bulkheads, tanks, walkways or passageways that may provide shielding or difficulty in controlling the area.
- 2. The location of the exposure device drive cable, guide tube, and end stop if using gamma radiography equipment, or the location of the tube head and control panel if conducting x-ray radiography.
- 3. The location of the 2 mr/hr (0.02 mSv/hr) controlled boundary.
- E. Provide the calculations for the 2 mr/hr (0.02 mSv/hr) controlled boundary from the distance from the gamma radiography source, or the xray machine tube head, to the location where the boundary shall be established.
- F. <u>Review/Approval</u>:

Contractor's Radiographer:

Name (Printed)

Signature

Date:

RSO/RSOM (SUPERVISOR's) Approval:

Name (Printed)

Signature

Date:

BOUNDARY VIOLATION REPORT

Report

| NAME OF REPORTING INDIVIDUAL: | |
|---|-----------------------|
| TIME/DATE OF THE VIOLATION: LOCATION OF THE VIOLATION: | COMPANY: |
| | SUPERVISOR: |
| EQUIPMENT | <u>INVOLVED</u> |
| FOR GAMMA RADIOGRAPHY: | FOR X-RAY RADIOGRAPHY |
| | |
| ISOTOPE: | <u>mA:</u> |
| ACTIVITY: | <u>kVp:</u> |
| HALF VALUE OF THE COLLIMATOR: | DURATION OF EXPOSURE: |
| DURATION OF EXPOSURE: | |
| WORK ITEM NUMBER: | CONTRACT NUMBER: |
| | |

INDIVIDUALS WHO VIOLATED THE BOUNDARY

| NAME(S) | DEPT. | ORGANIZATION/COMPANY |
|---------|-------|----------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

NAMES OF THE RADIOGRAPHY CREW MEMBERS, INCLUDING NAMES OF BOUNDARY MONITORS

| NAME(S) | DEPT. | COMPANY |
|---------|-------|---------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARY VIOLATION

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE LOCATION OF THE VIOLATION AND THE EGRESS PATH IN RELATION TO THE SOURCE

SIGNATURE OF REPORTING INDIVIDUAL:

DATE:

Incident Report Instructions

<u>REPORT NUMBER</u>- Unique tracking number created by contractor

NAME OF REPORTING INDIVIDUAL: - Self Explanatory

DATE/TIME OF THE VIOLATION: - Self Explanatory

LOCATION OF THE VIOLATION: - Base/Yard, Ship name and hull number, space number and compartment name

COMPANY: - Prime and subcontractors involved

<u>SUPERVISOR</u> – Supervisor of employee(s) involved

EQUIPMENT INVOLVED - Self Explanatory

WORK ITEM NUMBER - Work Item being accomplished when incident occurred

CONTRACT NUMBER: - Contract Number assigned by government agency i.e. RMC, AIT Sponsor.

<u>INDIVIDUALS WHO VIOLATED THE BOUNDARY</u>: – Name, Department and Organization/Company of individuals that violated the boundary.

<u>NAMES OF THE RADIOGRAPHY CREW MEMBERS, INCLUDING NAMES OF BOUNDARY MONITORS</u>: – Name, Department and Company of the members of the radiography crew, including names of boundary monitors.

<u>DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARY VIOLATION</u>: – Narrative description of the boundary violation including the sequence of events, time line, estimated exposures to individuals who violated the boundary, the immediate corrective actions taken to secure operations and emergency notifications that were made.

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE LOCATION OF THE VIOLATION AND THE EGRESS PATH IN RELATION TO THE SOURCE: – A diagram of the location of the boundary violation showing the egress path and location of the individual(s) that violated the boundary, location of the source, beam direction (for x-ray machine radiography or gamma radiography if collimator was used) and the location of any barriers, walls, or equipment that would provide shielding.

SIGNATURE OF REPORTING INDIVIDUAL: - Self Explanatory.

<u>TITLE</u> – Self Explanatory.

<u>DATE</u> – Self Explanatory.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

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| ITEM | NO: | 009 | 9-113 |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Rotating Electrical Equipment with a Sealed Insulation System (SIS); rewind

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-2037, Procedure to Obtain Certification for Electric Motor Sealed Insulation Systems
- 2.3 Equipment Technical Manual
- 2.4 S9086-KC-STM-010/CH-300, Electric Plant General
- 2.5 S9086-KE-STM-010/CH-302, Electric Motors and Controllers
- 2.6 S9086-KN-STM-010/CH-310, Electric Power Generators and Conversion Equipment
- 2.7 S9086-HN-STM-010/CH-244, Propulsion Bearings and Seals
- 2.8 S6260-BJ-GTP-010, Electrical Machinery Repair, Electric Motor, Shop Procedures Manual
- 2.9 MIL-STD-1310, Shipboard Bonding, Grounding, and Other Techniques for Electromagnetic Compatibility, Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Mitigation, and Safety

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Only Repair Activities certified by Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA) in accordance with 2.2 may rewind motors with a Sealed Insulation System.

3.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media of the NAVSEA Certification Recertification letter confirming the Repair Activity has fulfilled the requirements for the Sealed Insulation System process. The NAVSEA letter shall indicate the type of motors and the range of motor frame sizes the activity is qualified to rewind.

3.1.2 Submit any change of certification as it occurs to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media of any deviations between the NAVSEA-approved Repair Activity SIS Rewind Procedure (SISRP) and this Standard Item for record purposes.

3.3 Prior to disconnecting equipment:

3.3.1 Record and retain electrical hook-up data.

3.3.2 Inspect each coupling for cracks, broken segments, wear, and misalignment in excess of tolerances specified in 2.3. Record and retain air gap readings. Record and retain bearing clearances for sleeve bearing equipment only.

3.3.3 Identify associated cables and wiring. Disconnect equipment mechanically, using 2.3 for guidance.

3.3.3.1 Matchmark, identify, and retain chocks, shims, shock mounts, sound damping pads, and other accessories associated with equipment.

3.3.3.2 Record shaft thrust and run out readings.

3.4 Remove equipment including rotating components connected directly to the shaft.

3.4.1 Remove entire vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan assemblies from the duct system and transport to the shop for repair.

3.5 Inspect each foundation for cracks, areas of distortion, and deterioration in excess of 25 percent of the thickness of each member of the structure.

3.6 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing inspection results, missing parts, defective parts, and measurements taken for electrical hook up data recorded in 3.3.1, mechanical inspection required by 3.3.2 through 3.3.3.2, and structural inspection required in 3.5 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.7 Matchmark, disassemble and inspect the equipment removed in 3.4, in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP, using 2.3 through 2.8 for guidance.

3.7.1 Accomplish a core loss test prior to winding removal in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

2 of 13 ITEM NO: 009-113 FY-18 3.7.1.1 Conduct a loop test in accordance with Paragraphs 5.1.2.3.3(a) (1) through (16) or 5.1.2.3.3(b) (1) through (12) as applicable of 2.2 when core indicates a marginal satisfactory reading or when test equipment does not directly support equipment being subjected to testing.

3.7.1.2 Inspect for hot spots in accordance with the Core Loss Tester Instruction Manual.

3.7.2 Remove each winding, in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP for winding removal and 2.8 for core inspection.

3.7.2.1 Verify the temperature limitations of the core material prior to exercising the burnout oven option. The surface temperature of the laminated iron surface shall be determined by thermocouple and shall not exceed 370 degrees Centigrade (698 degrees Fahrenheit).

3.7.2.2 Record winding data. Verify conformance of recorded data to the manufacturer's winding data.

3.7.2.3 Accomplish a core loss test after winding removal in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

3.7.2.4 Conduct a loop test in accordance with Paragraphs 5.1.2.3.3(a) (1) through (16) or 5.1.2.3.3(b) (1) through (12) as applicable of 2.2 when core indicates a marginal satisfactory reading or when test equipment does not directly support equipment being subjected to testing.

3.7.2.5 Inspect for hot spots in accordance with the Core Loss Tester Instruction Manual.

3.7.2.6 Dip core for preservation in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

3.7.3 Protect machined surfaces. Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for equipment housing exterior, fan(s), interior and exterior of each end bell shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.8 Inspect each rotor for cracked bars, localized overheating, rubbing, insulation damage, and burns/hot spots. Record data.

3.9 Inspect and dimensionally measure end bells, frame, rabbet fits, shaft, sleeve and pedestal bearings, keyways, fan and running surfaces for wear, eccentricity, and other defects, using 2.3 for accept or reject criteria, and 2.7 for location and type of measurements to be taken. Record data.

3.10 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.7 through 3.9 to the SUPERVISOR.

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3.11 Rewind the equipment in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP and the Original Equipment Manufacturer's (OEM) "for Navy use" winding data.

3.11.1 Do not permanently connect winding until after successful completion of testing of 3.11.3 through 3.11.7.

3.11.2 Material shall be in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

(V) "INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST"

3.11.3 Accomplish 500-volt megger insulation resistance test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

(V) "DC RESISTANCE TEST"

3.11.4 Accomplish a DC resistance test of windings, using a Wheatstone or Kelvin bridge, or with an ohmmeter capable of resolving one milliohm (0.001 ohm) in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record phase balance for multi-phase equipment.

(V) "VOLTAGE SURGE TEST"

3.11.5 Accomplish a voltage surge test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

(V) "DC HI POT TEST"

3.11.6 Accomplish a DC HI POT test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

3.11.7 Accomplish 500-volt megger insulation resistance test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

3.12 Permanently connect the windings.

3.12.1 Repeat tests described in 3.11.3 through 3.11.7.

(V) "VARNISH TEMPERATURE, VISCOSITY, AND GEL TIME TESTS"

3.13 Select varnish methods and material in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

3.13.1 Maintain the varnish in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP and the varnish manufacturer's instructions.

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3.13.2 Maintain a current revision of the varnish manufacturer's instructions on storage, maintenance, and use of the type of varnish to be applied.

3.13.3 Maintain a record, in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP, of varnish temperature, viscosity, and, for solventless varnish, gel time tests. Tests must show varnish is within varnish manufacturer's recommendations and have been accomplished in the intervals specified by the varnish manufacturer. The record must also show the varnish is being stored as recommended by the varnish manufacturer.

3.14 Insulate the windings using the Vacuum Pressure Impregnation (VPI) procedure in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP.

3.14.1 Do not immerse the leads.

3.14.2 Wipe surfaces that affect assembly such as rabbet fits and mounting flanges with a cloth moistened with a solvent after draining and before baking.

3.15 Remove excess varnish runoff from the component locations described in 3.14.2 after final baking.

3.16 Prime equipment housing, fan(s), and end bells with one coat F-84 Alkyd Zinc Molybdate TT-P-645 (1.5 mils dry film thickness).

3.17 Submerge wound assembly in fresh water for 24 hours.

3.18 Accomplish a Submerged Insulation test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

3.19 Accomplish a 500-volt megger dry insulation resistance test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

3.20 Accomplish an AC HI POT test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

3.21 Accomplish a Surge Comparison test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

3.22 Accomplish a 500-volt megger dry insulation resistance test in accordance with the Repair Activity SISRP. Record data.

3.23 Measure resistance value of each winding temperature detector, using a low voltage ohmmeter. Record data.

3.24 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.18 through 3.23 to the SUPERVISOR.

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3.25 Accomplishment of the balancing requirement for each rotating assembly shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.10).

 $3.26\ {\rm Install}$ each identification marker on wiring in the external connection box.

3.26.1 Markers shall be aluminum wrap-around type with metal stamped or embossed markings.

3.27 Repair lightly scored areas of frame, end bells, and shaft by manual methods. Recondition threads and fit key to keyway. Step keys shall not be used.

3.27.1 Apply a thin coat of petrolatum to unpainted mating surfaces except for explosion-proof motors that shall have clean, dry mating surfaces.

3.28 Prepare and refinish equipment. Protect machine surfaces, windings, and nameplates from being painted or otherwise damaged.

3.28.1 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for housing, fan, and interior and exterior of each end bell shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.29 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for foundations of the equipment removed in 3.4 shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.9).

3.30 Accomplish the following on equipment having other than sleeve-type bearings unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item, using 2.8 for guidance.

3.30.1 Except as indicated in 3.30.1.1 (utilizing Attachment A for guidance), install new bearings, seals, fittings, lock washers, and locknuts conforming to 2.3, using 2.7 and Chapter 6 of 2.8 for guidance.

3.30.1.1 Install Type 111, Class 8 (double seal) bearings in motors meeting the criteria identified in Chapter 6 of 2.8. Only double seal bearings identified in Chapter 6 of 2.8 are acceptable for this use.

3.30.1.2 For vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan motors not meeting the criteria of Chapter 6 of 2.8, if not originally furnished or already accomplished during previous repair, install Type 111, Class 8 (double seal) bearings with a C3 (greater than normal) radial internal clearance in place of the Type 111 bearing originally furnished. Install Type 120 bearings in vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan motors originally furnished with Type 120 bearings.

3.30.1.3 Install each new label plate with the inscription "DO NOT LUBRICATE" on equipment using double seal bearings (Type 111, Class 8 or Type 120).

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3.30.1.4 For equipment converted from re-lubricable bearings to double seal bearings, install pipe plugs on all grease fills and drains.

3.30.1.5 For equipment converted from lubricated bearings to double seal bearings, submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report that reflects the change in the maintenance requirements for the converted motor.

3.30.2 For equipment not using double seal bearings, lubricate bearings with grease conforming to DOD-G-24508 as required in Paragraphs 244-1.7.7.2 and 244-1.7.7.3 of 2.7.

3.31 Assemble the equipment disassembled in 3.7, using 2.3 through 2.8 for guidance.

3.31.1 Do not use materials containing silicone in the repair and reassembly of equipment with commutator or collector rings.

3.31.2 Install each new fastener in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.31.3 Fasteners requiring a permeability factor of 2.0 or less shall conform to Grade 304 CRES.

3.31.4 Install each new gasket on covers, inspection plates, and between the external connection box and the frame. Gaskets shall conform to MIL-PRF-1149 unless otherwise specified in 2.3.

3.31.5 Adjust air gap as specified in 2.3, plus or minus 10 percent.

3.31.6 Rotate shaft by hand a minimum of 3 revolutions. Rubbing or binding of rotating assembly shall not be allowed.

3.31.7 Install each label plate conforming to MIL-DTL-15024 for those identified to be missing or damaged.

(V) "NO-LOAD SHOP TEST"

3.32 Accomplish a no-load shop test of the motor for a minimum of onehalf hour.

3.32.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.32.2 After one-half hour, record current and voltage in each phase, speed and bearing temperature rise measured on the equipment's exterior near each bearing.

3.32.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the recorded data to the SUPERVISOR.

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(V) "OPERATIONAL SHOP TEST (FOR VANEAXIAL/TUBEAXIAL FANS - ASSEMBLY COMPLETELY REASSEMBLED)"

3.33 With the vaneaxial/tube axial fan reassembled, accomplish an operational test for one hour after bearing and stator temperatures stabilize within one degree C for three consecutive 15-minute intervals.

3.33.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.33.2 Record current, voltage, frame and bearing temperature rise and speed at 15-minute intervals.

3.33.2.1 Bearing temperatures shall not exceed 180 degrees Fahrenheit, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item or equipment technical manual.

3.33.3 Measure and record hot insulation resistances of winding to ground immediately upon completion of the operational shop test, using a 500-volt megger.

3.33.4 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of the recorded data to the SUPERVISOR.

3.34 Install equipment removed in 3.4.

3.34.1 Replace each fastener removed in 3.4 in place of those identified to be missing or defective.

3.34.1.1 Install each new gasket conforming to MIL-PRF-900 on disturbed ventilation.

3.34.2 Remove each existing body-fitted bolt and stud and replace with new fitted bolts and studs.

3.34.3 Fasteners, body-fitted bolts, and studs requiring a permeability factor of 2.0 or less shall conform to Grade 304 CRES.

3.34.4 Align equipment in accordance with 2.3. Measure and record facial and peripheral coupling data.

3.34.4.1 Install chocks, shims, shock mounts, and sound damping pads.

3.34.4.2 Accomplishment of pump and driver shaft alignment shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.11).

3.34.5 Connect electrical cables to equipment, using data retained in 3.3.1.

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3.34.6 Bond and ground equipment in accordance with 2.9, using new ground straps.

3.34.7 Rotate shaft by hand a minimum of 3 revolutions. Rubbing or binding of rotating assembly not allowed.

3.34.8 Measure and record the air gap and bearing clearance (sleeve bearing equipment only), insulation resistance (at 500 volts DC), and thrust.

(V)(G) "OPERATIONAL TEST"

3.35 Accomplish an operational test of the assembled equipment at full system capacity for a minimum of one hour after bearing and stator temperatures stabilize within one degree C for three consecutive 15 minute intervals, unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item. If temperatures do not stabilize in four hours, stop test and contact the SUPERVISOR.

3.35.1 Verify proper direction of rotation.

3.35.2 Record current, voltage, frame and bearing temperature rise, and speed at 15-minute intervals. Frame and bearing temperature rise and speed is not required for vaneaxial and tubeaxial fan assemblies.

3.35.2.1 Bearing temperatures shall not exceed 180 degrees Fahrenheit unless otherwise specified in the invoking Work Item/equipment technical manual.

3.35.3 Measure and record hot insulation resistances of windings to ground immediately upon completion of test, using a 500-volt megger.

3.36 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing data recorded in 3.34.4, 3.34.8, 3.35.2, and 3.35.3 to the SUPERVISOR.

4. NOTES:

4.1 This Standard Item is concerned primarily with the requirements to rewind rotating electrical equipment with a sealed insulation system in accordance with 2.2. Each Certified Repair Activity has developed a SIS Rewind Procedure (SISRP) that has been reviewed, approved by and filed with NAVSEA. In most cases, these Repair Activity SISRPs are treated as proprietary and may not be available to the SUPERVISOR for process review. The NAVSEA approved Repair Activity SISRP is the guiding document by which the equipment is to be rewound and supersedes any specification detailed in this Standard Item.

4.2 Equipment technical manual, Allowance Parts List (APL) (if applicable) and drawings will be listed in the invoking Work Item.

4.3 Shop test of generator will be addressed in the invoking Work Item.

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ITEM NO: 009-113 FY-18 4.4 The use of silicone is not allowed on any rotating electrical machinery containing brushes.

4.5 For the current list of NAVSEA-certified facilities for Vacuum Pressure Insulation (VPI) Sealed Insulation Systems, contact Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division, Department 934, Phone (215) 897-7245.

4.6 Utilize Attachment A for determination if the Navy's motor bearing conversion program for Extended Life Double Seal (ELDS) ball bearings is permissible.

4.7 MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation) bearings are considered to be Long Lead Time (LLT) material. It is recommended these bearings be provided as Government Furnished Material (GFM).

4.8 Data received in 3.30.1.5 shall be forwarded to the SUPERVISOR for the purpose of initiating action ensuring shipboard databases such as the Equipment Guidance List (EGL) are updated to reflect the change in maintenance requirements for converted motors. Additionally, where APL changes are initiated to convert to ELDS bearings, a COSAL feedback report shall be submitted, providing the NSN and part number for the ELDS bearing by the SUPERVISOR. Utilize the following website to initiate changes to Technical Manuals, APLs, etc.: http://www.navy311.navy.mil.

4.9 If cleaning and painting of 3.7.3, 3.28.1, or 3.29 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.10 If balancing of rotating equipment of 3.25 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-15 "Rotating Machinery; balance" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.11 If pump and driver shaft alignment of 3.34.4.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-58 "Pump and Driver Shaft Alignment; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

ATTACHMENT A

1. To reduce motor maintenance and repair costs, the NAVY has implemented a program that allows for the use of Extended Life Double Seal (ELDS) bearings.

2. LIMITATIONS: The ELDS program does NOT apply to motors that are under the cognizance of NAVSEA 08.

3. APLs for motors meeting the conversion criteria requirements have been modified to identify ELDS bearings. In these cases, the APL bearing criteria will override any specifications delineated in the equipment technical manual or the motor "Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM)" drawings. If ELDS bearings are not indicated in an APL, the following motor criteria must meet the applicability specifications for motors to undergo conversion to ELDS bearings:

3.a Motor must be installed on a surface ship and must NOT be under the cognizance of NAVSEA 08.

3.b Commercial motors are not eligible. Motors must have been furnished to the NAVY in accordance with MIL-DTL-17060 (Motors, Alternating Current, Integral Horsepower, Shipboard use), MIL-M-17413 (Motors, Direct Current, Integral H.P., Naval Shipboard [NAVY]) or MIL-M-17059 (Motors, 60 Cycle, Alternating Current Fractional H.P. [Shipboard Use]).

3.c Motors using one or more noise-quiet bearings per MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation) are NOT eligible for ELDS conversion.

3.d Bearings originally furnished with the motor must be type 111 bearings per FF-B-171. Motors are NOT to be considered as candidates for ELDS conversion in situations where the equipment technical manual and/or the OEM motor drawings originally specified FF-B-171 bearings but have notes indicating that replacement bearings are to be in accordance with MIL-B-17931 (Bearings, Ball, Annular, For Quiet Operation).

3.e The use of ELDS bearings is limited to motors where the full load speed and the size of both bearings are as follows:

1. Maximum bearing size 306 or 206 and full load rpm between 1,801 and 3,600 rpm.

2. Maximum bearing size 313 or 213 and full load rpm between 1,201 and 1,800 rpm.

3. Maximum bearing size 318 or 218 and full load rpm less than 1200 rpm.

4. The repair process using ELDS bearings includes the following requirements:

4.a Only ELDS bearings, in accordance with the following table (Attachment A / Table 1), can be used. Other double seal bearings will not provide an acceptable bearing life.

Attachment A / Table 1

ELDS Bearings NSNs and Part Numbers

| SIZE | P/N | NSN |
|------|-----------------|------------------|
| 201 | 6201-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0221 |
| 202 | 6202-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-0233 |
| 203 | 6203-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-0234 |
| 204 | 6204-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-491-6636 |
| 205 | 6205-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9166 |
| 206 | 6206-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9165 |
| 207 | 6207-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9164 |
| 208 | 6208-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9170 |
| 209 | 6209-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9252 |
| 210 | 6210-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-1831 |
| 211 | 6211-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-518-0937 |
| 303 | 6303-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-493-3750 |
| 304 | 6304-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9153 |
| 305 | 6305-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9158 |
| 306 | 6306-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9159 |
| 607 | 6307-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9161 |
| 308 | 6308-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9167 |
| 309 | 6309-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-451-9168 |
| 310 | 6310-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-490-6683 |
| 311 | 6311-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0223 |
| 312 | 6312-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-490-6848 |
| 313 | 6313-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0191 |

| 314 | 6314-2RS1C3GHY | 3110-01-492-0226 |
|-----|-----------------|------------------|
| 315 | 6315-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-494-0993 |
| 316 | 6316-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0188 |
| 317 | 6317-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-492-0219 |
| 318 | 6318-2RS1C3/GHY | 3110-01-493-3749 |

4.b Both bearings of each converted motor must be ELDS bearings.

4.c A label plate must be permanently attached to the motor indicating "Do Not Lubricate".

4.d Grease fills and drains, if present, must be fitted with a pipe plug, securely fastened. Fittings to accommodate grease guns must be replaced with pipe plugs."

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 009 | 9-114 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 07 | NOV | 2013 |
| CATEGORY: I | | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Mold Remediation; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 EPA 402-K-01-001, Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings
- 2.2 29 CFR Part 1915, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Shipyard Employment

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Conduct and document an initial determination of potential personnel exposure to materials contaminated with mold or mold spores prior to the start of work.

3.1.1 Provide a copy of the documentation, signed by a Competent Person as defined in 29 CFR 1915.4, to the SUPERVISOR upon request.

3.2 Ensure the remediation of material contaminated with mold or mold spores meets the guidance provided in 2.1.

3.3 Provide a notice and remediation plan to the SUPERVISOR and to the Commanding Officer's designated representative prior to start of work.

3.3.1 The remediation plan shall be on the job site and include at a minimum the following information:

3.3.1.1 Scope and location of the remediation area.

3.3.1.2 Method(s) to be used to remediate material contaminated with mold or mold spores.

 $3.3.1.3\,$ List of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in accordance with 2.2 to be used during remediation process.

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3.3.1.4 Engineering controls (i.e., ventilation and containment) to be used to eliminate exposure to personnel and other spaces/compartments.

3.3.2 Post a notice at the ship's Quarterdeck and at all entrances to the work areas for each job or separate area of potential exposure to mold or mold spore remediation operations at least 4 hours, but not more than 24 hours, prior to the start of work.

3.3.3 The notice shall contain the following information:

3.3.3.1 Ship's name and hull number
3.3.3.2 Work Item number
3.3.3.3 Compartment or frame number
3.3.3.4 Identification of hazard
3.3.5 Date and time of work process
3.3.3.6 Identification of engineering and work practice

controls

3.3.4 Deliver notification of work planned over a weekend or Monday following that weekend to the Commanding Officer's designated representative not later than 0900 on the Friday immediately preceding that weekend.

3.3.5 Deliver notification of work planned on a Federal holiday and on the day following the Federal holiday to the Commanding Officer's designated representative not later than 0900 on the last working day preceding the Federal holiday.

3.3.6 The notice and remediation plan shall be submitted to the SUPERVISOR for review prior to commencement of the work operation. Authorization of the SUPERVISOR shall be obtained before proceeding with the work.

3.4 Provide for isolation and blanking of ship's ventilation systems in work areas to prevent mold or mold spore contamination of ventilation systems or other compartments/spaces.

3.5 Post warning signs and establish regulated areas for monitoring and authorized personnel entry.

3.6 Visually monitor the affected areas during work operations to ensure compliance with 2.1 and 2.2. Monitoring shall include adjacent spaces to ensure the work area containments and work practices are effective. Results of surveillance shall be documented and documentation shall be made available to the SUPERVISOR.

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(V)(G) "FINAL INSPECTION"

3.7 Conduct a final visual inspection jointly with the SUPERVISOR and Commanding Officer's designated representative to verify that all visible mold and mold-damaged materials have been removed.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Reference 2.1 is available at http://www.epa.gov/mold/mold_remediation.html

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM | NO: | 009 | 9-115 |
|-------|------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 30 | JUL | 2015 |
| CATEG | GORY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Bearing Rebabbitting; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 SL460-AA-HBK-010, Handbook for Inspection, Packaging, Handling, Storage and Transportation
- 2.3 DOD-STD-2188, Babbitting of Bearing Shells (METRIC)
- 2.4 T9074-AS-GIB-010/271, Requirements for Nondestructive Testing Methods

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Crate and secure each bearing identified in the work item. Packaging shall conform to 2.2. Reuse crate for return shipping.

3.1.1 Ship crated material prepaid to and from the contractor's facility.

(I) (G) "SHIPPING CRATE INSPECTION"

3.1.2 Prior to packing and crating, visually inspect the crate for conformance and proper packaging and securing of each bearing.

3.2 Accomplishment of a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the process of rebabbitting each bearing shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.3), each bearing drawing, 2.3, and ASTM B339. The PCP shall provide for accomplishment of all steps from receipt inspection to final dimensional inspection and verify compliance with and documentation of the following steps:

3.2.1 Receipt inspection of babbit and tin to the requirements of 2.3 and ASTM B339.

3.2.2 Receipt inspection of bearing

ITEM NO: <u>009-115</u> FY-18 3.2.3 Removal of existing babbit

3.2.4 Bearing shell machining

3.2.5 Bearing shell cleanliness

3.2.6 Bearing shell fluxing

3.2.7 Bearing shell tinning temperatures

3.2.8 Bearing shell babbitting, centrifugal and or static

3.2.9 Centrifugal casting rotation speed

3.2.10 Static casting rodding

3.2.11 Pouring babbit temperatures of babbit and bearing shell

3.2.12 Post babbit machining

(I) (G) "VERIFICATION OF BOND"

3.2.13 Bond testing in accordance with DOD-STD-2188 and 2.4.

3.2.14 Final inspection to determine conformance to referenced drawing dimensional requirements.

(I) (G) "SHIPPING CRATE INSPECTION"

3.2.15 Packaging and crating inspection and conformance to 2.2 packaging requirements.

3.3 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the PCP with all substantiating documents within one day of completion of the requirements of 3.2.15. Provide one additional legible hard copy of the completed PCP with the bearing when shipped.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Known source: American Metal Bearing Company 7191 Acacia Avenue, Garden Grove, CA 92841-5297 Contact number; 714-892-5527 or 800-888-3048

4.2 If drawing for bearing is not available, invoke NSI 009-90 to ensure bearing is correctly refurbished in conformance with equipment manufacturer's requirements and specifications.

4.3 If a Process Control Procedure (PCP) for the process of rebabbitting each bearing in 3.2 is required; the use of Category II Standard Item 009-09 "Process Control Procedure (PCP); provide and accomplish" of 2.1 will be

ITEM NO: 009-115 FY-18

specified in the Work Item. If rebabbitting is accomplished by the OEM or other NAVSEA approved organization, a NAVSEA approved process may be used in lieu of a PCP.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009 | 9-116 |
|-----------|----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 30 | JUL | 2015 |
| CATEGORY: | | | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Auxiliary and Waste Heat Boiler Sodium Nitrate Wet Layup; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 S9086-GX-STM-020/CH-220, Boiler Water/Feedwater Test and Treatment

2.2 S9086-GY-STM-010/CH-221, Boilers

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish sodium nitrite wet layup of each auxiliary/waste heat boiler.

3.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR one day prior to layup of each boiler.

3.3 The sodium nitrite layup solution shall be prepared with sufficient solution to fill boiler and to provide a reservoir in a pier side tank or ship's feedwater tank.

3.3.1 For each 100-gallons of feed quality water (conductivity maximum of 15-micromho/cm) to be treated, dissolve one pound of sodium nitrite in accordance with Paragraphs 220-29.24.3 and 220-30.29.4 of 2.1.

3.3.1.1 Mixing is accomplished by dissolving the sodium nitrite in feed quality water (10 pounds will dissolve in 2-gallons of water), and then adding the dissolved chemicals to the feedwater in the tank. The tank is then circulated for 30-minutes to mix the solution.

3.3.2 A head tank is the easiest and preferred method of maintaining positive pressure. If a head tank method is used, locate and pipe the head tank above the highest boiler vent.

3.3.3 Fill the boiler with the sodium nitrite layup solution and maintain pressure using a head tank or feed pump.

3.3.4 Provide an authorized source of heat to the fireside/gas-side areas to prevent corrosion in accordance with 2.2.

1 of 2

ITEM NO: 009-116 FY-18 3.4 Layup is lost when the head tank level or pump discharge pressure is not maintained and cannot be reestablished. Apply dry layup if layup is lost.

3.5 To prepare for boiler operation, dump the boiler, feed tanks and associated piping. Flush by refilling the boiler, feed tanks, and associated piping with feed-quality water. Do not light-off with sodium nitrite layup solution in the boiler, DFT (if applicable) or feed tank. Dispose of removed solution in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

3.5.1 Do not drain the solution to the bilge.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

<u>ITEM NO: 009-117</u> DATE: 18 NOV 2016 CATEGORY: I

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Combat Systems, Light-Off; support

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 Standard Items

2.2 S9095-AD-TRQ-010/TSTP, Total Ship Test Program

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Complete work in designated compartments and support systems prior to the Command, Control, Communications, Computer, Combat Systems and Intelligence (C5I) Light-Off (C5ILO) Key Event to the degree required to support uninterrupted completion of government AIT installations as well as all Stage 3 and follow-on C5I tests. Stage test definitions are detailed in 2.2. Designated compartments and support systems required to support AIT production and testing are listed in a Compartment Release Schedule (CRS) which is provided to the Lead Maintenance Activity (LMA) by the SUPERVISOR as Government Furnished Information (GFI). The selected Stage 3 through 7 or Operational Verification Tests to be conducted during the C5I Light-Off period are to be identified in the LMA's Integrated Test Schedule (ITS) required by SI 009-67 of 2.1.

3.1.1 Obtain from the SUPERVISOR, during the planning phase and no later than A-60, a C5I Compartment Release Schedule (CRS), indicating compartments and Combat Systems Support Equipment (CSSE) required in support of C5I Light-Off.

3.1.2 Ensure all work and testing required to meet CRS dates are fully integrated into the Integrated Production Schedule (IPS) and Integrated Test Schedule (ITS) required by 009-60 and 009-67 of 2.1. Include all work and testing planned for accomplishment by all organizations involved including Commercial Industrial Services (CIS) and Fleet Maintenance Activity (FMA).

3.2 Release compartments to the Government no later than the dates indicated in the approved CRS.

3.2.1 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing the status of CRS completion including a list of preliminary C5I Light-Off discrepancies to the SUPERVISOR weekly beginning at A+30.

3.2.2 Notify the SUPERVISOR immediately upon determination of any discrepancies that cannot be corrected prior to scheduled compartment release dates for each compartment. Include the reason for the discrepancy and when applicable, highlight the new expected completion date on a revised CRS.

(V)(G) "JOINT INSPECTION"

3.2.3 Accomplish a joint inspection of the compartments to be released with the SUPERVISOR, PEO IWS designated Combat Systems Project Engineer (if assigned), and Ship's Commanding Officer (or designated representative), upon completion of industrial work and prior to the required release date per the CRS.

3.2.3.1 The joint inspection team shall document the discrepancies and determine if the scope and nature of work to correct the discrepancies will impede uninterrupted testing.

3.2.3.2 Identify each discrepancy as contractor responsible or government responsible. Develop and implement a discrepancy correction plan for contractor responsible discrepancies identified during the compartment inspection process that allows the release of compartments to the government in support of government responsible work.

3.2.3.3 Submit one legible copy, in approved transferrable media, of a report listing the discrepancies identified during each inspection that will impede testing and the discrepancies identified that will not impede testing, to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.3.4 The joint inspection team identified in 3.2.3 will sign the report upon completion of discrepancy correction.

3.2.4 Allow no work in compartments released to the government until the end of the availability without written permission of the SUPERVISOR.

3.3 All industrial work in compartments and work on CSSE listed on the CRS shall be complete to the degree that allows for the safe and uninterrupted operation and testing of the ship's C5I equipment. When required, so as not to cause delays in the Light-Off test schedule, suitable temporary support systems and services may be considered acceptable but only after joint concurrence by the SUPERVISOR, PEO IWS Combat Systems Project Engineer (if assigned), and Ship's Commanding Officer.

3.3.1 Industrial work in 3.3 includes but is not limited to hot work, cutting, grinding, deck work (PRC, nonskid, Terrazzo, NOMEX) and spray painting. Repair and installation of electronics equipment, antennas, machinery, equipment, piping systems, gages, thermometers, meters, operating instructions and warning plates, remote shutdown devices, strainer shields, valves and hand wheels, access door and scuttles, ventilation systems, lighting systems, electric cables and runs, alarm systems, ground straps, flex hose, resilient mounts, safety devices, interior communication systems, tachometers, and resiliently mounted pipe hangers must be completed. Newly installed or repaired gages, thermometers, and meters must be calibrated. Access routes need not be released but must be passable or alternate routes made available at all times. Services, either ship or shore based, must be available on a reliable basis. These services are dependent on ship class and include, but are not limited to, 60HZ/400HZ, Air Conditioning (AC), Chilled Water (CW), Firemain or AEGIS Salt Water Cooling pumps, Ventilation, Electronic Cooling Water (ECW) (demineralized water), Dry Air, High Pressure Air (HP), Low Pressure Air (LP), Fwd and Aft SPY skids (AEGIS only), Sonar skid, AN/SPS 49 skid, Command and Decision (C&D) skid (AEGIS only), AN/SLQ 32 Cooling Unit and CIWS heat exchanger. In addition, the Electric Plant Control Equipment (EPCE) console or remote 400HZ console must be available. Cabling from 60HZ Power panels, Chilled Water (CW) hoses (if CHW cooled) and routes must be intact to 400HZ converters. ECW modifications must be completed and all contractor flushes accomplished. If the ship is in dock, and installed equipment or systems (i.e. AC plants, Cooling Skids, Fire-main) must be placed in operation to support C5ILO, then acceptable means to contain overboard discharge(s) must be installed, when directed by the Supervisor.

3.3.2 When in the best interests of the test program, the SUPERVISOR may waive the requirement for final decking installation as part of the initial compartment release. In these cases, temporary decking to allow safe use of the space will be installed, and final decking installation will occur at a time that does not impede the test program.

3.3.3 C5I testing shall not begin in a compartment which has not been formally released per the joint inspection process in 3.2.3. When discrepancies prevent final compartment release, the SUPERVISOR, PEO IWS Combat Systems Project Engineer (if assigned), and Ship's Commanding Officer will determine if industrial work is completed to the degree allowing for the safe and uninterrupted operation and testing of the ship's C5I Systems and Combat Systems Support Equipment.

4. NOTES:

4.1 C5ILO is an availability Key Event scheduled to allow the start of a comprehensive testing and operation of the ships C5I equipment. C5ILO marks the Project Team's and Combat Systems Project Engineer's (if assigned) transition from industrial production work to testing and installation of alterations not able to be performed coincident with industrial work. If discrepancies which preclude uninterrupted testing are identified prior to C5ILO, those discrepancies must be corrected prior to the C5ILO Key Event being declared met.

4.2 The PEO IWS designated representative (if assigned) will provide all CRS documentation, including a list of spaces and systems/equipment along with required completion dates to the SUPERVISOR at A-240 for use in planning and contract award.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009 | 9-118 |
|----------|-------|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | JUL | 2014 |
| CATEG | ORY : | | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: CG Deck Loading; accomplish

2. <u>REFERENCES</u>:

2.1 671-8416047, CG47 Class Topside Laydown Areas & Load Limits

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the requirements of 2.1 for topside deck loading of contractor equipment and supplies.

3.1.1 Submit one legible drawing or sketch of a proposed deck loading plan to the SUPERVISOR for review and acceptance 3 days prior to the start of the availability.

3.1.1.1 Submit updated or changed plans to the SUPERVISOR as they occur.

4. <u>NOTES</u>:

4.1 None.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 1 | :01 | 009 | 9-120 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEGO | DRY | | I |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Fact Finding and Critique of Unplanned Event; manage

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Accomplish the fact finding and critique and the requirements of this Standard Item upon discovery of an unplanned event as directed by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.1 Stop work and ensure immediate actions are taken to mitigate the impact of the unplanned event, reduce or confine the area of concern, and place the work site in a safe and stable condition.

3.1.2 Initiate a preliminary investigation to identify and capture relevant facts regarding the unplanned event. Provide ongoing updates to the SUPERVISOR on immediate actions being taken and the status of the preliminary investigation. Complete the preliminary investigation and submit Attachment E to the SUPERVISOR within 24 hours of receiving direction to initiate actions under this Standard Item.

3.1.2.1. The Preliminary Investigation shall contain at a minimum a summary of the relevant facts, chronology of events, actions and results of those actions, damage estimations, where it occurred, who was present and who took action, and any additional circumstances of the event. There should be enough detail to give an overview of the event, to establish the severity level, and allow for the determination of follow on actions. Document the preliminary investigation using Attachment E.

3.1.3 Determine the severity level of problems associated with the unplanned event using Attachment A (Severity Classification Guide).

3.1.4 Obtain SUPERVISOR concurrence that adequate immediate corrective actions have been taken. Resume work only when authorized by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.5 When directed by the SUPERVISOR, proceed with the Fact Finding Investigation and, if directed, conduct a Critique Meeting.

3.2 Assign a Fact Finding Investigator/Critique Chairperson (See 4.1.3, 4.1.4 and 4.1.5)

3.2.1 Accomplish initial Fact Finding Investigation and prepare a Preliminary Fact Finding Report using Attachment B, Fact Finding Report and Preparation Requirements. Submit a copy of the Preliminary Fact Finding Report to the SUPERVISOR within 3 days of being directed by the SUPERVISOR to proceed in accordance with 3.1.5 or 4 hours prior to the scheduled Critique Meeting, whichever occurs first. Request for additional time shall be submitted to and approved by the SUPERVISOR. The Preliminary Fact Finding Report shall contain a complete chronological statement of the facts relative to the occurrences leading up to and through the unplanned event, the immediate corrective actions taken, a working copy of Cause and Corrective Action Form to be refined during the Critique Meeting and any other documents used during the fact finding investigation. Include only facts such as what happened, when, where, who was present, who took action, etc.

3.2.2 Obtain written independent statements from all witnesses to the unplanned event to establish the relevant facts.

3.2.3 Compile and review all appropriate references, technical work documents, or other information pertinent to the problem.

3.2.4 Review similar unplanned events from the previous 3 years and corrective actions previously documented to identify repeat problems and the effectiveness of those previous corrective actions.

3.2.5 Coordinate the time and location of the Critique Meeting with the SUPERVISOR and meeting members. Ensure appropriate personnel (including Ship's Force) are notified of the time, location and subject of the Critique Meeting.

3.2.5.1 A Critique Meeting may be deemed not warranted based on the results of the Fact Finding investigation. The problem(s) resulting in the unplanned event must be fully understood and cause(s) clearly known. The SUPERVISOR must concur in the decision to not hold a Critique Meeting and a Final Fact Finding Report must still be prepared and submitted.

3.2.6 Obtain a unique Fact Finding Report Serial Number from the SUPERVISOR. This number shall be used as the serial number for the Fact Finding Report and all related documents.

 $3.3\,$ Conduct Critique Meeting within 3 days of being directed by the SUPERVISOR to conduct a critique.

 $3.3.1\,$ Commencement of the Critique Meeting may be extended with SUPERVISOR authorization.

3.3.2 Introduce all meeting members at the commencement of the Critique Meeting. Document all attendees using Attachment C, the Critique Meeting Attendance Sheet.

3.3.3 Ensure all pertinent documentation is available and distributed at the Critique Meeting (e.g. Fact Finding Report, appropriate references, technical work documents, chronological statement of relative facts, other information relevant to the problem and a list of any similar problems and corrective actions previously documented).

3.3.4 Brief all attendees that the purpose of the meeting is to encourage open discussion of the relevant facts and problems associated with an unplanned event, so that apparent causes of the problems and effective solutions can be determined. Critique Meetings are not examinations or investigations for the purpose of disciplinary action. Any disciplinary action investigation will be conducted separately and independently of this critique process.

3.3.5 Review all pertinent documentation and open the floor for discussion to determine any additional relevant facts. Obtain agreement/consensus on the relevant facts from all attending personnel.

3.3.6 Update the chronological statement of relevant facts to reflect additional pertinent information discovered during the Critique Meeting.

3.3.7 Document each problem identified during the Critique Meeting on a Cause and Corrective Action form(s), Attachment D.

3.3.8 Coordinate with the SUPERVISOR to assign actions for each problem to the appropriate contractor or designated representative of an organization.

3.3.8.1 More than one action may be required for each problem. All corrective actions must have an actual or estimated completion date. The terms "continuing" or "continuous" are not acceptable. If an action is of a repetitive or continuous nature, the completion date will match the date the policy for that action was disseminated.

3.3.8.2 Ensure the contractor or designated representative of the organization assigned an action item signs the Fact Finding Report Form, Attachment B, acknowledging concurrence.

3.3.8.3 Ensure a Cause and Corrective Action (CCA) form, Attachment D, has been issued to the appropriate organization for follow-up and action.

3.3.8.4 Changes to the Fact Finding Report after the Critique Meeting was adjourned will only be made by the Chairperson with SUPERVISOR concurrence.

3.3.9 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of the Critique paperwork and associated reports to the SUPERVISOR within 3 days after conclusion of the Critique Meeting.

3.3.10 Track all corrective actions assigned in the Final Fact Finding Report to completion. Ensure the organization assigned actions from the Critique Meeting/Fact Finding provides documentation of completion using the Cause and Corrective Action Form, Attachment D, for all actions taken or in progress within 3 days of assignment and as required thereafter.

3.3.10.1 Notify the SUPERVISOR of any new problems related to the unplanned event that are discovered while working action items.

3.4 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferable media, of the Final Fact Finding Report listing the results of the investigation, along with all associated paperwork, to the SUPERVISOR within 30 days of being directed to investigate the Unplanned Event.

3.5 Maintain a record of all Fact Finding and Critique process documents for a minimum of 4 years.

3.5.1 Stored records shall be used to conduct trend analysis for any similar problems and corrective actions previously documented to identify repeat problems and to evaluate the effectiveness of those corrective actions.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Definitions.

4.1.1 Apparent Cause: The most likely reason for a problem to have occurred based on a review of relevant facts determined during the preliminary investigation, subsequent investigations and the critique. There may be more than one apparent cause for a problem. The determination of an apparent cause for a significant problem provides added assurance that the corrective and preventive actions taken shall minimize the potential for the problem to reoccur.

4.1.2 Critique: A formal meeting to review a critical or major unplanned event (as defined in Attachment A, Severity Level Classification

Guide) to determine the relevant facts, to provide an accurate and documented chronology of the relevant occurrences surrounding the event (before, during and after), to determine the apparent causes of problems and their severity levels, and to validate the adequacy of the immediate corrective actions taken. Apparent cause(s) and corrective and preventive action(s) for each problem should be determined during the critique. Participants will include personnel directly involved with or knowledgeable about the incident, system, or work processes and a cross-section of senior level management.

4.1.3 Critique Chairperson: Appointed by the contractor and responsible for ensuring that the problems associated with unplanned events are properly identified, characterized by severity level, investigated, critiqued (if necessary), have adequate short and long-term corrective actions identified, and are reported in a timely manner. Collects the Cause and Corrective Action (CCA) memos for each problem identified in the critique meeting, reviews them for adequacy, prepares the final Fact Finding Report and obtains the concurrence of the SUPERVISOR with the final Fact Finding Report.

4.1.4 Fact Finding Investigation: An analysis of the unplanned event to corroborate the chronology of events and relevant facts, determine the effectiveness of the immediate corrective actions, identify apparent causes, and who was responsible. Additional corrective and preventive actions may be identified and subsequently implemented during the investigation. An investigation is not as in-depth as a Critique, and therefore does not require a formal meeting or the degree of personnel involvement as the Critique.

4.1.5 Fact Finding Investigator: Appointed by the contractor to conduct Investigation of an unplanned event to determine the relevant facts, chronology, and circumstances of the event and to determine if the event warrants conducting a critique meeting. Provides results of the investigation to the Critique Chairperson.

4.1.6 Fact Finding Report Serial Number: Each unplanned event to be investigated is assigned a unique serial number used for accountability and tracking. Serial Numbers will be provided by the SUPERVISOR.

4.1.7 Immediate Corrective Action: Action(s) taken immediately upon discovery of an unplanned event to put the component or system in a safe condition and correct any problems requiring immediate attention so that it does not escalate into a greater problem.

4.1.8 Short-Term Corrective Action: Actions taken for an unplanned event to collect or mitigate a component or system to a safe condition. Such actions minimize the probability or problem reoccurrence and allow work to continue until long term corrective actions are taken.

4.1.9 Long-Term Corrective Action: Actions taken for an unplanned event to restore a component or system to its original condition or better before the unplanned event. This may also include changes in procedures, additional training or supervision.

4.1.10 Preliminary Investigation: An investigation performed immediately after the occurrence of an unplanned event to quickly determine the relevant facts, chronology, who is responsible and circumstances of the event, to determine the severity level and whether the event warrants conducting a Critique or issuing a Trouble Report.

4.1.11 Unplanned Event: An unexpected occurrence that is not normal behavior or anticipated condition for the process.

4.2 Problems identified to Ship's Force will only require a response for immediate and short-term corrective action. Long-term corrective actions will be taken through the established processes within the command. Systemic problem areas identified may be addressed through other administrative reporting procedures with cognizant Immediate Superior In Command (ISIC) personnel.

4.3 If problems are identified to contractors working for AIT managers, the Alteration Installation Team (AIT) managers are required to initiate and conduct the Fact Finding process for unplanned events. The SUPERVISOR shall participate as necessary to ensure effectiveness.

ATTACHMENT A

SEVERITY LEVEL CLASSIFICATION GUIDE

1. PROBLEM SEVERITY LEVELS:

1.1 Problems associated with unplanned events shall be assigned one of 3 levels of severity (Level One, 2, or 3) to distinguish those problems that have the most impact on an activity in accomplishing its mission. Severity levels also help ensure appropriate resources are focused on the most significant problems.

1.2 For each unplanned event identified, attempt to determine the level of severity of the problem(s) during the preliminary investigation.

1.2.1 Problems meeting the criteria of Levels One or 2 normally require both a Fact Finding Investigation and a Critique Meeting to determine and correct the cause(s) of the unplanned event.

1.2.2 Problems meeting the criteria of Level 3 shall be investigated to determine and correct the cause(s) of the unplanned event, normally on the spot, but a Fact Finding Report is not required for a Level 3 problem. For completeness, Level 3 problems identified in conjunction with a Fact Finding Investigation for a Level One or 2 problem shall be included in the Fact Finding Report for the Level One or 2 problem.

1.3 The severity level for each problem shall be determined using the following guidelines:

1.3.1 Level One "CRITICAL"

1.3.1.1 A problem or trend which has or could result in significant rework, significant environmental hazard, radiological incident, equipment malfunctions, nuclear violations, serious personnel injury or renders safeguards ineffective. A Level One deficiency often results in significant recovery time and cost. Level One problems normally require Technical Authority and/or senior management attention to resolve.

1.3.1.2 Level One deficiencies often result in significant recovery time/cost. A series or trend of Level 2 deficiencies should be grouped together and identified as Level One.

Examples of Level One problems include: -Equipment damage greater than \$50K -Any rework costing over \$100K -Breakdown in Work Control (not administrative errors)/Tag Out processes leading to personnel injury or equipment damage

-Crane accident resulting in an event such as derailment, overload, injury to personnel, dropped material, equipment damage, unplanned contact between the load, crane or object
-Serious personnel injury (e.g., chemical burn, electric shock, fall)
-Flammable liquid spill
-A shipboard or facility fire that cannot be (or was not) controlled by a Firewatch and requires Ship's Force in port Emergency Response and/or Fire Department assistance to extinguish
-Broken weight handling equipment (while in use)
-Personnel in a toxic environment without proper gas free certification (space not gas free)

1.3.2 Level 2 "MAJOR"

1.3.2.1 A problem or trend which, if not identified and corrected, has the potential to result in a Level One problem or which results in equipment degradation requiring DFS approval. Level 2 problems may require Technical Authority involvement and senior management attention.

1.3.2.2 A series or trend of Level 3 deficiencies should be grouped together and identified as Level 2.

Examples of Level 2 problems include: -Equipment damage of less than \$50K -Using improper test procedures -Loss of cleanliness of a system or equipment -Component identified out of position (i.e. valve or switch open in lieu of shut) -Systemic problems regarding safety requirements -Personnel in a toxic environment without gas free certification properly posted (not posted but space was Gas Free) -Not following written procedures (e.g., Process Control Procedures, Test Plan) -Safety discrepancies that pose an immediate threat or danger - Minor shipboard or facility fire that can be extinguished with handheld fire extinguisher or hose by a Firewatch. (NOTE: If a Firewatch or hot worker extinguishes minor sparks or flames as part of the hot work process, then it is a Level 3 event.)

1.3.3 Level 3 "MINOR"

1.3.3.1 Isolated deficiencies with minimal overall impact and no significant consequences. Level 3 problems are normally corrected on the spot (i.e. document the deficiency and brief personnel involved) with an immediate corrective action.

Examples of Level 3 problems include: -Any problem not categorized as Level One or Level 2 -Required notification of the problem was not made in a timely manner
-Paint sample taken at incorrect location
-Required procedures not on site
-OQE or reports not recorded or submitted in required time
-Unsafe work practices
-Poor craftsmanship
-Repeated housekeeping violations

Attachment B FACT FINDING REPORT AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS

*Note: Mark the security classification on the report as applicable based on the sensitivity of the information contained in the report.

1. Preliminary Fact Finding Report:

1.1 An in-progress report that shall consist of the following:

1.1.1 Fact Finding Report Form filled out with the "Preliminary Report" box checked.

1.1.2 Chronological statement of relevant facts.

1.1.3 Working copy of cause and Corrective Action Forms(s)
Attachment (D)

1.1.4 Any other document(s) used during the Fact Finding Investigation.

2. Final Fact Finding Report:

2.1 A final Fact Finding Report shall consist of the following:

2.1.1 Completed Fact Finding Report Form with the "Final Report" box checked and senior manager review.

2.1.2 Complete chronological statement of relevant facts from the unplanned event.

2.1.3 Completed Cause and Corrective Action Form(s) (Attachment D)

2.1.4 Any other document(s) used during the Fact Finding Investigation (e.g. Independent statements from individual(s), appropriate references, technical work documents).

2.1.5 Critique Meeting attendance form (Attachment C), if a Critique Meeting was held.

2.1.6 Identify any similar Unplanned Event(s).

| FACT F | INDING REPORT FORM |
|--|--|
| Preliminary Report | UNCLAS |
| Final Report | NOFORN |
| SENIOR MANAGER REVIEW: | CONFIDENTIAL |
| ACTIVITY RESPONSIBLE FOR INVESTIGATION | OF UNPLANNED EVENT: |
| CRITIQUE DATE/TIME (indicate "report on | ly" if no critique held): |
| REPORT SERIAL NUMBER: | DATE REPORT ISSUED: |
| DATE/TIME OF ACTUAL UNPLANNED EVENT: | |
| DATE/TIME WHEN UNPLANNED EVENT WAS DISC | OVERED: |
| LOCATION OF UNPLANNED EVENT (i.e. build | <pre>ing/facility, room/space):</pre> |
| TITLE (based on the most obvious problem | m): |
| SEVERITY LEVEL ASSIGNED: | |
| DESCRIPTION OF THE UNPLANNED EVENT: | |
| | |
| IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TAKEN: | |
| PREVIOUS SIMILAR UNPLANNED EVENT(s): YE | s \square no \square , if yes, list serial number(s) |
| PROCEDURE NUMBER: | STEP BEING WORKED: |
| DISCOVERED BY: | PHONE #: |
| CHAIRPERSON: | PHONE #: |
| ORGANIZATION(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIF | IED PROBLEMS OR ASSIGNED ACTIONS/OPEN ITEMS |
| ORG: ORG: ORG: | ORG:ORG:ORG: |
| CONCIL | RRENCE SIGNATURES |
| | SUPERVISOR/DATE: |
| | CONCURRENCE BY/DATE: |
| | |

ATTACHMENT C

| REPORT SERIAL NUMBER: | DATE/TIME: | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---------|
| PRINT NAME | ORGANIZATION/SHOP | PHONE # |
| | | |
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CRITIQUE MEETING ATTENDANCE SHEET FORM

| ATTACHMENT D | |
|--|-----------------|
| CAUSE AND CORRECTIVE ACTION | DN FORM |
| REPORT SERIAL NUMBER: EVENT SEVEN | RITY LEVEL: |
| MANAGER/TECHNICAL CODE: DATE ISSU | JED: |
| 1. This form contains the problem descriptions the partially or wholly the responsibility of | . As the |
| PROBLEM # PROBLEM SEVERITY LEVEL | |
| DESCRIPTION: | |
| | |
| CAUSE: | |
| | |
| | |
| SHORT-TERM CORRECTIVE ACTIONS: | |
| | |
| ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE: ACTUAL COM | MPLETION DATE: |
| LONG-TERM CORRECTIVE ACTIONS: | |
| | |
| | |
| ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE: ACTUAL CO | OMPLETION DATE: |
| ACTION ASSIGNMENT SIGNATURES | |
| CRITIQUE CHAIRPERSON | DATE: |
| SUPERVISOR REPRESENTATIVE: | DATE: |
| RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION: | _ DATE: |
| ACTION COMPLETION/ACCEPTANCE SIGNATURES | |
| RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION: | DATE: |
| PRIME CONTRACTOR ACCEPTANCE: | DATE: |
| SUPERVISOR REPRESENTATIVE: | DATE: |

| | | Attachment E | | |
|----------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|--|
| PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION | | | | |
| Proposed Severity Level | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Severity rever | | | | |

| SHIP: | COMPANY: |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| DATE: | |
| TIME: | <u>SUB-CONTRACTOR(s):</u> |
| LOCATION OF EVENT: | INJURIES: |
| | |
| APPARENT CAUSE: | EQUIPMENT DAMAGE: |
| | |
| WORK ITEM NUMBER: | CONTRACT NUMBER: |
| | |

WITNESS AND/OR INDIVIDUALS INVOLVED

| NAME(S) | DEPT. | COMPANY |
|---------|-------|---------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

SUMMARY OF EVENT

IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION (include who performed the action)

| INVESTIGATED BY | (PRINT NAME): | TITLE/PHONE NUMBER: |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | |

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM NO: | | 009 | 9-121 |
|----------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. <u>SCOPE</u>:

1.1 Title: Ship Assessment/Inspection; accomplish

2. REFERENCES:

2.1 None.

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Provide the services of qualified on-site technical representatives and resources to accomplish Ship Assessments/Inspections.

3.1.1 Provide Assessors that meet all qualification requirements for each specific Assessment/Inspection area assigned and the following general qualification requirements.

3.1.1.1 Have technical knowledge of the specified equipment or process, and have a documented history of conducting Material Assessments/Inspections on similar equipment or processes.

3.1.1.2 Have demonstrated competence with required Standard Work Templates (SWT) and procedures specified in the Class Maintenance Plan (CMP) and the Planned Maintenance system (PMS) database.

3.1.1.3 Have demonstrated competence with submitting technically accurate documentation of both satisfactory and unsatisfactory Assessment/Inspection results (OPNAV 4790 2-Kilo's and Automated Work Requests).

3.1.2 Comply with the following requirements when conducting Assessments/Inspections and reporting deficient material conditions of assigned ships equipment/systems.

3.1.2.1 Integrate work requirements, setting of priorities, coordinating with the ship, and de-conflicting of other ship Assessments/Inspections as agreeable by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.2.2 Conduct Assessments/Inspections only using tasks from the Class Maintenance Plan (CMP) or Assessment Procedures (AP) Maintenance Requirement Cards (MRC) in the Planned Maintenance System (PMS) database. $3.1.2.3\,$ Verify all established procedures (e.g., CMP, MRC) are reviewed for technical accuracy and ability to comply with the procedure as written.

3.1.2.4 Inform the SUPERVISOR of any deficiencies or technical inaccuracies in the Assessment/Inspection procedures.

3.1.2.5 Submit Technical Feedback Report (TFBR) to the SUPERVISOR to address any deficiencies or technical inaccuracies in the Assessment/Inspection procedure. Ensure TFBR describes what is required to properly perform Assessment/Inspection.

3.1.3 Document all Assessment/Inspection findings, whether satisfactory or unsatisfactory using an OPNAV 4790 2-Kilo or Automated Work Request (AWR).

3.1.3.1 The SUPERVISOR is the ultimate approval authority for review of 2-Kilo's and AWR's written during an Assessment/Inspection. Any corrections identified as necessary due to error or omission by the contractor shall be promptly corrected by the contractor.

4. NOTES:

4.1 None.

<u>NAVSEA</u> STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM 3 | NO: | 009-122 | | | | |
|--------|-----|---------|------|--|--|--|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 | | | |
| CATEG | ORY | : | I | | | |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Temporary Padeye; install and remove

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 804-5184133, Padeye, Machinery Lifting
- 2.3 MIL-STD-1689, Fabrication, Welding, and Inspection of Ships Structure

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Fabricate each temporary padeye and rigging attachment in accordance with 2.2 and 2.3.

3.1.1 Each temporary padeye for weight handling on surface ship and non-nuclear loads shall be designed with a safety factor of six, based on ultimate strength of materials for safe working load.

3.1.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing the design of each planned temporary padeye not in compliance with 2.2 for SUPERVISOR approval 7 days prior to planned installation. Include material specification, dimensional drawing(s), weld joint design, and installation location.

 $3.2\,$ Install and inspect each temporary padeye in accordance with 2.2 and 2.3.

3.2.1 Inspect each temporary padeye and support structure for cracks and deformation prior to installation.

3.2.1.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing results of the requirements of 3.2 and 3.2.1 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.2.2 Accomplish the requirements of 009-12 of 2.1, including Table 2, Columns A, B, or C, lines one through 7.

1 of 3

ITEM NO: 009-122 FY-18

(I) "NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING"

3.2.3 Maintain a log of each temporary padeye installed to include a unique serial number, Safe Working Load, location by Compartment and approximate frame, date installed and date removed.

(I) "LOAD TEST"

3.3 Proof load test each temporary padeye in accordance with 2.2. Apply 200 percent static load, using weight(s) or a calibrated hydraulic device. Hold for 10 minutes plumb to the padeye.

3.3.1 Proof load testing is not required for steel padeyes 2000 lb or less safe working load, and aluminum padeyes 1500 lb or less safe working load.

(I) "VISUAL INSPECTION"

3.4 Accomplish a visual inspection of each temporary padeye, attachment weld, and attachment point to ship's structure for deformation, elongation, and cracking. Allowable Defects: None.

3.5 Upon completion of satisfactory testing and inspection, label each temporary padeye with paint, paint stick or other permanent marking. Include the padeye serial number, "T" for Temporary, and Safe Working Load (Example: NNN T SWL 2000 lbs).

3.6 Chip and grind surfaces in way of removals each temporary padeye at the conclusion of the work for which they were installed. Removal shall be in accordance with Section 14.10 of 2.3

3.6.1 Weld repair each temporary padeye removal site in accordance with Section 14.10 of 2.3.

3.6.1.1 Accomplish the requirements of 009-12 of 2.1, including Table 2, Columns A, B, or C, lines one through 7.

3.6.1.2 Accomplish Magnetic Particle testing of the removal site for HY80/100 base materials weld repair.

 $3.7\,$ Accomplishment of the requirements of 009-32 of 2.1 for new and disturbed surfaces.

3.8 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed log of 3.2.3 to the SUPERVISOR within 72 hours after removing all temporary padeyes, or prior to ship's departure, whichever occurs first.

4. NOTES:

4.1 Weight handling padeyes or devices which are proof-tested do not require inspection of welds by penetrant or magnetic methods unless otherwise specified.

4.2 This Standard Item is derived from S9AAO-AV-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO) Section 611.

NAVSEA STANDARD ITEM

FY-18

| ITEM I | NO: | 009 | 9-123 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| DATE: | 18 | NOV | 2016 |
| CATEG | ORY | : | II |

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Title: Fiber Optic Component; remove, relocate, repair, and install

2. REFERENCES:

- 2.1 Standard Items
- 2.2 MIL-STD-1678, Fiber Optic Cabling Systems Requirements and Measurements
- 2.3 MIL-STD-2042, Fiber Optic Cable Topology Installation Standard Methods for Naval Ships
- 2.4 408-8346971, Fusion Splice, Fiber Optic, MIL-PRF-24623/6, MIL-PRF-24728/8, Specific Method Pertaining to Fabrication Installation
- 2.5 408-8347174, Fiber Optic Installation Standard Methods for Naval Ships
- 2.6 MIL-STD-2003, Electric Plant Installation Standards for Surface Ships and Submarines
- 2.7 IA PUB-5239/31, Information Assurance Shipboard Red/Black Installation Publication
- 2.8 NSTISSAM TEMPEST/2-95, Red/Black Installation Guidance (FOUO)
- 2.9 SE000-01-IMB-010, Navy Installation and Maintenance Book (NIMB), Section IX, Installation Standards (Source CD: N00024000033)

2.10 S9086-PF-STM-010/CH-408; Fiber Optic Cable Topology

2.11 S9AA0-AB-GOS-010, General Specifications for Overhaul of Surface Ships (GSO)

3. REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Ensure employees accomplishing work (e.g., installer, QA oversight, direct supervision) on fiber optic systems have accomplished Navy Shipboard

fiber optic training and achieved certification in accordance with requirement 1306 of Part 1 of 2.2.

3.1.1 Maintain current certification for each employee working on fiber optic systems. Employees shall present certification card when requested by the SUPERVISOR.

3.1.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing all personnel involved in accomplishing fiber optic installation or repair (e.g., installers, QA oversight, direct supervision) to the SUPERVISOR prior to the start of production work.

3.1.2.1 Notify the SUPERVISOR of revisions to the list as they occur.

3.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report listing the written procedure for production work involving fiber optic connectors of fiber optic systems, cable plants and components, conforming to the requirements of 2.3 to the SUPERVISOR for review and approval, prior to the start of production work.

3.2.1 This procedure only requires a one-time submittal/approval unless the Standard Items or references change or are updated, and shall contain the following minimum information:

3.2.1.1 Reference of the appropriate fabrication document for which the procedure is applicable.

3.2.1.2 Qualification requirements for the personnel accomplishing the work.

3.2.1.3 Acceptance and rejection criteria.

3.3 Accomplish Navy Shipboard fiber optic installations in accordance with 2.3.

3.3.1 Accomplish a visual inspection of each fiber optic cable (conventional and Blown Optical Fiber (BOF)) in accordance with Method 6A1 of 2.3.

3.3.2 Install each new Fiber Optic Interconnection Box (FOICB), Tube Routing Box (TRB), patch panel, fusion splice tray holder, and cable in accordance with 2.3 and 2.4.

3.3.2.1 Preserve the cable data package provided with new fiber optic cable. Retain the original cable data package with the unused portion of the cable.

3.3.2.2 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of a report containing a copy of each cable data package obtained in 3.3.2.1 and cable number listing of the cable measured from each reel to the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.3 Install each fiber optic cable and box to be protected from the weather in accordance with 2.3.

3.3.4 Install saddles on BOF cabling to prevent crushing the BOF tubes when tightening cableway bands in accordance with 2.3.

3.3.5 Use existing ship cableway and penetrations wherever possible. Penetrations shall be correct size in accordance with 2.3 and 2.6.

3.3.5.1 Accomplishment of a cableway inspection for each modified cableway and penetration shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.7).

3.3.6 Install each new cable, cableway and penetration in accordance with 2.3 to support work required by the individual Work Items.

3.3.7 Install each fiber optic cable and components which are part of a secure information processing system or are located within a secure processing space in accordance with 2.7 and 2.8.

3.3.8 Install each new fiber optic connector of the correct size and type conforming to MIL-DTL-83522, MIL-PRF-28876, or MIL-PRF-64266 in accordance with Part 5 of 2.3.

3.3.8.1 Ensure each fiber optic connector is not exposed to the industrial environment or weather.

3.3.8.2 Accomplish inspection and cleaning of both fiber optic connectors prior to mating in accordance with Method 6M1 of 2.5.

3.3.9 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6C1 in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of connector attachment, slack management, banding, and penetration closeout for each fiber optic cable.

3.3.10 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6D1 in accordance with 2.3 for cables with fibers that are not terminated on each end.

3.3.11 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6K1 for single mode fiber links only in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of connector attachment, slack management, banding, and penetration closeout for fiber optic cables.

3.3.12 Accomplish the tube seal verification test of Method 6J1 in accordance with 2.3 for BOF cables after installation of connectors.

3.3.13 Accomplish the ball bearing test of Method 6H1 in accordance with 2.3 for unused BOF tubes within BOF cables.

3.3.14 Accomplish the BOF tube end sealing Method 2J1 in accordance with 2.3 for all empty BOF tubes in tube routing boxes, fiber optic interconnection boxes, and equipment.

3.3.15 Accomplish the tube seal verification test of Method 6J1 in accordance with 2.3 for unused BOF tubes within BOF cables.

3.3.15.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Attachment A for optical measurements and Attachment B for BOF cable tests listing the results of 3.3.9 through 3.3.15 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.16 Install new cable identification tags in accordance with Part 4 of 2.3, using 2.9 for guidance. Mark each cable, tube, furcation unit, Optical Fiber Cable Component (OFCC) and connector in accordance with the referenced drawings, equipment technical manual and 2.3.

3.3.17 Accomplish post-installation visual inspection Method 6A1 and optical test Method 6E1 in accordance with 2.3. For single mode links, accomplish optical test Method 6L1 in accordance with 2.3. Post-installation visual inspection Method 6A1 shall be accomplished to verify no mechanical damage exists to the installed fiber optic cables. Post-installation optical test Methods 6E1 and 6L1 shall be used to measure the optical loss and return loss (respectively) over a series of concatenated optical links and is performed after interconnection of the Fiber Optic Cable Topology (FOCT) local and trunk cables.

3.3.17.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Attachment C listing results of the requirements of 3.3.17 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.3.18 Accomplish inspection and cleaning of each new and existing fiber optic connector immediately prior to mating in accordance with Method 6M1 of 2.5.

3.3.19 Install connectorized cables to equipment, using system drawings or other technical documents. Light Duty connectors shall only be installed within fiber optic interconnection boxes (FOICBs) or within equipment enclosures/racks. Heavy Duty connectors shall be installed externally to equipment enclosures/racks.

3.4 Accomplish Navy shipboard fiber optic repair, relocation, and removal in accordance with 2.3 and 2.10.

3.4.1 Install each Fiber Optic Interconnection Box (FOICB), Tube Routing Box (TRB), patch panel, fusion splice tray holder, and fusion splice tray to be repaired and/or relocated in accordance with 2.3 and 2.4.

3.4.2 Use existing cableways and penetrations wherever possible. Penetrations shall be the correct size in accordance with 2.3 and 2.6. Penetrations not reused shall be blanked in accordance with 2.3 and 2.6.

3.4.2.1 Accomplishment of a cableway inspection for each modified cableway and penetration shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.7).

3.4.3 Accomplish the visual inspection of Method 6A1 for each fiber optic cable (conventional and Blown Optical Fiber (BOF)) in accordance with 2.3.

3.4.4 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6D1 in accordance with 2.3 for each conventional fiber optic cable prior to repair.

3.4.5 Accomplish inspection and cleaning of each new and existing fiber optic connector immediately prior to mating in accordance with Method 6M1 of 2.5.

3.4.6 Isolate and repair fiber optic cable jacket in accordance with Method 1B1 of 2.3.

3.4.7 Isolate and repair each fiber optic connector in accordance with Part 5 of 2.3 to support work required by the individual Work Items.

3.4.8 Accomplish inspection and cleaning of each new and existing fiber optic connector immediately prior to mating in accordance with Method 6M1 of 2.5.

3.4.8.1 Ensure fiber optic connectors are not exposed to the industrial environment or weather.

3.4.9 Ensure fiber optic cables and boxes are not exposed to the industrial environment or weather in accordance with 2.3.

3.4.10 Identify and isolate each cable to be pulled back, rerouted, reused or repurposed.

3.4.11 Install new cable identification tags in accordance with Part 4 of 2.3, using 2.9 for guidance.

3.4.12 Install new banding for cableways affected by cable removals in accordance with Part 4 of 2.3.

3.4.13 Install saddles on BOF cabling to prevent crushing the BOF tubes when tightening cableway bands in accordance with 2.3.

3.4.14 Accomplish the visual inspection of Method 6A1 for each fiber optic cable (conventional and BOF) in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of the repair and final banding.

3.4.15 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6C1 for each fiber optic cable (conventional and BOF) in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of the repair and final banding.

3.4.16 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6K1 for single mode links only for each fiber optic cable (conventional and BOF) in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of the repair and final banding.

3.4.17 Accomplish the visual inspection of Method 6A1 and the optical test of Method 6D1 of 2.3 for repaired cables with fibers that are not terminated on each end.

3.4.18 Accomplish the tube seal verification test of Method 6J1 of 2.3 after installation of connectors and for unused BOF tubes within BOF cables. Accomplish the ball bearing test of Method 6H1 of 2.3 for unused BOF tubes within BOF cables.

3.4.19 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Attachments A and C for optical measurements and Attachment B for BOF cable tests listing results of the requirements of 3.4.14 through 3.4.18 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.4.20 Accomplish inspection and cleaning of each new and existing fiber optic connector immediately prior to mating in accordance with Method 6M1 of 2.5.

3.4.21 Connect each cable, using referenced drawing or retained hookup data.

3.4.22 Identify and isolate each fiber optic cable designated for removal.

3.4.23 Remove each fiber optic cable designated for removal in its entirety.

3.4.23.1 Blank each bulkhead penetration, deck penetration, and multi-cable transit device from which cable was removed and which will not be reused, in accordance with 2.3 and 2.6.

3.4.23.2 Blank each hole not required to be used in equipment from which cable was removed.

3.4.23.3 Remove unused hangers from which cable was removed and which will not be reused, in accordance with Section 070a of 2.11.

3.4.24 Remove and relocate each fiber optic cable and component which are part of secure information processing systems or are located within a secure processing space in accordance with 2.7 and 2.8.

3.5 Accomplish fiber optic splicing in accordance with the BOF Cable Splice Method 1C1 of 2.3 or the fusion splice installation Method in accordance with 2.4. Install each fusion splice component (e.g., fusion splice, splice protector, fusion splice tray, fusion splice tray holder module) conforming to MIL-PRF-24623/6 and MIL-PRF-24728/8. Ensure each fusion splicer conforms to Commercial Item Description (CID) A-A-59799.

3.5.1 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6E1 in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of fusion splicing, slack management, banding, and penetration closeout of each fiber optic cable.

3.5.2 Accomplish the optical test of Method 6L1 for single mode fiber links only in accordance with 2.3 upon the completion of fusion splicing, slack management, banding, and penetration closeout of each fiber optic cable.

3.5.3 Accomplish inspection and cleaning of each new and existing fiber optic connector immediately prior to mating in accordance with Method 6M1 of 2.5.

3.5.4 Verify continuity of each spliced tube with a ball bearing by accomplishing Method 6H1 of 2.3.

 $3.5.5\,$ Accomplish the ball bearing test of Method 6H1 and the tube seal verification test of Method 6J1 of 2.3 for unused BOF tubes within BOF cables.

3.5.6 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Attachments A and C for optical measurements and Attachment B for BOF cable tests listing results of the requirements of 3.5.1 through 3.5.5 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.6 Accomplish Navy shipboard fiber optic testing in accordance with Part 6 of 2.3 and Method 6M1 of 2.5 $\,$

3.6.1 Submit one legible copy, in hard copy or approved transferrable media, of completed Attachment A listing the results of the requirements of 3.6 to the SUPERVISOR.

3.7 Install new banding for cableways affected by cable installs, removals, pulled back, reused, rerouted and repurposed in accordance with Part 4 of 2.3. Saddles shall be used on BOF cabling to prevent crushing the BOF tubes when tightening cableway bands in accordance with 2.3.

3.8 Accomplishment of local air hose tests after the installation, removal and relocation of fiber optic cables of each new and disturbed multicable transit device, multi-cable penetrators, stuffing tubes, kick pipes, and cable penetrations of tightness boundaries shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard items (See Note 4.8).

3.9 Accomplishment of cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces shall be in accordance with NAVSEA Standard Items (See Note 4.9).

3.10 Inspect Navy shipboard fiber optic installations, repairs, relocations, and removals in accordance with 2.3.

4. NOTES:

4.1 The requirements in this Standard Item apply to installation, repair, removal, relocation, test, and inspection of fiber optic components on Naval surface ships and submarines and personnel supporting these tasks. This Standard Item applies to the following fiber optic cable usages; new, pulled back, reused, rerouted and repurposed.

4.2 Definitions.

4.2.1 New Cable - a new fiber cable is defined as a cable not previously installed.

4.2.2 Pulled Back Cable - a pulled back fiber cable is defined as those which are disconnected and physically removed from a wireway, conduit, or cableway to protect the cable from industrial use.

4.2.3 Reused Cable - a reused fiber cable is defined as those cables disconnected from the equipment to facilitate equipment removal.

4.2.4 Rerouted Cable - a rerouted fiber cable is defined as those cables disconnected from their equipment and physically moved to a new wireway, conduit or, cableway and then reconnected in the new location to the same equipment.

4.2.5 Repurposed Cable - a repurposed fiber cable is defined as those which have had their fiber or non-fiber termination points changed.

This could be the result of changing terminal board connections, connector reconfiguration, using spare conductors or fibers, or any change to the way the cable conductors or fibers are used.

4.3 Cable installations consist of cable, banding, boxes, equipment, penetrations, cableways, cable separation and connection(s) and associated components.

4.4 The formats of Attachment A, B and C are provided as guidance. Other reporting formats can be used with the approval of the SUPERVISOR.

4.5 Navy fiber optic Technical Authority policy letters and drawings, and the list of Certified Navy Shipboard Fiber Optic Trainers (CFOTL) can be located by sending an email to <u>DLGR_NSWC_FOWEB@navy.mil</u> with the specific subject line of: website URL request

4.6 The Navy Shipboard Fiber Optic Technical Authority is: DLGR NSWC W FO ENG@navy.mil

4.7 If cableway inspection of 3.3.5.1 or 3.4.2.1 is required, the use of Standard Item 009-73 "Shipboard Electrical/Electronic Cable; remove, relocate, repair, and install" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work Item.

4.8 If local air hose test of 3.8 is required, the use of Standard Item 009-25 "Structural Boundary Test; accomplish" of 2.1 will be specified in the Work item.

4.9 If cleaning and painting for new and disturbed surfaces of 3.9 are required, the use of Standard Item 009-32 "Cleaning and Painting Requirements; accomplish" will be specified in the Work Item.

ATTACHMENT A

OPTICAL MEASUREMENT RECORD (FOR ASSEMBLY LINK LOSS/RETURN LOSS)

| DATE/ HULL NUMBER | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| ENDPOINT LOCATIONS OR EQUIPMENT NAME: SOURCE | DETECTOR | | |
| INSTALLATION/CONFIGURATION DRAWING | CABLE SERIAL NUMBER | CABLE TYPE ¹ | |
| CABLE VISUAL INSPECTION RESULT (INSTALLATION) | | | |
| CONNECTOR TYPE(S) ¹ TES ¹ | T EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER/MODEL NO | SERIAL NO | CALIBRATION DUE |
| DATE/SOURCE WAVELENGTH(S)(NM) | /CONNECTOR ENDFACE QU/ | ALITY(IAW Part 5 of 2.3) | |

| SOURCE CABLE NO ² | DETECTOR CABLE NO ² | 850NM/1300NM/1310NM/1550NM WINDOW (CIRCLE ONE) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| FIBER COLORS ³ OR NUMBER | FIBER COLORS ³ OR NUMBER | ACCEPTABLE ASSEMBLY LINK LOSS (dB) (6C1) | ACCEPTABLE RETURN LOSS (dB) (6K1) | FORWARD REFERENCE POWER (6C1) | FORWARD MEASURED POWER (6C1) | FORWARD ASSEMBLY LINK LOSS RESULT ⁴ (dB) (6C1) | FORWARD RETURN LOSS RESULT ⁵ (dB) (6K1) | REVERSE REFERENCE POWER (6C1) | REVERSE MEASURED POWER (6C1) | REVERSE ASSEMBLY LINK LOSS RESULT (dB) ⁶ (6C1) | CABLE LENGTH (M) (6C1) |
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| NOTES | S ^{· 1} RECORD M | IL-SPEC NUMBER IF | APPLICABLE | ⁴ FOR | SINGLEMODE AN | I ID MUI TIMODE E | IBER LINKS IAWN | L Method 6c1 of Re | FERENCE 2 3 | | |

DTES: "RECORD MIL-SPEC NUMBER IF APPLICABLE. ²FOR LINK MEASUREMENTS ONLY. ³STANDARD COLORS: BLUE, ORANGE, GREEN, BROWN, SLATE, WHITE, RED, BLACK, YELLOW, VIOLET, PINK, AQUA. ⁴FOR SINGLEMODE AND MULTIMODE FIBER LINKS IAWMETHOD 6C1 OF REFERENCE 2 ⁵FOR SINGLEMODE FIBER LINKS ONLY IAW METHOD 6K1 OF REFERENCE 2.3. ⁶FOR MULTIMODE FIBER LINKS IAW METHOD 6C1 OF REFERENCE 2.3.

REMARKS:_____

SIGNATURE:_____

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ITEM NO: 009-123 FY-18

ATTACHMENT B

BLOWN OPTICAL FIBER (BOF) TEST RECORD

DATE____/____/ HULL NUMBER______

INSTALLATION/CONFIGURATION DRAWING______ CABLE SERIAL NUMBER______ CABLE TYPE¹_____

CABLE VISUAL INSPECTION RESULT (INSTALLATION/POST-INSTALLATION)

| LOCATION 1 | LOCATION 2 | EQUIPMENT 2 IDENTIFICATION | BOF TRUNK CABLE IDENTIFICATION | BOF TRUNK TUBE NUMBER | BALL BEARING (BB) TEST DIRECTION ² (6H1) | BOF TUBE BB TEST RESULT ³ (PASS/FAIL) (6H1) | BB SIZE PASS/FAIL ⁴ (6H1) | BOF TUBE LODGED WITH BB (Y/N) (6H1) | BOF TUBE SEAL VERIFICATION RESULTS ⁵ (PASS/FAIL) (6J1) | CABLE LENGTH (M) |
|------------|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|------------------------|
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NOTES: ¹RECORD MIL-SPEC NUMBER IF APPLICABLE. ²FOR EXAMPLE, TEST DIRECTION = "LOCATION 1 → LOCATION 2" OR VICE VERSA. ³IAW METHOD 6H1 OF OF REFERENCE 2.3. ⁴FOR EXAMPE, BB SIZE = "4.5 MILLIMETER(MM)". ⁵IAW METHOD 6J1 OF REFERENCE 2.3.

REMARKS:_____

SIGNATURE:_____

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ITEM NO: <u>009-123</u> FY-18

ATTACHMENT C

OPTICAL MEASUREMENT RECORD (FOR FOCT END-TO-END ATTENUATION AND RETURN LOSS)

DATE____/_____ HULL NUMBER____ ENDPOINT LOCATIONS OR EQUIPMENT NAME: SOURCE_____DETECTOR_____ INSTALLATION/CONFIGURATION DRAWING_____CABLE SERIAL NUMBER_____CABLE TYPE¹_____ CABLE VISUAL INSPECTION RESULT (POST-INSTALLATION) _____ CONNECTOR TYPE(S)¹______ TEST EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER/MODEL NO. ______ SERIAL NO. _____ CALIBRATION DUE DATE____/___/____ SOURCE WAVELENGTH(S)(NM) / CONNECTOR ENDFACE QUALITY (IAW Part 5 of 2.3)

| SOURCE CABLE NO. | DETECTOR CABLE NO. | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | 850NM/1300NM/1310NM/1550NM WINDOW (CIRCLE ONE) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| FIBER COLORS ² OR NUMBER | FIBER COLORS ² OR NUMBER | ACCEPTABLE FOCT END- TO-END ATTENUATION (dB) | ACCEPTABLE FOCT END-TO-END RETURN LOSS(dB) (6E1) | FORWARD REFERENCE POWER (6E1) | FORWARD MEASURED POWER (6E1) | FORWARD FOCT END-TO- END ATTENUATION RESULT (dB) ³ | FORWARD FOCT END- TO-END RETURN LOSS RESULT (dB) ⁴ (6E1) | TEST DIRECTION ⁵ (6E1) | CABLE LENGTH (M) | |
| | | (6E1) | (011) | () | (011) | (6E1) | (011) | | | |
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[^]RECORD MIL-SPEC NUMBER IF APPLICABLE. NOTES: ²STANDARD COLORS: BLUE, ORANGE, GREEN, BROWN, SLATE, ⁵FOR EXAMPLE, "SOURCE LOCATION → DETECTOR LOCATION". WHITE, RED, BLACK, YELLOW, VIOLET, PINK, AQUA. ³IAW 6E1 OF REFERENCE 2.3.

"IAW 6L1 OF REFERENCE 2.3.

CONNECTION LIST:______ REMARKS:______

SIGNATURE:_____

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